

## DATASHEET

# UF3C065030K4S



## 650V-27mΩ SiC Cascode

Rev. A, January 2019

### Description

United Silicon Carbide's cascode products co-package its high-performance F3 SiC fast JFETs with a cascode optimized MOSFET to produce the only standard gate drive SiC device in the market today. This series exhibits very fast switching using a 4-terminal TO-247-package and the best reverse recovery characteristics of any device of similar ratings. These devices are excellent for switching inductive loads, and any application requiring standard gate drive.

### Features

- ◆ Typical on-resistance  $R_{DS(on),typ}$  of 27mΩ
- ◆ Maximum operating temperature of 175°C
- ◆ Excellent reverse recovery
- ◆ Low gate charge
- ◆ Low intrinsic capacitance
- ◆ ESD protected, HBM class 2
- ◆ TO-247-4L package for faster switching, clean gate waveforms

### Typical applications

- ◆ EV charging
- ◆ PV inverters
- ◆ Switch mode power supplies
- ◆ Power factor correction modules
- ◆ Motor drives
- ◆ Induction heating

Part Number	Package	Marking
UF3C065030K4S	TO-247-4L	UF3C065030K4S



## Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Units
Drain-source voltage	$V_{DS}$		650	V
Gate-source voltage	$V_{GS}$	DC	-25 to +25	V
Continuous drain current <sup>1</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	85	A
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	62	A
Pulsed drain current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{DM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	230	A
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>3</sup>	$E_{AS}$	$L=15\text{mH}, I_{AS}=4\text{A}$	120	mJ
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	441	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{J,max}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and storage temperature	$T_J, T_{STG}$		-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Max. lead temperature for soldering, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$		250	$^\circ\text{C}$

1. Limited by  $T_{J,max}$

2. Pulse width  $t_p$  limited by  $T_{J,max}$

3. Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

## Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Thermal resistance, junction-to-case	$R_{\theta JC}$			0.26	0.34	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

### Typical Performance - Static

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$BV_{DS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=1mA$	650			V
Total drain leakage current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=650V,$ $V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		6	150	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=650V,$ $V_{GS}=0V, T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$		30		
Total gate leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{DS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C},$ $V_{GS}=-20V / +20V$		6	$\pm 20$	$\mu\text{A}$
Drain-source on-resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=12V, I_D=50A,$ $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		27	35	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=12V, I_D=50A,$ $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$		43		
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{G(th)}$	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=10mA$	4	5	6	V
Gate resistance	$R_G$	f=1MHz, open drain		4.5		$\Omega$

### Typical Performance - Reverse Diode

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Diode continuous forward current <sup>1</sup>	$I_S$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$			85	A
Diode pulse current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{S,pulse}$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$			230	A
Forward voltage	$V_{FSD}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_F=20A,$ $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.4	V
		$V_{GS}=0V, I_F=20A,$ $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$		1.35		
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	$V_R=400V, I_F=50A,$ $V_{GS}=-5V, R_{G,EXT}=10\Omega$ $di/dt=2650A/\mu\text{s},$ $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		425		nC
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=400V, I_F=50A,$ $V_{GS}=-5V, R_{G,EXT}=10\Omega$ $di/dt=2650A/\mu\text{s},$ $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		25		ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	$V_R=400V, I_F=50A,$ $V_{GS}=-5V, R_{G,EXT}=10\Omega$ $di/dt=2650A/\mu\text{s},$ $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$		280		nC
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=400V, I_F=50A,$ $V_{GS}=-5V, R_{G,EXT}=10\Omega$ $di/dt=2650A/\mu\text{s},$ $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$		20		ns

