

# MLX90372 - Triaxis® Position Processor

Datasheet

## Features and Benefits

- **Triaxis®** Hall Technology
- On Chip Signal Processing for Robust Absolute Position Sensing
- **ASIL READY** BY MELEXIS ISO26262 ASIL-C Safety Element out of Context
- AEC-Q100 Qualified
- Programmable Measurement Range
- Programmable Linear Transfer Characteristic (4 or 8 Multi-points or 16 or 32 PWL)
- Selectable (fast) SENT or PWM Output
- SAE J2716 APR2016 SENT
- Enhanced serial data communication
- 48 bits ID Number option
- Single Die - SOIC-8 Package (RoHS)
- Dual Die (Full Redundant) - TSSOP-16 Package (RoHS)
- PCB-less DMP-4 Package (RoHS)
- Robustness against stray-field



SOIC-8

TSSOP-16

DMP-4

## Application Examples

- Absolute Rotary Position Sensor
- Pedal Position Sensor
- Throttle Position Sensor
- Ride Height Position Sensor
- Absolute Linear Position Sensor
- Steering Wheel Position Sensor
- Float-Level Sensor
- Non-Contacting Potentiometer

## Description

The MLX90372 is a monolithic magnetic position processor IC. It consists of a Triaxis® Hall magnetic front end, an analog to digital signal conditioner, a DSP for advanced signal processing and an output stage driver.

The MLX90372 is sensitive to the three components of the magnetic flux density applied to the IC (i.e.  $B_x$ ,  $B_y$  and  $B_z$ ). This allows the MLX90372 with the correct magnetic circuit to decode the absolute position of any moving magnet (e.g. rotary position from 0 to 360 Degrees or linear displacement, see fig. 2). It enables the design of non-contacting position sensors that are frequently required for both automotive and industrial applications.

The MLX90372 provides SENT frames encoded according to a Secure Sensor format. The circuit delivers enhanced serial messages providing error codes, and user-defined values. Through programming, the MLX90372 can also be configured to output a PWM (Pulse Width Modulated) signal.



## Ordering Information

| Product  | Temp. | Package | Option Code | Packing Form | Definition                        |
|----------|-------|---------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| MLX90372 | G     | DC      | ACC-300     | RE           | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | GO      | ACC-200     | RE           | Linear position Strayfield Immune |
| MLX90372 | G     | GO      | ACC-300     | RE           | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACC-300     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACC-301     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACC-303     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACC-308     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | DC      | ACE-100     | RE           | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | DC      | ACE-200     | RE           | Linear position Strayfield Immune |
| MLX90372 | G     | DC      | ACE-300     | RE           | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | GO      | ACE-100     | RE           | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | GO      | ACE-200     | RE           | Linear position Strayfield Immune |
| MLX90372 | G     | GO      | ACE-300     | RE           | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | GO      | ACE-500     | RE           | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-100     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-101     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-103     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-108     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-200     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-201     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-203     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-208     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-300     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-301     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-303     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-308     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-350     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ACE-357     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ADE-310     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ADE-311     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ADE-313     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |
| MLX90372 | G     | VS      | ADE-318     | RE/RX        | Angular Rotary / Linear position  |

Table 1 - Ordering Codes

|                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Temperature Code:                      | <b>G: from -40°C to 160°C</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Package Code:                          | DC : SOIC-8 package (see 18.1)<br>GO : TSSOP-16 package (full redundancy dual die, see 18.5)<br>VS : DMP-4 package (PCB-less dual mold, see 18.12)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Option Code - Chip revision            | <b>ACE-123 : Chip Revision</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ACC : Not recommended for new designs <sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>▪ ACE : Standard preferred revision <sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>▪ ADE : DMP “low emissions” version</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Option Code - Application              | <b>ACE-123 : 1-Application - Magnetic configuration</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 1: Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune - Low field Variant</li> <li>▪ 2: Linear position Strayfield Immune</li> <li>▪ 3: Legacy / Angular Rotary / Linear position</li> <li>▪ 5: Angular Rotary Strayfield Immune - High field Variant</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Option Code - SW & DMP-4 configuration | <b>ACE-123 : 2-SW and DMP-4 package configuration</b><br>For SOIC-8 (code DC) and TSSOP-16 (code GO) packages <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 0: SENT 3μs mode</li> </ul> For DMP-4 (code VS) package with Pinout-A (see section 3.3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 0: SENT 3μs mode, standard capacitor configuration <sup>(2)</sup></li> <li>▪ 1: SENT 3μs mode, capacitor configuration no 2 <sup>(2)</sup></li> </ul> For DMP-4 (code VS) package with Pinout-B (see section 3.4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 5: SENT 3μs mode</li> </ul> |
| Option Code - Trim & Form              | <b>ACE-123 : 3-DMP-4 Trim &amp; Form configuration</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 0: Standard STD1 1.27. See section 18.9</li> <li>▪ 1: Trim and Form STD1 2.54. See section 18.10 (not recommended for new designs, prefer STD4 2.54)</li> <li>▪ 3: Trim and Form STD2 2.54. See section 18.11</li> <li>▪ 7: Trim and Form STD3 2.00. See section 18.12</li> <li>▪ 8: Trim and Form STD4 2.54. See section 18.13</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                     |
| Packing Form:                          | -RE : Tape & Reel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ VS:2500 pcs/reel</li> <li>▪ DC:3000 pcs/reel</li> <li>▪ GO:4500 pcs/reel</li> </ul> -RX : Tape & Reel, similar to RE with parts face-down (VS package only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Ordering Example:                      | MLX90372GDC-ACE-300-RE<br>For a legacy version in SOIC-8 package, delivered in Reel of 3000pcs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 2 - Ordering Codes Information

<sup>1</sup> ACE is preferred product revision to be selected for new designs. ACC remains in production during the entire product lifecycle.

<sup>2</sup> See section 15.3 Wiring with the MLX90372 in DMP-4 Package (built-in capacitors)

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# 1. Functional Diagram and Application Modes



fig. 1 - MLX90372 Block diagram



fig. 2 - Application Modes

## 2. Glossary of Terms

| Name      | Description                                                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADC       | Analog-to-Digital Converter                                        |
| AoU       | Assumption of Use                                                  |
| ASP       | Analog Signal Processing                                           |
| AWD       | Absolute Watchdog                                                  |
| CPU       | Central Processing Unit                                            |
| CRC       | Cyclic Redundancy Check                                            |
| %DC       | Duty Cycle of the output signal i.e. $T_{ON} / (T_{ON} + T_{OFF})$ |
| DMP       | Dual Mould Package                                                 |
| DP        | Discontinuity Point                                                |
| DCT       | Diagnostic Cycle Time                                              |
| DSP       | Digital Signal Processing                                          |
| ECC       | Error Correcting Code                                              |
| EMA       | Exponential Moving Average                                         |
| EMC       | Electro-Magnetic Compatibility                                     |
| EoL       | End of Line                                                        |
| FIR       | Finite Impulse Response                                            |
| Gauss (G) | Alternative unit for the magnetic flux density (10G = 1mT)         |
| HW        | Hardware                                                           |
| IMC       | Integrated Magnetic Concentrator                                   |
| INL / DNL | Integral Non-Linearity / Differential Non-Linearity                |
| IWD       | Intelligent Watchdog                                               |
| LSB/MSB   | Least Significant Bit / Most Significant Bit                       |
| NC        | Not Connected                                                      |
| NVRAM     | Non Volatile RAM                                                   |
| POR       | Power-on Reset                                                     |
| PSF       | Product Specific Functions                                         |
| PWL       | Piecewise Linear                                                   |
| PWM       | Pulse Width Modulation                                             |
| RAM       | Random Access Memory                                               |
| ROM       | Read-Only Memory                                                   |
| SEoC      | Safety Element out of Context                                      |
| TC        | Temperature Coefficient (in ppm/°C)                                |
| Tesla (T) | SI derived unit for the magnetic flux density (Vs/m <sup>2</sup> ) |

Table 3 - Glossary of Terms



## 3. Pin Definitions and Descriptions

### 3.1. Pin Definition for SOIC-8 package

| Pin # | Name             | Description             |
|-------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 1     | V <sub>DD</sub>  | Supply                  |
| 2     | Input            | For test or Application |
| 3     | Test             | For test or Application |
| 4     | N.C.             | Not connected           |
| 5     | OUT              | Output                  |
| 6     | V <sub>SS</sub>  | Digital ground          |
| 7     | V <sub>DEC</sub> | Decoupling pin          |
| 8     | V <sub>SS</sub>  | Analog ground           |

*Table 4 - SOIC-8 Pins definition and description*

Pins Input and Test are internally grounded in application. For optimal EMC behaviour always connect the unused pins to the ground of the PCB.

### 3.2. Pin Definition for TSSOP-16 package

| Pin # | Name               | Description             |
|-------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1     | V <sub>DEC1</sub>  | Decoupling pin die1     |
| 2     | V <sub>SS1</sub>   | Analog ground die1      |
| 3     | V <sub>DD1</sub>   | Supply die1             |
| 4     | Input <sub>1</sub> | For test or Application |
| 5     | Test <sub>2</sub>  | For test or Application |
| 6     | OUT <sub>2</sub>   | Output die2             |
| 7     | N.C.               | Not connected           |
| 8     | V <sub>SS2</sub>   | Digital ground die2     |
| 9     | V <sub>DEC2</sub>  | Decoupling pin die2     |
| 10    | V <sub>SS2</sub>   | Analog ground die2      |
| 11    | V <sub>DD2</sub>   | Supply die2             |
| 12    | Input <sub>2</sub> | For test or Application |
| 13    | Test <sub>1</sub>  | For test or Application |
| 14    | N.C.               | Not connected           |
| 15    | OUT <sub>1</sub>   | Output die1             |
| 16    | V <sub>SS1</sub>   | Digital ground die1     |

*Table 5 - TSSOP-16 Pins definition and description*

Pins Input and Test are internally grounded in application. For optimal EMC behaviour always connect the unused pins to the ground of the PCB.

### 3.3. Pin Definition for DMP#1 - Pinout A package

DMP-4 package pinout A offers a pin to pin compatibility with the previous generation of Triaxis® products.

| Pin # | Name            | Description |
|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1     | V <sub>SS</sub> | Ground      |
| 2     | V <sub>DD</sub> | Supply      |
| 3     | OUT             | Output      |
| 4     | V <sub>SS</sub> | Ground      |

*Table 6 - DMP-4 Pins definition and description (pinout A)*

### 3.4. Pin Definition for DMP#2 - Pinout B package

DMP-4 package configuration pinout B offers full benefit of the applications of Input pin (NTC, digital or analog gateway).

| Pin # | Name            | Description |
|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1     | OUT             | Output      |
| 2     | V <sub>SS</sub> | Ground      |
| 3     | V <sub>DD</sub> | Supply      |
| 4     | Input           | NTC/Gateway |

*Table 7 - DMP-4 Pins definition and description (pinout B)*

## 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                  | Symbol                 | Min  | Max  | Unit             | Condition                                        |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage             | $V_{DD}$               |      | 28   | V                | < 48h ; $T_j < 175^\circ\text{C}$                |
|                            | $V_{DD}$               |      | 37   | V                | < 60s ; $T_{AMB} \leq 35^\circ\text{C}$          |
| Reverse Voltage Protection | $V_{DD\text{-rev}}$    | -14  |      | V                | < 48h                                            |
|                            | $V_{DD\text{-rev}}$    | -20  |      | V                | < 1h                                             |
| Positive Output Voltage    | $V_{OUT}$              |      | 28   | V                | < 48h                                            |
| Reverse Output Voltage     | $V_{OUT\text{-rev}}$   | -14  |      | V                | < 48h                                            |
| Internal Voltage           | $V_{DEC}$              |      | 3.6  | V                |                                                  |
|                            | $V_{DEC\text{-rev}}$   | -0.3 |      | V                |                                                  |
| Positive Input pin Voltage | $V_{Input}$            |      | 6    | V                |                                                  |
| Reverse Input pin Voltage  | $V_{Input\text{-rev}}$ | -3   |      | V                |                                                  |
| Positive Test pin Voltage  | $V_{Test}$             |      | 3.6  | V                |                                                  |
| Reverse Test pin Voltage   | $V_{Test\text{-rev}}$  | -0.3 |      | V                |                                                  |
| Operating Temperature      | $T_{AMB}$              | -40  | +160 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |                                                  |
| Junction Temperature       | $T_j$                  |      | +175 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | see 18.17 for package thermal dissipation values |
| Storage Temperature        | $T_{ST}$               | -55  | +170 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |                                                  |
| Magnetic Flux Density      | $B_{max}$              | -1   | 1    | T                |                                                  |

Table 8 - Absolute maximum ratings

Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage.

Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## 5. Isolation Specification

Only valid for the TSSOP-16 package (code GO, i.e. dual die version).

| Parameter            | Symbol     | Min | Typ | Max | Unit      | Condition                                                               |
|----------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Isolation Resistance | $R_{isol}$ | 4   | -   | -   | $M\Omega$ | Between dice, measured between $V_{SS1}$ and $V_{SS2}$ with +/-20V bias |

Table 9 - Isolation specification

## 6. General Electrical Specifications

General electrical specifications are valid for temperature range [-40;160] °C and supply voltage range [4.5;5.5] V unless otherwise noted.

| Electrical Parameter                           | Symbol                                           | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Unit | Condition                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage                                 | V <sub>DD</sub>                                  | 4.5   | 5     | 5.5   | V    | For voltage regulated mode                                                |
| Supply Voltage Battery                         | V <sub>DD</sub>                                  | 6     | 12    | 18    | V    | For Battery usage <sup>(4)</sup>                                          |
| Supply Current <sup>(3)</sup>                  | I <sub>DD</sub>                                  | 9.0   | 10.5  | 12.6  | mA   | Rotary and linear stray field applications (option code -100, -200, -500) |
| Supply Current <sup>(3)</sup>                  | I <sub>DD</sub>                                  | 8.0   | 9.0   | 10.5  | mA   | Legacy applications (option code -300)                                    |
| Surge Current                                  | I <sub>surge</sub>                               | -     | 30    | 40    | mA   | IC Startup current (t <sub>startup</sub> < 40µs)                          |
| Start-up Level                                 | V <sub>DDstart</sub>                             | 3.6   |       |       | V    | Minimal supply start-up voltage                                           |
| PTC Entry Level (rising)                       | V <sub>PROV0</sub>                               | 7.10  | 7.35  | 7.70  | V    | Supply overvoltage detection for 5V applications <sup>(4)</sup>           |
| PTC Entry Level Hysteresis                     | V <sub>PROV0Hyst</sub>                           | 400   | 500   | 600   | mV   | Supply overvoltage hysteresis                                             |
| PTC Entry Level (rising)                       | V <sub>PROV1</sub>                               | 21.5  | 23.0  | 24.5  | V    | For Battery usage <sup>(4)</sup>                                          |
| PTC Entry Level Hysteresis                     | V <sub>PROV1Hyst</sub>                           | 0.8   | 1.4   | 2.0   | V    | For Battery usage <sup>(4)</sup>                                          |
| Undervoltage detection                         | V <sub>DDUVH</sub>                               | 3.95  | 4.1   | 4.25  | V    | Supply undervoltage high threshold                                        |
| Undervoltage detection                         | V <sub>DDUVL</sub>                               | 3.75  | 3.90  | 4.05  | V    | Supply undervoltage low threshold                                         |
| Regulated Voltage                              | V <sub>DEC</sub>                                 | 3.2   | 3.3   | 3.4   | V    | Internal analog voltage                                                   |
| Regulated Voltage Overvoltage detection        | V <sub>DECOVH</sub>                              | 3.65  | 3.75  | 3.85  | V    | High threshold                                                            |
| Regulated Voltage Undervoltage detection       | V <sub>DECUVL</sub>                              | 2.70  | 2.85  | 2.92  | V    | Low threshold                                                             |
| Regulated voltage UV / OV detection hysteresis | V <sub>DECOVHyst</sub><br>V <sub>DECUVHyst</sub> | 100   | 150   | 200   | mV   |                                                                           |
| Digital supply                                 | V <sub>DDD</sub>                                 | 1.80  | 1.85  | 1.95  | V    |                                                                           |
| Digital supply Overvoltage detection           | V <sub>DDDOVH</sub>                              | 2.00  | 2.10  | 2.20  | V    |                                                                           |
| Digital Supply Undervoltage detection          | V <sub>DDDUVL</sub>                              | 1.585 | 1.680 | 1.735 | V    | Power-on Reset low threshold                                              |
| Digital Supply OV / UV detection Hysteresis    | V <sub>PORHyst</sub>                             | 30    | 100   | 200   | mV   |                                                                           |

Table 10 - Supply System Electrical Specifications

<sup>3</sup> For the dual die version, the supply current is multiplied by 2.

<sup>4</sup> Selection between 5V or battery applications is done using WARM\_ACT\_HIGH parameter. See chap.12

| Electrical Parameter                        | Symbol                   | Min      | Typ | Max    | Unit              | Condition                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Output Short Circuit Current <sup>(5)</sup> | I <sub>OUTshortPP</sub>  | -25      |     | -10    | mA                | Push-pull modes (SENT, PWM)<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V                             |
|                                             |                          | 10       |     | 25     | mA                | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5 V .. 18V                                                     |
| Output Short Circuit Current                | I <sub>OUTshortOD1</sub> | 10       |     | 25     | mA                | SENT Open Drain (see 13.1.1)<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V                             |
| Output Short Circuit Current                | I <sub>OUTshortOD2</sub> | 25       |     | 90     | mA                | PWM mode Open Drain only (see 13.1.1)                                             |
| Output Load                                 | R <sub>L</sub>           | 3        |     |        | kΩ                | PWM pull-up to 5V,<br>PWM pull-down to 0V                                         |
|                                             | R <sub>L</sub>           | 10       | -   | 55     | kΩ                | SENT pull-up                                                                      |
|                                             | R <sub>L</sub>           | 1        | -   | 100    | kΩ                | Open drain pull-up                                                                |
| Digital push-pull output level              | V <sub>satLoPP</sub>     | 0        | 1   | 2<br>5 | %V <sub>DD</sub>  | R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10kΩ<br>R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 3kΩ, pull-up to 5V                      |
|                                             | V <sub>satLoPP</sub>     | 0        | -   | 2.5    | %V <sub>DD</sub>  | R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10kΩ, ADE version                                                |
|                                             | V <sub>satHiPP</sub>     | 98<br>95 | 99  | 100    | %V <sub>DD</sub>  | R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10kΩ<br>R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 3kΩ, pull-down                          |
|                                             | V <sub>satHiPP</sub>     | 97.5     | -   | 100    | %V <sub>DD</sub>  | R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10kΩ, ADE version                                                |
| Digital open drain output level             | V <sub>satLoOD</sub>     | 0        |     | 10     | %V <sub>ext</sub> | Pull-up to any external voltage<br>V <sub>ext</sub> ≤ 18V, I <sub>L</sub> ≤ 3.4mA |
| Digital output Ron                          | R <sub>on</sub>          | 27       | 50  | 100    | Ω                 | ACC and ACE chip revision.<br>Push-pull mode                                      |
| Digital output Ron                          | R <sub>on</sub>          | 50       | 100 | 215    | Ω                 | ADE chip revision. Push-pull mode                                                 |

Table 11 - Output Electrical specifications

<sup>5</sup> Output current limitation triggers after a typical delay of 3μs.

