

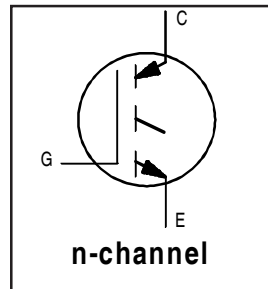
IRG4PH50UPbF

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR

Ultra Fast Speed IGBT

Features

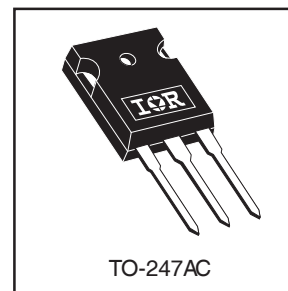
- UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies up to 40 kHz in hard switching, >200 kHz in resonant mode
- New IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generations
- Optimized for power conversion; SMPS, UPS and welding
- Industry standard TO-247AC package
- Lead-Free



| |
|-----------------------------------|
| $V_{CES} = 1200V$ |
| $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.78V$ |
| @ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 24A$ |

Benefits

- Higher switching frequency capability than competitive IGBTs
- Highest efficiency available
- Much lower conduction losses than MOSFETs
- More efficient than short circuit rated IGBTs



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | Parameter | Max. | Units |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------|
| V_{CES} | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | 1200 | V |
| $I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current | 45 | A |
| $I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current | 24 | |
| I_{CM} | Pulsed Collector Current ① | 180 | |
| I_{LM} | Clamped Inductive Load Current ② | 180 | |
| V_{GE} | Gate-to-Emitter Voltage | ± 20 | V |
| E_{ARV} | Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy ③ | 170 | mJ |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation | 200 | W |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation | 78 | |
| T_J | Operating Junction and | -55 to + 150 | °C |
| T_{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | | |
| | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) | |
| | Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw. | 10 lbf•in (1.1N•m) | |

Thermal Resistance

| | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|---|----------|------|--------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case | — | 0.64 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta CS}$ | Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface | 0.24 | — | |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount | — | 40 | |
| Wt | Weight | 6 (0.21) | — | g (oz) |

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|---------------------------------|--|------|------|-----------|---------|--|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$ | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | 1200 | — | — | V | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| $V_{(BR)ECS}$ | Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④ | 18 | — | — | V | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$ |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage | — | 1.20 | — | V/°C | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$ |
| $V_{CE(ON)}$ | Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage | — | 2.56 | 3.5 | V | $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig.2, 5 |
| | | — | 2.78 | 3.7 | | |
| | | — | 3.20 | — | | |
| | | — | 2.54 | — | | |
| $V_{GE(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | 3.0 | — | 6.0 | | $I_C = 20A$ $I_C = 24A$ $I_C = 45A$ $I_C = 24A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| $\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage | — | -13 | — | mV/°C | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| g_{fe} | Forward Transconductance ⑤ | 23 | 35 | — | S | $V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 24A$ |
| I_{CES} | Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current | — | — | 250 | μA | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$ |
| | | — | — | 2.0 | | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 24V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | | — | — | 5000 | | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{GES} | Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current | — | — | ± 100 | nA | $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$ |

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|--|
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge (turn-on) | — | 160 | 250 | nC | $I_C = 24A$ $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 8 |
| Q_{ge} | Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on) | — | 27 | 40 | | |
| Q_{gc} | Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on) | — | 53 | 83 | | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 35 | — | ns | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 24A, V_{CC} = 960V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 9, 10, 14 |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 15 | — | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 200 | 350 | | |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 290 | 500 | mJ | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 24A, V_{CC} = 960V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 11, 14 |
| E_{on} | Turn-On Switching Loss | — | 0.53 | — | | |
| E_{off} | Turn-Off Switching Loss | — | 1.41 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 1.94 | 2.6 | mJ | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$ $I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 960V$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 14, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 31 | — | | |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 18 | — | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 320 | — | ns | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 24A, V_{CC} = 960V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 11, 14 |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 280 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 5.40 | — | | |
| E_{on} | Turn-On Switching Loss | — | 0.35 | — | mJ | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$ $I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 960V$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 14, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| E_{off} | Turn-Off Switching Loss | — | 1.43 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 1.78 | 2.9 | | |
| L_E | Internal Emitter Inductance | — | 13 | — | nH | Measured 5mm from package |
| C_{ies} | Input Capacitance | — | 3600 | — | pF | $V_{GE} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $f = 1.0MHz$ See Fig. 7 |
| C_{oes} | Output Capacitance | — | 160 | — | | |
| C_{res} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | — | 31 | — | | |