## Typical Performance - Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS}=100V, V_{GS}=0V$ $f=100kHz$		1500		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$			320		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$			2.3		
Effective output capacitance, energy related	$C_{oss(er)}$	$V_{DS}=0V$ to 400V, $V_{GS}=0V$		230		pF
Effective output capacitance, time related	$C_{oss(tr)}$	$V_{DS}=0V$ to 400V, $V_{GS}=0V$		520		pF
$C_{oss}$ stored energy	$E_{oss}$	$V_{DS}=400V, V_{GS}=0V$		18.5		$\mu J$
Total gate charge	$Q_G$	$V_{DS}=400V, I_D=50A,$ $V_{GS} = -5V$ to 12V		43		nC
Gate-drain charge	$Q_{GD}$			11		
Gate-source charge	$Q_{GS}$			19		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS}=400V, I_D=50A,$ Gate Driver = -5V to +12V, Turn-on $R_{G,EXT}=8.5\Omega,$ Turn-off $R_{G,EXT}=20\Omega$ Inductive Load, FWD: same device with $V_{GS} = -5V, R_G = 10\Omega,$ $T_J=25^\circ C$		25		ns
Rise time	$t_r$			31		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$			48		
Fall time	$t_f$			12		
Turn-on energy	$E_{ON}$	FWD: same device with $V_{GS} = -5V, R_G = 10\Omega,$ $T_J=25^\circ C$		310		$\mu J$
Turn-off energy	$E_{OFF}$			171		
Total switching energy	$E_{TOTAL}$			481		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS}=400V, I_D=50A,$ Gate Driver = -5V to +12V, Turn-on $R_{G,EXT}=8.5\Omega,$ Turn-off $R_{G,EXT}=20\Omega$ Inductive Load, FWD: same device with $V_{GS} = -5V, R_G = 10\Omega,$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		22		ns
Rise time	$t_r$			27		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$			48		
Fall time	$t_f$			10		
Turn-on energy	$E_{ON}$	FWD: same device with $V_{GS} = -5V, R_G = 10\Omega,$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		247		$\mu J$
Turn-off energy	$E_{OFF}$			114		
Total switching energy	$E_{TOTAL}$			361		

## Typical Performance Diagrams

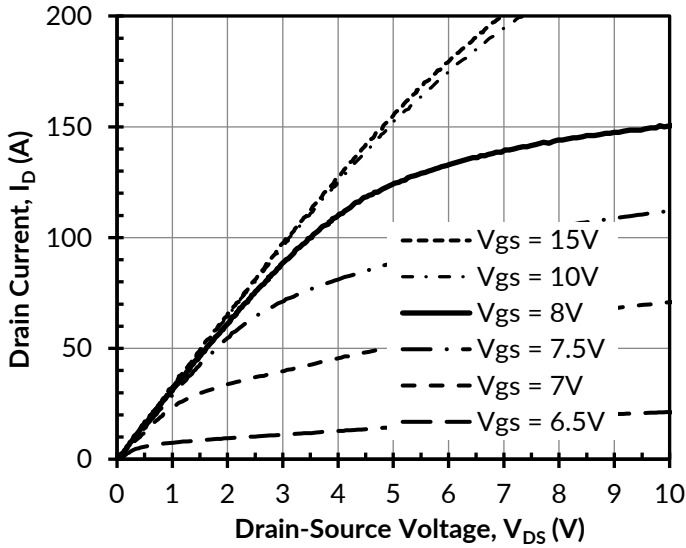


Figure 1. Typical output characteristics at  $T_J = -55^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $t_p < 250\mu\text{s}$

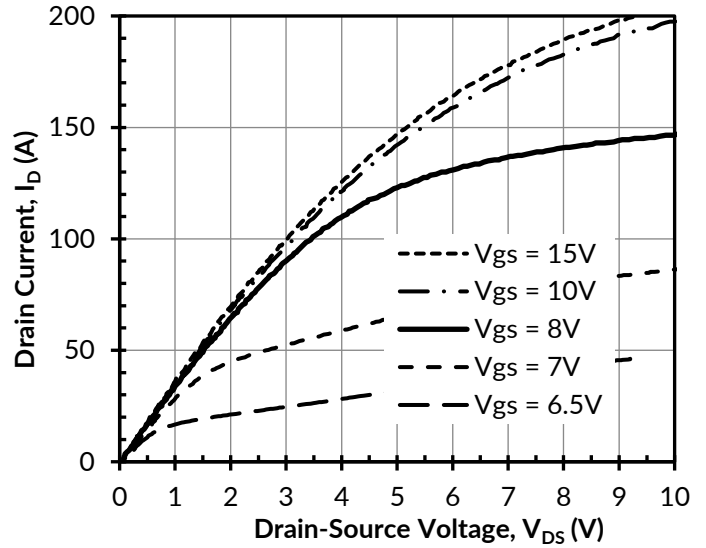


Figure 2. Typical output characteristics at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $t_p < 250\mu\text{s}$

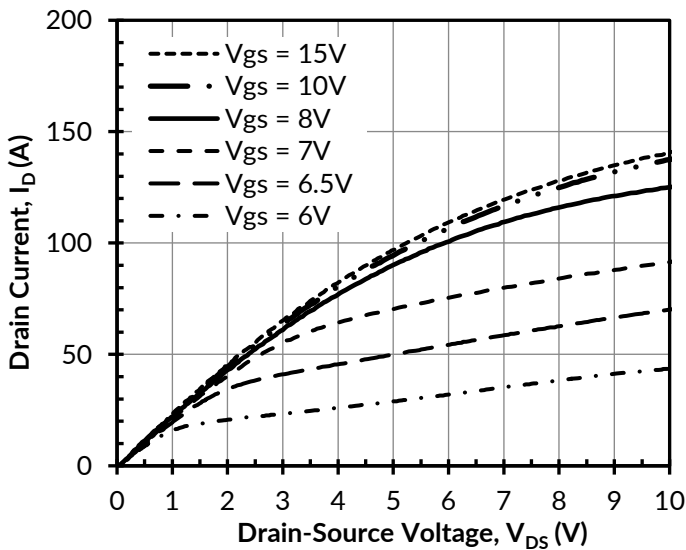


Figure 3. Typical output characteristics at  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $t_p < 250\mu\text{s}$