## 7. Timing Specification

Timing specifications are valid for temperature range [-40;160] °C and supply voltage range [4.5; 5.5] V unless otherwise noted.

### 7.1. General Timing Specifications

| Parameter                          | Symbol                | Min.  | Typ  | Max.  | Unit                    | Condition                                                 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Main Clock Frequency               | F <sub>CK</sub>       | 22.8  | 24   | 25.2  | MHz                     | Including thermal and lifetime drift                      |
|                                    |                       | -5    |      | 5     | %F <sub>ck</sub>        | Relative tolerances, including thermal and lifetime drift |
| Main Clock initial tolerances      | ΔF <sub>CK,0</sub>    | 23.75 | 24   | 24.25 | MHz                     | T=35°C                                                    |
| Main Clock Frequency Thermal Drift | ΔF <sub>CK,T</sub>    | -2    | -    | 2     | %F <sub>ck</sub>        | Relative to clock frequency at 35°C. No ageing effects.   |
| 1MHz Clock Frequency               | F <sub>1M</sub>       |       | 1    |       | MHz                     |                                                           |
| Intelligent Watchdog Timeout       | T <sub>IWD</sub>      | 19    | 20   | 21    | ms                      | F <sub>CK</sub> = 24MHz                                   |
| Absolute Watchdog Timeout          | T <sub>AWD</sub>      | 19    | 20   | 21    | ms                      | F <sub>1M</sub> = 1MHz                                    |
| Analog Diagnostics DCT             | DCT <sub>ANA</sub>    | 34    |      | 34    | T <sub>angle-Meas</sub> | Asynchronous mode (7.2.1)                                 |
|                                    |                       | 17    |      | 17    | T <sub>frame</sub>      | Sync. Mode, N <sub>angFram</sub> =2                       |
|                                    |                       | 34    |      | 34    | T <sub>frame</sub>      | Sync. Mode, N <sub>angFram</sub> =1                       |
| Digital Diagnostics DCT            | DCT <sub>DIG</sub>    |       |      | 20    | ms                      | see Table 72, section 14.2                                |
| Fail Safe state duration           | T <sub>FSS</sub>      | 9.8   | 11.0 | 11.9  | ms                      | After a digital single-event fault<br>ACE / ADE versions  |
|                                    |                       | 28.4  | 32.0 | 34.6  |                         | ACC version                                               |
| Safe Startup Time                  | T <sub>SafeStup</sub> | -     | 11.2 | 12.4  | ms                      | Only valid for ACE / ADE versions (see. 7.3.1.2)          |

Table 12 - General Timing Specifications

### 7.2. Timing Modes

The MLX90372 can be configured in two continuous angle acquisition modes described in the following sections.

#### 7.2.1. Continuous Asynchronous Acquisition Mode

In this mode, the sensor continuously acquire angle at a fixed rate that is asynchronous with regards to the output. The acquisition rate is defined by the T<sub>ADC\_SEQ</sub> parameter which defines the angle measurement period T<sub>angleMeas</sub>. This mode is used in SENT without pause and PWM. Despite that PWM is periodic, asynchronous mode is better suited and enable complete filtering options for PWM signals that are often slow compared to the measurement sequence.



fig. 3 - Continuous Asynchronous Timing Mode

| Parameter                         | Symbol                 | Min. | Typ | Max. | Unit          | Condition                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------|-----|------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Angle acquisition time            | $T_{\text{angleAcq}}$  |      | 330 |      | $\mu\text{s}$ |                                                                               |
| Internal Angle Measurement Period | $T_{\text{angleMeas}}$ | 528  | 588 | -    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Typical is default factory settings (no user control)                         |
| SENT Frame Tick Count             | $N_{\text{Tframe}}$    | 282  | -   | -    | ticks         | <b>Do not change</b> for asynchronous mode (see chap.12, $T_{\text{FRAME}}$ ) |

Table 13 - Continuous Asynchronous Timing Mode

### 7.2.2. Continuous Synchronous Acquisition Mode

In continuous synchronous timing mode, the sensor acquires angles based on the output frequency. As a consequence, the output should have a fixed frame frequency. This mode makes sense only with constant SENT frame length (SENT with pause). The length of the SENT frame is defined by the parameter  $T_{\text{FRAME}}$  in number of ticks. The user has the choice to select either one or two angle acquisitions and DSP calculations per frame.



fig. 4 - Continuous Synchronous Timing Mode

Following table describes the frame length of synchronous acquisition mode with regards to T\_FRAME parameter value (see chap. 12). Minimal values represent MLX90372 best achievable performance. Typical values are default or recommended values. Maximal values are limited by the SAE J2716 standard and not displayed in this table. For a chosen timing configuration, one has to take into account the main clock relative tolerances listed in Table 12 to get a tolerance on the frame length.

| Parameter                           | Symbol                | Min                | Typ                | Max | Unit  | Condition                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SENT Frame Tick Count (Normal SENT) | N <sub>Tframe</sub>   | 310 <sup>(6)</sup> | 320                | -   | ticks | For tick time of 3μs (Normal SENT) and two angles per frame                 |
| SENT Frame Tick Count (Normal SENT) | N <sub>Tframe</sub>   | 282 <sup>(6)</sup> | 304 <sup>(7)</sup> | -   | ticks | For tick time of 3μs (Normal SENT) and one angle per frame                  |
| SENT Frame Tick Count (Fast SENT)   | N <sub>Tframe</sub>   | 320 <sup>(6)</sup> | 330                | -   | ticks | For tick time of 1.5μs (Fast SENT) and one angle per frame                  |
| SENT Frame Period (Normal)          | T <sub>frame</sub>    | 930 <sup>(6)</sup> | 960                | -   | μs    | 3μs tick time with pause and two angles per frame (F <sub>CK</sub> = 24MHz) |
| SENT Frame Period (Fast)            | T <sub>frame</sub>    | 480 <sup>(6)</sup> | 495                | -   | μs    | 1.5μs tick time with pause, one angle per frame (F <sub>CK</sub> = 24MHz)   |
| Number of angles per frame          | N <sub>angFrame</sub> | 1                  | 2                  | 2   |       | set by TWO_ANGLES_FRAME parameter                                           |

Table 14 - SENT Synchronous Timing Mode Configurations

### 7.3. Timing Definitions

#### 7.3.1. Startup Time and Startup Phases definition



fig. 5 - Startup Time Definition

<sup>6</sup> Minimal timings are only confirmed to work in a specific configuration and may lead to noise degradation. Melexis recommends typical configuration (factory settings) for safe operation with any end user configuration.

<sup>7</sup> This timing optimizes the startup time (see Table 17)



### 7.3.1.1. Normal Startup

A typical startup in SENT consists of two main phases. During the first one, the circuit performs its initialisation until being able to start acquiring angles and transmitting SENT frames. This first phase lasts  $T_{init}$  milliseconds. After that time, the IC starts transmitting SENT initialisation frames, also called null frames, their content being mainly zeros. During the second phase, the sensor acquires angles until the amplification chain gain settles. The overall startup time  $T_{stup}$  is the time between power up and complete transmission of the first valid angle.

### 7.3.1.2. Safe Startup

When COLD\_SAFE\_STARTUP\_EN is set (see chap. 12, End-User Programmable Items), the circuit performs a full diagnostic cycle before starting the transmission of an angle. This sequence lasts  $T_{SafeStup}$  milliseconds (see Table 12 - General Timing Specifications). After  $T_{init}$ , the circuit start sending null SENT frames until the full diagnostic sequence is complete.

### 7.3.1.3. Startup phase in PWM mode

In PWM mode, startup is defined by three values,  $T_{stup[1..3]}$ . The first value is reached when the output is ready and starts to drive a voltage. The second value  $T_2$  is the start of the first value angle transmission and the third one  $T_3$  the moment the first angle has been transmitted.

## 7.3.2. Latency (average)

Latency is the average lag between the movement of the detected object (magnet) and the response of the sensor output. This value is representative of the time constant of the system for regulation calculations.



fig. 6 - Definition of Latency

### 7.3.3. Step Response (worst case)

Step response is defined as the delay between a change of position of the magnet and the 100% settling time of the sensor output with full angle accuracy with regards to filtering. Worst case is happening when the movement of the magnet occurs just after a measurement sequence has begun. Step response therefore consists of the sum of:

- $\delta_{mag,measSeq}$ , the delay between magnetic change and start of next measurement sequence
- $T_{measSeq}$ , the measurement sequence length
- $\delta_{measSeq,frameStart}$ , the delay between end of measurement sequence and start of next frame
- $T_{frame}$ , the frame length

Worst case happens when  $\delta_{mag,measSeq} = T_{measSeq}$ , which gives:

$$T_{wcStep} = 2T_{measSeq} + \delta_{measSeq,frameStart} + T_{frame}$$

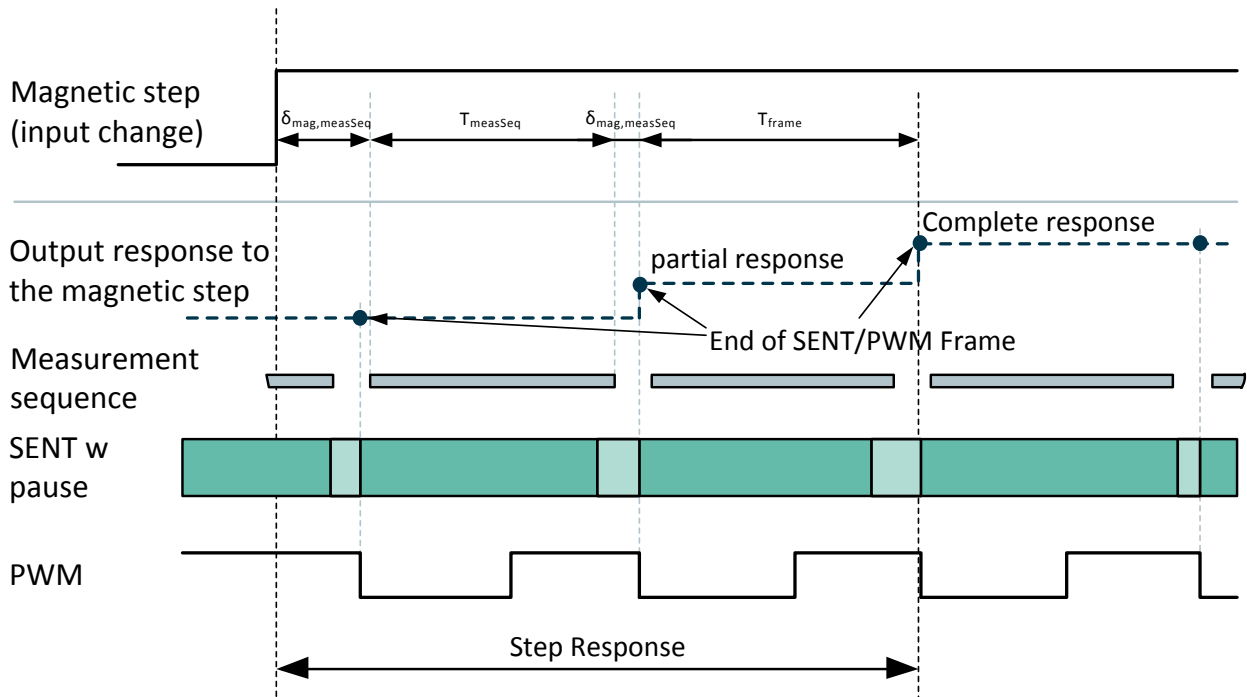


fig. 7 - Step Response Definition

## 7.4. SENT timing specifications

### 7.4.1. MLX90372 ACE/ADE SENT Timing Specifications

Timing specifications are valid for a given configuration of the SENT frame and tick time (see 11.1.9)

| Parameter                                  | Symbol     | Min | Typ        | Max  | Unit | Condition                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------|------------|-----|------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Tick time                                  |            | 1.5 | 3          | 6    | μs   | 1.5μs = Fast SENT<br>3μs = Normal SENT (default)<br>6μs = Slow SENT |
| SENT startup time (up to first sync pulse) | $T_{init}$ | -   | 2.95       | 3.10 | ms   | Until initialisation frame start                                    |
| SENT edge rise Time                        |            | 4.5 | 6.2        | 7.5  | μs   | for SENT_SEL_SR_RISE/FALL = 4<br>(see 11.1.6)                       |
| SENT edge fall Time                        |            | 3.9 | 4.8        | 5.2  | μs   |                                                                     |
| Slow Message cycle length                  |            |     | 691<br>415 |      | ms   | Extended sequence (40 frames )<br>Short sequence (24 frames )       |

Table 15 - SENT General Timing Specifications

| Parameter                                                                                       | Symbol              | Min | Typ          | Max          | Unit | Condition                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 3µs tick time, 2 angles per SENT frame, T_FRAME = 310</b> |                     |     |              |              |      |                                                           |
| SENT startup time                                                                               | T <sub>stup</sub>   | -   | 6.48         | -            | ms   | Until first valid angle received                          |
| Average Latency                                                                                 | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | -   | 1.73<br>2.19 | -            | ms   | Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                      | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -   | -            | 2.98<br>3.91 | ms   | Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 3µs tick time, 2 angles per SENT frame, T_FRAME = 320</b> |                     |     |              |              |      |                                                           |
| SENT startup time                                                                               | T <sub>stup</sub>   | -   | 6.60         | -            | ms   | Until first valid angle received                          |
| Average Latency                                                                                 | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | -   | 1.77<br>2.25 | -            | ms   | Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                      | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -   | -            | 3.12<br>4.08 | ms   | Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 3µs tick time, 1 angle per SENT frame, T_FRAME = 282</b>  |                     |     |              |              |      |                                                           |
| SENT startup time                                                                               | T <sub>stup</sub>   | -   | 6.99         | -            | ms   | Until first valid angle received                          |
| Average Latency                                                                                 | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | -   | 1.33         | -            | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                    |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                      | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -   | -            | 2.32         | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                    |
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 3µs tick time, 1 angle per SENT frame, T_FRAME = 304</b>  |                     |     |              |              |      |                                                           |
| SENT startup time                                                                               | T <sub>stup</sub>   | -   | 6.41         | -            | ms   | Until first valid angle received                          |
| Average Latency                                                                                 | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | -   | 1.54         | -            | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                    |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                      | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -   | -            | 2.60         | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                    |

Table 16 - Synchronous SENT Mode Timing Specifications for 3µs tick time

| Parameter                                                                                        | Symbol              | Min  | Typ                  | Max                  | Unit | Condition                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------|----------------------|----------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 1.5µs tick time, 1 angle per SENT frame, T_FRAME = 320</b> |                     |      |                      |                      |      |                                                                                     |
| SENT startup time                                                                                | T <sub>stup</sub>   | 6.12 | 6.23                 | -                    | ms   | Until first valid angle received                                                    |
| Average Latency                                                                                  | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | -    | 0.98<br>1.15<br>1.31 | -                    | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)<br>Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                       | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -    | -                    | 1.58<br>1.89<br>2.20 | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)<br>Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |

<sup>8</sup> See section 13.4 for details concerning Filter parameter

| Parameter                                                                                        | Symbol              | Min  | Typ  | Max                  | Unit | Condition                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|----------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 1.5µs tick time, 1 angle per SENT frame, T_FRAME = 330</b> |                     |      |      |                      |      |                                                                                     |
| SENT startup time                                                                                | T <sub>stup</sub>   | 6.12 | 6.23 | -                    | ms   | Until first valid angle received                                                    |
| Average Latency                                                                                  | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | -    | 1.05 | -                    | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                                              |
|                                                                                                  |                     |      | 1.21 |                      |      | Filter = 1 (FIR11)                                                                  |
|                                                                                                  |                     |      | 1.37 |                      |      | Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup>                                                 |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                       | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -    | -    | 1.63<br>1.95<br>2.27 | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)<br>Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |

Table 17 - Synchronous SENT Mode Timing Specifications for 1.5us tick time

| Parameter                                                                   | Symbol              | Min                  | Typ                  | Max                  | Unit | Condition                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>For SENT without pause (asynchronous), 3µs tick time<sup>(9)</sup></b>   |                     |                      |                      |                      |      |                                                                                     |
| SENT startup time                                                           | T <sub>stup</sub>   | 6.25<br>6.42         | 6.39<br>6.56         | 6.51<br>6.68         | ms   | Until first valid angle received<br>with SENT_INIT_GM = 1                           |
| Average Latency <sup>(9)</sup>                                              | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | 1.40<br>1.67<br>2.20 | 1.40<br>1.70<br>2.29 | -                    | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                                              |
|                                                                             |                     |                      |                      |                      |      | Filter = 1 (FIR11)                                                                  |
|                                                                             |                     |                      |                      |                      |      | Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup>                                                 |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                  | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -                    | 2.41<br>2.94<br>4.00 | 2.72<br>3.32<br>4.50 | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)<br>Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |
| <b>For SENT without pause (asynchronous), 1.5µs tick time<sup>(9)</sup></b> |                     |                      |                      |                      |      |                                                                                     |
| SENT startup time                                                           | T <sub>stup</sub>   | 6.42                 | 6.50                 | 6.56                 | ms   | Until first valid angle received                                                    |
| Average Latency <sup>(9)</sup>                                              | T <sub>latcy</sub>  | 0.91<br>1.17<br>1.70 | 0.91<br>1.21<br>1.80 | -                    | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                                              |
|                                                                             |                     |                      |                      |                      |      | Filter = 1 (FIR11)                                                                  |
|                                                                             |                     |                      |                      |                      |      | Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup>                                                 |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                  | T <sub>wcStep</sub> | -                    | 1.76<br>2.29<br>3.34 | 1.94<br>2.54<br>3.72 | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)<br>Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup> |

Table 18 - Asynchronous SENT Mode Timing Specifications

<sup>9</sup>In asynchronous mode, the latency is defined as an average delay with regards to all possible variations. For worst case, refer to step response (worst case) values

## 7.4.2. MLX90372 ACC Default SENT Timing specifications

MLX90372 ACC versions come with the following typical default programming that differs from ACE/ADE version (see chapter 12, item no 134, T\_FRAME).

| Parameter                           | Symbol       | Min | Typ        | Max | Unit  | Condition                                                         |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----|------------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SENT Frame Tick Count (Normal SENT) | $N_{Tframe}$ | -   | 366        | -   | ticks | For tick time of 3 $\mu$ s (Normal SENT) and two angles per frame |
| Slow Message cycle length           |              |     | 791<br>475 |     | ms    | Extended sequence (40 frames )<br>Short sequence (24 frames )     |

Table 19 - Default ACC Synchronous SENT frame length

For this typical value, the timing performances are described in the next table (Table 20). ACC has the same timing capabilities than the ACE and can be programmed in a similar way. When the ACC default programming is changed to match the one of ACE/ADE, timing performances are equivalent. For timing performances not described in this section, refer to the Table 14 and section 7.4.1.