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE} = 20V$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 13b)
- ② $V_{CC} = 80\%(V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 10\mu H, R_G = 5.0\Omega$, (See fig. 13a)
- ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ⑤ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

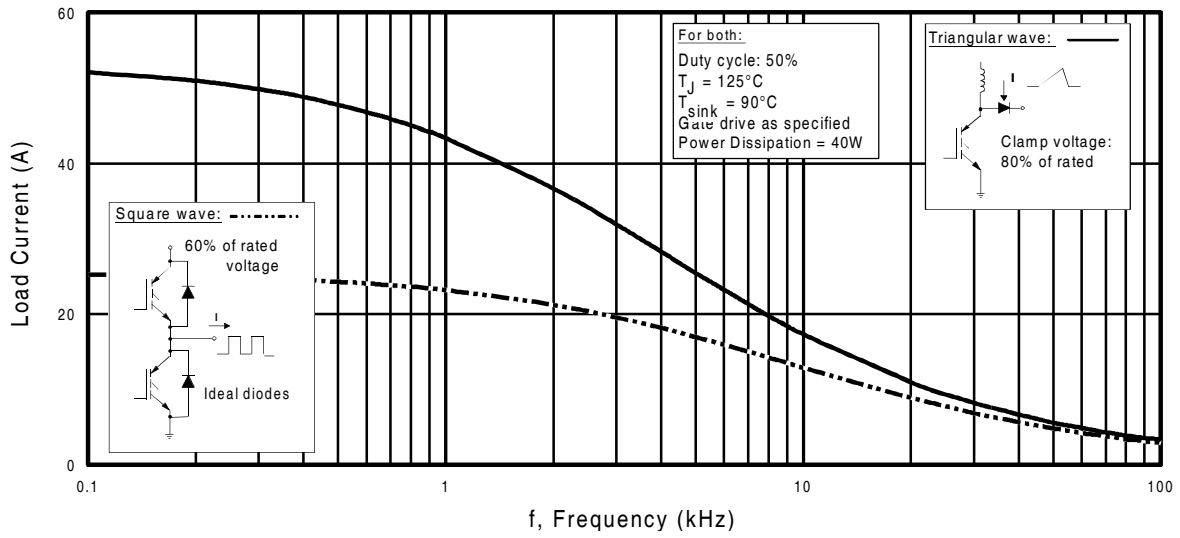


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
 (Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