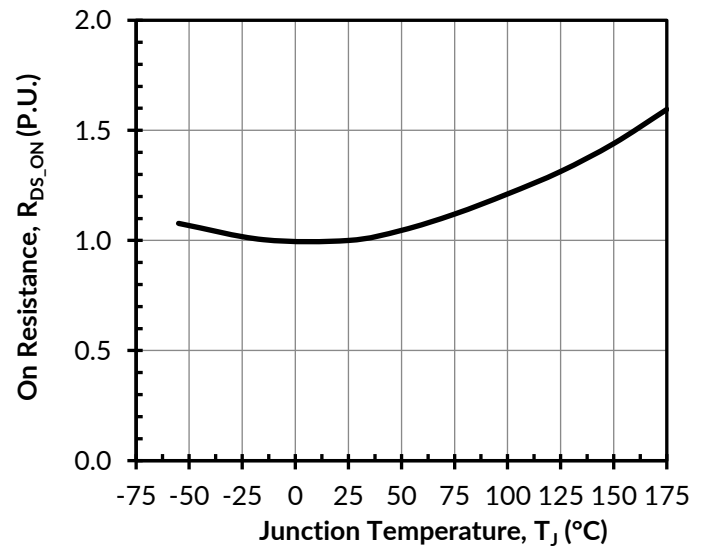


Figure 4. Normalized on-resistance vs. temperature at  $V_{GS} = 12\text{V}$  and  $I_D = 50\text{A}$

