

ISL21090

Ultra Low Noise, Precision Voltage Reference

FN6993

Rev 5.00

February 27, 2013

The ISL21090 is a ultra low noise, high DC accuracy precision voltage reference with wide input voltage range. The ISL21090 uses the new Intersil Advanced Bipolar technology to achieve sub $1.0\mu\text{V}_{\text{P-P}}$ (1.25V option) 0.1Hz to 10Hz noise with an initial voltage accuracy of 0.02% (2.5V option).

The ISL21090 offers 1.25V, 2.5V, 5.0V and 7.5V output voltage options with 7ppm/°C temperature coefficient and also provides excellent line and load regulation. These devices are offered in an 8 Ld SOIC package.

The ISL21090 is ideal for high-end instrumentation, data acquisition and processing applications requiring high DC precision where low noise performance is critical.

Applications

- High-end instrumentation
- Precision voltage sources for data acquisition system, industrial control, communication infrastructure
- Process control and instrumentations
- Active source for sensors

Features

- Reference output voltage option
 - 1.25V, 2.5V, 5.0V and 7.5V
- Initial accuracy:
 - ISL21090-12 $\pm 0.03\%$
 - ISL21090-25 $\pm 0.02\%$
 - ISL21090-50 $\pm 0.025\%$
 - ISL21090-75 $\pm 0.035\%$
- Output voltage noise (0.1Hz to 10Hz) $1.0\mu\text{V}_{\text{P-P}}$ typ (1.25V option)
- Supply current 750 μA (1.25V option)
- Temperature coefficient 7ppm/°C max
- Output current capability 20mA
- Line regulation 6ppm/V (1.25V option)
- Load regulation 2.5ppm/mA (1.25V option)
- Operating temperature range -40°C to +125°C

Related Literature

See [AN1764](#), "ISL21090XXEV1Z User's Guide"

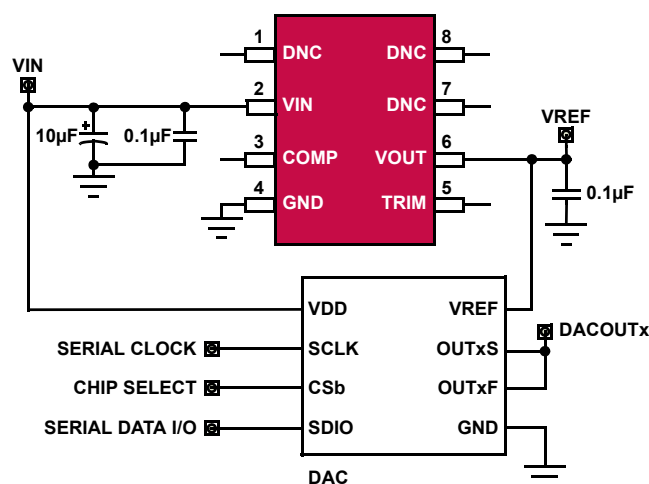


FIGURE 1. ISL21090 TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM

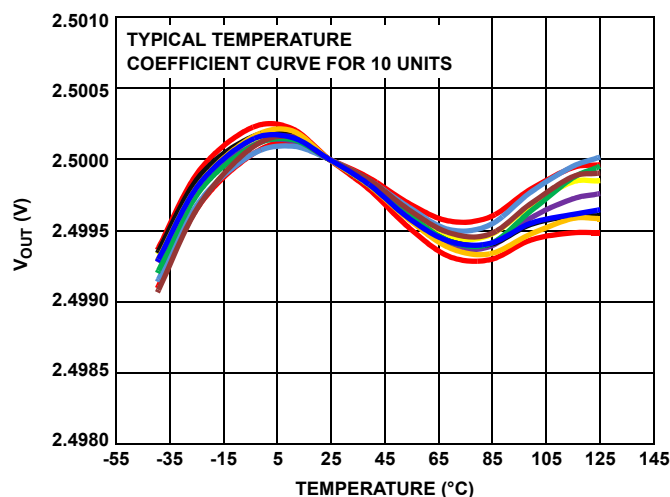
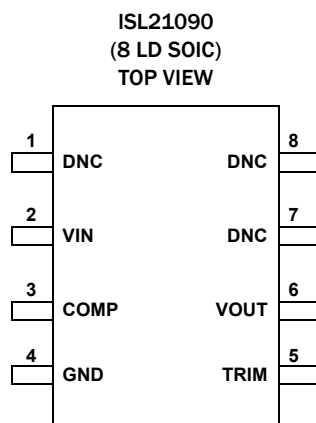


