## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## **RoHS 6/6 Compliant**



#### **Applications**

- Wide band power amplifier
- **Broadcast systems**
- Lasers
- Acoustic noise sensitive systems
- LED signage

#### **Features**

- Efficiency exceeding 94%1
- Compact form factor 11.52"L x 5.29"W x 1.83"H with max 14.3 W/in3 density
- 1600W from nominal 200-240V<sub>AC</sub> <50°C baseplate
- 1200W from nominal 100–120 $V_{AC}$  for  $V_0 < 52V_{DC}$ ,  $< 50^{\circ}C$ baseplate
- Output voltage programmable from  $42V 58V_{DC}$
- "Floating" output for positive or negative polarity
- Remote ON/OFF control of the main output by RS485
- Comprehensive input, output and overtemperature protection
- Precision measurement reporting of input/output voltage & current
- Power factor correction (meets EN/IEC 61000-3-2 and EN 60555-2 requirements)
- Redundant, parallel operation with active load sharing
- Completely enclosed, conduction cooled
- Adapter card available with I/O screw terminals
- UL\* Recognized, CAN/ CSA<sup>†</sup> C22.2 specified compliance with IEC60950-1
- CE mark meets 2006/95/EC directive§

#### **Description**

The CC1600 is a conduction-cooled, industrial-grade rectifier designed for reliable operation in both outdoor and indoor applications. With high-range ac input (200-240 Vac), it can deliver the maximum 1600W at case temperatures less than 50°C. With low-range ac input (100-120 Vac), it delivers up to 1200W at case temperatures less than 50°C.

The CC1600 has an extremely wide programmable output voltage capability. Featuring high-density, fully enclosed, conductioncooled packaging, it is designed for minimal space utilization

- \* UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- \* VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.

  § This product is intended for integration into end-user equipment. All CE marking procedures of end-user equipment should be followed. (The CE mark is placed on selected products.)

  \*\* ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards

At output voltages exceeding 52V<sub>DC</sub>



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#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage: Continuous	V <sub>IN</sub>	0	264	V <sub>AC</sub>
Operating Case Temperature (sink side) <sup>2</sup>	Tc	-10	75	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40	85	°C
Input Isolation voltage to Frame (100% factory Hi-Pot tested)			1500	V <sub>AC</sub>
Output Isolation voltage to Frame (100% factory Hi-Pot tested)			500	V <sub>AC</sub>

#### **Electrical Specifications**

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, Vo= $52V_{DC}$ , resistive load, and case temperature  $T_C \le 50^{\circ}C$  (where derating starts).  $T_C$  is measured in the middle of the heat-sink side.

INPUT					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Low voltage Turn ON			85	90	
Operating Input Voltage					
Low-line range		90	100 – 120	175	
High-line range		176	200 - 240	264	
Voltage Swell (no damage)				275	
Low voltage Turn OFF	V <sub>IN</sub>		80	85	V <sub>AC</sub>
Hysteresis			5		
High voltage Turn ON	7		267		
High voltage Turn OFF			272		
Hysteresis			5		
Frequency	F <sub>IN</sub>	45		65	Hz
Full-Load Input Current at V <sub>IN</sub> =					
90-100V <sub>AC</sub> , P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W			15.1		A <sub>RMS</sub>
110-145V <sub>AC</sub> , P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W	lin		12.1		ARMS
230V <sub>AC</sub> , P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W			7.6		
Inrush Current (90-264V <sub>AC</sub> , 25°C, excluding X-Capacitor charging)	I <sub>IN</sub>			25	A <sub>PK</sub>
Idle Power (230V <sub>AC</sub> , P <sub>OUT</sub> =0)					
Output OFF	P <sub>IN</sub>		7	10	W
Output ON			15	20	
Leakage Current to Earth (250V <sub>AC</sub> , 60Hz)	lin			3.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Harmonic Distortion (85% to 100% of rated load): Class A				5	%
Power Factor (230V <sub>AC</sub> , 60–100% of full load)	PF	0.96	0.98		
Efficiency (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 52V, 50%-100% of full load)					
115V <sub>AC</sub>	η	90	92		%
230V <sub>AC</sub>		93	95		
Holdup time (230V <sub>AC</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 52V, P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W, TA ≥ -10°C, output	Т	10			ms
allowed to decay down to 42V <sub>DC</sub> )	'	10			1115
Ride-through time	Т	10			ms
Isolation <sup>3</sup>					
Input (each line) - Chassis		1500			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}\,$  See the derating guidelines under the Environmental Specifications section