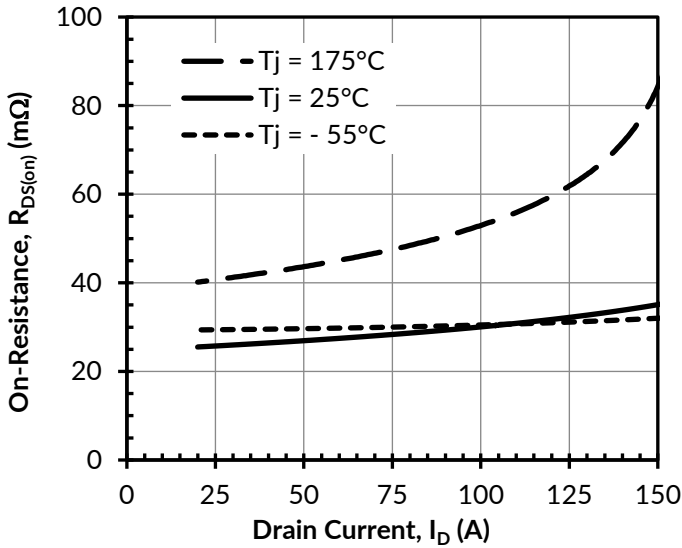


Figure 5. Typical drain-source on-resistances at  $V_{GS} = 12\text{V}$

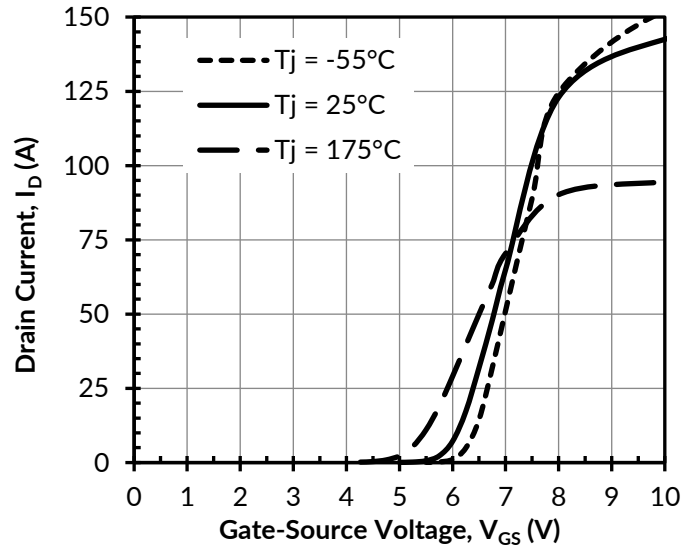


Figure 6. Typical transfer characteristics at  $V_{DS} = 5\text{V}$

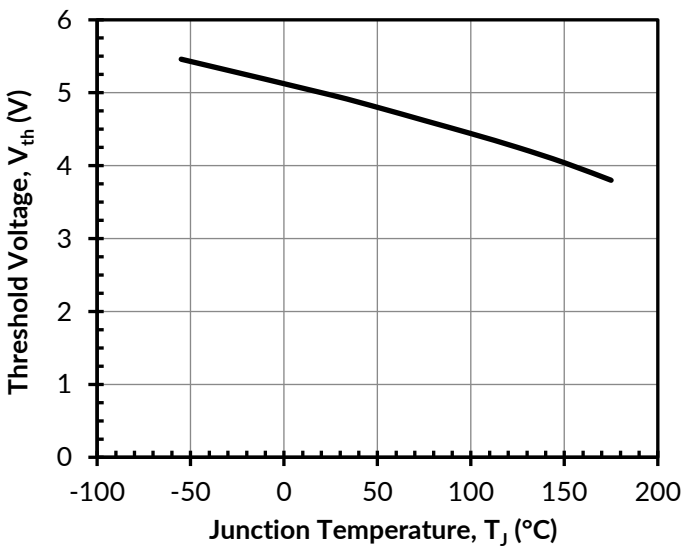


Figure 7. Threshold voltage vs. junction temperature at  $V_{DS} = 5\text{V}$  and  $I_D = 10\text{mA}$

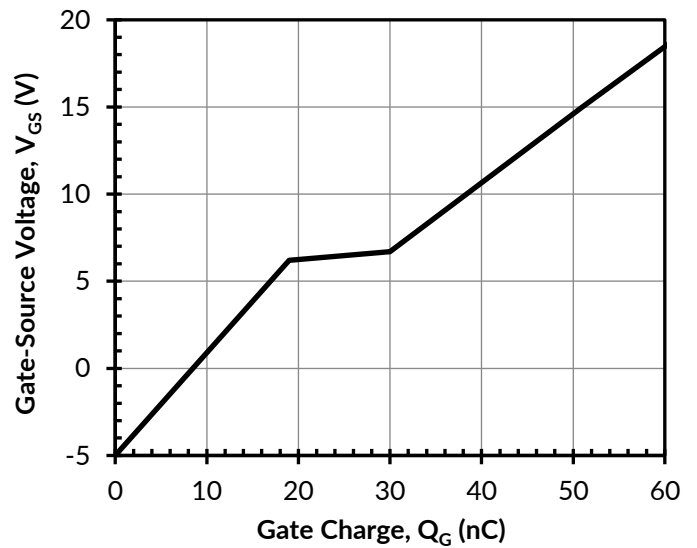


Figure 8. Typical gate charge at  $V_{DS} = 400\text{V}$  and  $I_D = 50\text{A}$