FIGURE 2. V_{OUT} vs TEMPERATURE (2.5V OPTION)

Pin Configuration



Pin Descriptions

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1, 7, 8	DNC	Do Not Connect
2	VIN	Input Voltage Connection
3	COMP	Compensation and Noise Reduction Capacitor
4	GND	Ground Connection
5	TRIM	Voltage Reference Trim input
6	VOUT	Voltage Reference Output

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (Notes 1, 2, 3)	PART MARKING	V _{OUT} OPTION (V)	GRADE (%)	TEMPCO (ppm/°C)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE TAPE & REEL (Pb-Free)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL21090BFB812Z-TK	21090 BFZ12	1.25	0.03	7	-40 to +125	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
ISL21090BFB825Z-TK	21090 BFZ25	2.5	0.02	7	-40 to +125	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
ISL21090BFB850Z-TK	21090 BFZ50	5.0	0.025	7	-40 to +125	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
ISL21090BFB875Z-TK	21090 BFZ75	7.5	0.035	7	-40 to +125	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E

NOTES:

1. Please refer to [TB347](#) for details on reel specifications.
2. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets, molding compounds/die attach materials, and 100% matte tin plate plus anneal (e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations). Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
3. For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), please see device information page for [ISL21090B12](#), [ISL21090B25](#), [ISL21090B50](#), [ISL21090B75](#). For more information on MSL please see Tech Brief [TB363](#).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Max Voltage	
V_{IN} to GND	-0.5V to +40V
V_{OUT} to GND (10s)	-0.5V to $V_{OUT} + 0.5V$
Voltage on any Pin to Ground	-0.5V to $V_{OUT} + 0.5V$
Voltage on DNC pins	No connections permitted to these pins
Input Voltage Slew Rate (Max)	0.1V/ μ s
ESD Ratings	
Human Body Model (Tested per JESD22-A114F)	3kV
Machine Model (Tested per JESD22-A115-C)	200V
Charged Device Model (Tested per JESD22-C110D)	2kV
Latch-up (Tested per JESD-78B; Class 2, Level A)	at +125°C

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)
8 Ld SOIC Package (Notes 4, 5)	110	60
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +125^\circ\text{C}$)	217mW	
Maximum Junction Temperature (T_{JMAX})	+150°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	

Recommended Operating Conditions

Temperature Range (Industrial)	-40°C to +125°C
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CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTES:

- θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief [TB379](#) for details.
- For θ_{JC} , the "case temp" location is taken at the package top center.
- Post-reflow drift for the ISL21090 devices can exceed 100 μ V to 1.0mV based on experimental results with devices on FR4 double sided boards. The system engineer must take this into account when considering the reference voltage after assembly.

Electrical Specifications $V_{IN} = 5V$ (1.25V option), $I_{OUT} = 0$, $C_L = 0.1\mu F$ and $C_C = 0.01\mu F$, unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +125°C.**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 7)	TYP	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = 5V$,		1.25		V
V_{OA}	V_{OUT} Accuracy @ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 6)	$V_{OUT} = 1.25V$	-0.03		+0.03	%
TC V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 8)	ISL21090 B grade			7	ppm/°C
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Range	$V_{OUT} = 1.25V$	3.7		36	V
I_{IN}	Supply Current			0.750	1.28	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 3.7V$ to 36V, $V_{OUT} = 1.25V$		6	17	ppm/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	Sourcing: $0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$		2.5	17	ppm/mA
V_D	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	$V_{OUT} = 1.25V$ @ 10mA		1.7	2.15	V
I_{SC+}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, V_{OUT} tied to GND		53		mA
t_R	Turn-on Settling Time	90% of final value, $C_L = 1.0\mu F$, $C_C = \text{open}$		150		μ s
	Ripple Rejection	$f = 120Hz$		90		dB
e_{np-p}	Voltage Noise	$0.1Hz \leq f \leq 10Hz$, $V_{OUT} = 1.25V$		1.0		μV_{P-P}
V_n	Broadband Voltage Noise	$10Hz \leq f \leq 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 1.25V$		1.2		μV_{RMS}
e_n	Noise Voltage Density	$f = 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 1.25V$		25		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta t$	Long Term Stability	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		20		ppm