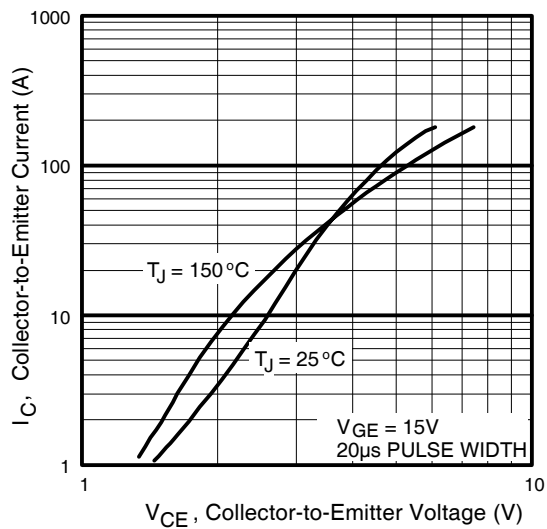


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

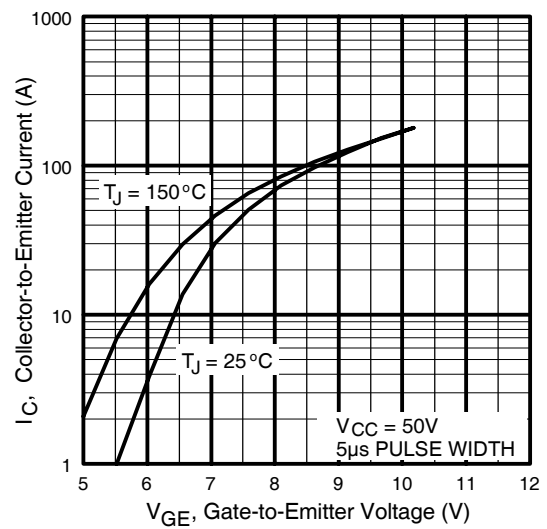


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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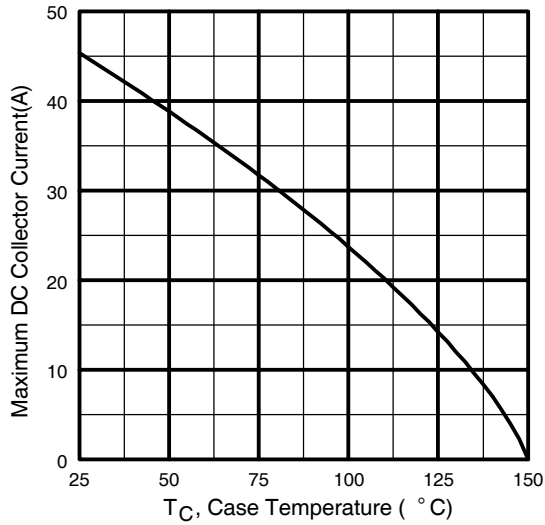