| Parameter                                                                                                     | Symbol       | Min | Typ          | Max          | Unit | Condition                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 3<math>\mu</math>s tick time, 2 angles per SENT frame</b>               |              |     |              |              |      |                                                            |
| SENT startup time                                                                                             | $T_{stup}$   | -   | 7.18         | -            | ms   | Until first valid angle received                           |
| Average Latency                                                                                               | $T_{latcy}$  | -   | 1.79<br>2.33 | -            | ms   | Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(10)</sup> |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                                    | $T_{wcStep}$ | -   | -            | 3.28<br>4.38 | ms   | Filter = 1 (FIR11)<br>Filter = 2 (FIR1111) <sup>(8)</sup>  |
| <b>For SENT with pause (synchronous), 3<math>\mu</math>s tick time, 1 angle per SENT frame<sup>(11)</sup></b> |              |     |              |              |      |                                                            |
| SENT startup time                                                                                             | $T_{stup}$   | -   | 6.60         | -            | ms   | Until first valid angle received                           |
| Average Latency                                                                                               | $T_{latcy}$  | -   | 1.49         | -            | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                     |
| Step Response (worst case)                                                                                    | $T_{wcStep}$ | -   | -            | 2.61         | ms   | Filter = 0 (no filter)                                     |

Table 20 - Synchronous SENT mode ACC default timing specifications

<sup>10</sup> See section 13.4 for details concerning Filter parameter

<sup>11</sup> Need experimental/formal confirmation, data based on simulation

## 7.5. PWM timing specifications

For the parameters in below table, maximum timings correspond to minimal frequency and vice versa.

| Parameter                                    | Symbol             | Min  | Typ  | Max  | Unit        | Condition                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|------|------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PWM Frequency                                | $F_{PWM}$          | 100  | 1000 | 2000 | Hz          |                                                                                 |
| PWM Frequency Initial Tolerances             | $\Delta F_{PWM,0}$ | -1.5 |      | 1.5  | % $F_{PWM}$ | T=35°C, can be trimmed at EOL                                                   |
| PWM Frequency Thermal Drift                  | $\Delta F_{PWM,T}$ | -2.0 |      | 2.0  | % $F_{PWM}$ |                                                                                 |
| PWM Frequency Drift                          | $\Delta F_{PWM}$   | -5.0 |      | 5.0  | % $F_{PWM}$ | Over temperature and lifetime                                                   |
| PWM startup Time (up to output ready)        | $T_{stup1}$        |      | 6.60 |      | ms          |                                                                                 |
| PWM startup Time (up to first sync. Edge)    | $T_{stup2}$        | 7.10 | 7.60 | 16.6 | ms          | $T_{stup1} + T_{PWM}$                                                           |
| PWM startup Time (up to first data received) | $T_{stup3}$        | 7.60 | 8.60 | 26.6 | ms          | $T_{stup1} + 2 * T_{PWM}^{(12)}$                                                |
| Rise Time PWM                                |                    | 1.0  | 4.8  | 12.0 | $\mu s$     | typ. for SENT_SEL_SR_RISE/FALL = 4 (see 11.1.6). Measured between 1.1V and 3.8V |
| Fall Time PWM                                |                    | 1.0  | 4.8  | 12.0 | $\mu s$     |                                                                                 |

Table 21 - PWM timing specifications

<sup>12</sup> First frame transmitted has no synchronization edge; therefore the second frame transmitted is the first complete one.

## 8. Magnetic Field Specifications

Magnetic field specifications are valid for temperature range [-40; 160] °C unless otherwise noted.

### 8.1. Rotary Stray-field Immune Mode - Low Field Variant (-100 code)

| Parameter                                              | Symbol                            | Min               | Typ                 | Max                 | Unit                        | Condition                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of magnetic poles                               | $N_p$                             | 4 <sup>(13)</sup> | -                   | -                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Magnetic Flux Density in X-Y plane                     | $B_x, B_y$ <sup>(14)</sup>        |                   |                     | 25 <sup>(15)</sup>  | mT                          | $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$<br>(this is not the useful signal)                                                                                                          |
| Magnetic Flux Density in Z                             | $B_z$                             |                   |                     | 100                 | mT                          | (this is not the useful signal)                                                                                                                                    |
| Magnetic in-plane gradient of in-plane field component | $\frac{\Delta B_{XY}}{\Delta XY}$ | 3.8               | 10                  |                     | $\frac{mT}{mm}$             | $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{dB_x}{dX} - \frac{dB_y}{dY}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dB_x}{dY} + \frac{dB_y}{dX}\right)^2}$<br>this is the useful signal (see fig. 8) |
| Magnet Temperature Coefficient                         | $TC_m$                            | -2400             |                     | 0                   | $\frac{ppm}{^\circ C}$      |                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Field Strength Resolution <sup>(16)</sup>              | $\frac{\Delta B_{XY}}{\Delta XY}$ | 0.075             | 0.100               | 0.125               | $\frac{mT}{mm \text{ LSB}}$ | Magnetic field gradient norm (12bits data)                                                                                                                         |
| Field too Low Threshold <sup>(17)</sup>                | $B_{TH\_LOW}$                     | 0.8               | 1.2                 | <sup>(18)</sup>     | $\frac{mT}{mm}$             | Typ is recommended value to be set by user                                                                                                                         |
| Field too High Threshold <sup>(17)</sup>               | $B_{TH\_HIGH}$                    | 70                | 100 <sup>(19)</sup> | 102 <sup>(19)</sup> | $\frac{mT}{mm}$             | Typ is recommended value to be set by user                                                                                                                         |

Table 22 - Magnetic specification for rotary stray-field immune- low field variant

Nominal performances apply when the useful signal  $\Delta B_{XY}/\Delta XY$  is above the typical specified limit. Under this value, limited performances apply. See 8.1 for accuracy specifications.

<sup>13</sup> Due to 4 poles magnet usage, maximum angle measurement range is limited to 180°

<sup>14</sup> The condition must be fulfilled for all combinations of  $B_x$  and  $B_y$ .

<sup>15</sup> Above this limit, the IMC® starts to saturate, yielding to an increase of the linearity error.

<sup>16</sup> Only valid with default MAGNET\_SREL\_T[1..7] configuration

<sup>17</sup> Typ. value is set by default for NVRAM rev.9 and shall be set by user for rev.8 (see Table 50, USER\_ID3 and Table 49)

<sup>18</sup> Higher values of Field too Low threshold are not recommended by Melexis and shall only be set in accordance with the magnetic design and taking a sufficient safety margin to prevent false positive.

<sup>19</sup> Due to the saturation effect of the IMC, the FieldTooHigh monitor detects only defects in the sensor



fig. 8 - Minimum useful signal definition for rotary stray-field immune application-low field variant

## 8.2. Rotary Stray-field Immune Mode - High Field Variant (-500 code)

| Parameter                                              | Symbol                            | Min               | Typ                 | Max                 | Unit                   | Condition                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of magnetic poles                               | $N_p$                             | 4 <sup>(13)</sup> | -                   | -                   |                        |                                                                                                                                                        |
| Magnetic Flux Density in X-Y plane                     | $B_x, B_y$ <sup>(14)</sup>        |                   |                     | 67 <sup>(15)</sup>  | mT                     | $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$<br>(this is not the useful signal)                                                                                              |
| Magnetic Flux Density in Z                             | $B_z$                             |                   |                     | 100                 | mT                     | (this is not the useful signal)                                                                                                                        |
| Magnetic in-plane gradient of in-plane field component | $\frac{\Delta B_{XY}}{\Delta XY}$ | 8.25              | 21                  |                     | $\frac{mT}{mm}$        | $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{dB_x}{dX} - \frac{dB_y}{dY}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dB_x}{dY} + \frac{dB_y}{dX}\right)^2}$<br>this is the useful signal. |
| Magnet Temperature Coefficient                         | $TC_m$                            | -2400             |                     | 0                   | $\frac{ppm}{^\circ C}$ |                                                                                                                                                        |
| Field Strength Resolution <sup>(16)</sup>              | $\frac{\Delta B_{XY}}{\Delta XY}$ | 0.075             | 0.100               | 0.125               | $\frac{mT}{mm}$ LSB    | Magnetic field gradient norm (12bits data)                                                                                                             |
| Field too Low Threshold <sup>(17)</sup>                | $B_{TH\_LOW}$                     | 1.2               | 2                   | <sup>(18)</sup>     | $\frac{mT}{mm}$        | Typ is recommended value to be set by user                                                                                                             |
| Field too High Threshold <sup>(17)</sup>               | $B_{TH\_HIGH}$                    | 80                | 100 <sup>(19)</sup> | 102 <sup>(19)</sup> | $\frac{mT}{mm}$        | Typ is recommended value to be set by user                                                                                                             |

Table 23 - Magnetic specification for rotary stray-field immune

See 8.2 for accuracy specifications.



### 8.3. Linear Stray-field Immune Mode (-200 code)

| Parameter                                 | Symbol                           | Min   | Typ               | Max                | Unit                                | Condition                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of magnetic poles                  | $N_p$                            |       | 2                 | -                  |                                     | Linear movement                                                                                                                    |
| Magnetic Flux Density in X                | $B_x$                            |       |                   | 80 <sup>(20)</sup> | mT                                  | $B_y \leq 20\text{mT}$                                                                                                             |
| Magnetic Flux Density in X-Y              | $B_x, B_y$ <sup>(21)</sup>       |       |                   | 70 <sup>(22)</sup> | mT                                  | $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}, B_y > 20\text{mT}$                                                                                          |
| Magnetic Flux Density in Z                | $B_z$                            |       |                   | 100                | mT                                  |                                                                                                                                    |
| Magnetic gradient of X-Z field components | $\frac{\Delta B_{XZ}}{\Delta X}$ | 3     | 6 <sup>(23)</sup> |                    | $\frac{\text{mT}}{\text{mm}}$       | $\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta B_X}{\Delta X}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{G_{IMC}} \frac{\Delta B_Z}{\Delta X}\right)^2}$ <sup>(24)</sup> |
| Distance between the two IMC®             | $\Delta X$                       |       | 1.91              |                    | mm                                  | see chapter 18 for magnetic center definitions                                                                                     |
| IMC gain                                  | $G_{IMC}$                        |       | 1.19              |                    |                                     | see <sup>(24)</sup>                                                                                                                |
| Magnet Temperature Coefficient            | $TC_m$                           | -2400 |                   | 0                  | $\frac{\text{ppm}}{^\circ\text{C}}$ |                                                                                                                                    |
| Field Strength Resolution <sup>(16)</sup> | $\frac{\Delta B_{XZ}}{\Delta X}$ | 0.037 | 0.05              | 0.063              | $\frac{\text{mT}}{\text{mm LSB}}$   | Magnetic field gradient norm expressed in 12bits words                                                                             |
| Field too Low Threshold <sup>(17)</sup>   | $B_{TH\_LOW}$                    | 0.2   | 1.2               | <sup>(25)</sup>    | $\frac{\text{mT}}{\text{mm}}$       | Typ is recommended value to be set by user                                                                                         |
| Field too High Threshold <sup>(17)</sup>  | $B_{TH\_HIGH}$                   | 35    | 50                | 51                 | $\frac{\text{mT}}{\text{mm}}$       | Typ is recommended value to be set by user                                                                                         |

Table 24 - Magnetic specifications for linear stray-field application

Nominal performances apply when the useful signal  $\Delta B_{xz}/\Delta x$  and temperature ranges are inside the values defined in the following figure (fig. 9). At higher temperature or lower field gradients, the accuracy of MLX90372 is degraded and Limited Performances, described in section 9.4.2, apply.

<sup>20</sup> Above 80 mT, with  $B_y$  field in the mentioned limits, the IMC® starts saturating yielding to an increase of the linearity error.

<sup>21</sup> The condition must be fulfilled for all combinations of  $B_x$  and  $B_y$ .

<sup>22</sup> Above 70 mT, the IMC® starts saturating yielding to an increase of the linearity error.

<sup>23</sup> Below 6 mT/mm, the performances are degraded due to a reduction of the signal-to-noise ratio, signal-to-offset ratio.

<sup>24</sup> IMC has better performance for concentrating in-plane (X-Y) field components, resulting in a better magnetic sensitivity. A correction factor, called IMC gain has to be applied to the Z field component to account for this difference.

<sup>25</sup> Higher values of Field too Low threshold are not recommended by Melexis and shall only be set in accordance with the magnetic design and taking a sufficient safety margin to prevent false positive.



fig. 9 - Minimum useful signal definition for linear stray-field immune application

### 8.4. Standard/Legacy Mode (-300 code)

| Parameter                                 | Symbol            | Min.        | Typ.  | Max.  | Unit                   | Condition                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of magnetic poles                  | $N_P$             | -           | 2     | -     |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Magnetic Flux Density in X-Y plane        | $B_x, B_y^{(21)}$ |             |       | 70    | mT                     | $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Magnetic Flux Density in Z                | $B_z$             |             |       | 100   | mT                     | in absolute value                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Useful Magnetic Flux Density Norm         | $B_{Norm}$        | $10^{(26)}$ | 20    |       | mT                     | $\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$ (X-y mode)<br>$\sqrt{B_x^2 + \left(\frac{1}{G_{IMC}} B_z\right)^2}$ (X-Z mode)<br>$\sqrt{B_y^2 + \left(\frac{1}{G_{IMC}} B_z\right)^2}$ (Y-Z mode)<br>see 13.3.1 for sensing mode description. |
| IMC gain                                  | $G_{IMC}$         |             | 1.19  |       |                        | see <sup>27</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Magnet Temperature Coefficient            | $TC_m$            | -2400       |       | 0     | $\frac{ppm}{^\circ C}$ |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Field Strength Resolution <sup>(28)</sup> | $B_{Norm}$        | 0.075       | 0.100 | 0.125 | $\frac{mT}{LSB}$       | Magnetic field gradient norm expressed in 12bits words                                                                                                                                                                |

<sup>26</sup> Below 10 mT the performances are degraded due to a reduction of the signal-to-noise ratio, signal-to-offset ratio

<sup>27</sup> IMC has better performance for concentrating in-plane (X-Y) field components, resulting in a better overall magnetic sensitivity. A correction factor, called IMC gain has to be applied to the Z field component to account for this difference.

| Parameter                                | Symbol               | Min. | Typ.                | Max.                | Unit | Condition                                  |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|------|--------------------------------------------|
| Field Too Low Threshold <sup>(29)</sup>  | B <sub>TH_LOW</sub>  | 0.4  | 4.0                 | (25)                | mT   | Typ is recommended value to be set by user |
| Field Too High Threshold <sup>(29)</sup> | B <sub>TH_HIGH</sub> | 70   | 100 <sup>(30)</sup> | 100 <sup>(30)</sup> | mT   | Typ is recommended value to be set by user |

Table 25 - Magnetic specifications for Standard application

Nominal performances apply when the useful signal B<sub>Norm</sub> is above the typical specified limit. Under this value, limited performances apply. See 9.5 for accuracy specifications.

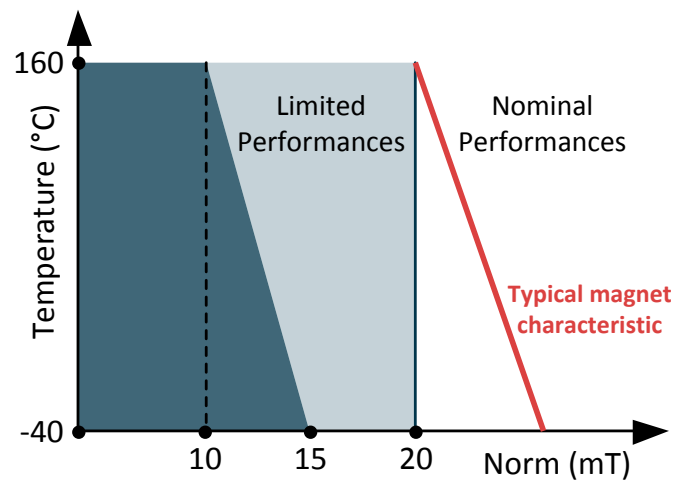


fig. 10 - Minimum useful signal definition for Standard/Legacy application

<sup>28</sup> Only valid with default MAGNET\_SREL\_T[1..7] configuration

<sup>29</sup> Typ. value is set by default for NVRAM rev.9 and shall be set by user for rev.8 (see Table 50, USER\_ID3 and Table 49)

<sup>30</sup> Due to the saturation effect of the IMC, the FieldTooHigh monitor detects only defects in the sensor

## 9. Accuracy Specifications

Accuracy specifications are valid for temperature range [-40;160] °C and supply voltage range [4.5 - 5.5] V unless otherwise noted.

### 9.1. Definitions

This section defines several parameters, which will be used for the magnetic specifications.

#### 9.1.1. Intrinsic Linearity Error



fig. 11 - Sensor accuracy definition

Illustration of fig. 11 depicts the intrinsic linearity error in new parts. The Intrinsic Linearity Error refers to the IC itself (offset, sensitivity mismatch, orthogonality) taking into account an ideal magnetic field. Once associated to a practical magnetic construction and the associated mechanical and magnetic tolerances, the output linearity error increases. However, it can be improved with the multi-point end-user calibration (see 13.2). As a consequence, this error is not critical in application because it is calibrated away.

#### 9.1.2. Total Angle Drift

After calibration, the output angle of the sensor might still change due to temperature change, aging, etc.. This is defined as the total drift  $\partial\theta_{TT}$  :

$$\partial\theta_{TT} = \max\{\theta(\theta_{IN}, T, t) - \theta(\theta_{IN}, T_{RT}, t_0)\}$$

where  $\theta_{IN}$  is the input angle,  $T$  is the temperature,  $T_{RT}$  is the room temperature, and  $t$  is the elapsed lifetime after calibration.  $t_0$  represents the status at the start of the operating life. Note the total drift  $\partial\theta_{TT}$  is always defined with respect to angle at room temperature. In this datasheet,  $T_{RT}$  is typically defined at 35°C, unless stated otherwise. The total drift is valid for all angles along the full mechanical stroke.

## 9.2. Rotary Stray-field Immune Mode - Low Field Variant (-100 code)

### 9.2.1. Nominal Performance

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under nominal performances conditions described in section 8.1 (fig. 8) and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min   | Typ | Max        | Unit | Condition                                                                |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-----|------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| XY - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_XY}$               | -1    |     | 1          | Deg. |                                                                          |
| Noise <sup>(31)</sup>            |                           |       |     | 0.2<br>0.4 | Deg. | Filter = 2<br>Filter = 0 <sup>(32)</sup>                                 |
| XY - Total Drift <sup>(33)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XY}$ | -0.85 |     | 0.85       | Deg. | Relative to 35°C                                                         |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |       | 0.1 |            | Deg. |                                                                          |
| Output Stray Field Immunity      | $\partial\theta_{FF}$     |       |     | 0.6        | Deg. | with 10mT/mm useful gradient field and 4kA/m stray-field <sup>(34)</sup> |

Table 26 - Rotary stray-field immune nominal magnetic performances

### 9.2.2. Limited Performances

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under limited performances conditions described in section 8.1 (fig. 8) and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min   | Typ | Max                | Unit | Condition                              |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-----|--------------------|------|----------------------------------------|
| XY - Intrinsic Maximum Error     | $L_E$                     | -1    |     | 1                  | Deg. |                                        |
| Noise <sup>(31)</sup>            |                           |       |     | 0.7<br>0.5<br>0.35 | Deg. | Filter = 0<br>Filter = 1<br>Filter = 2 |
| XY - Total Drift <sup>(33)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XY}$ | -0.85 |     | 0.85               | Deg. | Relative to 35°C                       |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |       | 0.1 |                    | Deg. |                                        |

Table 27 - Rotary stray-field immune limited magnetic performances

<sup>31</sup>  $\pm 3\sigma$

<sup>32</sup> See section 13.4 for details concerning Filter parameter

<sup>33</sup> Verification done on new and aged devices in an ideal magnetic field gradient (see 9.1.2). An additional application-specific error arises from the non-ideal magnet and mechanical tolerance drift.