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> According to EN60950; test with equivalent dc voltage is acceptable. "Output" includes control signals. Consult factory before testing to avoid damage

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

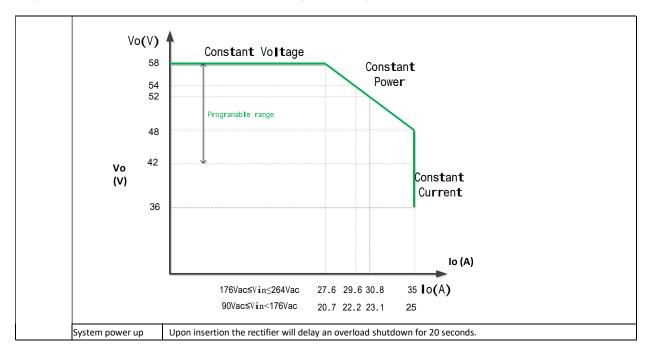
Maximum Output Power, Low-line input, 90–14 High-line input, 176–20 Perated Output Power at Low-line input, 90–145 High-line input, 176–20 actory set point (T <sub>C</sub> =25°C Overall regulation (load, li	15VAC, TC < 50°C 54VAC, TC < 50°C FC > 50°C AC 2%/°C 54VAC2%/°C 5, JOUT=50% full load)4	Роит	1200 1600			W <sub>DC</sub>
High-line input, 176–20 Derated Output Power at Low-line input, 90–145 High-line input, 176–20 Cactory set point (T <sub>C</sub> =25°C Overall regulation (load, li	54V <sub>AC</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> < 50°C  F <sub>C</sub> > 50°C  Ac 2%/°C  64V <sub>AC</sub> 2%/°C  5, I <sub>OUT</sub> =50% full load) <sup>4</sup>	P <sub>OUT</sub>				$W_{DC}$
Derated Output Power at Low-line input, 90–145 High-line input, 176–20 actory set point (T <sub>c</sub> =25°C Overall regulation (load, li	Fc > 50°C AC 2%/°C 64V <sub>AC</sub> 2%/°C r, I <sub>OUT</sub> =50% full load) <sup>4</sup>		1600			
Low-line input, 90–145 High-line input, 176–20 actory set point (T <sub>c</sub> =25°C Overall regulation (load, li	ac 2%/°C 54V <sub>aC</sub> 2%/°C :, l <sub>OUT</sub> =50% full load) <sup>4</sup>					
High-line input, 176–20 actory set point (T <sub>c</sub> =25°C Overall regulation (load, li	54V <sub>AC</sub> 2%/°C , I <sub>OUT</sub> =50% full load) <sup>4</sup>					
actory set point (T <sub>c</sub> =25°C) Overall regulation (load, li	, I <sub>OUT</sub> =50% full load) <sup>4</sup>	V				$W_{DC}$
overall regulation (load, li	·	. V				
	ne, temperature, life)	V <sub>O,NOM</sub>	51.5	52	52.5	$V_{DC}$
		V <sub>оит</sub>			±2	% FL
Output Voltage Set Range	(software control)		42		58	V <sub>DC</sub>
Maximum Output Current						
Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =4	2.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)				25.0	
Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =4	8.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)				25.0	
Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5	2.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)				23.1	
Low-line input, Vout=5	I <sub>O,FL</sub>			20.7	A <sub>DC</sub>	
High-line input, Vout=4	2.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)				33.3	
High-line input, Vout=4	8.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)				33.3	
High-line input, Vout=5	2.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)				30.8	
High-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =58.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)					27.6	
Current Share (single-wire	, up to 12 rectifiers, each >50% full load)			±3	±5	% FL
Output Ripple (V <sub>IN</sub> =120/2	BOV <sub>AC</sub> , load > 0.5A, 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)					
Peak-to-Peak (0 to 50°C		V <sub>OUT</sub>			200	mV <sub>p-p</sub>
RMS					50	$mV_{rms}$
xternal Bulk Load Capacit	ance	Соит	0		10,000	μF
- Turn-On⁵						
Delay					5	s
Rise Time (hardware sig	nal /RS485)					
No load to full load		T		115		ms
Overshoot/Undersho	pt					
					2	%
oad Step Response (ΔI <sub>0</sub> /	Δt=1A/μS, I <sub>O,START</sub> ≥ 10% full load )					
ΔΙ		I <sub>OUT</sub>			25	% I <sub>O,Fi</sub>
$\DeltaV$		V <sub>out</sub>			±5	%
Settling time (to within	LO% peak deviation)	Т			5	ms
Power limit ,	high line	Роит	1600			W
ermissible	Low line	Роит	1200			W
Load Current limit		Іоит	33.3			A
oundary Current limit,	Low line	I <sub>OUT</sub>	25.0			A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Output is floating; either side can be connected to frame ground.

