74AUP1T34-Q100

Low-power dual supply translating buffer

Rev. 2 — 14 January 2019 Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74AUP1T34-Q100 provides a single buffer with two separate supply voltages. Input A is designed to track $V_{CC(A)}$. Output Y is designed to track $V_{CC(Y)}$. Both, $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(Y)}$ accepts any supply voltage from 1.1 V to 3.6 V. This feature allows universal low voltage interfacing between any of the 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V voltage nodes.

Schmitt trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times across the entire V_{CC} range from 1.1 V to 3.6 V. This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V_{CC} range from 1.1 V to 3.6 V. This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF}. The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range from 1.1 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - MIL-STD-883, method 3015 Class 3A. Exceeds 5000 V
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A. Exceeds 5000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V (C = 200 pF, R = 0 Ω)
- Wide supply voltage range:
  - $V_{CC(A)}$: 1.1 V to 3.6 V
  - $V_{CC(Y)}$: 1.1 V to 3.6 V
- Low static power consumption; I_{CC} = 0.9 μA (maximum)
- Each port operates over the full 1.1 V to 3.6 V power supply range
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation

nexperia

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AUP1T34GW-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP5	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT353-1
74AUP1T34GM-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	SOT886

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code [1]
74AUP1T34GW-Q100	pQ
74AUP1T34GM-Q100	pQ

[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram

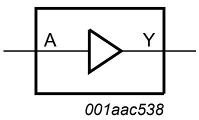


Fig. 1. Logic symbol

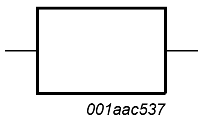


Fig. 2. IEC logic symbol

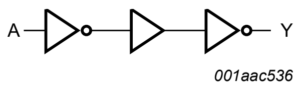


Fig. 3. Logic diagram

6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning

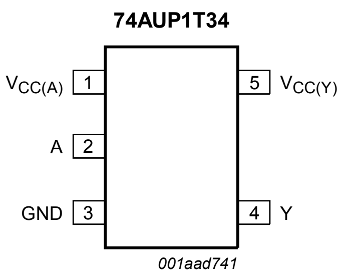


Fig. 4. Pin configuration SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

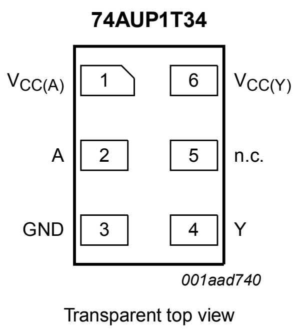


Fig. 5. Pin configuration SOT886 (XSON6)

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	TSSOP5	XSON6	
$V_{CC(A)}$	1	1	supply voltage port A
A	2	2	data input A
GND	3	3	ground (0 V)
Y	4	4	data output Y
n.c.	-	5	not connected
$V_{CC(Y)}$	5	6	supply voltage port Y

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

Input	Output
A	Y
L	L
H	H

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A			-0.5	+4.6	V
$V_{CC(Y)}$	supply voltage Y			-0.5	+4.6	V
I_{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V		-50	-	mA
V_I	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I_{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V		-50	-	mA
V_O	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I_O	output current	V_O = 0 V to $V_{CC(Y)}$		-	±20	mA
I_{CC}	supply current			-	50	mA
I_{GND}	ground current			-50	-	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C	[2]	-	250	mW