<sup>34</sup> Tested in accordance with ISO 11452-8:2015, at 30°C, with stray-field strength of 4kA/m from any direction. This error scales linearly with both the useful field and the disturbing field.

### 9.3. Rotary Stray-field Immune Mode - High Field Variant (-500 code)

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under nominal performances conditions described in section 8.2 and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min            | Typ | Max                 | Unit | Condition                                                                |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----|---------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| XY - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_XY}$               | -1             |     | 1                   | Deg. |                                                                          |
| Noise <sup>(31)</sup>            |                           |                |     | 0.25<br>0.35<br>0.5 | Deg. | Filter = 2<br>Filter = 1<br>Filter = 0 <sup>(32)</sup>                   |
| XY - Total Drift <sup>(33)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XY}$ | -0.67<br>-0.60 |     | 0.67<br>0.60        | Deg. | for the full temperature range<br>for $T_{max} = 140^{\circ}C$           |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |                | 0.1 |                     | Deg. |                                                                          |
| Output Stray Field Immunity      | $\partial\theta_{FF}$     |                |     | 0.30                | Deg. | with 21mT/mm useful gradient field and 4kA/m stray-field <sup>(34)</sup> |

Table 28 - Rotary stray-field immune nominal magnetic performances

### 9.4. Linear Stray-field Immune Mode (-200 code)

#### 9.4.1. Nominal Performances

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under nominal conditions described in section 8.3 (fig. 9) and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min  | Typ               | Max                  | Unit | Condition                                                                              |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------|-------------------|----------------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| XZ - Intrinsic Maximum Error     | $L_{E\_XZ}$               | -2.5 | $\pm 1.25$        | 2.5                  | Deg. |                                                                                        |
| Noise <sup>(31)</sup>            |                           |      | 0.10<br>0.15<br>- | 0.20<br>0.30<br>0.25 | Deg. | Filter = 1, 6mT/mm<br>Filter = 0, 6mT/mm<br>Filter = 0, 6mT/mm, $T_{max}=125^{\circ}C$ |
| XZ - Total Drift <sup>(33)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XZ}$ | -0.8 |                   | 0.8                  | Deg. | Compared to $35^{\circ}C$ , 6mT/mm gradient field                                      |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |      |                   | 0.10                 | Deg. | 6mT/mm gradient field                                                                  |
| Output Stray Field Immunity      | $\partial\theta_{FF}$     |      |                   | 0.8                  | Deg. | For 6mT/mm gradient field and 4kA/m stray-field <sup>(34)</sup>                        |
| Output Stray Field Immunity      | $\partial\theta_{FF}$     |      |                   | 0.2                  | Deg. | For 6mT/mm gradient field and 1kA/m stray-field <sup>(34)</sup>                        |

Table 29 - Linear stray-field immune magnetic performances

## 9.4.2. Limited Performances

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under limited performances conditions described in section 8.3 (fig. 9) and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min  | Typ     | Max  | Unit | Condition                                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------|---------|------|------|--------------------------------------------|
| XZ - Intrinsic Maximum Error     | $L_{E\_XZ}$               | -4   | $\pm 2$ | 4    | Deg. |                                            |
| Noise <sup>(35)</sup>            |                           |      | 0.20    | 0.40 |      | Filter = 1, 3mT/mm                         |
|                                  |                           |      | 0.25    | 0.65 | Deg. | Filter = 0, 3mT/mm                         |
|                                  |                           |      | -       | 0.45 |      | Filter = 0, 3mT/mm, $T_{max}=125^{\circ}C$ |
| XZ - Total Drift <sup>(33)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XZ}$ | -1.4 |         | 1.4  | Deg. | Compared to 35°C, 3mT/mm                   |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |      |         | 0.25 | Deg. | 3mT/mm                                     |

Table 30 - Linear stray-field immune limited magnetic performances

## 9.5. Standard/Legacy Mode (-300 code)

### 9.5.1. Nominal Performances

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under nominal conditions described in section 8.4 (fig. 10) and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min   | Typ        | Max  | Unit | Condition        |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|------------|------|------|------------------|
| XY - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_XY}$               | -1    |            | 1    | Deg. |                  |
| XZ - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_XZ}$               | -2.5  | $\pm 1.25$ | 2.5  | Deg. |                  |
| YZ - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_YZ}$               | -2.5  | $\pm 1.25$ | 2.5  | Deg. |                  |
| Noise <sup>(35)</sup>            |                           |       | 0.05       | 0.1  |      | Filter = 0, 40mT |
|                                  |                           |       | 0.1        | 0.2  | Deg. | Filter = 0, 20mT |
|                                  |                           |       | 0.05       | 0.1  |      | Filter = 2       |
| XY - Total Drift <sup>(36)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XY}$ | -0.45 |            | 0.45 | Deg. | Relative to 35°C |
| XZ - Total Drift <sup>(36)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XZ}$ | -0.6  |            | 0.6  | Deg. | Relative to 35°C |
| YZ - Total Drift <sup>(36)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_YZ}$ | -0.6  |            | 0.6  | Deg. | Relative to 35°C |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |       | 0.05       | 0.1  | Deg. | 20mT             |

Table 31 - Standard Mode Nominal Magnetic Performances

<sup>35</sup>  $\pm 3\sigma$

<sup>36</sup> Verification done on new and aged devices in an ideal magnetic field (see 9.1.2). An additional application-specific error arises from the non-ideal magnet and mechanical tolerance drift.

## 9.5.2. Limited Performances

Valid before EoL calibration and for all applications under limited performances conditions described in section 8.4 (fig. 10) and chapter 6.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                    | Min  | Typ        | Max  | Unit | Condition        |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------------|------|------|------------------|
| XY - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_XY}$               | -1   |            | 1    | Deg. |                  |
| XZ - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_XZ}$               | -2.5 | $\pm 1.25$ | 2.5  | Deg. |                  |
| YZ - Intrinsic Linearity Error   | $L_{E\_YZ}$               | -2.5 | $\pm 1.25$ | 2.5  | Deg. |                  |
| Noise <sup>(35)</sup>            |                           |      | 0.2        | 0.4  |      | Filter = 0       |
|                                  |                           |      | 0.14       | 0.28 | Deg. | Filter = 1       |
|                                  |                           |      | 0.1        | 0.2  |      | Filter = 2       |
| XY - Total Drift <sup>(36)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XY}$ | -0.6 |            | 0.6  | Deg. | Relative to 35°C |
| XZ - Total Drift <sup>(36)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_XZ}$ | -0.8 |            | 0.8  | Deg. | Relative to 35°C |
| YZ - Total Drift <sup>(36)</sup> | $\partial\theta_{TT\_YZ}$ | -0.8 |            | 0.8  | Deg. | Relative to 35°C |
| Hysteresis                       |                           |      | 0.1        | 0.2  | Deg. | 10mT             |

Table 32 - Standard Mode Limited Magnetic Performances

## 10. Memory Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol    | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit | Note                                                         |
|-----------|-----------|-----|------|-----|------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| ROM       | ROMsize   |     | 32   |     | kB   | 1 bit parity check (single error detection)                  |
| RAM       | RAMsize   |     | 1024 |     | B    | 1 bit parity check (single error detection)                  |
| NVRAM     | NVRAMsize |     | 256  |     | B    | 6 bits ECC (single error correction, double error detection) |

Table 33 - Memory Specifications



# 11. Digital Output Protocol

## 11.1. Single Edge Nibble Transmission (SENT) SAE J2716

The MLX90372 provides a digital output signal compliant with SAE J2716 Revised APR2016.

### 11.1.1. Sensor message definition

The MLX90372 repeatedly transmits a sequence of pulses, corresponding with a sequence of nibbles (4 bits), with the following sequence:

- Calibration/Synchronization pulse period 56 clock ticks to determine the time base of the SENT frame
- One 4 bit Status and Serial Communication nibble pulse
- A sequence of one up to six 4 bits data nibbles pulses representing the values of the signal(s) to be transmitted. The number of nibbles will be fixed for each application of the encoding scheme (i.e. Singe Secure sensor format A.3, Throttle positions sensor A.1)
- One 4 bits Checksum nibble pulse
- One optional pause pulse

See also SAE J2716 APR2016 for general SENT specification.



fig. 12 - SENT message encoding example for two 12bits signals

### 11.1.2. Sensor message frame contents

The MLX90372 SENT transmits a sequence of data nibbles, according to the following configurations:

| Description                     | Symbol     | Min | Typ  | Max  | Unit  | Description                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----|------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SENT                            | SENTrev    |     | 2010 | 2016 |       | SENT revision. Supports enhanced serial channel messages (2016)                                                               |
| Clock tick time                 | tickTime   | 1   | 3    | 12   | μs    | Main use cases :<br>Fast SENT, 1.5μs tick time<br>Normal SENT, 3μs tick time<br>Slow SENT, 6μs tick time<br>(see section 7.4) |
| Number of data nibbles          | Xdn        | 3   | 6    |      |       |                                                                                                                               |
| Frame duration (no pause pulse) | Npp        | 154 |      | 270  | ticks | 6 data nibbles                                                                                                                |
| Frame duration with pause pulse | Ppc        | 282 | 320  | 922  | ticks | Valid for 3μs tick time                                                                                                       |
| Sensor type                     | A.1<br>A.3 |     |      |      |       | Dual Throttle Position sensors<br>Single Secure sensors                                                                       |

Table 34 - SENT Protocol Frame Definition

### 11.1.3. Single secure sensor A.3

The MLX90372 SENT transmits a sequence of data nibbles; according single secure sensor format defined in SAE J2716 appendix A.3. The frame contains 12 bit angular value, a 8 bit rolling counter and an inverted copy of the most significant nibble of angular value.



fig. 13 - A.3 Single Secure Sensor Frame Format

| Shorthand Description                  | Tick time | Data nibbles | Pause Pulse | Serial message | Data format |
|----------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| SENT2010-03.0us-6dn-ppc(366.0)-esp-A.3 | 3μs       | 6            | Y           | Enhanced       | A.3         |
| SENT2010-03.0us-6dn-ppc(366.0)-nsp-A.3 | 3μs       | 6            | Y           | None           | A.3         |
| SENT2010-03.0us-6dn-npp-nsp-A.3        | 3μs       | 6            | N           | None           | A.3         |
| SENT2010-##-#us-#dn-###()-###-A.3      | 1..12     | 6            | Y/N         | En/None        | A.3         |

Table 35 - A.3 Single Secure Sensor Shorthand examples

### 11.1.4. Dual Throttle position sensor A.1

The MLX90372 SENT transmits a sequence of data nibbles; according dual throttle positions sensor defined in SAE J2716 appendix A.1. The frame contains two 12 bit angular values.



fig. 14 - A.1 Dual Throttle Position Sensor Frame Format

| Shorthand Description                  | Tick time | Data nibbles | Pause Pulse | Serial message | Data format |
|----------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| SENT2010-03.0us-6dn-ppc(366.0)-esp-A.1 | 3µs       | 6            | Y           | Enhanced       | A.1         |
| SENT2010-03.0us-6dn-ppc(366.0)-nsp-A.1 | 3µs       | 6            | Y           | None           | A.1         |
| SENT2010-03.0us-6dn-npp-nsp-A.1        | 3µs       | 6            | N           | None           | A.1         |
| SENT2010-##-#us-#dn-###()-###-A.1      | 1..12     | 6            | Y/N         | En/None        | A.1         |

Table 36 - A.1 Dual Throttle Position Sensor Shorthand Examples

Second fast channel configuration:

| SENT_FAST_CHANNEL | CH2 configuration               |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0                 | Temperature sensor (SP ID 0x23) |
| 1                 | 0xFF9(d4089) - CH1              |
| 2                 | RAM data (RAMPROBE_PTR)         |
| 3                 | 0xFFF(d4095) - CH1              |

Table 37 - A.1 Dual Throttle Position Sensor Fast Channel 2 configuration

### 11.1.5. Start-up behaviour

The circuit will start to send initialisation frames once digital start-up is done but angle measurement initialisation sequence is not yet complete. These initialisation frames content can be chosen by user with the following option:

| SENT_INIT_GM | Initialisation frame value | Comments        |
|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 0            | 0x000                      | SAE compliant   |
| 1            | 0xFF                       | OEM requirement |

Table 38 - Initialisation Frame Content Definition

### 11.1.6. SENT Output Timing configuration

| SENT_TICK_TIME | Tick time configuration | Description     |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 0              | 3 $\mu$ s               | Standard SENT   |
| 1              | 0.5 $\mu$ s             | Not recommended |
| 2              | 1 $\mu$ s               | Not recommended |
| 3              | 1.5 $\mu$ s             | Fast SENT       |
| 4              | 2.0 $\mu$ s             | Not recommended |
| 5              | 2.5 $\mu$ s             | Not recommended |
| 6              | 6 $\mu$ s               | Slow SENT       |
| 7              | 12 $\mu$ s              | Not recommended |

Table 39 - SENT Tick Time Configuration

| SENT_SEL_SR_FALL <sup>(37)</sup> | Fall time ( $T_{fall}$ )                   | SENT_SEL_SR_RISE <sup>(37)</sup> | Rise Time ( $T_{rise}$ ) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 0                                | No slew rate control                       | 0                                | No slew rate control     |
| 1                                | 0.7 $\mu$ s                                | 1                                | 0.9 $\mu$ s              |
| 2                                | 1.2 $\mu$ s                                | 2                                | 1.6 $\mu$ s              |
| 3                                | 1.9 $\mu$ s (ACC)<br>2.4 $\mu$ s (ACE/ADE) | 3                                | 3.0 $\mu$ s              |
| 4                                | 4.8 $\mu$ s                                | 4                                | 6.2 $\mu$ s              |
| 5                                | 9.6 $\mu$ s                                | 5                                | 12 $\mu$ s               |
| 6                                | 19 $\mu$ s                                 | 6                                | 24 $\mu$ s               |
| 7                                | 24 $\mu$ s                                 | 7                                | 30 $\mu$ s               |

Table 40 - SENT Rise and Fall Times Configuration



fig. 15 - SENT Rise and Fall Times configuration

<sup>37</sup> Due to output filtering, fast edges on the MLX90372 ADE version cannot be achieved. Use default programmed values.

| NIBBLE_PULSE_CONFIG | High/low time configuration               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 2                   | Fixed low time (5 ticks)                  |
| 3                   | Fixed high time (6 ticks) <sup>(38)</sup> |

Table 41 - SENT Nibble configuration (high/low times)

### 11.1.7. Serial message channel (slow channel)

Serial data is transmitted serial in bit number 3 and 2 of the status and communication nibble. A serial message frame stretches over 18 consecutive SENT data messages from the transmitter. All 18 frames must be successfully received (no errors, calibration pulse variation, data nibble CRC error, etc.) for the serial value to be received.

Enhanced format with 12-bits data and 8-bits message ID is used (SAE J2716 APR2016 5.2.4.2, fig. 5.2.4.2-2). According to the standard, SM[0] contains a 6bits CRC followed by a 12-bits data. Message content is defined by a 8-bit message ID transmitted in the SM[1] channel. Correspondence between ID and message content is defined in the tables below (Table 42, Table 43 and Table 44).



fig. 16 - SENT Status Nibble and Serial Message

By default, the short sequence consisting of a cycle of 24 data is transmitted (Table 42). An extended sequence can be used through configuration of SENT\_SLOW\_EXTENDED (Table 43). Additionally, the norm of the B field detected by the sensor can be returned at the end of the sequence by setting SENT\_SLOW\_BFIELD (Table 44)

| # | 8bit ID | Item                   | Source data                  |
|---|---------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code  | Current status code from RAM |
| 2 | 0x06    | SENT standard revision | SENT_REV from NVRAM          |
| 3 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code  | Current status code from RAM |
| 4 | 0x05    | Manufacturer code      | SENT_MAN_CODE from NVRAM     |
| 5 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code  | Current status code from RAM |

<sup>38</sup> When using fixed high time in normal SENT mode, Melexis recommends lowering SENT\_SEL\_SR\_RISE to 3 or setting ABE\_OUT\_MODE to 2 to two to avoid potential timing degradation on short nibbles.

| #  | 8bit ID | Item                      | Source data                  |
|----|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 6  | 0x03    | Channel 1 / 2 Sensor type | SENT_SENSOR_TYPE from NVRAM  |
| 7  | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 8  | 0x07    | Fast channel 1: X1        | SENT_CHANNEL_X1 from NVRAM   |
| 9  | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 10 | 0x08    | Fast channel 1: X2        | SENT_CHANNEL_X2 from NVRAM   |
| 11 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 12 | 0x09    | Fast channel 1: Y1        | SENT_CHANNEL_Y1 from NVRAM   |
| 13 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 14 | 0x0A    | Fast channel 1: Y2        | SENT_CHANNEL_Y2 from NVRAM   |
| 15 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 16 | 0x23    | (Internal) temperature    | Current temperature from RAM |
| 17 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 18 | 0x29    | Sensor ID #1              | SENT_SENSOR_ID1 from NVRAM   |
| 19 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 20 | 0x2A    | Sensor ID #2              | SENT_SENSOR_ID2 from NVRAM   |
| 21 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 22 | 0x2B    | Sensor ID #3              | SENT_SENSOR_ID3 from NVRAM   |
| 23 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code     | Current status code from RAM |
| 24 | 0x2C    | Sensor ID #4              | SENT_SENSOR_ID4 from NVRAM   |

Table 42 - SENT Slow Channel Standard Data Sequence

| #  | 8bit ID | Item                  | Source data                  |
|----|---------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 25 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 26 | 0x90    | OEM Code #1           | SENT_OEM_CODE1 from NVRAM    |
| 27 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 28 | 0x91    | OEM Code #2           | SENT_OEM_CODE2 from NVRAM    |
| 29 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 30 | 0x92    | OEM Code #3           | SENT_OEM_CODE3 from NVRAM    |
| 31 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 32 | 0x93    | OEM Code #4           | SENT_OEM_CODE4 from NVRAM    |
| 33 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 34 | 0x94    | OEM Code #5           | SENT_OEM_CODE5 from NVRAM    |
| 35 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 36 | 0x95    | OEM Code #6           | SENT_OEM_CODE6 from NVRAM    |

| #  | 8bit ID | Item                  | Source data                  |
|----|---------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 37 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 38 | 0x96    | OEM Code #7           | SENT_OEM_CODE7 from NVRAM    |
| 39 | 0x01    | Diagnostic error code | Current status code from RAM |
| 40 | 0x97    | OEM Code #8           | SENT_OEM_CODE8 from NVRAM    |

Table 43 - SENT Slow Channel Extended Data Sequence

| #  | 8bit ID | Item           | source data                                 |
|----|---------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 25 | 0x80    | Field Strength | Bfield_norm from RAM<br>(standard sequence) |
| 41 | 0x80    | Field Strength | Bfield_norm from RAM<br>(extended sequence) |

Table 44 - SENT Slow Channel Magnetic Field Norm ID and position

For Field Strength encoding, see chapter 8, Magnetic Field Specifications, under the application corresponding section.