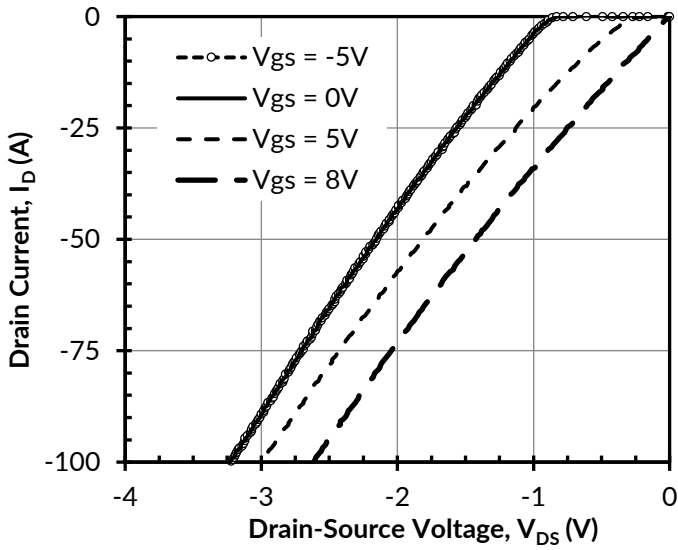


Figure 9. 3rd quadrant characteristics at  $T_j = -55^\circ\text{C}$

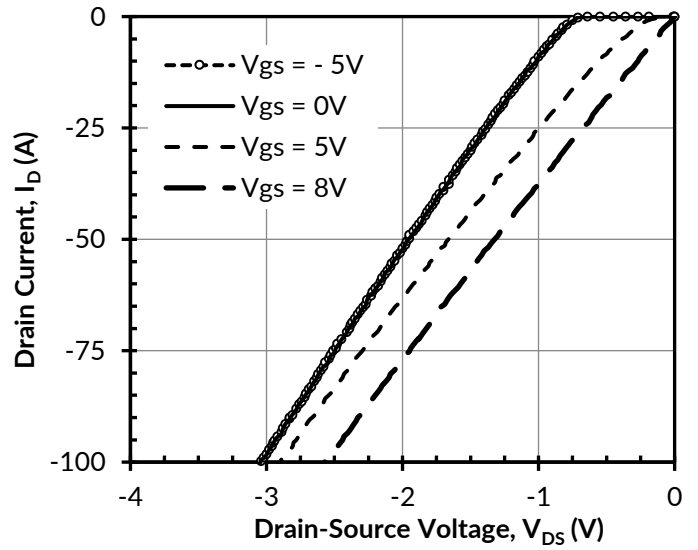


Figure 10. 3rd quadrant characteristics at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

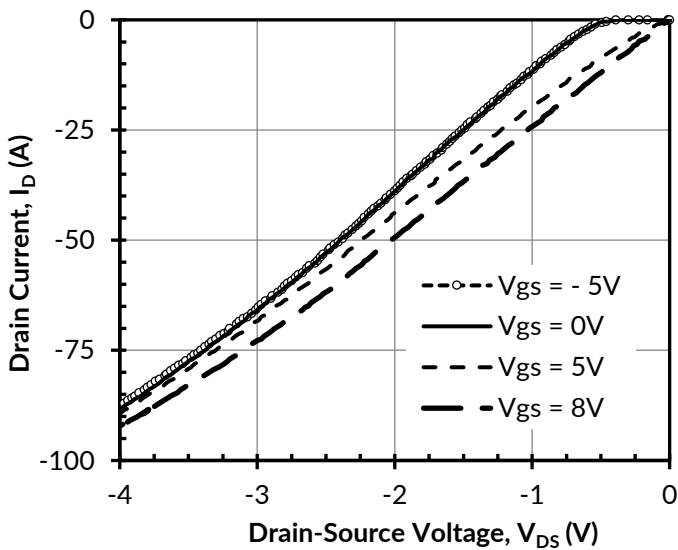


Figure 11. 3rd quadrant characteristics at  $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$

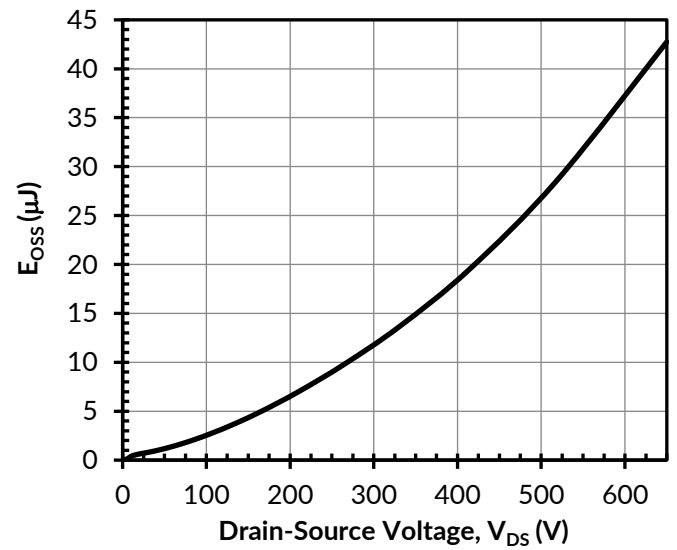


Figure 12. Typical stored energy in  $C_{OSS}$  at  $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$

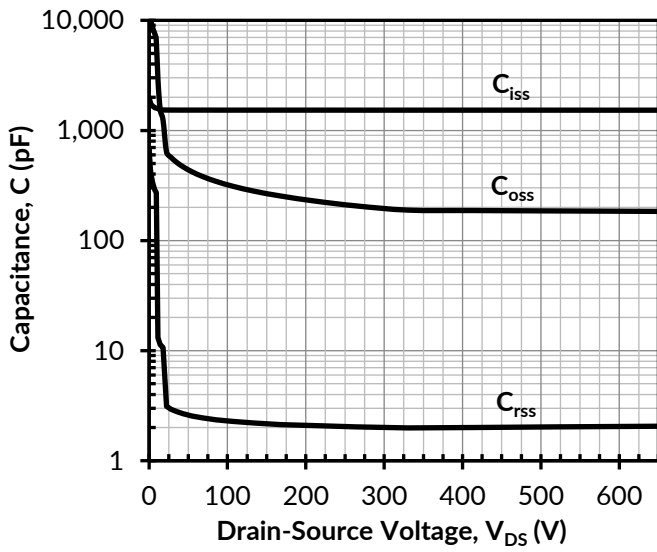


Figure 13. Typical capacitances at  $f = 100\text{kHz}$  and  $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$

