

28V, 1A Li + Linear Battery Charger with 10% Battery-Full Threshold and Flexible NTC Interface

DESCRIPTION

The MP26121 is a linear, high-performance single cell Li-Ion/Li-Polymer battery charger. By integrating high voltage input protection into the charger IC, the MP26121 can tolerate an input surge up to +28V.

The device features constant current (CC) and constant voltage (CV) charging modes with programmable charge currents (200mA to 1A), current blocking, and trickle charge. The device also provides fault and charge status indications to the system.

For guaranteed safe operation, the MP26121 reduces charge current when the device reaches high temperature (due to limited PCB space). Other safety features include battery temperature monitoring and programmable timer to complete the charging cycle.

The MP26121 is available in 10-pin 3mm x 3mm QFN packages.

FEATURES

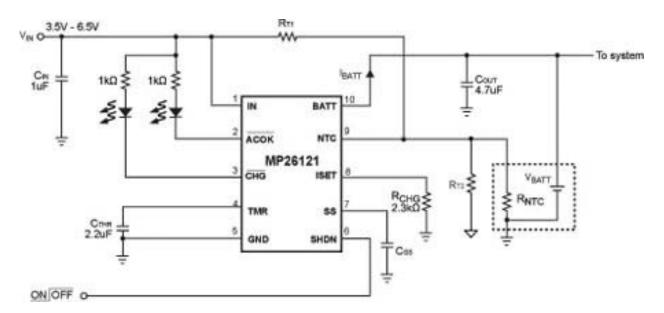
- Interfaces to Many NTC Resistor Values
- Proprietary V_{IN} Surge Protection up to 28V
- Programmable Charge Current up to 1A
- 1% Voltage Accuracy
- 10% Battery-Full Threshold
- No Reverse Blocking Diode Required
- Intelligent Thermal Management
- Trickle Charge
- 7V Input OVP
- Auto Recharge
- Charge-Timer
- Fault and Charge Status Indicators

APPLICATIONS

- Cell Phones
- Digital Cameras
- Smart Phones
- PDAs
- MP3 Players

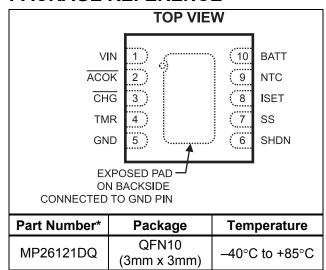
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TYPICAL APPLICATION





PACKAGE REFERENCE



For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP26121DQ–Z)
 For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix –LF
 (e.g. MP26121DQ–LF–Z)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMU	M RATINGS (1)
IN to GND	5V to +28V
ACOK and CHG Maximum Si	ink Current20mA
All Other Pins to GND	0.3V to +6.5V
Junction Temperature	140°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Recommended Operatin	g Conditions (2)
Nominal Supply Voltage V _{IN} .	3.5V to 6.5V
Operating Temperature	40°C to +85°C
Thermal Resistance (3)	θ_{JA} θ_{JC}
3x3 QFN10	50 12 °C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper. The exposed pad must be Soldered to a ground plane

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{IN} = 5V, V_{SHDN} = 0V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter Symbol		Condition Min		Тур	Max	Units
		SHDN = High		40		μΑ
Supply Current	I _{SUPPLY}	SHDN= Low, ICHG = 0A, V _{BATT} =4.1V		200		μΑ
Battery Voltage Regulation	V_{BATT}	$T = -5^{\circ}C$ to +75°C, $I_{BATT} = 0$	4.16	4.20	4.24	V
Constant Current Regulation		V_{IN} = 5V, V_{BATT} = 3.8V R_{CHG} = 3.3k Ω	448	515	582	mA
Constant Current Variation		$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{BATT} = 3.8V$, TJ = 0°C to +120°C, $R_{CHG} = 1.6k\Omega$ to $8.0k\Omega$	87	100	113	%I _{CHG} ⁽⁴⁾
End of Charge Threshold	I_{BF}		7.5	10	12.5	%I _{CHG} ⁽⁴⁾
Trickle Current		$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{BATT} = 2.3V$	5	10	15	%I _{CHG} ⁽⁴⁾
Trickle Threshold Voltage			2.45	2.6	2.75	V
Trickle Voltage Hysteresis				100		mV
Input ACOK Up Range			6.7	7	7.3	V
Input ACOK Low Range			1.5	2	2.5	V
ACOK and CHG Over-voltage Clamp	V _Z			8.2		V
Input Over Voltage OVP Protection		V _{IN} Rising	6.7	7	7.3	V
OVP Hysteresis				400		mV