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

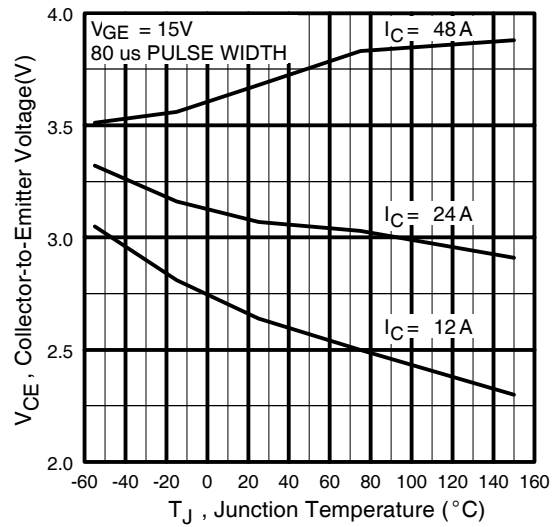


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

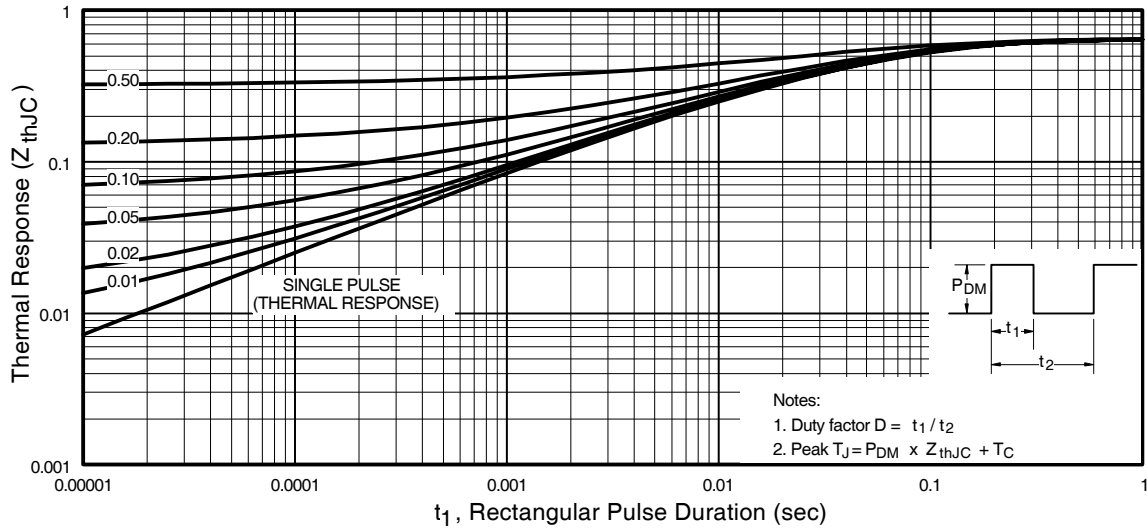


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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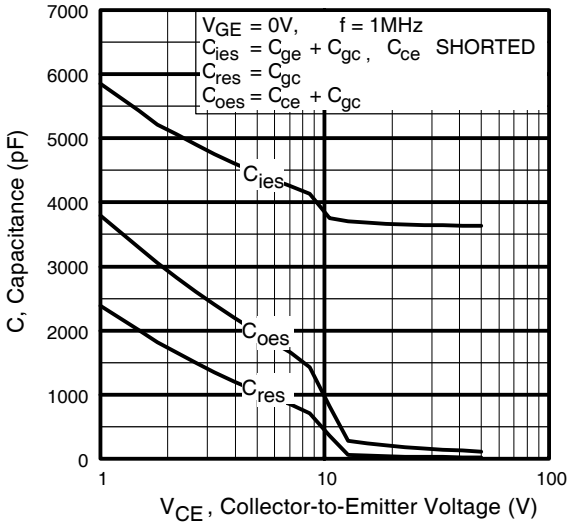