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  Monotonic turn-on from 30% to 100% of  $V_{O,NOM}$  above -5°C operation, and from 60% to 100% of  $V_{O,NOM}$  below -5°C operation.

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V



#### **Electrical Specifications (continued)**

52V <sub>DC</sub> MAIN OUTPUT					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Short-circuit current (hiccup mode)			10		% of full load
Under-voltage shutdown <sup>6</sup>				36	V <sub>DC</sub>
Over-Voltage (latched shutdown)	V <sub>OUT</sub>		59.5		V <sub>DC</sub>
Over-temperature Shutdown (below the max device rating being protected) Restart hysteresis (below shutdown level)	Т	20 10			°C
Isolation Output-Chassis (Standard, non-POE compliant)	V	500			V <sub>DC</sub>

8V <sub>DC</sub> Auxiliary output <sup>7</sup>					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-point	V <sub>out</sub>		8		$V_{DC}$
Output Current		0		150	mA

## **General Specifications**

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Reliability		450,000		Hours	Full load, 25°C; MTBF per SR232 Reliability protection for electronic equipment, issue 2, method I, case III,
Service Life		10		Years	Full load 25C
Unpacked Weight		3.4		Kgs/Lbs	
Packed Weight		4.0		Kgs/Lbs	
Heat Dissipation 75 Watts or 246 BTUs @ 80% load, 100 Watts or 341 BTUs @ 100% load					

<sup>6</sup> Attempts auto-restart (hiccup) a minimum of three times, then latches off. A restart command from the controller resets this protection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Designed for internal use only, to bias up to 4 other identical rectifiers. Therefore regulation, ripple & noise are not specified, and **no over-current protection is provided**.

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## **Environmental Specifications**

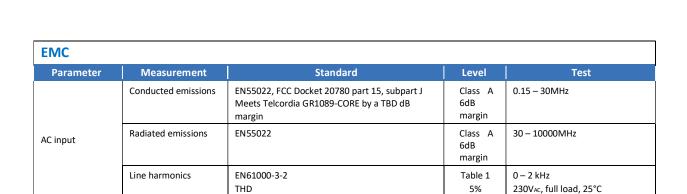
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Operating Case Temperature <sup>8</sup>	-40 <sup>9</sup>		75	°C	Measured in the center of the heatsink side.	
Storage Temperature	-40		85	°C		
Operating Altitude			4000/13,100	m/ft		
Non-operating Altitude			8200/27,000	m/ft		
Power Derating with Temperature			2	%/°C	50°C - 75°C	
Acoustic noise		0		dbA	Full load	
Humidity Operating Storage Shock and Vibration acceleration	5		95 95 2.4	% % Grms	Relative humidity, non-condensing  IPC-9592B, Class II	
1300 1200 1100 1100 900 900 900 700 600	Outp	ut power dei	1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1300 1200 1000 1000 1000 1000 10	emperature		

600

500

Cold Plate (C)

High line at  $T_C > 50$ °C, 2%/°C



500

400

35 40

50 55 60

Low line at  $T_C > 50$ °C, 2%/°C

Cold Plate (C)

 $<sup>^8</sup>$  With power derating for  $T_\text{C} > 50^\circ\text{C}$  regardless of low-line and high-line.