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 V_{IN} = 5V, V_{SHDN} = 0V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
SHDN Trip Threshold High			2.6			V
SHDN Trip Threshold Low					0.4	V
SHDN Pull up Current	I _{SHDN}	V _{SHDN} =3V		6		μA
CHG, ACOK Sink Current		Pin Voltage = 0.4V	8			mA
Battery Reverse Current to BATT Pin		SHDN = Low and Input = Floating or 0V			1	μA
Dropout Voltage	V _{IN} -V _{BATT}	V_{BATT} = 3.8V, R_{CHG} = 6kΩ. Current drop 10%		0.25		V
Die Temperature Limit			105	120	135	°C
Recharge Voltage Threshold	V _{RECHARGE}		3.9	4.0	4.1	V
Recharge Voltage Hysteresis				100		mV
NTC Upper Threshold	V_{NTC_UP}	V _{IN} =5.00V, NTC pin voltage rising		2.735		V
NTC Upper Trip Hysteresis				75		mV
NTC Lower Threshold	V _{NTC_LOW}	V _{IN} =5.00V, NTC pin voltage falling		1.197		V
NTC Lower Trip Hysteresis				20		mV
Oscillation Freq		C _{TMR} = 2.2uF		5		Hz
TMR Pin Source Current	I _{TMR1}	V _{TMR} =0.1V		20		μA
TMR Pin Sink Current	I _{TMR2}	V _{TMR} =1.5V		20		μA
Soft Start Time		From Trickle to 90% Full Current, C _{SS} =0.1µF		80		mS

Notes

⁴⁾ I_{CHG} is the target preprogrammed charge current (Die temperature below 110°C).



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin#	Name	Description
1	VIN	Input Supply Pin. VIN receives the AC adapter or USB supply voltage.
2	ACOK	Open-Drain Fault Status Indicator. This pin is high under any fault conditions.
3	CHG	Open-Drain Charge Indicator. This pin is low during charging, is high after battery full or termination, and is toggling when the battery is in fault condition.
4 TMR 5 GND, Exposed Pad		Oscillator Period Timer. Connect a timing capacitor between this pin and GND to set the oscillator period.
		The exposed pad and GND pin must be connected to the same ground plane.
6	SHDN	Charger IC Enable. An input "Low" signal at this pin or pin floating will enable the IC.
7	SS	Soft-Start. Connect a capacitor to ground to set the soft-start time.
		Constant Charge Current Program Pin. Connect this pin to an external resistor to program the charging current in CC Mode.
9	NTC	Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC) Thermistor Pin. Connect a resistor R_{T1} from this pin to VIN pin and a resistor R_{T2} from this pin to GND in parallel with the NTC resistor (within the battery pack). If NTC function is not used, apply R_{T2} =1/2 R_{T1} . Do not leave this pin floating .
10	BATT	Charger Output.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

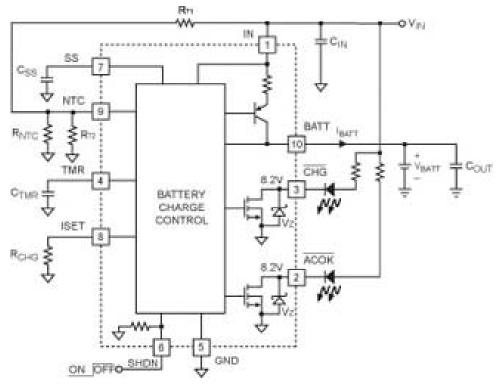
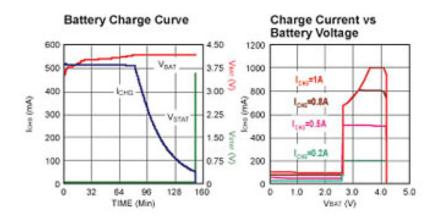