Electrical Specifications $V_{IN} = 5V$ (2.5V option), $I_{OUT} = 0$ unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +125°C.**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 7)	TYP	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = 5V$		2.5		V
V_{OA}	V_{OUT} Accuracy @ $T_A = +25^\circ C$	All V_{OUT} options	-0.02		+0.02	%
TC V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	ISL21090 B grade			7	ppm/ $^\circ C$
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Range	$V_{OUT} = 2.5V$	3.7		36	V
I_{IN}	Supply Current			0.930	1.28	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 3.7V$ to $36V$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$		8	18	ppm/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	Sourcing: $0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$		2.5	17	ppm/mA
		Sinking: $-10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$		2.5	17	ppm/mA
V_D	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	$V_{OUT} = 2.5V$ @ 10mA		1.1	1.7	V
I_{SC+}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, V_{OUT} tied to GND		55		mA
I_{SC-}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, V_{OUT} tied to V_{IN}		-61		mA
t_R	Turn-on Settling Time	90% of final value, $C_L = 1.0\mu F$, $C_C =$ open		150		μs
	Ripple Rejection	$f = 120Hz$		90		dB
e_{np-p}	Noise Voltage	$0.1Hz \leq f \leq 10Hz$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$		1.9		μV_{p-p}
V_n	Broadband Voltage Noise	$10Hz \leq f \leq 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$		1.6		μV_{RMS}
e_n	Noise Voltage Density	$f = 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$		50		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta t$	Long Term Stability	$T_A = +25^\circ C$		20		ppm

Electrical Specifications $V_{IN} = 10V$ (5.0V option), $I_{OUT} = 0$ unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +125°C.**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 7)	TYP	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = 10V$,		5.0		V
V_{OA}	V_{OUT} Accuracy @ $T_A = +25^\circ C$ (Note 6)	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$	0.025		0.025	%
TC V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 8)	ISL21090 B grade			7	ppm/ $^\circ C$
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Range	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$	7		36	V
I_{IN}	Supply Current			0.930	1.33	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 7V$ to $36V$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$		8	18	ppm/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	Sourcing: $0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$		2.5	17	ppm/mA
		Sinking: $-10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$		2.5	17	ppm/mA
V_D	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$ @ 10mA		1.1	1.7	V
I_{SC+}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, V_{OUT} tied to GND		61		mA
I_{SC-}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, V_{OUT} tied to V_{IN}		-75		mA
t_R	Turn-on Settling Time	90% of final value, $C_L = 1.0\mu F$, $C_C =$ open		150		μs
	Ripple Rejection	$f = 120Hz$		90		dB
e_{np-p}	Output Voltage Noise	$0.1Hz \leq f \leq 10Hz$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$		4.2		μV_{p-p}
V_n	Broadband Voltage Noise	$10Hz \leq f \leq 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$		3.2		μV_{RMS}
e_n	Noise Voltage Density	$f = 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$		100		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta t$	Long Term Stability	$T_A = +25^\circ C$		20		ppm