### 11.1.8. Serial Message Error Code

The list of error and status messages transmitted in the 12-bit Serial Message data field when Serial Message 8-bit ID is 0x01, is given in the Table 45. The error is one-hot encoded and therefore each bit is linked to one or several monitor. Only the first error detected is reported and serial message error code will not be updated until all the errors have disappeared. This mechanism ensures only one error at a time takes control of the error debouncing counter (see 13.5.2).

The MSB acts as an error Flag when SENT\_DIAG\_STRICT is set. This bit will be high only when an error is present. For compatibility with previous Triaxis®, this bit can be kept high even if no error is present (SENT\_DIAG\_STRICT = 0).

| Bit Nb | 12 Bit Data (hex) | Diagnostic   | Comments                                                     |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| -      | 0x000 / 0x800     | No error     | Programmable (SENT_DIAG_STRICT, see Table 49, no 138)        |
| 0      | 0x801             | GainOOS      | Gain out of spec (see 13.3.2, GAIN_MIN, GAIN_MAX)            |
| 1      | 0x802             | FieldTooLow  | Fieldstrength is below defined low threshold (see Table 49)  |
| 2      | 0x804             | FieldTooHigh | Fieldstrength is above defined high threshold (see Table 49) |

| Bit Nb | 12 Bit Data (hex) | Diagnostic                 | Comments                                                                                  |
|--------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3      | 0x808             | ADCclip                    | ADC is saturated, either low or high                                                      |
| 4      | 0x810             | ADC_test                   | ADC made wrong conversion                                                                 |
| 5      | 0x820             | Analog Supply Monitors     | Detects VDDA (VDEC) over and under voltage or VDD under voltage                           |
| 6      | 0x840             | Digital Supply Monitors    | Detects VDDD (1.8V internal digital supply) overvoltage                                   |
| 7      | 0x880             | RoughOffset                | Hall Element offset monitor                                                               |
| 8      | 0x900             | Over/Under Temp            | Temperature sensor monitor (see 13.5.3)                                                   |
| 9      | 0xA00             | HE_Bias / Analog Front End | Hall Element biasing issue / Analog front end self-test <sup>(39)</sup>                   |
| 10     | 0xC00             | Suply Bias Current         | Current biasing system monitor                                                            |
| 11     | 0x800             | Extra Error Flag           | set to one if any error present (only when SENT_DIAG_STRICT = 1). Otherwise, always high. |

Table 45 - SENT Serial Message Error Code

### 11.1.9. SENT configuration shorthand definition

| Shorthand description  | Format       | Req       | 90372 programmable setting |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| SENT SAE J2716 Rev     | SENT<br>xxxx | 2007      | CRC_2007                   |
|                        |              | 2008      | 0 > 2007                   |
|                        |              | 2010      | 1 2007                     |
|                        |              | 2016      |                            |
| Clock Tick length [μs] | XX.X μs      | 0.5<xx<12 | SENT_TICK_TIME             |
|                        |              |           | 0 SENT 3.0μs               |
|                        |              |           | 1 SENT 0.5μs               |
|                        |              |           | 2 SENT 1μs                 |
|                        |              |           | 3 SENT 1.5μs               |
|                        |              |           | 4 SENT 2.0μs               |
|                        |              |           | 5 SENT 2.5μs               |
|                        |              |           | 6 SENT 6.0μs               |
| 7 SENT 12.0μs          |              |           |                            |
| Number of data Nibbles | X dn         | 3 ≤ x ≤ 6 | EN_FAST_CH2                |
|                        |              |           | 0 3 Data nibbles           |
|                        |              |           | 1 6 Data nibbles           |

<sup>39</sup> Only available on MLX90372 ACE and ADE version (not on ACC)



| Shorthand description  | Format         | Req                                  | 90372 programmable setting |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Pause Pulse Option     | npp            | No pause Pulse                       | PROTOCOL<br>0 = npp        |
|                        | ppc<br>(xxx.0) | Pause Pulse with const. frame length | 2 = ppc                    |
|                        | xxx            | Frame Length (in clock ticks)        | T_FRAME<br>xxx > 282...922 |
| Use of Serial protocol | nsp            | No serial protocol                   | SERIAL_CONFIG<br>1 nsp     |
|                        | ssp            | Short serial protocol                | 2 ssp (not compliant)      |
|                        | esp            | Enhanced serial protocol             | 3 esp                      |
| Sensor type            | A.1            | Dual Throttle Position sensor        | SENT_SS<br>0 A.1           |
|                        | A.3            | Single secure sensor                 | 1 A.3                      |

Table 46 - SENT Shorthand Description

## 11.2. PWM (pulse width modulation)

### 11.2.1. Definition



fig. 17 - PWM Signal definition

| Parameter  | Symbol                              | Test Conditions                                                    |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PWM period | $T_{\text{PWM}}$                    | Trigger level = 50% $V_{\text{DD}}$                                |
| Jitter     | $J_{\text{ON}}$<br>$J_{\text{PWM}}$ | $\pm 3\sigma$ for 1000 successive acquisitions with clamped output |
| Duty Cycle | DC                                  | $T_{\text{ON}} / T_{\text{PWM}}$                                   |

Table 47 - PWM Signal definition

### 11.2.2. PWM performances

| Parameter             | Symbol           | Min | Typ   | Max   | Unit    | Condition                                                                            |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----|-------|-------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PWM Output Resolution | $R_{\text{PWM}}$ |     | 0.024 | 0.051 | %DC/LSB | 2kHz. Worst case error for 160°C                                                     |
| PWM %DC Jitter        | $J_{\text{DC}}$  |     |       | 0.03  | %DC     | Push-Pull, 2kHz,<br>$C_{\text{L}}=4.7\text{nF}$ , $R_{\text{LPU}}=4.7\text{k}\Omega$ |
| PWM Period Jitter     | $J_{\text{PWM}}$ | -   | -     | 300   | ns      | Push-Pull, 2kHz,<br>$C_{\text{L}}=4.7\text{nF}$ , $R_{\text{LPU}}=4.7\text{k}\Omega$ |
| PWM %DC thermal drift |                  |     | 0.02  | 0.05  | %DC     | Push-Pull, 2kHz,<br>$C_{\text{L}}=4.7\text{nF}$ , $R_{\text{LPU}}=4.7\text{k}\Omega$ |

Table 48 - PWM Signal Specifications

## 12. End-User Programmable Items

| Parameter                                          | PSF value  | Description                                                                                                                                       | Default Values    |       |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|
|                                                    |            |                                                                                                                                                   | Standard          | #bits |
| <b>GENERAL CONFIGURATION</b>                       |            |                                                                                                                                                   |                   |       |
| USER_ID[0..5]                                      | 1..6       | User Id. Reference. Reserved for customer traceability                                                                                            | see 12.1          | 6 x 8 |
| MEMLOCK                                            | 163        | Disable NVRAM write (memory LOCK)                                                                                                                 | 0                 | 2     |
| WARM_ACT_HIGHV                                     | 223        | Enable battery application ( $V_{DD} > 5\text{ V}$ )                                                                                              | 0                 | 1     |
| WARM_TRIGGER_LONG                                  | 156        | Add delay to enter PTC mode (MT7V)                                                                                                                | 0                 | 1     |
| <b>SENSOR FRONT-END</b>                            |            |                                                                                                                                                   |                   |       |
| MAGNET_SREL_T[1..7]                                | 179, 8..13 | Magnet Relative sensitivity at temperature Tx. This parameter is mainly used in Linear Hall Mode. It is advised to keep defaults for other modes. | 255               | 8     |
| GAINMIN                                            | 14         | Low threshold for virtual gain                                                                                                                    | 01                | 8     |
| GAINMAX                                            | 15         | High threshold for virtual gain                                                                                                                   | 63                | 8     |
| GAINSATURATION                                     | 26         | Gain Saturates on GAINMIX and GAINMAX                                                                                                             | 0                 | 1     |
| SENSING_MODE                                       | 18         | <b>Mapping fields for output angle</b>                                                                                                            |                   |       |
|                                                    |            | Rotary stray field Immune -- order code 100/500                                                                                                   | 0                 | 3     |
|                                                    |            | Linear position stray field Immune -- order code 200                                                                                              | 4                 |       |
| Linear position / Angular Rotary -- order code 300 | 1-3        |                                                                                                                                                   |                   |       |
| DSP_NB_CONV <sup>(40)</sup>                        | 19         | Number of phase spinning within ADC sequence<br>0=4 phase spinning                                                                                | 0 <sup>(40)</sup> | 2     |
| <b>DSP - FILTERING</b>                             |            |                                                                                                                                                   |                   |       |
| FILTER                                             | 21         | Filter mode selection                                                                                                                             | 1                 | 2     |
| HYST                                               | 16         | Hysteresis threshold for EMA filter                                                                                                               | 0                 | 8     |
| DENOISING_FILTER_ALPHA_SEL                         | 79         | Select the alpha parameter of the EMA (IIR) filter                                                                                                | 0                 | 2     |
| <b>DSP – ANGLE MAPPING FUNCTIONS</b>               |            |                                                                                                                                                   |                   |       |
| CW                                                 | 20         | Set rotation to clockwise                                                                                                                         | 0                 | 1     |
| DP                                                 | 27         | Discontinuity point                                                                                                                               | 0                 | 16    |
| WORK_RANGE_GAIN                                    | 217        | Re-scaling before the piece-wise linearization step                                                                                               | 16                | 8     |
| WORKING_RANGE                                      | 23         | 17, 32pts - Output angle range<br>(= limited selection of WORK_RANGE_GAIN)                                                                        | 0                 | 3     |
| 4POINTS                                            | 22         | Select LNR method 4 pts                                                                                                                           | 0                 | 1     |
| DSP_LNR_RESX2                                      | 78         | Enable a double resolution LNR method<br>0: 4-points or 16-segments<br>1: 8-points or 32-segments                                                 | 0                 | 1     |
| GAIN_ANCHOR_MID                                    | 180        | re-scaling before the piece-wise linearization step                                                                                               | 1                 | 1     |

<sup>40</sup> Changing default value could impact the safety metrics. Default value shall be used.

| Parameter                     | PSF value             | Description                                                                               | Default Values |       |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|
|                               |                       |                                                                                           | Standard       | #bits |
| LNR50, LNRAS.. LNRDS          | 29,35<br>41,48,<br>57 | 4pts –Slope for reference points A,B,C,D                                                  | N/A            | 16    |
| LNRAX, LNRBX.. LNRDX          | 31,37,<br>43,51       | 4pts - X Coordinate for reference points A,B,C,D                                          | N/A            | 16    |
| LNRAY, LNRBY.. LNRDY          | 33,39,<br>45,54       | 4pts - Y Coordinate for reference points A,B,C,D                                          | N/A            | 16    |
| LNRX0..X7                     | 46..65                | 8 pts - X coordinate point 0..7                                                           | N/A            | 16    |
| LNRX0..Y16                    | 28..69                | 17 pts - Y coordinate point 0..16                                                         | 1-4088         | 16    |
| LNR_DELTA_Y01..Y32            | 182..<br>213          | Delta Y for 32-segment linearization                                                      | N/A            | 8     |
| LNR_DELTA_Y_EXPAND_LOG2       | 216                   | Adjust the span of NV_LNR_DELTA_Yn                                                        | 0              | 2     |
| USEROPTION_SCALING            | 24                    | Enables the output scaling function (x2)<br>0 = [0..100%]<br>1 = [-50..150%]              | 1              | 1     |
| CLAMPLOW                      | 71                    | Low clamping value of angle data                                                          | 1              | 12    |
| CLAMPHIGH                     | 72                    | High clamping value of angle data                                                         | 4088           | 12    |
| OUTSLOPE_SEL <sup>(41)</sup>  | 246                   | Select temperature-dependent offset (see 13.2.10)                                         | 0              | 2     |
| OUTSLOPE_COLD <sup>(41)</sup> | 253                   | Slope coefficient at cold of the programmable temperature-dependent offset (signed value) | 0              | 8     |
| OUTSLOPE_HOT <sup>(41)</sup>  | 254                   | Slope coefficient at Hot of the programmable temperature-dependent offset (signed value)  | 0              | 8     |

#### DIAGNOSTICS

|                                    |    |                                                                                                                                                                                         |                     |   |
|------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| DIAG_TEMP_THR_LOW <sup>(40)</sup>  | 84 | Temperature threshold for under-temperature diagnostic                                                                                                                                  | 8 <sup>(40)</sup>   | 8 |
| DIAG_TEMP_THR_HIGH <sup>(40)</sup> | 85 | Temperature threshold for over-temperature diagnostic                                                                                                                                   | 136 <sup>(40)</sup> | 8 |
| DIAG_FIELDTOOLOWTHRES              | 86 | Field limit under which a fault is reported. <b>On revision ACC, need to be programmed by user to be active.</b> Each LSB of this threshold corresponds to 4 LSB of the field strength. | (42)                | 8 |
| DIAG_FIELDTOOHIGHTHRES             | 87 | Field limit over which a fault is reported. Each LSB of this threshold corresponds to 4 LSB of the field strength.                                                                      | 255                 | 8 |
| PWM WEAKMAGTHRESH                  | 88 | Weak Magnet threshold Byte (PWM only)                                                                                                                                                   | 0                   | 8 |
| DIAGDEBOUNCE_STEPDOWN              | 90 | Diagnostic debouncing stepdown time                                                                                                                                                     | 1                   | 4 |
| DIAGDEBOUNCE_STEPUP                | 91 | Diagnostic debouncing step-up time                                                                                                                                                      | 2                   | 4 |
| DIAGDEBOUNCE_THRESH                | 93 | Diagnostic debouncing threshold                                                                                                                                                         | 2                   | 6 |

<sup>41</sup> Only available on IC revisions ACE and ADE

<sup>42</sup> Default value depends on application and IC revision. See chapter 8 tables for more information.

| Parameter               | PSF value | Description                                                                    | Default Values    |       |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|
|                         |           |                                                                                | Standard          | #bits |
| DIAG_EN <sup>(40)</sup> | 94        | Diagnostics global enable. <b>Do not modify!</b> (see 14.2 Safety Mechanisms)  | 1 <sup>(40)</sup> | 1     |
| COLD_SAFE_STARTUP_EN    | 95        | Normal (0) or full safe (1) start-up after power-on reset (see 7.3.1)          | 0                 | 1     |
| OUT_DIAG_HIZ_TIME       | 161       | Duration of output High-Z after transient digital fault, <b>do not modify!</b> | -                 | 3     |

#### OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

|                              |     |                                                                                                                                                          |                     |    |
|------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----|
| PROTOCOL                     | 100 | Select digital output communication mode                                                                                                                 | 2                   | 2  |
|                              |     | 0 = SENT without pause pulse                                                                                                                             |                     |    |
|                              |     | 1 = PWM                                                                                                                                                  |                     |    |
|                              |     | 2 = SENT with pause (default)                                                                                                                            |                     |    |
| TWO_ANGLES_FRAME             | 125 | Enable 2 angle measurements SENT period w/ pause pulse. <b>! Has impact on the analog diagnostics DCT</b> (see Table 12 - General Timing Specifications) | 1                   | 1  |
| NIBBLE_PULSE_CONFIG          | 220 | SENT nibble high/low-time configuration                                                                                                                  | 2                   | 2  |
|                              |     | 2 = Fixed 5 ticks low                                                                                                                                    |                     |    |
|                              |     | 3 = Fixed 6 ticks high                                                                                                                                   |                     |    |
| T_FRAME                      | 134 | SENT Frame Tick Count / PWM period (4µs/LSB). <b>! Has impact on the analog diagnostics DCT</b> (see Table 12 - General Timing Specifications)           | 320 <sup>(43)</sup> | 12 |
| T_SYNC_DELAY <sup>(40)</sup> | 137 | SENT - ADC synchronization delay                                                                                                                         | 69 <sup>(43)</sup>  | 12 |
| ABE_OUT_MODE                 | 157 | Output mode in normal mode                                                                                                                               | 0                   | 2  |
|                              |     | 00: SENT mode, digital push-pull                                                                                                                         |                     |    |
|                              |     | 01: SENT mode, open-drain                                                                                                                                |                     |    |
|                              |     | 10: PWM mode, digital fast push-pull                                                                                                                     |                     |    |
|                              |     | 11: PWM open-drain, increased short circuit current                                                                                                      |                     |    |
| SENT_SEL_SR_FALL             | 530 | SENT slope Fall time configuration (see Table 40)                                                                                                        | 4                   | 3  |
| SENT_SEL_SR_RISE             | 531 | SENT slope Rise time configuration (see Table 40)                                                                                                        | 4                   | 3  |
| ABE_OUT_CFG                  | 159 | Output pin configuration, <b>do not modify!</b>                                                                                                          | 6                   | 2  |
| OUT_ALWAYS_HIGHZ             | 105 | Forces the PWM second output (TEST pin) in high-Z mode                                                                                                   | 0                   | 1  |

#### PWM PROTOCOL OPTIONS

|                     |     |                                                |     |   |
|---------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------|-----|---|
| PWM_POL             | 102 | Invert the PWM polarity                        | 0   | 1 |
| PWM_REPORT_MODE_ANA | 104 | Error message within PWM frame                 | N/A | 2 |
|                     |     | 0x0: PWM - config 2 (PWM signal in fault band) |     |   |
|                     |     | 0x1: PWM - config 1 (HiZ)                      |     |   |
|                     |     | 0x2: Output = config 3.a (0 constant)          |     |   |
|                     |     | 0x3: Output = config 3.b (1 constant)          |     |   |

<sup>43</sup> Default value is valid for ACE/ADE. ACC chip revision comes with T\_FRAME=366 and T\_SYNC\_DELAY=21 as default value. Both T\_FRAME and T\_SYNC\_DELAY have impact on safety metrics and shall follow Melexis programming recommendations.