[1] The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
[2] For TSSOP5 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.
For XSON6 packages: above 118 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		1.1	3.6	V
$V_{CC(Y)}$	supply voltage Y		1.1	3.6	V
V_I	input voltage		0	3.6	V
V_O	output voltage		0	$V_{CC(Y)}$	V
T_{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	control and data inputs; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{amb} = 25 °C						
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$				
		I_O = -20 μA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC(Y)}$ - 0.1	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V	$0.75V_{CC(Y)}$	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V	1.11	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V	1.32	-	-	V
		I_O = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	2.05	-	-	V
		I_O = -3.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I_O = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	2.72	-	-	V
		I_O = -4.0 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	2.6	-	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IL}$				
		I_O = 20 μA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I_O = 1.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3V_{CC(Y)}$	V
		I_O = 1.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I_O = 1.9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I_O = 2.3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I_O = 3.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I_O = 2.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I_O = 4.0 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	input leakage current	V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	µA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A input; V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
		Y output; V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	A input; V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
		Y output; V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
I_{CC}	supply current	port A; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A				
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	-	0.5	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.6 V	-	0.0	-	µA
		port Y; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A				
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	0.0	-	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA
		port A and port Y; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	A input; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.3 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = $V_{CC(A)}$ - 0.6 V	-	-	40	µA
C_I	input capacitance	A input; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$	-	1.0	-	pF
C_O	output capacitance	Y output; V_O = GND; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	1.8	-	pF
T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C						
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V_I = V_{IH}				
		I_O = -20 µA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC(Y)}$ - 0.1	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V	$0.7V_{CC(Y)}$	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V	1.03	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.9 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V	1.30	-	-	V
		I_O = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	1.97	-	-	V
		I_O = -3.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	1.85	-	-	V
		I_O = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	2.67	-	-	V
		I_O = -4.0 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	2.55	-	-	V

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IL}$				
		I_O = 20 μA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I_O = 1.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3V_{CC(Y)}$	V
		I_O = 1.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		I_O = 1.9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		I_O = 2.3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I_O = 3.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I_O = 2.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I_O = 4.0 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V
I_I	input leakage current	V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A input; V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μA
		Y output; V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.5	μA
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	A input; V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.6	μA
		Y output; V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.6	μA
I_{CC}	supply current	port A; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A				
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	-	0.9	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.6 V	-	0.0	-	μA
		port Y; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A				
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	0.0	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
		port A and port Y; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	A input; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.3 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_I = V_{CC(A)}$ - 0.6 V	-	-	50	μA
T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C						
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	$0.7V_{CC(A)}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	$0.3V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$				
		I_O = -20 μA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC(Y)}$ - 0.11	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V	$0.6V_{CC(Y)}$	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V	0.93	-	-	V
		I_O = -1.9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V	1.17	-	-	V
		I_O = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	1.77	-	-	V
		I_O = -3.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	1.67	-	-	V
		I_O = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	2.40	-	-	V
		I_O = -4.0 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	2.30	-	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IL}$				
		I_O = 20 μA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		I_O = 1.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.33V_{CC(Y)}$	V
		I_O = 1.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		I_O = 1.9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		I_O = 2.3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I_O = 3.1 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.50	V
		I_O = 2.7 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I_O = 4.0 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
I_I	input leakage current	V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A input; V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
		Y output; V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	A input; V_I = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
		Y output; V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
I_{CC}	supply current	port A; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A				
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	-	1.4	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.6 V	-	0.0	-	μA
		port Y; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A				
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V	-	0.0	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
		port A and port Y; V_I = GND or $V_{CC(A)}$; I_O = 0 A; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	A input; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.3 V; $V_{CC(Y)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_I = V_{CC(A)}$ - 0.6 V	-	-	75	μA

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C_L = 5 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	9.8	25.4	2.3	25.9	25.9	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.4	7.1	15.3	2.2	16.3	16.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	6.0	12.7	1.9	13.8	14.3	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	5.1	9.8	2.0	10.5	10.9	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.1	4.7	8.8	1.9	9.1	9.3	ns
C_L = 5 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.3	9.1	23.9	2.0	24.5	24.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.1	6.4	13.6	1.9	14.7	15.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	5.3	10.9	1.6	12.1	12.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	4.3	7.8	1.6	8.7	9.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.8	3.9	6.6	1.6	7.1	7.5	ns
C_L = 5 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	8.8	23.2	1.9	23.9	24.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.0	6.0	13.0	1.8	14.1	14.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	4.9	10.3	1.5	11.4	12.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	3.9	7.2	1.5	8.0	8.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.7	3.5	5.9	1.5	6.4	6.8	ns
C_L = 5 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	8.4	22.8	1.9	23.4	23.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.9	5.7	12.3	1.8	13.4	14.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.7	4.6	9.6	1.5	10.7	11.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	3.5	6.3	1.5	7.2	7.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.6	3.1	5.1	1.4	5.6	6.0	ns
C_L = 5 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	8.1	22.5	1.9	22.9	22.9	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.9	5.4	12.0	1.8	12.9	13.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.7	4.3	9.2	1.5	10.2	10.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	3.3	6.0	1.5	6.7	7.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.6	2.9	4.8	1.4	5.2	5.5	ns