 $<sup>^9</sup>$  Designed to start and work at an ambient as low as -40°C, but may not meet operational limits until above -5°C

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

EMC (continued)							
Parameter	Measurement	Standard	Criteria <sup>10</sup>	Test			
	Line sags and	EN61000-4-11	В	-30%, 10ms			
	interruptions		В	-60%, 100ms			
			В	-100%, 5sec			
		Output will stay above 40V <sub>DC</sub> @ 75% load		25% line sag for 2 seconds			
AC Input Immunity		Sag must be higher than 80Vrms.	А	1 cycle interruption			
,	Lightning surge	EN61000-4-5, Level 4, 1.2/50μs – error free	А	4kV, common mode			
			А	2kV, differential mode			
		ANSI C62.41 - level A3	В	6kV, common & differential			
	Fast transients	EN61000-4-4, Level 3	А	5/50ns, 2kV (common mode)			
	Conducted RF fields	EN61000-4-6, Level 3	А	130dBμV, 0.15-80MHz, 80% AM			
Enclosure	Radiated RF fields	EN61000-4-3, Level 3	А	10V/m, 80-1000MHz, 80% AM			
immunity		ENV 50140	А				
	ESD	EN61000-4-2, Level 4	В	8kV contact, 15kV air			

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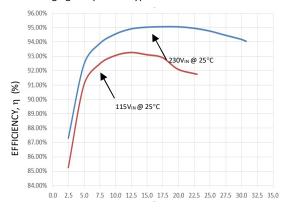
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Criteria A: The product must maintain performance within specification limits. Criteria B: Temporary degradation which is self recoverable. Criteria C: Temporary degradation which requires operator intervention.

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

#### **Characteristic Curves**

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the CC1600AC52SXZ01A rectifier and 25°C.



V<sub>IN</sub> − Blue I<sub>IN</sub> − Green V<sub>IN</sub> − (200V/div) I<sub>IN</sub> − (10A/div)

OUTPUT CURRENT, Io (A)

Figure 1. Rectifier Efficiency versus Output Current.

INPUT CURRENT

Figure 2. Inrush current VIN = 230VAC, 0°C phase angle



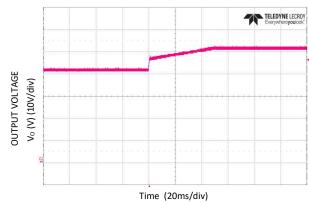
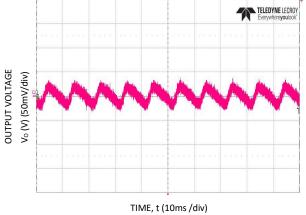
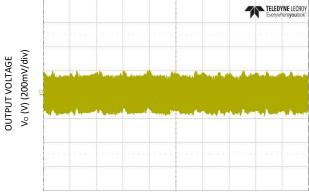


Figure 3. Main output: Output changed from 52V to 42V, full load; commanded via RS485.

Figure 4. Main output: Output changed from 42V to 52V, full load; commanded via RS485.





TIME, t (10ms/div)

Figure 5.  $52V_{DC}$  output ripple and noise, full load,  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ , 20MHz bandwidth

Figure 6.  $8V_{DC}$  output ripple and noise, all full load,  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ , 20MHz bandwidth

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

#### **Characteristic Curves (continued)**

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the CC1600AC52SX rectifier and 25°C.