| Parameter                        | PSF value    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Default Values    |       |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|
|                                  |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Standard          | #bits |
| PWM_DC_FAULT                     | 107          | PWM Duty Cycle in case of Fault                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4                 | 8     |
| PWM_DC_FIELDTOLOW                | 108          | PWM Duty Cycle in case of Field Strength Too Low                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 10                | 8     |
| PWM_DC_WEAKMAG                   | 109          | PWM Duty Cycle in case of Weak Magnet                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 6                 | 8     |
| <b>SENT PROTOCOL OPTIONS</b>     |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                   |       |
| STATUS_IN_CRC                    | 111          | Add first nibble in SENT CRC calculation                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0                 | 1     |
| EN_FAST_CH2                      | 113          | Enable serial message DATA nibbles [6:4]                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1                 | 1     |
| SENT_CH1_SRC_SEL <sup>(40)</sup> | 114          | Selection of the SENT channel 1 source:<br>0: Angle<br>1: RAM data at addr SENT_CH2_PTR                                                                                                                                                                | 0 <sup>(40)</sup> | 1     |
| RAMPROBE_PTR                     | 116          | Data to be transmitted in SENT channel 2                                                                                                                                                                                                               | N/A               | 16    |
| SENT_MAN_CODE                    | 118          | Serial data message Manufacturer code                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 6                 | 12    |
| SENT_REV                         | 119          | Serial data message SENT rev                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 4                 | 12    |
| SENT_SENSOR_TYPE                 | 121          | Serial data message SENSOR_TYPE                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 0x050             | 12    |
| SENT_TICK_TIME <sup>(40)</sup>   | 123          | Sent tick time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0 <sup>(40)</sup> | 3     |
| SENT_SS                          | 124          | Enable Single Secure sensor format A.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1                 | 1     |
| SENT_SLOW_EXTENDED               | 126          | Enable enhanced serial message ID OEM code 25-40                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0                 | 1     |
| SENT_FAST_CHANNEL_2              | 128          | Configuration of SENT fast channel 2 when NV_SENT_SS=0                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2                 | 2     |
| SENT_LEGACY_CRC                  | 129          | Enable SENT2007 CRC calculation                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 0                 | 1     |
| SENT_SLOW_BFIELD                 | 130          | Enable enhanced serial message ID 80                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0                 | 1     |
| SENT_REPORT_MODE_ANA             | 131          | Error message within SENT frame in diagnostic mode:<br>0x0: SENT - Status bit S0 is set<br>0x1: SENT - Status bit S0 is set and data = FF9 + DIAG_FAULT_CODE (FFF by default)<br>0x2: SENT - Status bit S0 is set and the redundant nibble is inverted | 0                 | 2     |
| DIAG_FAULT_CODE <sup>(41)</sup>  | 645          | Defines the fault code when SENT_REPORT_MODE_ANA=1                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 6                 | 3     |
| SENT_DIAG_STRICT                 | 138          | Enhanced serial error reporting option: Disable Bit 11 when no error is present.                                                                                                                                                                       | 1                 | 1     |
| SENT_CHANNEL_X1                  | 139          | Serial data message X1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0                 | 12    |
| SENT_CHANNEL_X2                  | 140          | Serial data message X2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0                 | 12    |
| SENT_CHANNEL_Y1                  | 141          | Serial data message Y1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0                 | 12    |
| SENT_CHANNEL_Y2                  | 142          | Serial data message Y2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0                 | 12    |
| SENT_SENSOR_ID1..4               | 143..<br>146 | Serial data message sensor ID1.. ID4                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0                 | 12    |
| SENT_OEM_CODE1..8                | 147..<br>154 | Serial data message OEM code 1..8                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0                 | 12    |

| Parameter     | PSF value | Description                                                                                                                               | Default Values |       |
|---------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|
|               |           |                                                                                                                                           | Standard       | #bits |
| SERIAL_CONFIG | 221       | SENT serial configuration<br>1 = No serial protocol<br>3 = Enhanced serial protocol<br><b>Do not use 0, 1 or 2 to retain safety goal.</b> | 3              | 2     |
| SENT_INIT_GM  | 222       | SENT initialization ,<br>0 = transmitting 0 as initialization data<br>1 = transmitting 4095 as initialization data                        | 0              | 1     |

Table 49 - MLX90372 End-User Programmable Items Table

Performances described in this document are only achieved by adequate programming of the device. To ensure desired functionality, Melexis recommends following its programming guidelines and contacting its technical or application services. Melexis does not guarantee the safety of the element if the configuration of the device is done outside of the above defined values and recommendations.

## 12.1. End User Identification Items

| Parameter     | PSF value | Description                                                            | Default Values |       |
|---------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|
|               |           |                                                                        | Standard       | #bits |
| USER_ID[0..5] | 1..6      | User Id. References                                                    | -              | 8     |
| USER_ID2      | 3         | Product Number for 90372ACC                                            | 4              | 8     |
|               |           | Product Number for 90372ACE                                            | 7              |       |
|               |           | Product Number for 90372ADE                                            | 8              |       |
| USER_ID3      | 4         | NVRAM default user content revision                                    |                | 8     |
|               |           | 90372 ACC                                                              | 8              |       |
|               |           | 90372 ACE/ADE                                                          | 9              |       |
| IMC_VERSION   | 692       | 0 : Rotary Stray Field Robust, low field version (-1xx ordering code)  | -              | 7     |
|               |           | 1 : Angular / Linear position legacy (-3xx ordering code)              |                |       |
|               |           | 2 : Linear Stray Field Robust (-2xx ordering code)                     |                |       |
|               |           | 4 : Rotary Stray Field Robust, high field version (-5xx ordering code) |                |       |
| MLX_ID0       | 677       | X-Y position on the wafer (8 bit each)                                 | -              | 16    |
| MLX_ID1       | 680       | Wafer ID (5 bits)                                                      | -              | 16    |
|               |           | Lot ID [10..0]                                                         |                |       |
| MLX_ID2       | 683       | Lot ID [16..11]                                                        | -              | 16    |
|               |           | Fab ID (4 bits)                                                        |                |       |
|               |           | Test Database ID (6 bits)                                              |                |       |

Table 50 - Melexis and Customer ID fields description

User identification numbers (48 bits, 6 bytes) are freely usable by customers for traceability purpose. Other IDs are read only.

## 13. Description of End-User Programmable Items

### 13.1. Output modes

#### 13.1.1. OUT mode (ABE\_OUT\_MODE)

Defines the Output Stage mode (SENT or PWM, driver mode) in application.

| ABE_OUT_MODE | Type | Description | Comments                                                                |
|--------------|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0            | SENT | Push-Pull   |                                                                         |
| 1            | SENT | Open Drain  | Requires a pull-up resistor                                             |
| 2            | PWM  | Push-Pull   | In PWM mode, edge rising time is similar to falling time.               |
| 3            | PWM  | Open Drain  | Requires a pull-up resistor, increased short circuit current (Table 11) |

Table 51 - Output Mode Selection

#### 13.1.2. Digital OUT protocol (PROTOCOL)

Selection of the measurement timing mode and the corresponding output protocol

| PROTOCOL | Type | Descriptions                                                        |
|----------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0        | SENT | Continuous asynchronous angle acquisition, SENT without pause pulse |
| 1        | PWM  | Continuous asynchronous angle acquisition, PWM                      |
| 2        | SENT | Continuous synchronous angle acquisition, SENT with pause           |

Table 52 - Protocol Selection

#### 13.1.3. Serial Channel Configuration - Status and Communication Nibble

| SERIAL_CONFIG | Type | Descriptions                                                                                                      |
|---------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0             | -    | Status and Communication nibble is not present. This configuration is not compliant with SENT. <b>Do Not Use!</b> |
| 1             | nsp  | Status nibble will report an error. Data sent along the serial channel is taken from RAM.                         |
| 2             | ssp  | This short serial protocol is not compliant with SENT. <b>Do Not Use!</b>                                         |
| 3             | esp  | Status nibble reports errors and serial channel reports sequence defined in 11.1.7                                |

Table 53 - SENT Serial channel Configuration



### 13.1.4. PWM Output Mode

If PWM output mode is selected, the output signal is a digital signal with Pulse Width Modulation (PWM). The PWM polarity is selected by the PWMPOL parameter:

- PWM\_POL = 0 for a low level at 100%
- PWM\_POL = 1 for a high level at 100%

The PWM frequency is selected in the range [100, 2000] Hz by the T\_FRAME parameter (12bits), defining the period time in the range [0.5; 10] ms. Minimum allowed value for T\_FRAME is therefore 125 (0x7d).

$$T_{PWM} = \frac{4}{10^6} \times T_{FRAME}$$

- PWM period is derived from the main clock and subject to the same tolerances (see  $\Delta F_{ck}$ ).

## 13.2. Output Transfer Characteristic

There are 4 different possibilities to define the transfer function (LNR) as specified in the Table 54.

- With 4 arbitrary points (defined by X and Y coordinates) and 5 slopes
- With 8 arbitrary points (defined by X and Y coordinates)
- With 17 equidistant points for which only the Y coordinates are defined
- With 32 equidistant points for which only offset of Y compared to the average value is defined

| Output Transfer Characteristic | 4POINTS | DSP_LNR_RESX2 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| 4 Arbitrary Points             | 1       | 0             |
| 8 Arbitrary Points             | 1       | 1             |
| 17 Equidistant Points          | 0       | 0             |
| 32 Equidistant Points          | 0       | 1             |

Table 54 - Output Transfer Characteristic Selection Table

| Parameter                        | LNR type             | Value                                  | Unit |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------|------|
| CW                               | All                  | 0 → counter clockwise<br>1 → clockwise | LSB  |
| DP                               | All                  | 0 ... 359.9999                         | deg  |
| LNRAX<br>LNRBX<br>LNRCX<br>LNRDX | 4 pts, X coordinates | 0 ... 359.9999                         | deg  |

| Parameter                                 | LNR type                | Value                                       | Unit  |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------|
| LNRAY<br>LNRBY<br>LNRCY<br>LNRDY          | 4 pts, Y coordinates    | 0 ... 100<br>-50 ... + 150                  | %     |
| LNRS0<br>LNRAS<br>LNRBS<br>LNRCS<br>LNRDS | 4 pts, slopes           | -17 ... 0 ... 17                            | %/deg |
| LNRX0<br>..<br>LNRX7                      | 8 pts, X coordinates    | 0 ... 359.9999                              | deg   |
| LNR Y0<br>...<br>LNR Y7<br>...<br>LNR Y16 | 8,17 pts, Y coordinates | 0..100<br>-50 ... + 150                     | %     |
| LNR_DELTA Y01<br>...<br>LNR_DELTA Y32     | 32 pts offsets          | +/-3.125%<br>+/-6.25%<br>+/-12.5%<br>+/-25% | %     |
| WORKING RANGE <sup>44</sup>               | 17/32 pts               | 65.5 ... 360<br>32.75 ... 180               | deg   |
| CLAMP_LOW                                 | All                     | 0 ... 100                                   | %     |
| CLAMP_HIGH                                | All                     | 0 ... 100                                   | %     |

Table 55 - Output linearization and clamping parameters

### 13.2.1. Enable scaling Parameter

This parameter enables to double the scale of Y coordinates linearisation parameters from [0 .. 100]% to [-50 .. 150]% according to the following table (Table 56). This is valid for all linearisation schemes except the 32 points.

| USEROPTION_SCALING | LNR_Y min value | LNR_Y max value |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 0                  | 0%              | 100%            |
| 1                  | -50%            | 150%            |

Table 56 - USEROPTION\_SCALING parameter

<sup>44</sup> See 13.2.8 for details

### 13.2.2. CW (Clockwise) Parameter

The CW parameter defines the magnet rotation direction.

- 0 or counter clockwise is defined by the 1-4-5-8 pin order direction for the SOIC-8 package and 1-8-9-16 pin order direction for the TSSOP-16 package.
- 1 or clockwise is defined by the reverse direction: 8-5-4-1 pin order direction for the SOIC-8 and 16-9-8-1 pin order direction for the TSSOP-16 package.

Refer to the drawing in the sensitive spot positioning section (18.4, 18.8, 18.16).

### 13.2.3. Discontinuity Point (or Zero Degree Point)

The Discontinuity Point defines the 0° point on the circle. The discontinuity point places the origin at any location of the trigonometric circle. The DP is used as reference for all the angular measurements.



*fig. 18 - Discontinuity Point Positioning*

### 13.2.4. 4-Pts LNR Parameters

The LNR parameters, together with the clamping values, fully define the relation (the transfer function) between the digital angle and the output signal.

The shape of the MLX90372 four points transfer function from the digital angle value to the digital output is described in the following figure (fig. 19). Seven segments can be programmed but the clamping levels are necessarily flat.

Two, three, or even six calibration points are then available, reducing the overall non-linearity of the IC by almost an order of magnitude each time. Three or six calibration point will be preferred by customers looking for excellent non-linearity figures. Two-point calibrations will be preferred by customers looking for a cheaper calibration set-up and shorter calibration time.



fig. 19 - 4pts Linearisation Parameters Description

### 13.2.5. 8-Pts LNR Parameters

The 8-Pts LNR parameters, together with the clamping values, fully define the relation (the transfer function) between the digital angle and the output signal.

The shape of the MLX90372 eight points transfer function from the digital angle value to the output voltage is described in the following figure (fig. 20). Eight calibration points [LNR\_X0...7, LNR\_Y0...7] together with 2 fixed points at the extremity of the range ([0°, 0%] ; [360°, 100%]) divides the transfer curve into 9 segments. Each segment is defined by 2 points and the values in between is calculated by linear interpolation.



fig. 20 - 8pts Linearisation Parameters Description

### 13.2.6. 17-Pts LNR Parameters

The LNR parameters, together with the clamping values, fully define the relation (the transfer function) between the digital angle and the output signal.

The shape of the MLX90372 seventeen points transfer function from the digital angle value to the output voltage is described in the following figure (fig. 21). In the 17-Pts mode, the output transfer characteristic is Piece-Wise-Linear (PWL).



fig. 21 - 17pts Linearisation Parameters Description

All the Y-coordinates can be programmed from -50% up to +150% to allow clamping in the middle of one segment (like on the figure), but the output value is limited to CLAMPLOW and CLAMPHIGH values.

Between two consecutive points, the output characteristic is interpolated.

### 13.2.7. 32-Pts LNR parameters

The LNR parameters, together with the clamping values, fully define the relation (the transfer function) between the digital angle and the output signal.

The shape of the MLX90372 thirty-two points transfer function from the digital angle value to the output voltage is described in the following figure (fig. 22). In the 32-Pts mode, the output transfer characteristic is Piece-Wise-Linear (PWL).

The points are spread evenly across the working range (see. 13.2.8 and 13.2.9 for working range selection). The Y-coordinates can be offset from the ideal characteristic within an adjustable range defined by LNR\_DELTA\_Y\_EXPAND\_LOG2. The available values are summarized in Table 57. All LNR\_delta\_Y## parameters are encoded in a fractional signed 8-bit value.

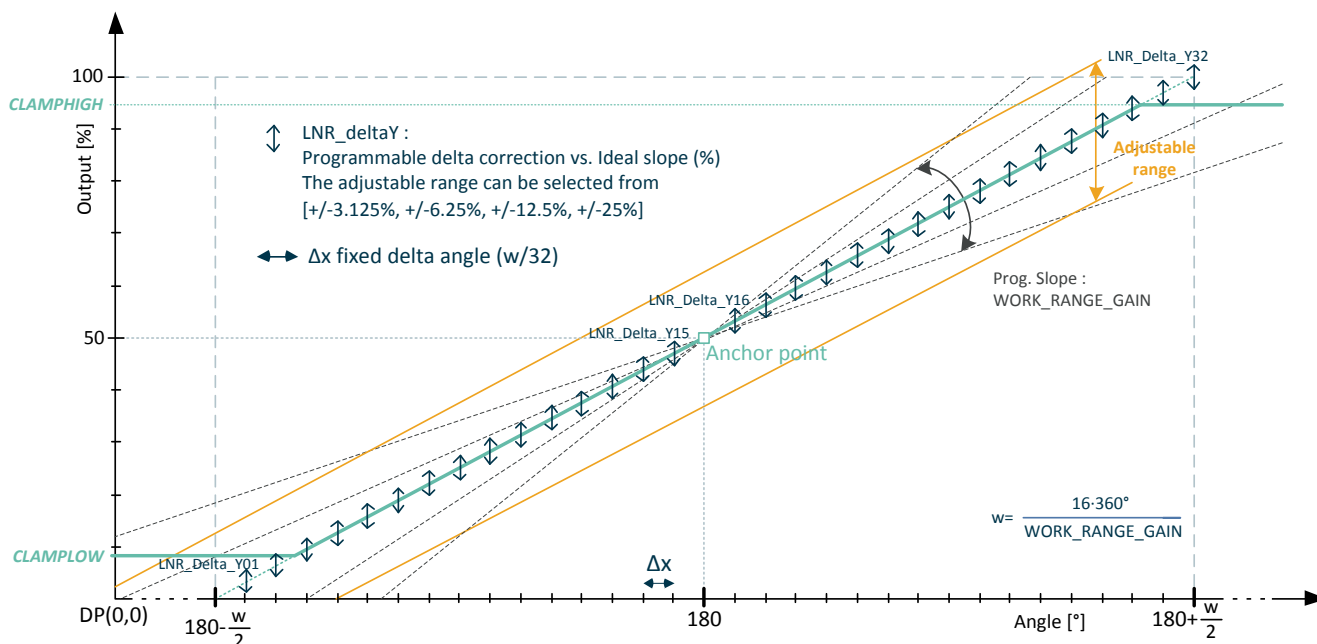


fig. 22 - 32pts Linearisation Parameters Description

| LNR_DELTA_Y_EXP AND_LOG2 | Adjustable Range | Correction resolution |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 0                        | ±3.125%          | 0.024%                |
| 1                        | ±6.25%           | 0.049%                |
| 2                        | ±12.5%           | 0.098%                |
| 3                        | ±25%             | 0.20%                 |

Table 57 - LRN\_DELTA\_Y\_EXPAND\_LOG2 values and correction resolution

### 13.2.8. WORKING\_RANGE Parameter for Angle Range Selection

The parameter WORKING\_RANGE determines the input range on which the 16 or 32 segments are uniformly spread. This parameter is provided for compatibility with former versions of MLX Triaxis sensors. For full featured working range selection, see 13.2.9. For WORKING\_RANGE parameter (W), following table applies.

| W | Range  | Δx 17pts | Δx 32pts |
|---|--------|----------|----------|
| 0 | 180.0° | 11.3°    | 5.6°     |
| 1 | 160.0° | 10.0°    | 5.0°     |
| 2 | 144.0° | 9.0°     | 4.5°     |
| 3 | 131°   | 8.2°     | 4.1°     |
| 4 | 120.0° | 7.5°     | 3.8°     |
| 5 | 221.5° | 6.9°     | 3.5°     |
| 6 | 103°   | 6.4°     | 3.2°     |
| 7 | 96°    | 6.0°     | 3.0°     |

| W  | Range  | Δx 17pts | Δx 32pts |
|----|--------|----------|----------|
| 8  | 90.0°  | 5.6°     | 2.8°     |
| 9  | 72.0°  | 4.5°     | 2.3°     |
| 10 | 60.0°  | 3.8°     | 1.9°     |
| 11 | 51.45° | 3.2°     | 1.6°     |
| 12 | 45.0°  | 2.8°     | 1.4°     |
| 13 | 40.0°  | 2.5°     | 1.3°     |
| 14 | 36.0°  | 2.3°     | 1.1°     |
| 15 | 32.75° | 2.0°     | 1.0°     |

Table 58 - Working range for 180° periodicity (order code -100, -500)

| W | Range  | Δx 17pts | Δx 32pts | W  | Range  | Δx 17pts | Δx 32pts |
|---|--------|----------|----------|----|--------|----------|----------|
| 0 | 360.0° | 22.5°    | 11.3°    | 8  | 180.0° | 11.3°    | 5.6°     |
| 1 | 320.0° | 20.0°    | 10.0°    | 9  | 144.0° | 9.0°     | 4.5°     |
| 2 | 288.0° | 18.0°    | 9.0°     | 10 | 120.0° | 7.5°     | 3.8°     |
| 3 | 261.8° | 16.4°    | 8.2°     | 11 | 102.9° | 6.4°     | 3.2°     |
| 4 | 240.0° | 15.0°    | 7.5°     | 12 | 90.0°  | 5.6°     | 2.8°     |
| 5 | 221.5° | 13.8°    | 6.9°     | 13 | 80.0°  | 5.0°     | 2.5°     |
| 6 | 205.7° | 12.9°    | 6.4°     | 14 | 72.0°  | 4.5°     | 2.3°     |
| 7 | 192.0° | 12.0°    | 6.0°     | 15 | 65.5°  | 4.1°     | 2.0°     |

Table 59 - Working range for 360° periodicity (order code -200, -300)

Outside of the selected range, the output will remain at clamping levels.