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
				Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C_L = 10 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		2.6	10.7	27.1	2.5	27.6	27.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		2.6	7.7	16.7	2.3	17.5	17.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.7	6.6	13.4	2.4	14.2	14.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.2	5.6	10.3	2.2	11.0	11.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.5	5.3	9.5	2.2	9.7	10.0	ns
C_L = 10 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		2.4	10.0	25.6	2.2	26.1	26.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		2.4	7.0	15.0	2.0	15.8	16.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.4	5.9	11.6	2.1	12.5	13.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.0	4.8	8.4	1.9	9.2	9.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.2	4.4	7.4	1.9	7.7	8.1	ns
C_L = 10 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		2.3	9.7	24.8	2.1	25.5	25.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		2.3	6.6	14.3	2.0	15.3	15.8	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.3	5.5	11.0	2.0	11.9	12.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.9	4.4	7.7	1.8	8.6	9.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.1	4.0	6.6	1.8	7.1	7.4	ns
C_L = 10 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		2.3	9.3	24.4	2.1	25.1	25.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		2.2	6.3	13.6	1.9	14.6	15.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.2	5.1	10.3	2.0	11.2	11.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.8	4.1	6.9	1.8	7.7	8.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.0	3.6	5.8	1.7	6.3	6.6	ns
C_L = 10 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		2.3	9.0	24.2	2.1	24.6	24.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		2.2	6.0	13.3	1.9	14.1	14.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.2	4.9	9.9	2.0	10.6	11.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.8	3.9	6.5	1.8	7.3	7.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.0	3.5	5.4	1.7	5.8	6.2	ns
C_L = 15 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.0	11.5	28.6	2.8	29.2	29.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		3.1	8.3	17.3	2.7	18.6	19.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.8	7.1	14.1	2.7	15.2	15.8	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.6	6.1	11.1	2.7	11.6	12.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.9	5.7	9.9	2.6	10.3	10.6	ns

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C_L = 15 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.8	10.8	27.1	2.6	27.7	27.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.8	7.6	15.7	2.4	17.0	17.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.5	6.3	12.3	2.4	13.5	14.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.3	5.3	9.2	2.4	9.9	10.3	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.6	4.9	7.8	2.3	8.3	8.7	ns
C_L = 15 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.7	10.5	26.4	2.5	27.1	27.3	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.7	7.2	15.0	2.3	16.4	17.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.4	6.0	11.7	2.3	12.8	13.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.2	4.9	8.5	2.2	9.2	9.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.5	4.5	7.1	2.2	7.7	8.0	ns
C_L = 15 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	10.1	26.0	2.4	26.7	26.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.7	6.9	14.3	2.3	15.7	16.3	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.4	5.6	10.9	2.2	12.1	12.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.1	4.5	7.6	2.2	8.4	8.9	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.4	4.1	6.2	2.1	6.8	7.2	ns
C_L = 15 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	9.8	25.7	2.4	26.2	26.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.7	6.6	14.0	2.3	15.2	15.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.4	5.4	10.5	2.2	11.6	12.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.1	4.3	7.3	2.2	7.9	8.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.4	3.9	5.9	2.1	6.4	6.8	ns
C_L = 30 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.7	13.7	32.9	3.5	33.5	33.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.6	9.8	19.5	3.6	20.9	21.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.7	8.4	15.9	3.5	17.0	17.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.0	7.2	12.2	3.4	12.7	13.2	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.8	6.8	10.9	3.4	12.2	12.5	ns
C_L = 30 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V									
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6 [2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.5	13.1	31.5	3.2	32.0	32.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.3	9.1	17.8	3.3	19.2	19.9	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.4	7.6	14.2	3.2	15.4	16.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.8	6.4	10.3	3.1	11.0	11.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.5	5.9	8.9	3.1	10.1	10.5	ns