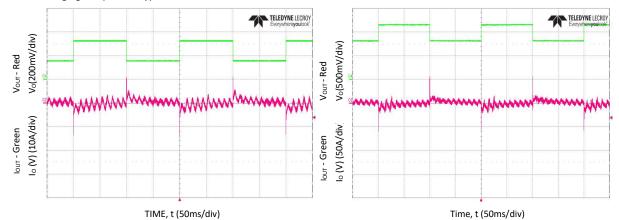


Figure 7. Transient response  $52V_{DC}$  load step 25-50%, Slew rate:  $1A/\mu_S$ ,  $V_{IN}$  =  $230V_{AC}$ 

Figure 8. Transient response  $52V_{DC}$  load step 50-75%, Slew rate:  $1A/\mu_S$ ,  $V_{IN}=230V_{AC}$  .

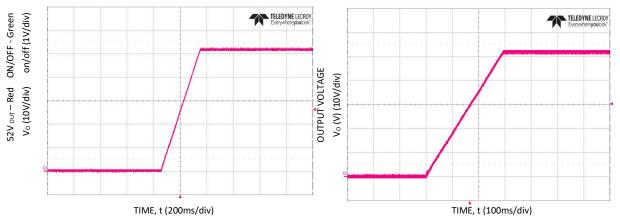


Figure 9.  $52V_{DC}$  soft start, 80% full load  $V_{IN}$  =  $230V_{AC}$ .

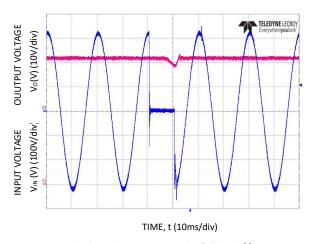


Figure 11. Ride through missing  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle, full load,  $V_{\text{IN}} = 230V_{\text{AC}}$ .

Figure 10.  $52V_{DC}$  soft start, 80% full load  $V_{IN}$  =  $230V_{AC}$  with  $10000\mu F$  external capacitance.

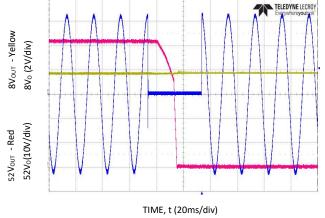


Figure 12. 40ms AC dropout @ full load, V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub>.

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## **Characteristic Curves (continued)**

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the CC1600AC52SX rectifier and  $25^{\circ}$ C.

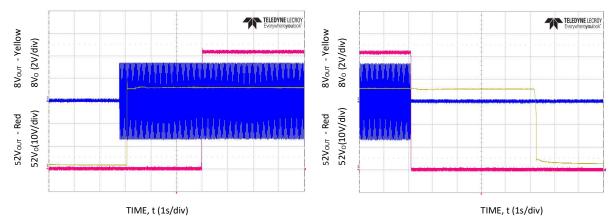


Figure 13. Turn-ON at full load  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ 

Figure 14. Turn-OFF at full load  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ .

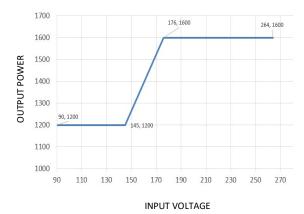


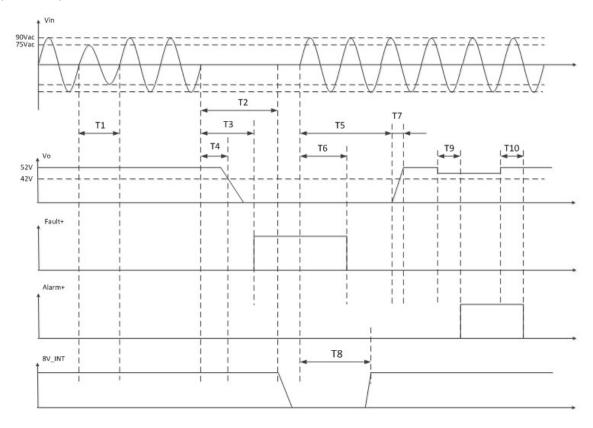
Figure 15. Output power derating below  $V_{\text{IN}}$  of 185 $V_{\text{AC}}$ 

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

#### **Timing diagrams**

#### **Response to input fluctuations**



T1 – ride through time – 0.5 to 1 cycles [ 10 - 20ms]  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  remains within regulation – load dependent