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

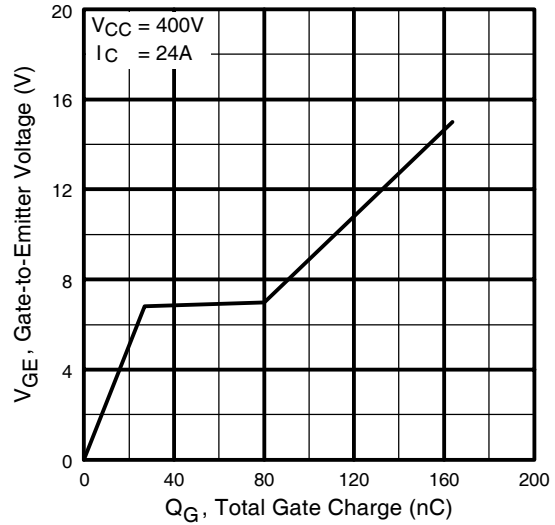


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

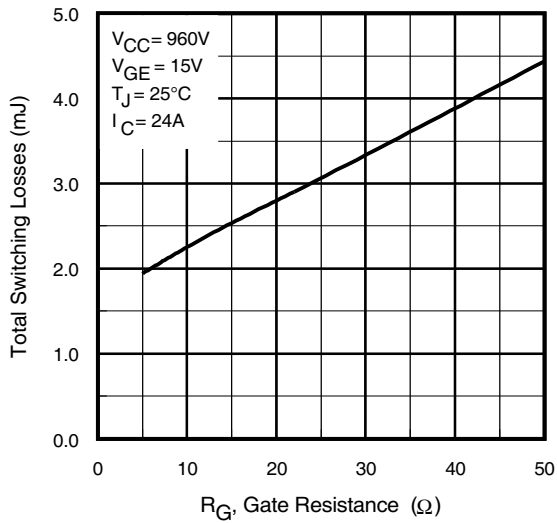


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

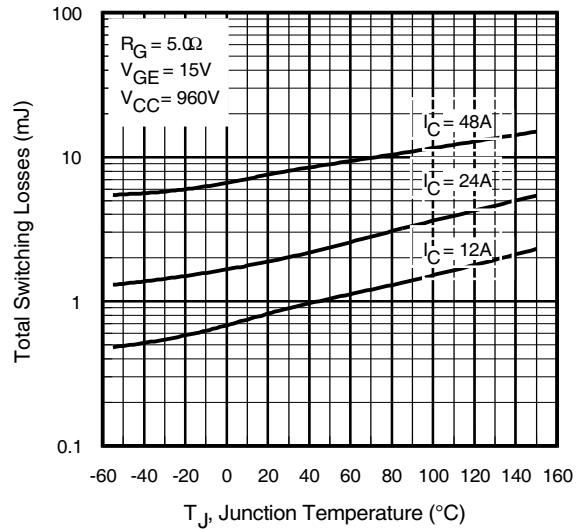


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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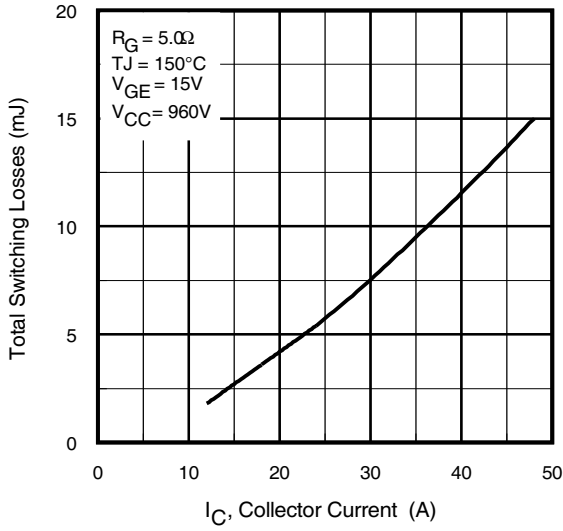


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

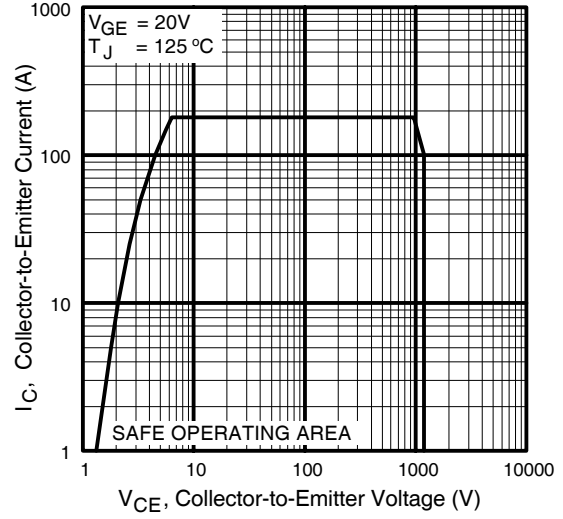
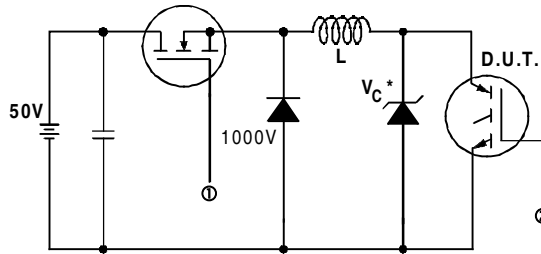


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA



* Driver same type as D.U.T.; $V_c = 80\%$ of $V_{ce(max)}$
 * Note: Due to the 50V power supply, pulse width and inductor will increase to obtain rated I_d .