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

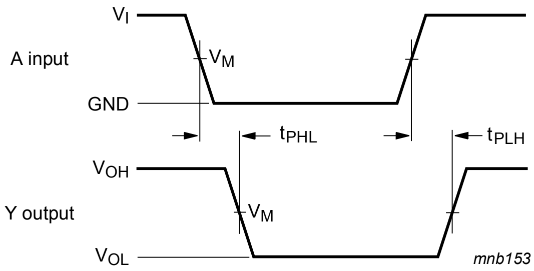
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
				Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C_L = 30 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.4	12.7	30.7	3.1	31.5	31.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		3.2	8.8	17.2	3.2	18.7	19.3	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		3.3	7.3	13.5	3.1	14.7	15.4	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.7	6.0	9.6	3.0	10.4	10.9	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		3.4	5.6	8.2	2.9	9.4	9.8	ns
C_L = 30 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.3	12.4	30.3	3.1	31.0	31.0	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		3.2	8.4	16.5	3.1	18.0	18.7	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		3.2	6.9	12.8	3.0	14.0	14.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.6	5.6	8.8	2.9	9.6	10.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		3.3	5.2	7.3	2.9	8.5	9.0	ns
C_L = 30 pF; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V										
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 6	[2]							
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.3	12.0	30.0	3.1	30.5	30.5	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		3.2	8.1	16.2	3.1	17.5	18.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		3.2	6.7	12.4	3.0	13.4	14.1	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.6	5.5	8.5	2.9	9.1	9.6	ns
		$V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		3.2	5.0	7.0	2.9	8.1	8.5	ns
C_L = 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF										
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	f_i = 1 MHz; V_I = GND to $V_{CC(A)}$	[3][4]							
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.2 V		-	3.8	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.5 V		-	3.8	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 1.8 V		-	4.1	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 2.5 V		-	4.2	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(Y)}$ = 3.3 V		-	4.6	-	-	-	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal V_{CC}.
[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}.
[3] All specified values are the average typical values over all stated loads.
[4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).
$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:
f_i = input frequency in MHz;
f_o = output frequency in MHz;
C_L = output load capacitance in pF;
V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;
N = number of inputs switching;
$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit



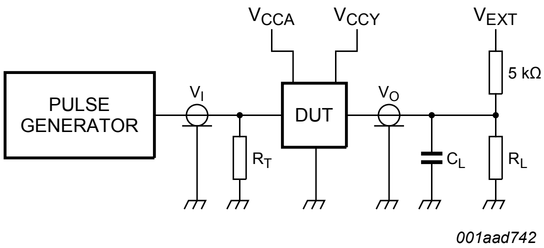
Measurement points are given in Table 9.

Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

Fig. 6. The data input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays

Table 9. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Output	Input		
$V_{CC(A)}/V_{CC(Y)}$	V_M	V_M	V_I	$t_r = t_f$
1.1 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × $V_{CC(Y)}$	0.5 × $V_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(A)}$	≤ 3.0 ns



Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 7. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