T2 – hold up time of the 8V\_INT output @ full load – 5s – from the time when AC input is failed

T3 – AC failed delay time <320ms – from when the AC input failed to Fault signal be high

T4 – hold up time >10ms – V<sub>OUT</sub> stays above 42V<sub>DC</sub> for high line and >18ms for low line

T5 – delay time – 3.3s – from AC returns to regulation to restart of output

T6 – AC failed recovery time -400ms – from when the AC returns within regulation to Fault signal be low

T7 – rise time - 120ms – the time it takes for V<sub>OUT</sub> to rise from 10% to 90% of regulation

T8 – turn on delay time of the 8V\_INT output – 4.7s – 8V\_INT is available at least 3s before the main output is within regulation

 $T9-Alarm\ settle\ time\ for\ current\ limit-140ms\ -from\ current\ limit\ to\ alarm\ signal\ be\ high.$ 

T10 – Alarm recovery time for current limit – 1s –from releasing of current limitation to alarm signal be low

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

#### **Output Behavior**

The rectifier produces power at the output-voltage set-point (either at the factory default when the input AC voltage is within the defined operating input voltage range.

Current limit. As shown by the Vo versus Io curve in the Electrical Specifications table, the maximum rectifier current follows a constant-power curve from 48V to 58V (unless the current limit is reset to less than 100%). Overcurrent protection is initiated at 5% above this maximum current. Between 48V and the under-voltage shutdown limit (36Vdc max), the maximum current is fixed. If the output voltage falls below the under-voltage shutdown limit, the rectifier shuts down and automatically attempt to restart. If the input voltage crosses 176 Vac, the current limits jump to new values as shown below the Vo versus Io curve.

**Output Over-Current**. Depending on the input voltage the output behavior shall follow the power curve as described in the Rectifier.

Once the output current limit has reached and the output voltage is <36V, the rectifier shall enter a hiccup. During restart if the output voltage is still <36V and over-current is re-triggered, the unit will attempt to restart for 14 seconds, then remain off for 14 seconds, then retry.

**Output Over-Voltage**. If the rectifier's output voltage exceeds the HVSD threshold, the rectifier shall shut down its output. It shall then attempt to restart 3 times. Once 3 successive restarts have been attempted, the rectifier shall be latched off. The rectifier shall remain latched off until either the AC input is cycled.

**Input Over-Voltage**. If the rectifier AC input voltage exceeds the internal over-voltage threshold then the rectifier shall latch shut-down. The rectifier shall remain off until the AC input voltage returns to the allowable input range.

**Over-Temperature**. The unit is protected from overtemperature at multiple internal sense points by shutting down, then restarting after all points have cooled to acceptable levels.

**Restart after a latch off:** To restart after a latch off, any of three restart mechanisms are available:

- 1. Remove and reinsert the unit.
- 2. Turn OFF and then turn ON AC power to the unit.
- 3. The unit may be commanded to restart via RS485 through the Operation command by first turning OFF then turning ON.

Each of these commands must keep the rectifier in the OFF state for at least 2 seconds, with the exception of changing to **restart**.

A successful restart shall clear all alarm registers.

#### **Control and Status**

Analog control inputs are provided only to share load current evenly between rectifiers connected in parallel. These signals are named SHARE+ and SHARE-, described in the "Pin Assignments" table near the end of this datasheet.

Signal Reference: There are three different signal "grounds" in the rectifier, Alarm-GND, Sig-GND, and Com-GND. Com-GND is connected to Sig-GND by a 10 ohm resistor inside the rectifier. Alarm-GND has 100V of functional isolation from the other two. Individual signals are referenced to one of these grounds as described in the "Pin Assignments" table near the end of this datasheet.

Com-GND and Sig-GND are connected internally by a 10-ohm resistor so they should never be driven to different potentials. Sig-GND is capacitively coupled to PE inside the rectifier; the voltage difference between them should be kept less than  $100V_{DC}$ . Likewise Alarm-GND should not be driven more than  $100V_{DC}$  from Sig-Gnd or PE.