Electrical Specifications $V_{IN} = 15V$ (7.5V option), $I_{OUT} = 0$ unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +125°C.**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 7)	TYP	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = 15V$,		7.5		V
V_{OA}	V_{OUT} Accuracy @ $T_A = +25^\circ C$ (Note 6)	$V_{OUT} = 7.5V$	0.035		0.035	%
TC V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 8)	ISL21090 B grade			7	ppm/°C
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Range	$V_{OUT} = 7.5V$	9		36	V
I_{IN}	Supply Current			0.940	1.30	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 9V$ to $36V$, $V_{OUT} = 7.5V$		2.3	18	ppm/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	Sourcing: $0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$		2.5	17	ppm/mA
		Sinking: $-10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$		9	17	ppm/mA
V_D	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	$V_{OUT} = 7.5V$ @ $10mA$		1.06	1.8	V
I_{SC+}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, V_{OUT} tied to GND		56		mA
I_{SC-}	Short Circuit Current	$T_A = +25^\circ C$, V_{OUT} tied to V_{IN}		-69		mA
t_R	Turn-on Settling Time	90% of final value, $C_L = 1.0\mu F$, $C_C = \text{open}$		150		μs
	Ripple Rejection	$f = 120Hz$		90		dB
e_{np-p}	Output Voltage Noise	$0.1Hz \leq f \leq 10Hz$, $V_{OUT} = 7.5V$		6.2		μV_{p-p}
V_n	Broadband Voltage Noise	$10Hz \leq f \leq 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 7.5V$		4.8		μV_{RMS}
e_n	Noise Voltage Density	$f = 1kHz$, $V_{OUT} = 7.5V$		150		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta t$	Long Term Stability	$T_A = +25^\circ C$		20		ppm

NOTES:

- Compliance to datasheet limits is assured by one or more methods: production test, characterization and/or design.
- Over the specified temperature range. Temperature coefficient is measured by the box method whereby the change in V_{OUT} is divided by the temperature range; in this case, -40°C to +125°C = +165°C.
- Dropout Voltage is the minimum $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ differential voltage measured at the point where V_{OUT} drops 1mV from $V_{IN} = \text{nominal}$ at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-1.25V)

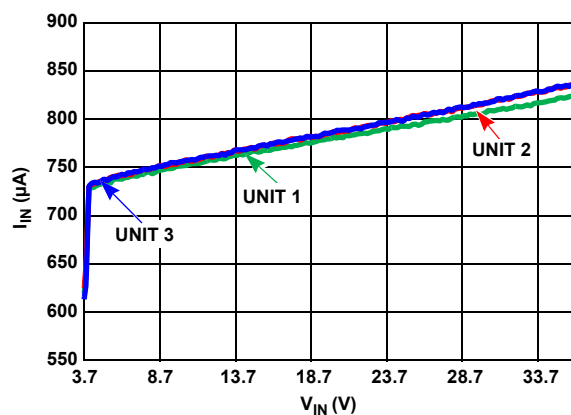
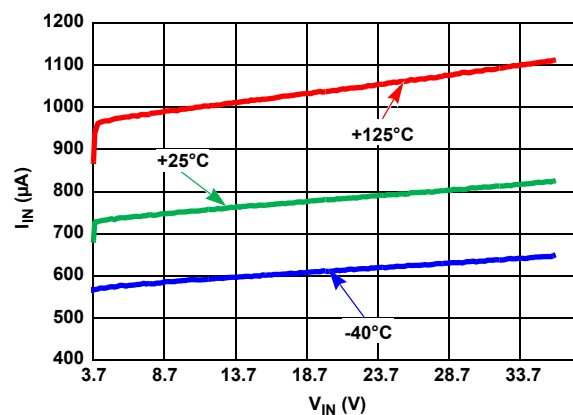
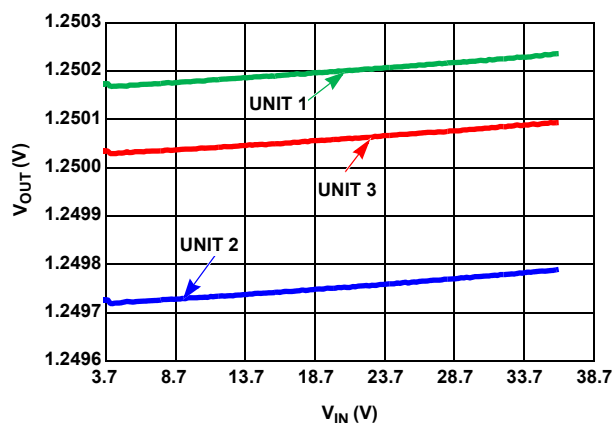
FIGURE 3. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE UNITSFIGURE 4. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 5. LINE REGULATION, THREE UNITS