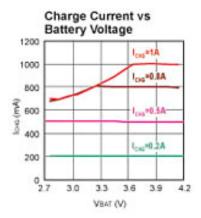
Figure 1—Functional Block Diagram

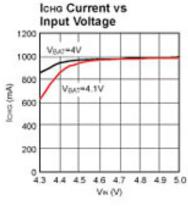


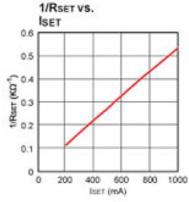
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

 C_{IN} = 4.7 μ F, C_{OUT} = 2.2 μ F, C_{SS} = 0.1 μ F, V_{IN} = 5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

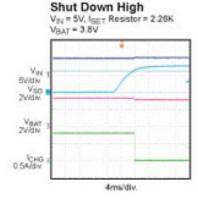


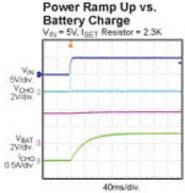








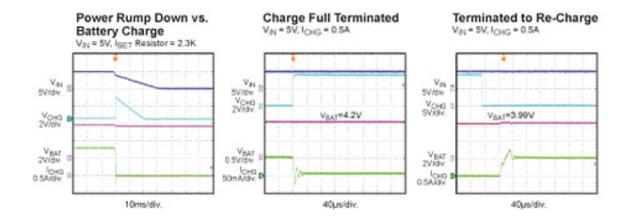


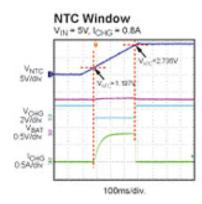


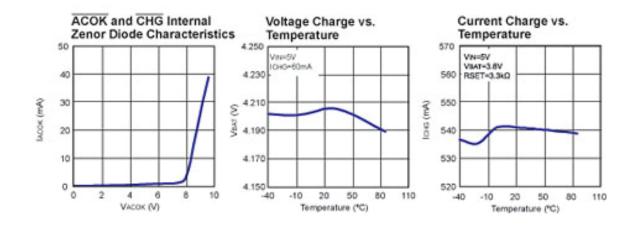


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (continued)

 C_{IN} = 4.7 μ F, C_{OUT} = 2.2 μ F, C_{SS} = 0.1 μ F, V_{IN} = 5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.









OPERATION

Input Voltage Range

The MP26121 has built-in input voltage surge protection as high as +28V. The charger IC will be automatically disabled when the input voltage is lower than 3.0V or higher than 7.0V. The open-drain pin \overline{ACOK} is used to indicate an input power good condition (i.e. $3.0V < V_{IN} < 7.0V$). If the input voltage is lower than the battery voltage, the IC is also disabled to prevent the battery from draining.

Charge Cycle (Mode Change: Trickle -> CC-> CV)

Figure 2 shows the typical charging profile for the MP26121. For a fully depleted battery with a terminal voltage lower than 2.6V, the MP26121 will the trickle start with charge (preconditioning) at 10% of the full charge current based on the value of R_{CHG}. If the charger stays in trickle mode longer than 32768 cycles. CHG becomes high impedance, indicating a battery fault. After the battery voltage reaches 2.6V, the charger begins charging using the programmed charge current (I_{CHG}). This is referred to as Constant Current (CC) mode. Once the battery voltage reaches 4.2V, the charger will operate in the constant voltage (CV) mode until the battery is fully charged. The charge current drops during CV mode, and the battery full indication is set when the charge current is reduced to 10% of the programmed constant current value (I_{CHG}). The charge process is then terminated. Recharge will start after the battery voltage is reduced to 4.0V. After 262144 cycles of continuous charging, if the battery still has not reached 10% of the I_{CHG} condition, the on-chip timer will terminate the charger to prevent charging the dead battery excessively and the fault condition will be flagged by flashing the CHG LED.