### 13.2.9. WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN Parameter for Angle Range Selection

Alternatively, the range for the angle can be selected using the WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN parameter, which applies a fixed gain to the transfer characteristic. When using WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN parameter, the anchor point is set in the middle of the full angular range, MaxRange/2, and the valid range is set symmetrically around this value based on the parameter value.

WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN is coded on 8 bits where the 4 MSB defines the integer part and the 4 LSB the fractional part. Therefore, the following equation applies to define the angle range w:

$$w = \frac{16 * \text{MaxRange}}{\text{WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN}}$$

MaxRange depends on the application. It is 360° for ordering codes -200 and -300 (linear stray-field immune and legacy) and 180° for ordering codes -100 and -500 (rotary stray-field immune). Both minimal and maximal angles are then defined by :

$$\theta_{min} = \frac{\text{MaxRange} - w}{2} ; \theta_{max} = \frac{\text{MaxRange} + w}{2}$$

where  $\theta_{min}$  corresponds to the angle yielding 0% output and  $\theta_{max}$  the angle giving a 100% output. Following tables give some values as example

| WORK_RANGE_GAIN | Zoom Factor | Range (w) | θmin  | θmax   | Δx 17pts | Δx 32pts |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-------|--------|----------|----------|
| 0x10            | 1           | 180°      | 0°    | 180°   | 11.25°   | 5.63°    |
| 0x20            | 2           | 90°       | 45°   | 135°   | 5.63°    | 2.81°    |
| 0x40            | 4           | 45°       | 67.5° | 112.5° | 2.81°    | 1.41°    |
| 0xFF            | 15.94       | 11.3°     | 78.7° | 101.3° | 0.71°    | 0.35°    |

Table 60 - Working range defined by WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN parameter (ordering codes -100, -500)

| WORK_RANGE_GAIN | Zoom Factor | Range (w) | $\theta_{min}$ | $\theta_{max}$ | $\Delta x$ 17pts | $\Delta x$ 32pts |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 0x10            | 1           | 360°      | 0°             | 360°           | 22.5°            | 11.3°            |
| 0x20            | 2           | 180°      | 90°            | 270°           | 11.3°            | 5.6°             |
| 0x40            | 4           | 90°       | 135°           | 225°           | 5.6°             | 2.8°             |
| 0xFF            | 15.94       | 22.6°     | 168.7°         | 191.3°         | 1.41°            | 0.71°            |

Table 61 - Working range defined by WORK\_RANGE\_GAIN parameter (ordering codes -200, -300)

Outside of the working range, the output will remain at clamping levels.

### 13.2.10. Thermal OUTSLOPE offset correction

Two parameters, OUTSLOPEHOT and OUTSLOPECOLD, are used to add a temperature dependent offset. This feature is enabled by the parameter OUTSLOPE\_SEL that apply this modification either directly to the angle or after the linearisation function. This thermal offset is only available with the revisions ACE or ADE of the MLX90372. The MLX90372 uses its internal linearized temperature to compute the offset shift as depicted in the figure below (fig. 23)



fig. 23 - Temperature compensated offset

The thermal offset can be added or subtracted before the clamping, either to the angle or output. The span of this offset is  $\pm 6.25\%$  of the full output scale for a temperature difference of  $128^\circ\text{C}$ . The added thermal offset varies with temperature following the equations below. The two thermal coefficients are encoded in signed two's complement 8bit format (-128..127) and defined separately below  $35^\circ\text{C}$  (OUTSLOPECOLD) and above  $35^\circ\text{C}$  (OUTSLOPEHOT).

| OUTSLOPE_SEL | Description                                                                                                |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0            | No thermal offset correction                                                                               |
| 1            | Thermal offset enabled, applied after angle calculation, i.e. after discontinuity point ( $\theta_{r2p}$ ) |
| 2            | Enabled, applied after output calculation and before clamping ( $\theta_{out}$ )                           |

Table 62 - Temperature compensated offset selection parameter



If IC internal temperature is higher than 35°C then:

$$\theta_{Tcomp} = \theta_{in}(1 - \Delta T \cdot \text{OUTSLOPEHOT})$$

If IC internal temperature is lower than 35°C then:

$$\theta_{Tcomp} = \theta_{in}(1 - \Delta T \cdot \text{OUTSLOPECOLD})$$

where  $\theta_{in}$  is either  $\theta_{r2p}$  or  $\theta_{out}$  depending on OUSLOPE\_SEL value.

### 13.2.11. CLAMPING Parameters

The clamping levels are two independent values to limit the output voltage range. The CLAMPLOW parameter adjusts the minimum output level. The CLAMPHIGH parameter sets the maximum output. Both parameters have 16 bits of adjustment and are available for all four LNR modes. As output data resolution is limited to 12bits, both in SENT and in PWM, the 4 LSB of this parameter will have no significant effect on the output. The value is encoded in fractional code, from 0% to 100%

## 13.3. Sensor Front-End

| Parameter      | Value   |
|----------------|---------|
| SENSING MODE   | [0..3]  |
| GAINMIN        | [0..63] |
| GAINMAX        | [0..63] |
| GAINSATURATION | [0, 1]  |

Table 63 - Sensing Mode and Front-End Configuration

### 13.3.1. SENSING MODE

The SENSING\_MODE parameter defines which sensing mode and fields are used to calculate the angle. The different possibilities are described in the tables below. This 2 bits value selects the first (B1) and second (B2) field components according to the Table 64 content.

| SENSING_MODE | B1         | B2         | Angular Mode                        | Compatible with    |
|--------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 0            | X          | Y          | Angular Rotary stray-field Immune   | ordering code -100 |
| 1            | X          | Y          | X-Y Angular Rotary                  | ordering code -300 |
| 2            | Y          | Z          | Y-Z Angular Rotary                  | ordering code -300 |
| 3            | X          | Z          | X-Z Angular Rotary                  | ordering code -300 |
| 4            | $\Delta X$ | $\Delta Z$ | Linear position, stray-field Immune | ordering code -200 |

Table 64 - Sensing Mode Description

### 13.3.2. GAINMIN and GAINMAX Parameters

GAINMIN and GAINMAX define the thresholds on the gain code outside which the fault “GAIN out of Spec.” is reported (see Table 45, GainOOS). If GAINSATURATION is set, then the virtual gain code is saturated at GAINMIN and GAINMAX, and no Diagnostic fault is set since the saturations applies before the diagnostic is checked.

On the MLX90372 ACC the circuit will report a Gain Out of Spec error whenever the maximum gain of 63 is reached, regardless of the GAINMAX value.

## 13.4. Filtering

The MLX90372 includes 2 types of filters:

- Exponential moving average (EMA) Filter: programmable by the HYST parameter
- Low Pass FIR Filters controlled with the FILTER parameter

| Parameter | Value     |
|-----------|-----------|
| FILTER    | 0 ... 2   |
| HYST      | 0 ... 255 |

Table 65 - Filtering configuration

### 13.4.1. Exponential Moving Average (IIR) Filter

The HYST parameter is a hysteresis threshold to activate / de-activate the exponential moving average filter. The output value of the IC is updated with the applied filter when the digital step is smaller than the programmed HYST parameter value. The output value is updated without applying the filter when the increment is bigger than the hysteresis. The filter reduces therefore the noise but still allows a fast step response for bigger angle changes. The hysteresis must be programmed to a value close to the internal magnetic angle noise level ( $1\text{LSB} = 8 \cdot 360/2^{16}$ ).

$$y_n = a * x_n + (1-a) * y_{n-1}$$

$x_n = \text{Angle}$   
 $y_n = \text{Output}$

The filters characteristic is given in the following table (Table 66):

| DENOISING_FILTER_ALPHA_SEL | 0    | 1   | 2    | 3     |
|----------------------------|------|-----|------|-------|
| Coefficients a             | 0.75 | 0.5 | 0.25 | 0.125 |
| Efficiency RMS (dB)        |      | 2.4 | 4.2  |       |

Table 66 - IIR Filter characteristics

### 13.4.2. FIR Filters

The MLX90372 features 2 FIR filter modes controlled with Filter = 1...2. Filter = 0 corresponds to no filtering. The transfer function is described by:

$$y_n = \frac{1}{\sum_{i=0}^j a_i} \sum_{i=0}^j a_i x_{n-i}$$

This filter characteristic is given in the Table 67.

| FILTER value            | 0         | 1                             | 2     |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Type                    | Disable   | Finite Impulse Response (FIR) |       |
| Coefficients $a_i$      | 1         | 11                            | 1111  |
| Title                   | No filter | ExtraLight                    | Light |
| DSP cycles (nb of taps) | 1         | 2                             | 4     |
| Efficiency RMS (dB)     | 0         | 3.0                           | 6.0   |

Table 67 - FIR Filter Characteristics

## 13.5. Programmable Diagnostics Settings

### 13.5.1. Diagnostics Global Enable

DIAG\_EN should be kept to its default value (1) to retain all functional safety capabilities of the MLX90372. This feature shall not be disabled.

### 13.5.2. Diagnostic Debouncer

A debouncing algorithm is available for analog diagnostic reporting (see chapter 14, Functional Safety). Enabling this debouncer will however increase the DCT of the device. Therefore, Melexis recommends keeping the debouncing of analog faults off by not modifying below described values (see Table 49 for factory defaults).

| NVRAM Parameter       | Description                                              |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| DIAGDEBOUNCE_STEPDOWN | Decrement values for debouncer counter                   |
| DIAGDEBOUNCE_STEPUP   | Increment value for debouncer counter                    |
| DIAG_DEBOUNCE_THRESH  | Threshold for debouncer counter to enter diagnostic mode |

Table 68 - Diagnostic debouncing parameters

Once an analog monitor detects an error, it takes control of the debouncing counter. This counter will be incremented by STEPUP value each time this specific monitor is evaluated, and the error is still present. When the debouncing counter reaches the value defined by DEBOUNCE THRESHOLD, an error is reported on the error channel, and the debouncing counter stays clamped to this DEBOUNCE THRESHOLD value

(see 11.1.8 for SENT error message codes, 13.5.4 for PWM error reporting). Once the error disappears, each time its monitor is evaluated, the debouncing counter is decremented by STEPDOWN value. When the debouncing counter reaches zero, the error disappears from the reporting channel and the debouncing counter is released. To implement proper reporting times, one should refer to the DCT defined in the Table 12. The reporting and recovery time are defined in the table below (valid for THRESH≠0).

| Parameter      | Min                                                                           | Max                                                                             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reporting Time | $DCT \cdot \left( \left\lceil \frac{THRESH}{STEPUP} \right\rceil - 1 \right)$ | $DCT \cdot \left( \left\lceil \frac{THRESH}{STEPUP} \right\rceil \right)$       |
| Recovery Time  | $DCT \cdot \left( \left\lceil \frac{THRESH}{STEPDOWN} \right\rceil \right)$   | $DCT \cdot \left( \left\lceil \frac{THRESH}{STEPDOWN} \right\rceil + 1 \right)$ |
|                | $\left\lceil \frac{x}{y} \right\rceil$                                        | is the ceiling function of x divided by y                                       |

Table 69 - Diagnostic Reporting and Recovery times

### 13.5.3. Over/Under Temperature Diagnostic

DIAG\_TEMP\_THR\_HIGH defines the threshold for over temperature detection and is compared to the linearized value of the temperature sensor  $T_{LIN}$ . DIAG\_TEMP\_THR\_LOW defines the threshold for under temperature detection and is compared to the linearized value of the temperature sensor  $T_{LIN}$ .

$T_{LIN}$  is encoded using the SENT standard for temperature sensor. One can get the physical temperature of the die using following formula:

$$T_{PHY}[^{\circ}C] = \frac{T_{LIN}}{8} - 73.15$$

DIAG\_TEMP\_THR\_LOW/HIGH are encoded on 8-bit unsigned values with the following relationship towards  $T_{Lin}$

$$DIAG\_TEMP\_THR\_(LOW/HIGH) = \frac{T_{LIN}}{16}$$

Following table summarizes the characteristics of the linearized temperature sensor and the encoding of the temperature monitor thresholds.

| Parameter                 | Symbol                         | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit   | Condition         |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|--------|-------------------|
| $T_{LIN}$ resolution      | Res <sub>T<sub>LIN</sub></sub> | -   | 0.125 | -   | °C/LSB |                   |
| $T_{LIN}$ refresh rate    | F <sub>S,T<sub>LIN</sub></sub> | -   | 200   | -   | Hz     |                   |
| $T_{LIN}$ linearity error | T <sub>LinErr</sub>            | -8  | -     | 8   | °C     | from -40 to 160°C |
| $T_{LIN}$ linearity error | T <sub>LinErr</sub>            | -2  | -     | 6   | °C     | from 35 to 125°C  |

| Parameter                                 | Symbol              | Min | Typ | Max | Unit   | Condition                               |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| Low temperature threshold                 | DIAG_TEMP_THR_LOW   | -   | 8   | -   | LSB    | Recommended value, corresponds to -57°C |
| High temperature threshold                | DIAG_TEMP_THR_HIGH  | -   | 136 | -   | LSB    | Recommended value, corresponds to 199°C |
| High/low temperature threshold resolution | Res <sub>Tthr</sub> |     | 2   |     | °C/LSB |                                         |

Table 70 - Linearized Temperature Sensor characteristics

### 13.5.4. PWM Diagnostic

#### DC\_FAULT

This parameter defines the duty-cycle that is present on the PWM output in case of diagnostic reporting.

#### WEAKMAGTHRESH

This parameter defines the threshold on the field strength which determines the weak magnet condition; when WEAKMAGTHRESH = 0, there is no reporting of weak magnet condition.

#### DC\_FIELDTOOLOW

This parameter defines the duty-cycle that is output in case of Field Too Low; the Field Too Low Diagnostic is stronger than the Weak Magnet Diagnostic, from 0% till 100 % by steps of (100/256)%

#### DC\_WEAK

This parameter defines the output duty-cycle in case of Weak Magnet, from 0% till 100% by steps of (100/256)%

## 14. Functional Safety

### 14.1. Safety Manual

The safety manual, available upon request, contains the necessary information to integrate the MLX90372 component in a safety related item, as Safety Element Out-of-Context (SEoC).

In particular it includes:

- The description of the Product Development lifecycle tailored for the Safety Element.
- An extract of the Technical Safety concept.
- The description of Assumptions-of-Use (AoU) of the element with respect to its intended use, including:
  - assumption on the device safe state;
  - assumptions on fault tolerant time interval and multiple-point faults detection interval;
  - assumptions on the context, including its external interfaces;
- The description of safety analysis results at the device level useful for the system integrator; HW architectural metrics and description of dependent failures initiators.
- The description and the result of the functional safety assessment process; list of confirmation measures and description of the independency level.

### 14.2. Safety Mechanisms

The MLX90372 provides numerous self-diagnostic features (safety mechanisms). Those features increase the robustness of the IC functionality by either preventing the IC to provide an erroneous output signal or reporting the failure according to the SENT protocol definition.

| Legend                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ● High coverage                                                                                                                                                  |
| ○ Medium coverage                                                                                                                                                |
| ANA : Analog hardware failure reporting, described in the safety manual                                                                                          |
| High-Z : Special reporting, output is set in high impedance mode (no HW fail-safe mode/timeout, no SW safe startup)                                              |
| DIG : Digital hardware failure reporting, described in the safety manual                                                                                         |
| * : Diagnostic Cycle Time (see 7.1 for values)                                                                                                                   |
| At Startup : HW fault present at time zero is detected before a first frame is transmitted.                                                                      |
| DIAG_EN : This safety mechanism can be disabled by setting DIAG_EN = 0 (see 12 End-User Programmable Items). This option should not be used in application mode! |

*Table 71 - Self Diagnostic Legend*

| Category and safety mechanism name                           | Front-end | ADC | DSP | Back-end | Sup port. Func. | Module & Package | DCT*    | Reporting mode | At startup | DIAG EN           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|----------|-----------------|------------------|---------|----------------|------------|-------------------|
| <b>Signal-conditioning (AFE, External Sensor) Diagnostic</b> | ●         | ●   |     |          |                 | ●                |         | ANA            |            |                   |
| Magnetic Signal Conditioning Voltage Test Pattern            | ●         | ○   | ○   |          |                 |                  | DCT_Ana | ANA            |            | ●                 |
| Magnetic Signal Conditioning Rough Offset Clipping check     | ●         |     | ○   |          |                 |                  | DCT_Ana | ANA            | NO         | ●                 |
| Magnetic Signal Conditioning Gain Monitor                    | ●         |     | ○   |          |                 | ●                | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        | ●                 |
| Magnetic Signal Conditioning Gain Clamping                   | ●         |     | ○   |          |                 | ●                | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        |                   |
| Mag. Sig. Cond. Failure control by the chopping technique    | ●         |     |     |          |                 |                  | n/a     | n/a            | YES        |                   |
| External Sensor Sig. Cond. Voltage Valid Range Check         | ●         |     |     |          |                 | ●                | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        | ○ <sup>(45)</sup> |
| External Sensor Sig. Cond. Frequency Valid Range Check       | ●         |     |     |          |                 | ●                | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        | ●                 |
| A/D Converter Test Pattern                                   |           | ●   |     |          |                 |                  | DCT_Ana | ANA            |            | ●                 |
| ADC Conversion errors & Overflow Errors                      |           | ●   |     |          |                 |                  | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        | ●                 |
| Flux Monitor (Specific to Rotary mode)                       | ●         | ○   |     |          |                 | ●                | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        | ●                 |
| <b>Digital-circuit Diagnostic</b>                            |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  |         | DIG            |            |                   |
| RAM Parity, 1 bit per 16 bits word, ISO D.2.5.2              |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  | <10µs   | DIG            | YES        | ●                 |
| ROM Parity, 1 bit per 16 bits word, ISO D.2.5.2              |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  | <10µs   | DIG            | YES        | ●                 |
| NVRAM 16 bits signature (run-time) ISO D.2.4.3               |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  | DCT_dig | DIG            |            |                   |
| NVRAM Single Error Correction ECC                            |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  | n/a     | n/a            | YES        |                   |

<sup>45</sup> This safety mechanism is disabled by default.