#### **Analog Control Signals**

Load share (Ishare+ and -): This is a two wire analog signal that is generated and acted upon automatically by rectifiers connected in parallel. Ishare pins should be connected to each other for rectifiers, if active current share among the rectifiers is desired. No resistors or capacitors should get connected to this pin.

**8V\_INT:** Single wire connection between rectifiers, Provides bias to the DSP of an unpowered rectifier.

#### **Digital Communications**

CC1600 supports RS485 communication (with GP protocol). The details are not provided in this datasheet. GE will provide separate application notes on the Galaxy RS485 based protocol for users to interface to rectifier. Contact your local GE representative for details.

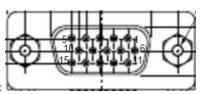
# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

# **Pin Assignments**

#### **Signal Connector for Screw-Terminal Version (-ES)**

Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1
Fault+	Alarm+	8V_INT	GND	RS485_A
Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6
ALARM-GND	Reserved	PS-Present	ComGND	RS485_B
Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11
ADDR0	ADDR1	ADDR2	Share+	Share-



• Sub D-15 connector (from which direction):

Pin Number	Function	Description
		Signal Pins
Pin5	Fault+	Isolated open collector output with internal 100 ohms series resistor. Closed to ALARM-GND in normal non-FAULT condition. Opens (high resistance) with respect to ALARM-GND during a FAULT condition. Maximum sink current 3mA.
Pin4	Alarm+	Isolated open collector output with internal 100 ohms series resistor. Closed to ALARM-GND in normal non-ALARM condition. Opens (high resistance) with respect to ALARM-GND during an ALARM condition. Maximum sink current 3mA.
Pin10	ALARM-GND	Isolated ground for Fault+ and Alarm+ signals.
Pin12	Share+	Current sharing bus
Pin11	Share-	
Pin9	Reserved	No connect
Pin8	PS-present	Module present signal connected to ALARM-GND inside the rectifier
Pin2	GND	Signal GND for 8V_INT and ADDR0, ADDR1, ADDR2.
Pin15	ADDR0	Address signals.
Pin14	ADDR1	
Pin13	ADDR2	
Pin3	8V_INT	8 V DC internal back-bias (~150mA)
Pin7	ComGND	RS485 circuit reference ground, connected to GND via a low value resistor inside the rectifier.
Pin1	RS485_A	RS485 communication signals; RS485_A is the Signal +
Pin6	RS485_B	or non- inverting (+) pin aka '+' aka TxD+/RxD+. RS485_B is the Signal- or inverting (-) pin aka '-' aka TxD-/RxD.

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## **Mechanical Outline (Preliminary)**

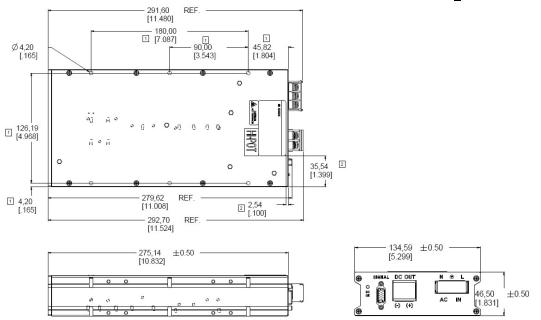
Flatness of sink side ±0.15 mm

Outline Dimensions (including protruding connector): 292.70 x 134.59 x 46.50mm (11.524 x 5.299 x 1.831 inch)

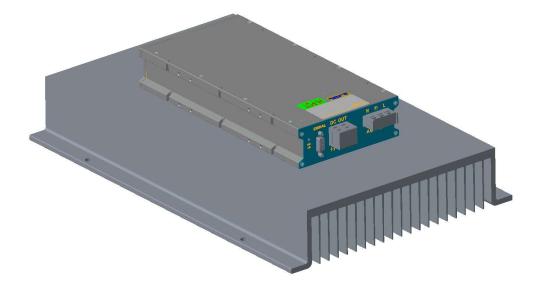
"Cooling side" (for heat transfer) is the large surface as below shown, opposite the label.