Fig. 13a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

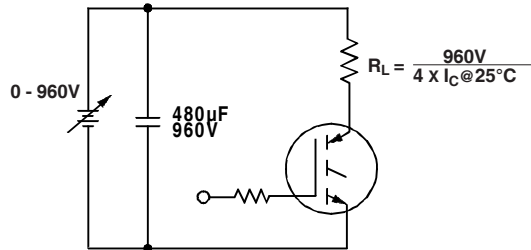


Fig. 13b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

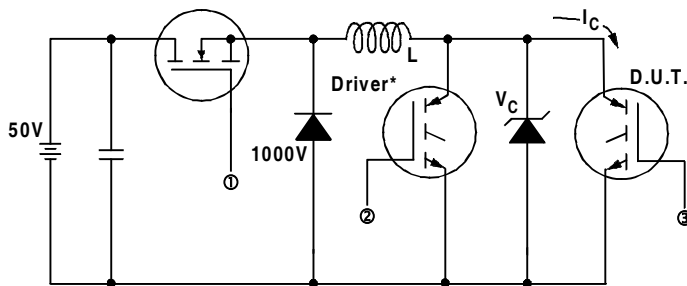


Fig. 14a - Switching Loss Test Circuit

* Driver same type as D.U.T., $V_C = 960V$

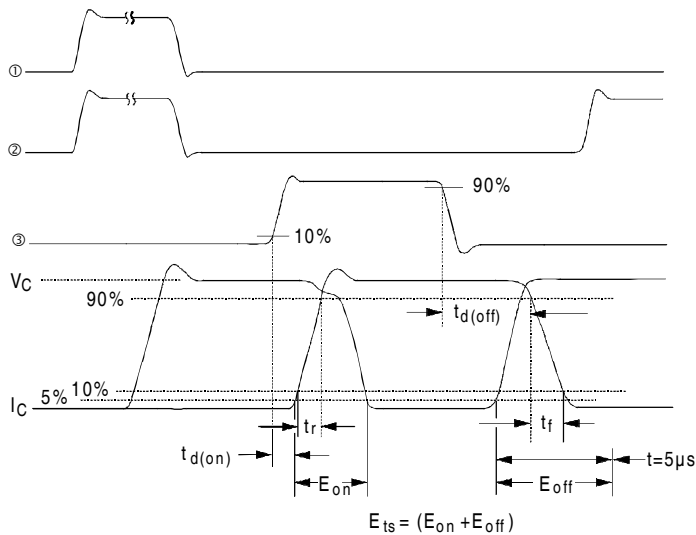


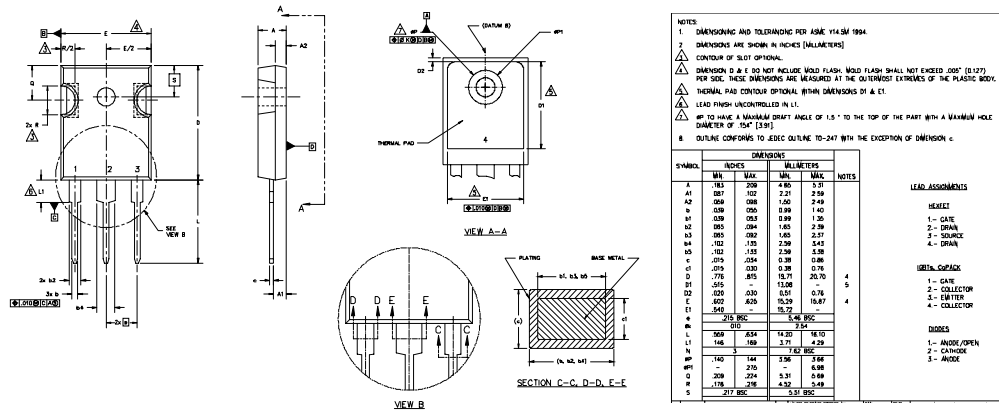
Fig. 14b - Switching Loss Waveforms

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TO-247AC Package Outline

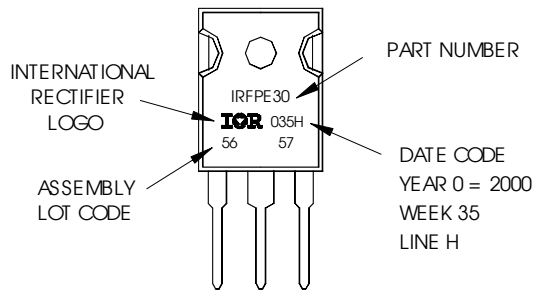
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFP30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.



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Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
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