| Category and safety mechanism name                                                           | Front-end | ADC | DSP | Back-end | Sup port. Func. | Module & Package | DCT*                  | Reporting mode | At startup | DIAG EN |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|---------|
| NVRAM Double Error Detection ECC ISO                                                         |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  | DCT_Dig               | DIG            | YES        |         |
| Logical Monitoring of program sequence ISO D.2.9.3 via Watchdog "IWD" (cpu clock) ISO D2.9.2 |           |     | ●   |          | ○               |                  | Tiwd                  | DIG            |            | ●       |
| Watchdog "AWD" (separate clock) ISO D2.9.1                                                   |           |     | ●   |          | ○               |                  | Tawd                  | DIG            |            |         |
| CPU Errors "Invalid Address", "Wrong opcode"                                                 |           |     | ●   |          | ○               |                  | <10μs                 | DIG            | YES        |         |
| ADC Interface Checksum                                                                       |           | ●   |     |          |                 |                  | DCT_Dig               | DIG            | NO         | ●       |
| DSP Test Pattern (atan2)                                                                     |           |     | ●   |          | ○               |                  | DCT_Dig               | DIG            |            | ●       |
| Critical ports monitoring                                                                    |           |     | ●   |          |                 |                  | DCT_Dig               | DIG            | NO         | ●       |
| <b>SENT H/W Interface Diagnostic</b>                                                         |           |     |     | ●        |                 |                  |                       | DIG            |            |         |
| SENT parity check over Configuration registers                                               |           |     |     | ●        |                 |                  | <10μs                 | DIG            | NO         | ●       |
| SENT block: Protection against re-configuration at run-time                                  |           |     |     | ●        |                 |                  | <10μs                 | DIG            | NO         | ●       |
| SENT Frame Counter & Redundant Nibble                                                        |           |     |     | ●        |                 |                  | n/a                   | n/a            | n/a        |         |
| <b>System-level diagnostic</b>                                                               |           |     |     |          | ●               | ●                |                       | ANA            |            |         |
| Supply Voltage Monitors (all supply domains) except VS_OV & POR                              |           |     |     |          | ●               | ●                | DCT_Ana               | ANA            | NO         | ●       |
| External Supply Overvoltage Monitor VS_OV                                                    |           |     |     |          | ●               | ●                | 2.1ms <sup>(46)</sup> | High-Z         | YES        |         |
| Digital Supply under-voltage monitor (Power-on reset)                                        |           |     |     |          | ●               | ●                | <10μs <sup>(47)</sup> | High-Z         | YES        |         |

<sup>46</sup> This DCT is valid for detection. The recovery time of this diagnostic is defined by DCT\_Ana. The debouncer is not active for this diagnostic (13.5.2)

<sup>47</sup> After a detection of this diagnostic, the circuit performs a standard reset sequence. The recovery time of this diagnostic is consequently defined by the startup time (7.3.1).



| Category and safety mechanism name          | Front-end | ADC | DSP | Back-end | Sup port. Func. | Module & Package | DCT*    | Reporting mode | At startup | DIAG EN |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|----------|-----------------|------------------|---------|----------------|------------|---------|
| Supply Bias Current Monitor                 |           |     |     |          | ●               |                  | DCT_Ana | ANA            |            | ●       |
| Overheating monitor                         | ○         | ○   | ○   | ○        | ○               | ●                | DCT_Ana | ANA            | YES        | ●       |
| <b>Warning/Reporting Mechanisms</b>         |           |     |     |          |                 |                  | n/a     | n/a            |            |         |
| HW Error Controller                         |           |     | ●   | ●        | ●               |                  | n/a     | DIG            | YES        |         |
| HW Fail-safe mode with timeout              |           |     | ●   | ●        | ●               |                  | n/a     | DIG            | YES        |         |
| Analog-type Error management                | ●         | ●   |     |          | ●               |                  | n/a     | ANA            |            |         |
| Safe start-up mode                          |           |     | ●   |          | ●               |                  | n/a     | DIG            | n/a        |         |
| <b>Mechanisms executed at start-up only</b> |           |     |     |          |                 |                  |         |                |            |         |
| RAM March-C HW Test at start-up             |           |     | ●   |          | ●               |                  | n/a     | DIG            | YES        |         |

Table 72 - MLX90372 List of Self Diagnostics with Characteristics

## 15. Recommended Application Diagrams

### 15.1. Wiring with the MLX90372 in SOIC-8 Package



fig. 24 - Recommended wiring for the MLX90372 in SOIC-8 package

| Component                        | min    | Typ            | Max           | Remark                       |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| C <sub>1</sub>                   | 100 nF | 220 nF         | -             | Close to the IC pin          |
| C <sub>2</sub> (C <sub>L</sub> ) | -      | 4.7nF<br>2.2nF | 10nF<br>4.7nF | normal SENT/PWM<br>fast SENT |
| C <sub>3</sub>                   | 47 nF  | 100 nF         | -             | Close to the IC pin          |
| C <sub>4</sub>                   | 0      | 1nF            | -             | Close to the connector       |
| C <sub>5</sub>                   | 0      | 1nF            | 15nF          | Close to the connector       |
| R <sub>1</sub>                   | 0      | 10 Ω           | -             | Recommended value            |
| R <sub>2</sub>                   | 0      | 120 Ω          | 220 Ω         | Recommended value            |

Table 73 - Recommended Values for the MLX90372 in SOIC-8 Package

## 15.2. Wiring with the MLX90372 in TSSOP-16 Package



fig. 25 - Recommended wiring for the MLX90372 in TSSOP-16 package (dual die)

| Component                         | min    | Typ            | Max           | Remark                       |
|-----------------------------------|--------|----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| C <sub>x1</sub>                   | 100 nF | 220 nF         | -             | Close to the IC pin          |
| C <sub>x2</sub> (C <sub>L</sub> ) | -      | 4.7nF<br>2.2nF | 10nF<br>4.7nF | normal SENT/PWM<br>fast SENT |
| C <sub>x3</sub>                   | 47 nF  | 100 nF         | -             | Close to the IC pin          |
| C <sub>x4</sub>                   | 0      | 1nF            | -             | Close to the connector       |
| C <sub>x5</sub>                   | 0      | 1nF            | 15nF          | Close to the connector       |
| R <sub>x1</sub>                   | 0      | 10 Ω           | -             | Recommended value            |
| R <sub>x2</sub>                   | 0      | 120 Ω          | 220 Ω         | Recommended value            |

Table 74 - Recommended Values for the MLX90372 in TSSOP-16 Package

### 15.3. Wiring with the MLX90372 in DMP-4 Package (built-in capacitors)



fig. 26 - Internal wiring of the MLX90372 in DMP-4

| Component | Value  | Remark                         |
|-----------|--------|--------------------------------|
| C1        | 220 nF | Ordering code -10x, -20x, -30x |
| C2        | 4.7 nF |                                |
| C3        | 100 nF |                                |
| C4        | -      |                                |
| C1        | 220 nF | Ordering code -31x             |
| C2        | 10 nF  |                                |
| C3        | 100 nF |                                |
| C4        | 220 nF |                                |

Table 75 - DMP-4 capacitors configuration

For best EMC performances, only pin 4-V<sub>SS</sub> should be connected to the electrical ground.

## 16. Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with different soldering processes

Our products are classified and qualified regarding soldering technology, solderability and moisture sensitivity level according to standards in place in Semiconductor industry.

For further details about test method references and for compliance verification of selected soldering method for product integration, Melexis recommends reviewing on our web site the General Guidelines soldering recommendation (<http://www.melexis.com/en/quality-environment/soldering>)

For all soldering technologies deviating from the one mentioned in above document (regarding peak temperature, temperature gradient, temperature profile etc), additional classification and qualification tests have to be agreed upon with Melexis.

For package technology embedding trim and form post-delivery capability, Melexis recommends consulting the dedicated trim & form recommendation application note : “Lead Trimming and Forming Recommendations” (<https://www.melexis.com/en/documents/documentation/application-notes/application-note-lead-trimming-and-forming-recommendations>).

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## 17. ESD Precautions

Electronic semiconductor products are sensitive to Electro Static Discharge (ESD).

Always observe Electro Static Discharge control procedures whenever handling semiconductor products.

## 18. Package Information

### 18.1. SOIC-8 - Package Dimensions



fig. 27 - SOIC-8 Package Outline Dimensions

### 18.2. SOIC-8 - Pinout and Marking



fig. 28 - SOIC-8 Pinout and Marking

### 18.3. SOIC-8 - Sensitive spot positioning

#### 18.3.1. Rotary Stray-field Immune and Standard Mode Applications



fig. 29 - SOIC-8 Sensitive Spot Position

#### 18.3.2. Linear Stray-field Immune Applications



fig. 30 - SOIC-8 Sensitive Spot position for Linear Stray-Field Immune

## 18.4. SOIC-8 - Angle detection



fig. 31 - SOIC-8 Angle Detection

The MLX90372 is an absolute angular position sensor but the linearity error (See section 9.1.1) does not include the error linked to the absolute reference 0 Deg (which can be fixed in the application through the discontinuity point).



## 18.5. TSSOP-16 - Package Dimensions



fig. 32 - TSSOP-16 Package Outline Dimensions

## 18.6. TSSOP-16 - Pinout and Marking



fig. 33 - TSSOP-16 Pinout and Marking

## 18.7. TSSOP-16 - Sensitive spot positioning

### 18.7.1. Rotary Stray-field Immune and Standard Mode applications



fig. 34 - TSSOP-16 Sensitive Spot Position

### 18.7.2. Linear Stray-field Immune Applications



fig. 35 - TSSOP-16 - Sensitive Spot Location for Linear Stray-field Immune

### 18.8. TSSOP-16 - Angle Detection

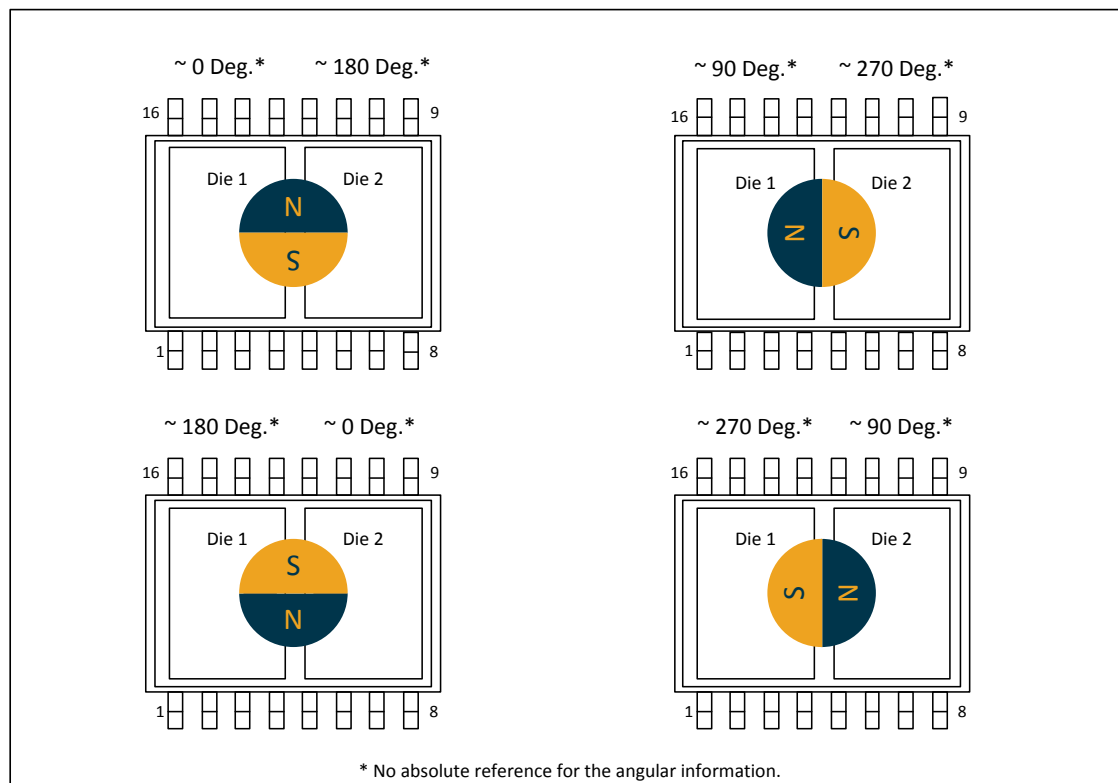


fig. 36 - TSSOP-16 Angle Detection

The MLX90372 is an absolute angular position sensor but the linearity error (See section 9.1.1) does not include the error linked to the absolute reference 0Deg (which can be fixed in the application through the discontinuity point).

### 18.9. DMP-4 - Package Outline Dimensions (POD) - STD1 1.27



fig. 37 - DMP-4 STD1 1.27 Package Outline Drawing

### 18.10. DMP-4 - Package Outline Dimensions (POD) - STD1 2.54



fig. 38 - DMP-4 STD1 2.54 Package Outline Drawing

### 18.11. DMP-4 - Package Outline Dimensions (POD) - STD2 2.54



fig. 39 - DMP-4 STD2 2.54 Package Outline Drawing

### 18.12. DMP-4 - Package Outline Dimensions (POD) - STD3 2.00



fig. 40 - DMP-4 STD3 2.00 Package Outline Drawing

### 18.13. DMP-4 - Package Outline Dimensions (POD) - STD4 2.54

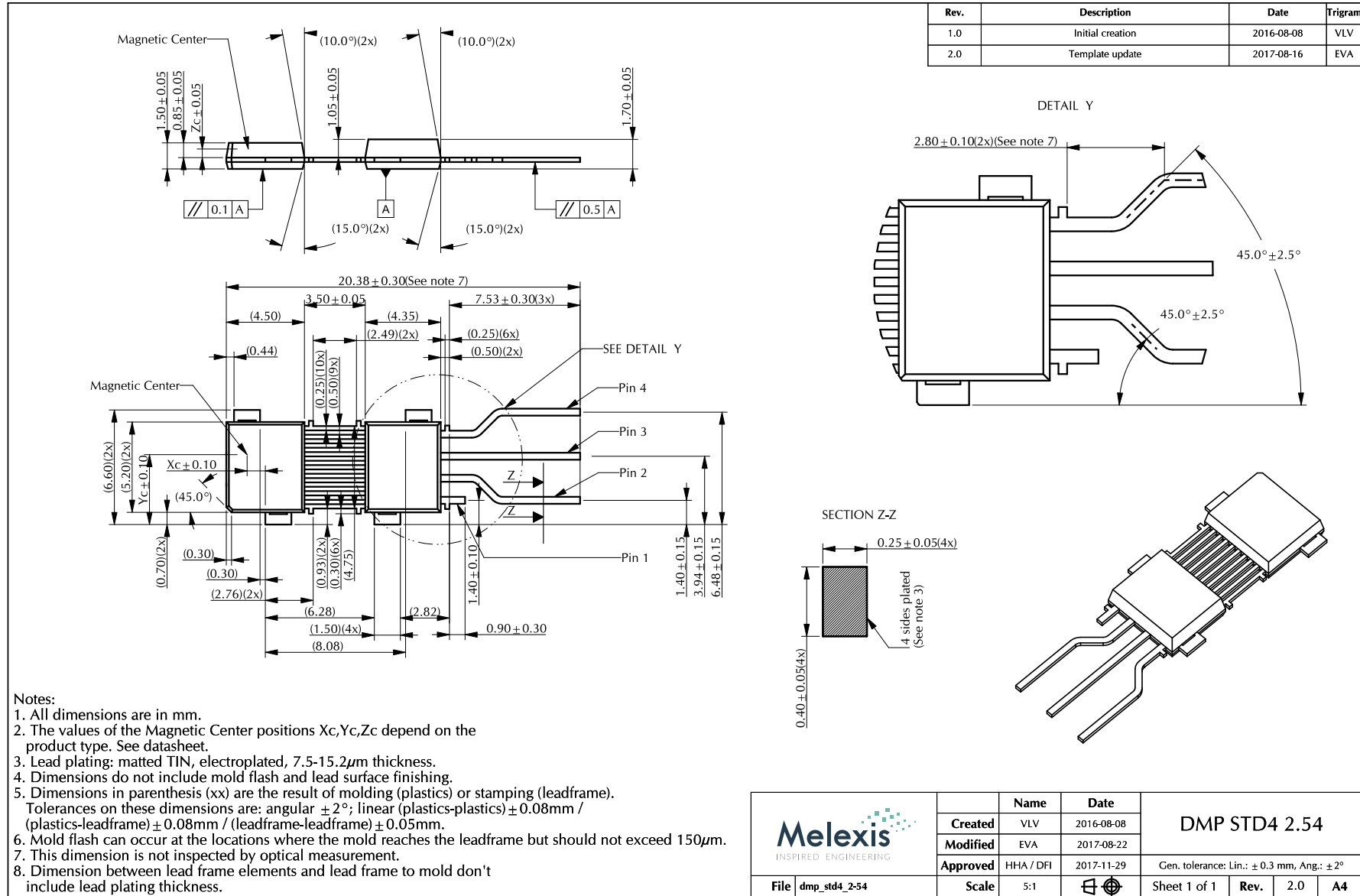


fig. 41 - DMP-4 STD4 2.54 Package Outline Drawing



## 18.14. DMP-4 - Marking



fig. 42 - DMP-4 Marking

## 18.15. DMP-4 - Sensitive Spot Positioning

### 18.15.1. Rotary Stray-field Immune or Standard Mode Applications

DMP#1 - Pinout A (see 3.3)



fig. 43 - DMP-4 Rotary Stray-field or legacy Sensitive Spot Position

DMP#2 - Pinout B (see 3.4)



fig. 44 - DMP-4 Rotary Stray-field or legacy Sensitive Spot Position

### 18.15.2. Linear Stray-field Immune Applications

DMP#1 - Pinout A (see 3.3)



fig. 45 - DMP-4 Linear Stray-field Sensitive Spot Position

DMP#2 - Pinout B (see 3.4)



fig. 46 - DMP-4 Linear Stray-field Sensitive Spot Position

## 18.16. DMP-4 - Angle detection



fig. 47 - DMP-4 Angle Detection

The MLX90372 is an absolute angular position sensor but the linearity error (See section 9.1.1) does not include the error linked to the absolute reference 0 Deg (which can be fixed in the application through the discontinuity point).

## 18.17. Packages Thermal Performances

The table below describe the thermal behaviour of available packages following JEDEC EIA/JESD 51.X standard.

| Package  | Junction to case - $\theta_{jc}$ | Junction to ambient - $\theta_{ja}$ (JEDEC 1s2p board) | Junction to ambient - $\theta_{ja}$ (JEDEC 1s0p board) |
|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| SOIC-8   | 38.8 K/W                         | 112 K/W                                                | 153 K/W                                                |
| TSSOP-16 | 27.6 K/W                         | 99.1 K/W                                               | 137 K/W                                                |
| DMP-4    | 32.2 K/W                         | 88.7 K/W                                               | done without PCB <sup>(48)</sup>                       |

Table 76 - Standard Packages Thermal Performances

<sup>48</sup> DMP-4 as PCB-less solution has been evaluated in a typical application case. Values for this package are given as informative.

## 19. Contact

For the latest version of this document, go to our website at [www.melexis.com](http://www.melexis.com).

For additional information, please contact our Direct Sales team and get help for your specific needs:

|                |                                  |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
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|                | Email : sales_europe@melexis.com |
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Сотрудничество с глобальными дистрибьюторами электронных компонентов, предоставляет возможность заказывать и получать с международных складов практически любой перечень компонентов в оптимальные для Вас сроки.

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Система менеджмента качества компании отвечает требованиям в соответствии с ГОСТ Р ИСО 9001, ГОСТ РВ 0015-002 и ЭС РД 009

### Офис по работе с юридическими лицами:

105318, г.Москва, ул.Щербаковская д.3, офис 1107, 1118, ДЦ «Щербаковский»

Телефон: +7 495 668-12-70 (многоканальный)

Факс: +7 495 668-12-70 (доб.304)

E-mail: [info@moschip.ru](mailto:info@moschip.ru)

Skype отдела продаж:

moschip.ru

moschip.ru\_4

moschip.ru\_6

moschip.ru\_9