The cooling device (cold plate, warm wall or heat sink) should be placed in good thermal contact with the entire cooling surface by using thermal grease or thermal interface pad between rectifier and cold plate.

(Drill 6pcs M4 thread holes on cold plate to matting below 6 pcs  $\,\Phi$  4.2 of rectifier as marked 1.)



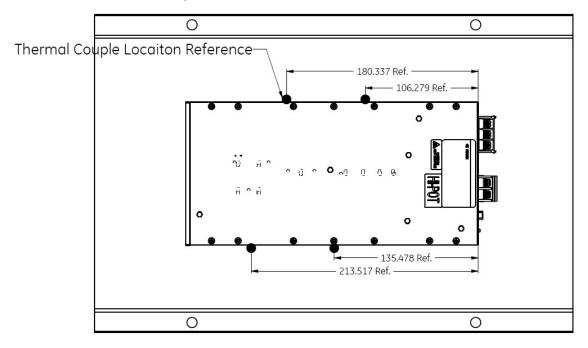
Matting rectifier on the surface of cold plate as below shown.

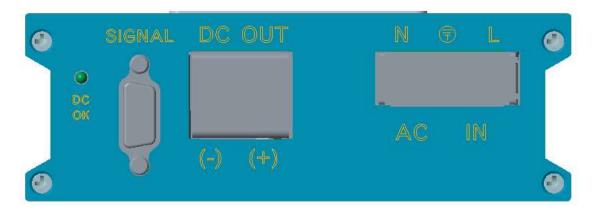


## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

The locations of 4 thermal couples reference as below shown.





## **Screw-Terminal Connector Option**

Input Terminal Block	4600096785P	DINKLE: DT-51-B12W-03
Output Terminal Block	4600095190P	DINKLE: DT-66-C11W-02
Signal D SUB	450051939	TE: CONN 1734530-3 RIGHT-ANGLE RECEPTACLE ASSY 15P 3R

Visual Indicators (LED)

"DC OK" LED

The green LED shall illuminate when DC output voltages are within specification and able to provide power.

LED will extinguish immediately when power is removed.

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

#### **Accessories**

Item	Descrip	Part number
		TE Connector: 748364-1 Terminal: 1658670-2 Cable wire: 10368 or EQ, AWG 24
	7 c ilipat numes	Ring Terminal TE PN: 4-51864-1 or EQ Min ID: Φ4.3mm Max OD: Φ8.4mm AWG: 14GA
	De Gutput Harness	Ring Terminal TE PN: 8-35787-2 or EQ Min ID: Ф4.3mm Max OD: Ф9.0mm AWG: 10GA

## [[Other desirable accessories]]

- ☐ Signal-cable assembly (with male mini-DB15)
- ☐ (maybe) Thermal pad (offer with heatsinks)

GE TRD v0.19

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

#### **Ordering Information**

Please contact your GE Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

**Table 4: Device Codes** 

Item	Description	Comcode
CC1600AC52SXZ01A	1600W ACDC fanless 52V rectifier with screw terminals	CC1600AC52SXZ01A

# **Contact Us**

For more information, call us at

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## **ПОСТАВКА** ЭЛЕКТРОННЫХ КОМПОНЕНТОВ

Общество с ограниченной ответственностью «МосЧип» ИНН 7719860671 / КПП 771901001 Адрес: 105318, г.Москва, ул.Щербаковская д.3, офис 1107

# Данный компонент на территории Российской Федерации Вы можете приобрести в компании MosChip.

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## http://moschip.ru/get-element

Вы можете разместить у нас заказ для любого Вашего проекта, будь то серийное производство или разработка единичного прибора.

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Сотрудничество с глобальными дистрибьюторами электронных компонентов, предоставляет возможность заказывать и получать с международных складов практически любой перечень компонентов в оптимальные для Вас сроки.

На всех этапах разработки и производства наши партнеры могут получить квалифицированную поддержку опытных инженеров.

Система менеджмента качества компании отвечает требованиям в соответствии с ГОСТ Р ИСО 9001, ГОСТ РВ 0015-002 и ЭС РД 009

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