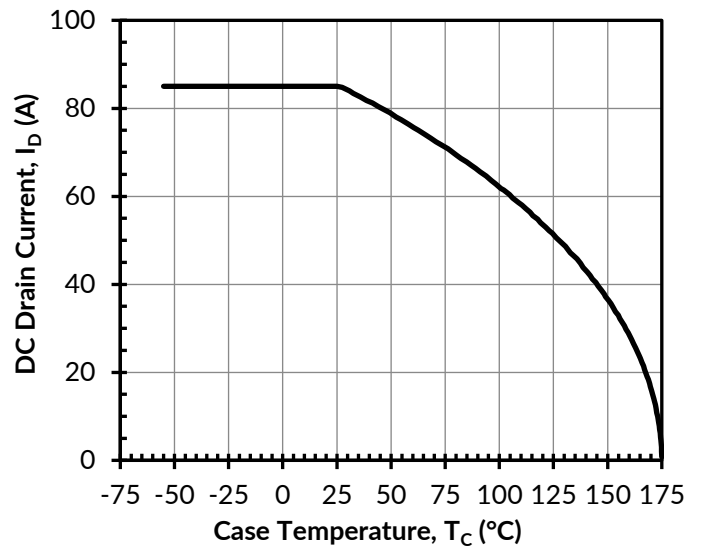


Figure 14. DC drain current derating

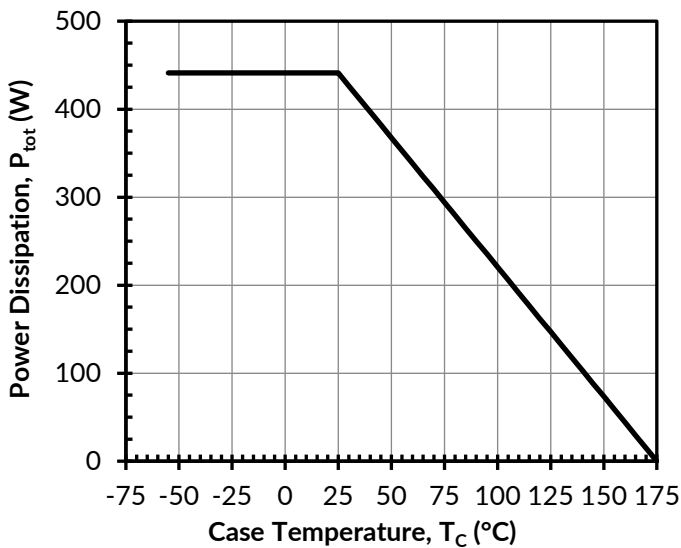


Figure 15. Total power dissipation

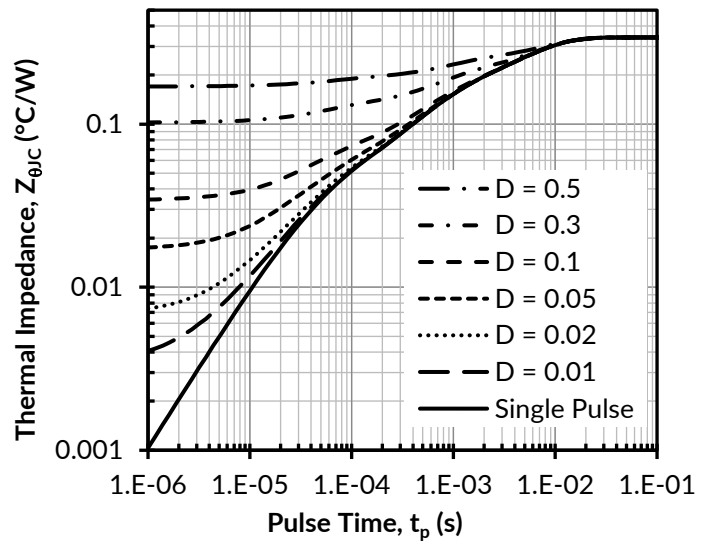


Figure 16. Maximum transient thermal impedance



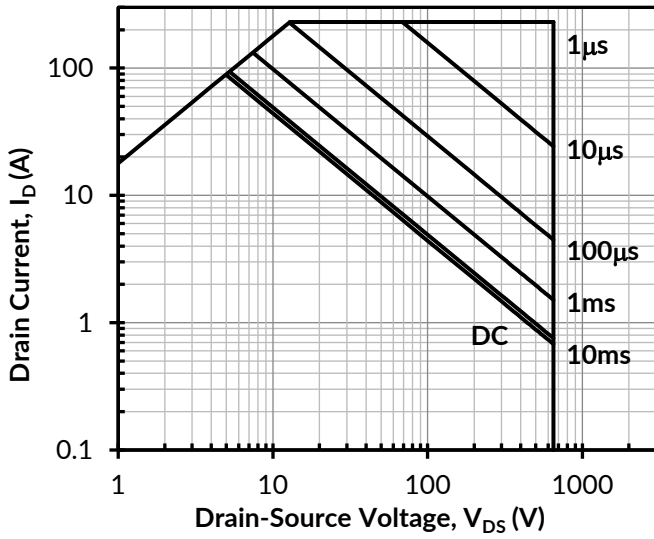


Figure 17. Safe operation area at  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $D = 0$ , Parameter  $t_p$

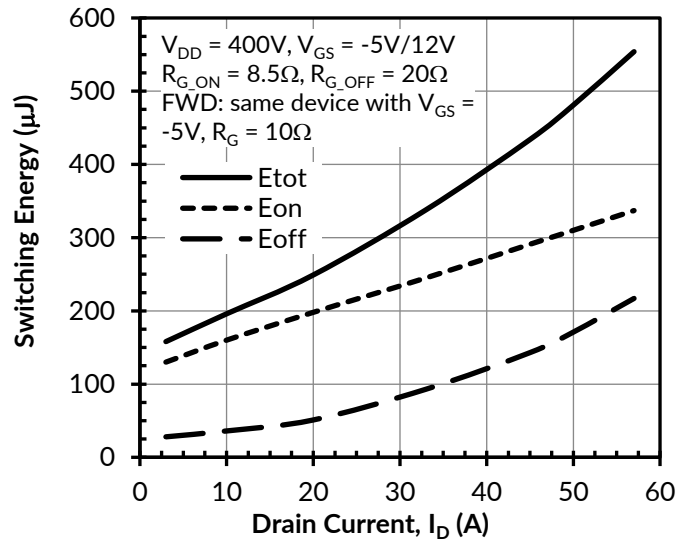


Figure 18. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. drain current at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