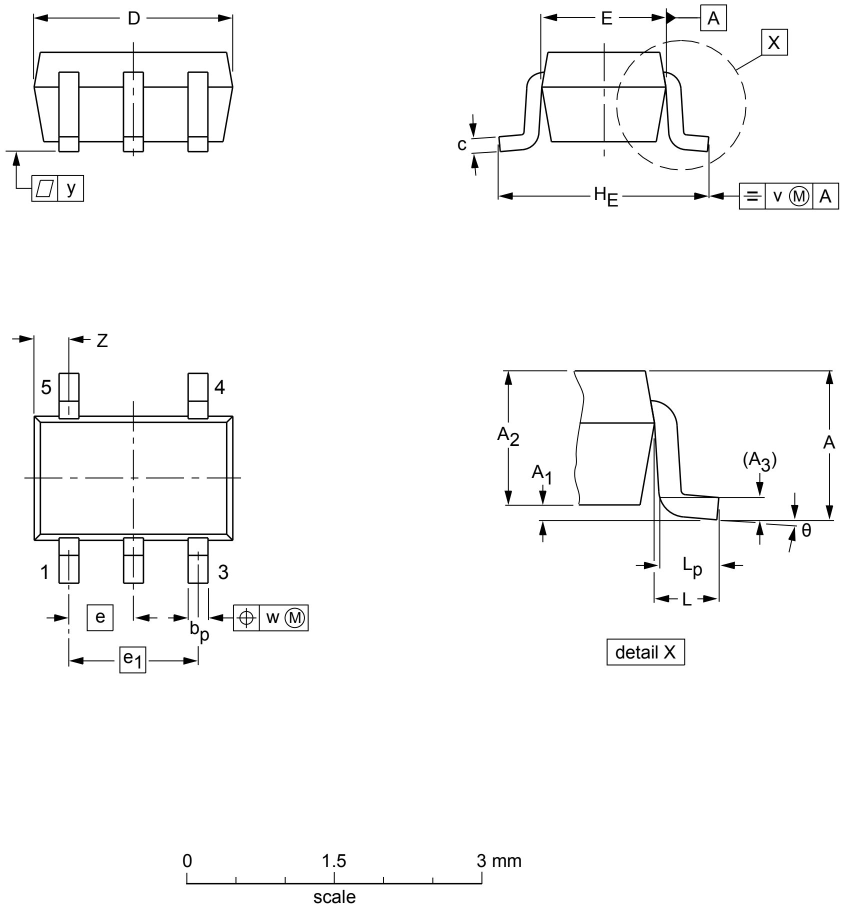
Supply voltage	Load		V_{EXT}
$V_{CC(A)}/V_{CC(Y)}$	C_L	R_L [1]	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}
1.1 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open

[1] For measuring enable and disable times R_L = 5 kΩ.
For measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width R_L = 1 MΩ.

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

12. Package outline

TSSOP5: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm **SOT353-1**



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A_1	A_2	A_3	b_p	c	D(1)	E(1)	e	e_1	H_E	L	L_p	v	w	y	Z(1)	θ
mm	1.1	0.1 0	1.0 0.8	0.15	0.30 0.15	0.25 0.08	2.25 1.85	1.35 1.15	0.65	1.3	2.25 2.0	0.425	0.46 0.21	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.60 0.15	7° 0°

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

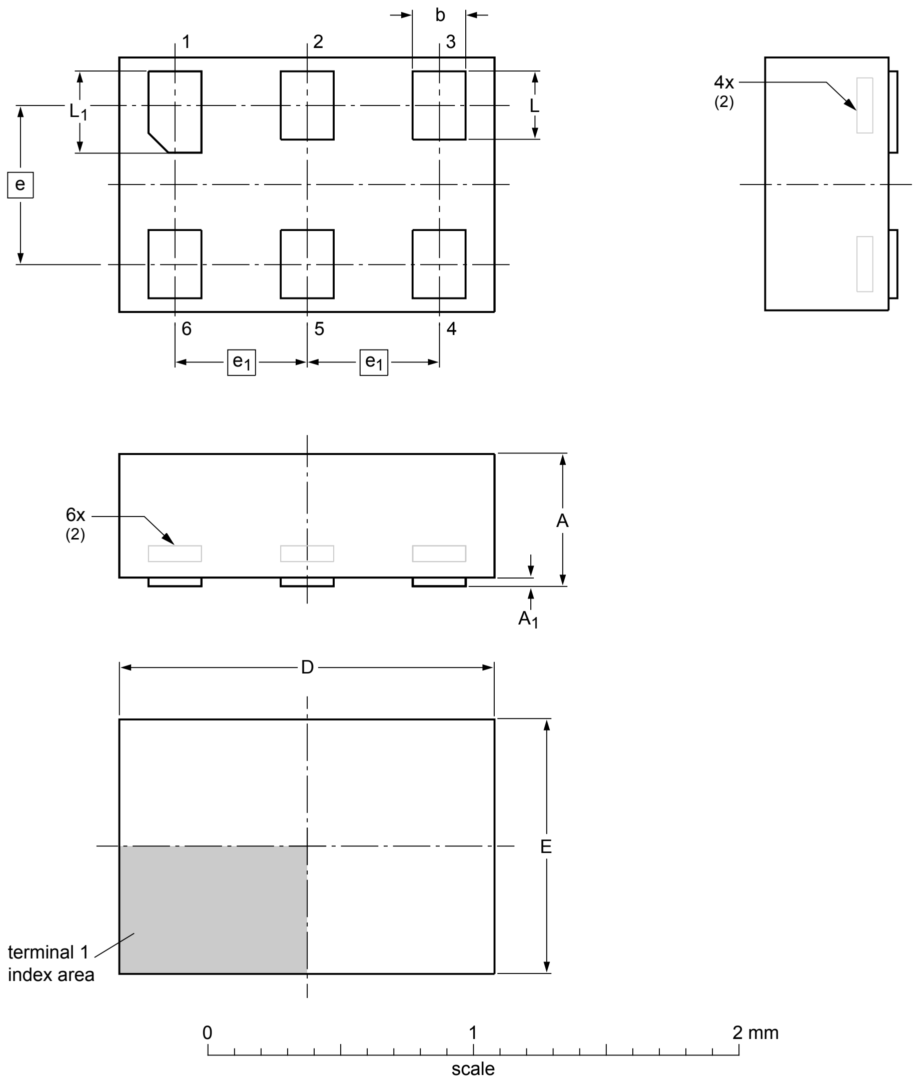
OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT353-1		MO-203	SC-88A			~~00-09-01~~ 03-02-19