Charge Termination

The charge current will gradually decrease in CV mode as the battery approaches full. The

battery full threshold is internally programmed to be 10% of the I_{CHG} . When the charge current reaches this threshold, the charger IC will be automatically turned off.

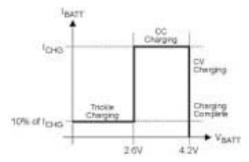


Figure 2—MP26121 Typical Charging Profile

Automatic Recharge

When V_{BATT} drops to 4.0V, the charger will automatically restart the charge cycle until the 10% I_{CHG} condition is met again. When the input adapter is unplugged, or the charger is disabled and/or terminated, the leakage current from the battery to the MP26121 is less than 1uA.

Programming of Charge Current and Battery Full Current

The charge current (I_{CHG}) is set by a resistor (R_{CHG}) connected from the ISET pin to GND. The relationship between the charge current and the programming resistance is established by the following table and graph.

Table 1—R_{CHG} and I_{CHG} Relationship

R _{CHG} (kΩ)	I _{CHG} (mA)
1.65	1000
1.82	900
2.05	800
2.32	700
2.74	600
3.3	500
4.12	400
5.6	300
8.45	200
15	100

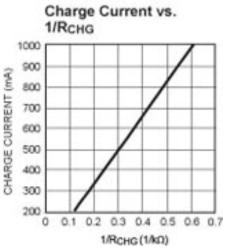


Figure 3—Charge Current vs. 1/R_{CHG} Resistance

The recommended resistance for programming the charge current is $2.3k\Omega < R_{CHG} < 11k\Omega$. The open-drain pin \overline{CHG} is used to indicate charging status. When the battery full condition is met or any other condition prevents the charger from charging, \overline{CHG} will become a floating pin.

Charger Status Indication

Timer Operation

The TMR pin is used to set the internal oscillator frequency, $F_{OSC}=11 Hz \times \frac{\mu F}{C_{TMR}}$. The

on-chip timer will start to count down after initial power-up or every time it is enabled. This timer will limit the max trickle-charge time to 32768 internal oscillating cycles. If the charger stays in trickle mode for longer than 32768 cycles, it will be terminated and a fault will be set by floating CHG pin. After fault reporting, the charger can be re-initiated only by recycling the power supply or SHDN signal. If the charger successfully goes through trickle charge within the allowed time limit, it will start CC charging and then CV charging. If the total charge time exceeds 262144 cycles and the battery full has not been qualified, the charger will be terminated and a fault will also be set by flashing CHG pin at the rate of half the internal oscillation frequency. This function prevents charging a dead battery for prolonged duration. The timer function can be disabled by shorting TMR to ground.

	SHDN = High Vin Fault	Battery Full	Time out Fault	Ambient Temperature Fault	In Charging		
CHG	HIGH	HIGH	Toggle	HIGH	LOW		

ACOK is LOW while 3.0V<V_{IN}<7V, otherwise it is HIGH.

Negative Thermal Coefficient (NTC) Thermistor

The MP26121 has a built-in NTC resistance window comparator. If configured as the typical application circuit as indicated in Figure 1, the MP26121 can fit most types of NTC resistors with two extra programming resistors.

 R_{TI} and R_{T2} values depend on the type of NTC:

$$R_{\text{T2}} = \frac{0.308 \times R_{NTCH} \times R_{NTCL}}{0.108 \times R_{NTCI} - 0.416 \times R_{NTCH}}$$

$$R_{T1} = 0.828 \times \left(R_{T2} // R_{NTCL} \right)$$

For example, for the EWTF03-103 J31 H NTC resistor, the valid charging temperature range is from 0°C to 50°C. The MP26121 will cease charging if R_{NTC} <4.161k Ω or R_{NTC} >27.285k Ω with R_{T1} = 11.536k Ω and R_{T2} =28.554 k Ω .