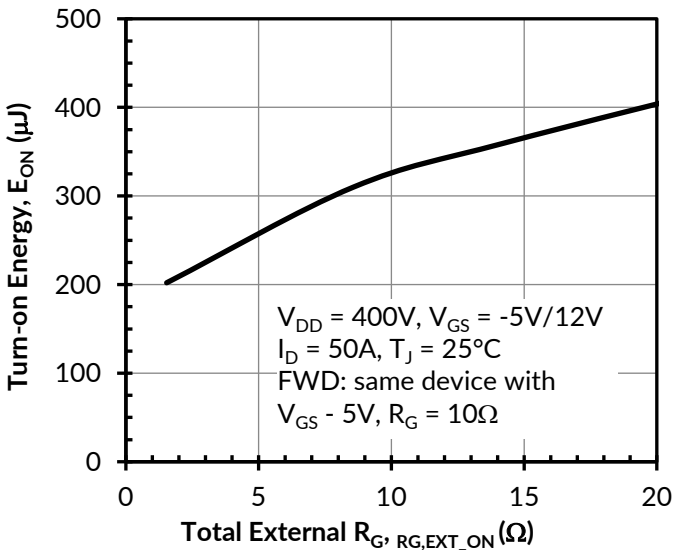


Figure 19. Clamped inductive switching turn-on energy vs.  $R_{G,EXT\_ON}$

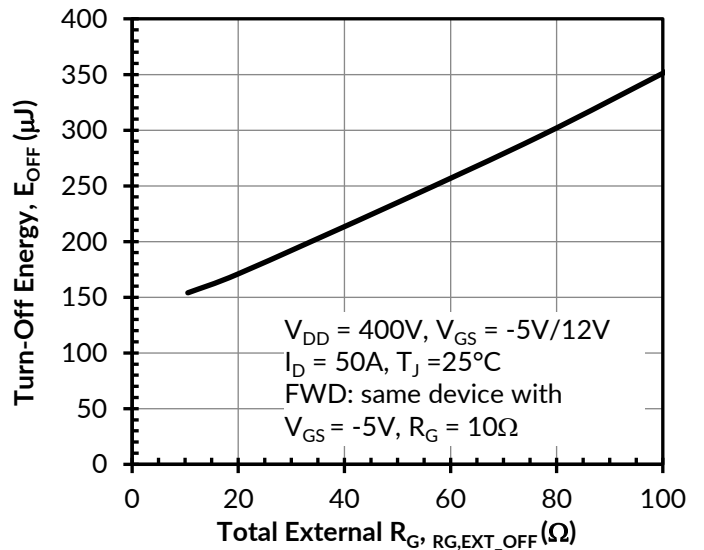


Figure 20. Clamped inductive switching turn-off energy vs.  $R_{G,EXT\_OFF}$

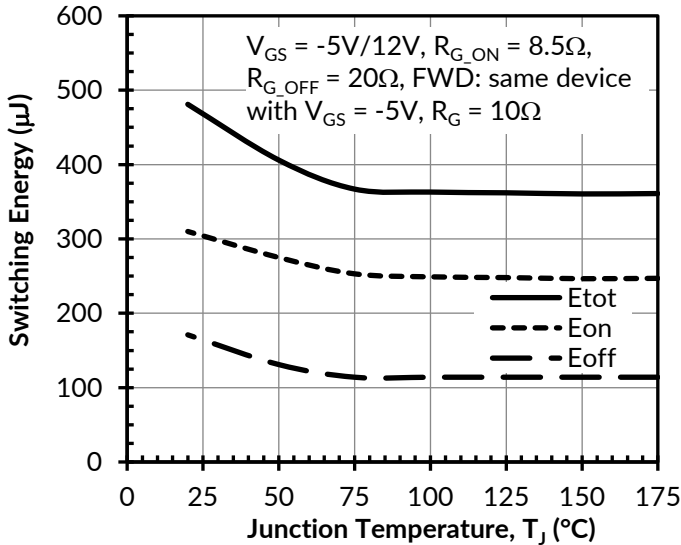


Figure 21. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. junction temperature at  $V_{DS} = 400V$  and  $I_D = 50A$

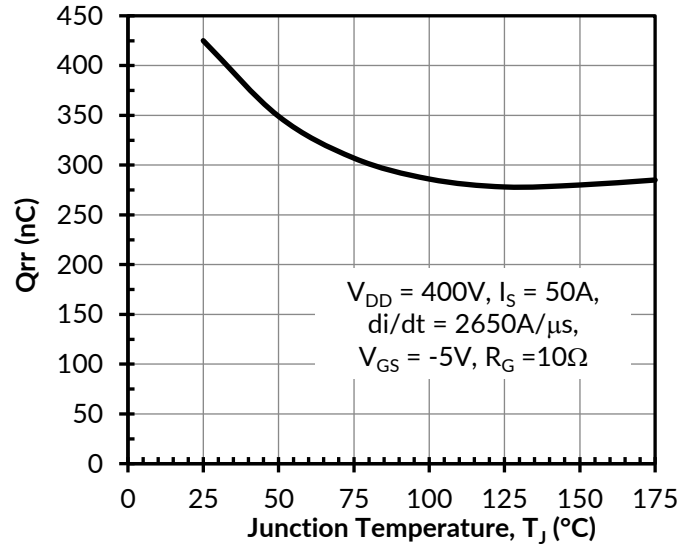


Figure 22. Reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  vs. junction temperature

## Applications Information

SiC cascodes are enhancement-mode power switches formed by a high-voltage SiC depletion-mode JFET and a low-voltage silicon MOSFET connected in series. The silicon MOSFET serves as the control unit while the SiC JFET provides high voltage blocking in the off state. This combination of devices in a single package provides compatibility with standard gate drivers and offers superior performance in terms of low on-resistance ( $R_{DS(on)}$ ), output capacitance ( $C_{oss}$ ), gate charge ( $Q_G$ ), and reverse recovery charge ( $Q_{rr}$ ) leading to low conduction and switching losses. The SiC cascodes also provide excellent reverse conduction capability eliminating the need for an external anti-parallel diode.

Like other high performance power switches, proper PCB layout design to minimize circuit parasitics is strongly recommended due to the high  $dv/dt$  and  $di/dt$  rates. An external gate resistor is recommended when the cascode is working in the diode mode in order to achieve the optimum reverse recovery performance. For more information on cascode operation, see [www.unitedsic.com](http://www.unitedsic.com).

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Нашей специализацией является поставка электронной компонентной базы двойного назначения, продукции таких производителей как XILINX, Intel (ex.ALTERA), Vicor, Microchip, Texas Instruments, Analog Devices, Mini-Circuits, Amphenol, Glenair.

Сотрудничество с глобальными дистрибьюторами электронных компонентов, предоставляет возможность заказывать и получать с международных складов практически любой перечень компонентов в оптимальные для Вас сроки.

На всех этапах разработки и производства наши партнеры могут получить квалифицированную поддержку опытных инженеров.

Система менеджмента качества компании отвечает требованиям в соответствии с ГОСТ Р ИСО 9001, ГОСТ РВ 0015-002 и ЭС РД 009

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