Fig. 8. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1.45 x 0.5 mm SOT886



Dimensions (mm are the original dimensions)

Unit		$A^{(1)}$	A_1	b	D	E	e	e_1	L	L_1
mm	max	0.5	0.04	0.25	1.50	1.05			0.35	0.40
	nom			0.20	1.45	1.00	0.6	0.5	0.30	0.35
	min			0.17	1.40	0.95			0.27	0.32

Notes
1. Including plating thickness.
2. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

sot886_po

Outline version	References				European projection	Issue date
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT886		MO-252				~~04-07-22~~ 12-01-05

Fig. 9. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

13. Abbreviations

Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MIL	Military
MM	Machine Model

14. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP1T34_Q100 v.2	20190128	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1T34_Q100 v.1
Modifications:	• The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. • Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. • Type number 74AUP1T34GM-Q100 (SOT886) added.			
74AUP1T34_Q100 v.1	20130605	Product data sheet	-	-

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

15. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at https://www.nexperia.com.

Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms and conditions of commercial sale of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use in automotive applications — This Nexperia product has been qualified for use in automotive applications. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the product is not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.
© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Contents

© Nexperia B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

For more information, please visit: http://www.nexperia.com
For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com
Date of release: 14 January 2019

Общество с ограниченной ответственностью «МосЧип» ИНН 7719860671 / КПП 771901001
Адрес: 105318, г.Москва, ул.Щербаковская д.3, офис 1107

Данный компонент на территории Российской Федерации

Вы можете приобрести в компании MosChip.

Для оперативного оформления запроса Вам необходимо перейти по данной ссылке:

http://moschip.ru/get-element

Вы можете разместить у нас заказ для любого Вашего проекта, будь то серийное производство или разработка единичного прибора.

В нашем ассортименте представлены ведущие мировые производители активных и пассивных электронных компонентов.

Нашей специализацией является поставка электронной компонентной базы двойного назначения, продукции таких производителей как XILINX, Intel (ex.ALTERA), Vicor, Microchip, Texas Instruments, Analog Devices, Mini-Circuits, Amphenol, Glenair.

Сотрудничество с глобальными дистрибьюторами электронных компонентов, предоставляет возможность заказывать и получать с международных складов практически любой перечень компонентов в оптимальные для Вас сроки.

На всех этапах разработки и производства наши партнеры могут получить квалифицированную поддержку опытных инженеров.

Система менеджмента качества компании отвечает требованиям в соответствии с ГОСТ Р ИСО 9001, ГОСТ РВ 0015-002 и ЭС РД 009

Офис по работе с юридическими лицами:

105318, г.Москва, ул.Щербаковская д.3, офис 1107, 1118, ДЦ «Щербаковский»

Телефон: +7 495 668-12-70 (многоканальный)

Факс: +7 495 668-12-70 (доб.304)

E-mail: info@moschip.ru

Skype отдела продаж:
moschip.ru
moschip.ru_4
moschip.ru_6
moschip.ru_9