Thermal Protection

MP26121 has proprietary protection to prevent the IC from overheating. When in thermal protection mode, the average charge current will be reduced to prevent the IC overheating. Operating in thermal protection mode will slow down the charging process. Lowering the input voltage and enhancing thermal dissipation environment can effectively prevent the IC from going into thermal protection mode.



Under full charge conditions, certain systems may draw a very narrow current pulse that exceeds the IBF threshold. The CHG indicator may glitch. It is desirable to blank the CHG glitch

so that the system can properly indicate full charge conditions to the user. A simple solution is to add a RC filter on the \overline{CHG} pin to filter out the possible \overline{CHG} glitch, as shown in Figure 4.

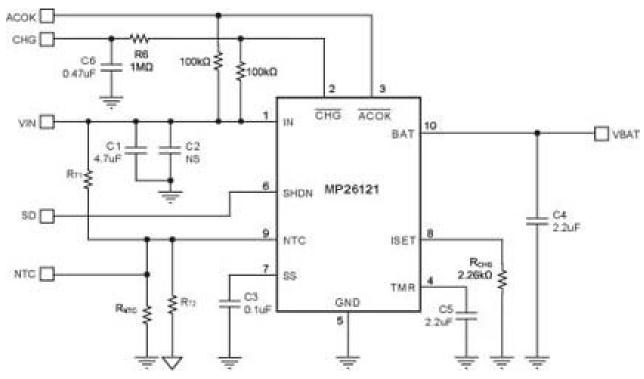


Figure 4—Filtered Charge Status with GPIO Connection



Power-On Reset (POR) feature can be applied to the MP26121 to ensure that the device starts operating in a known state. The flow chart in Figure 5 describes the conditions and operation modes of the MP26121. CVC and CCC stand for "constant voltage charge" and "constant current charge", respectively.

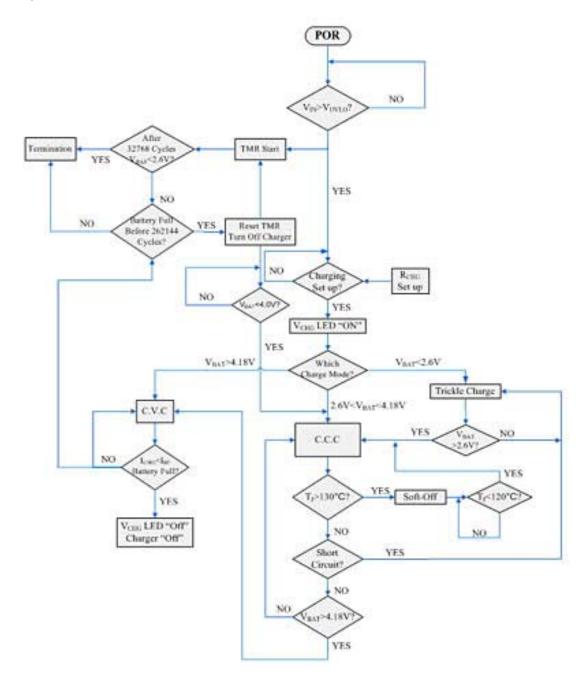
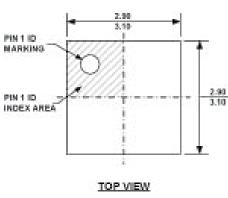


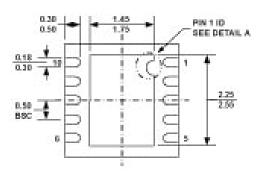
Figure 5—Flow Chart of Operation



PACKAGE INFORMATION

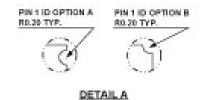
QFN10 (3mm x 3mm)

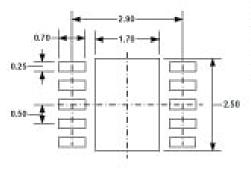




BOTTOM VIEW







NOTE:

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
- 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETER MAX.
- 4) DRAWING COMPORING TO JEDEC IN 0-229, VARIATION VEED-5. 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

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