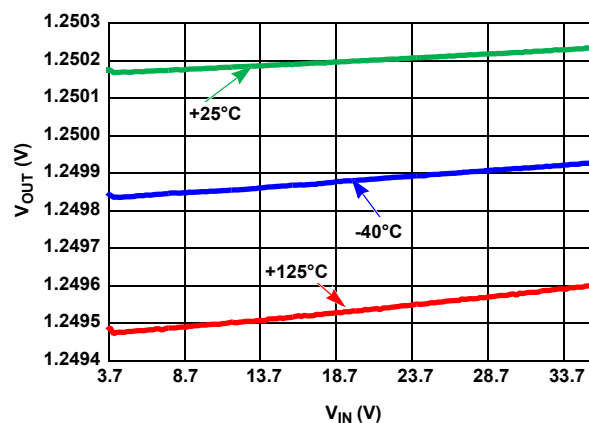
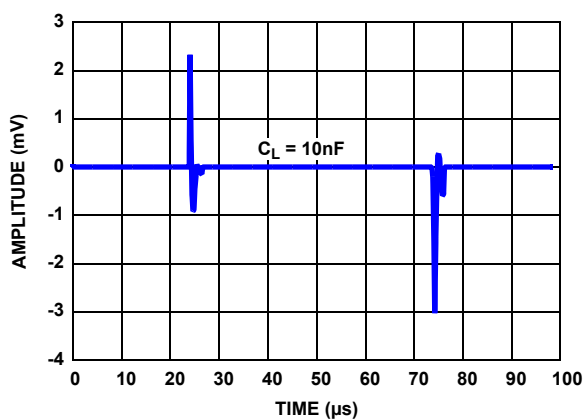
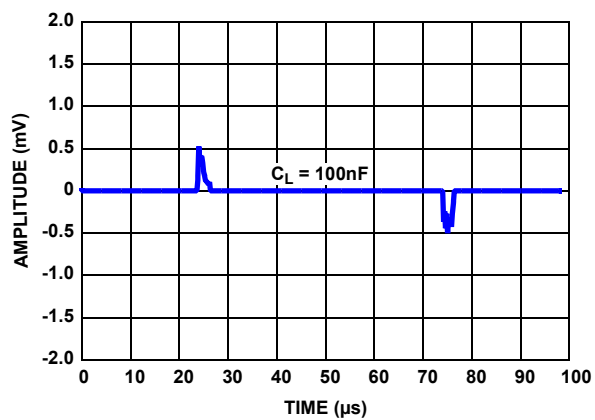


FIGURE 6. LINE REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 7. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 10nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500\text{mV}$)FIGURE 8. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 100nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500\text{mV}$)

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-1.25V) (Continued)

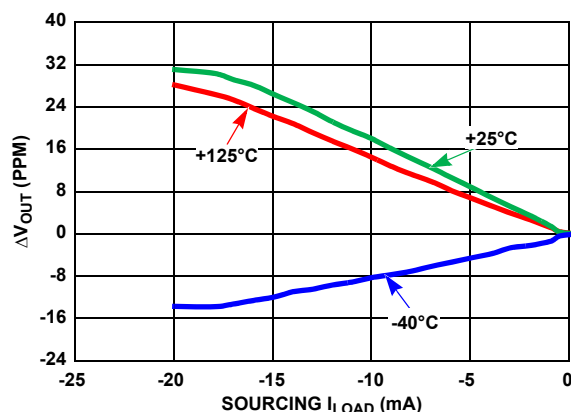


FIGURE 9. LOAD REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURE

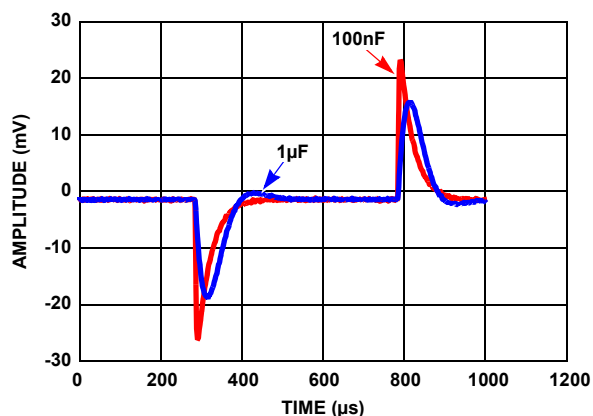
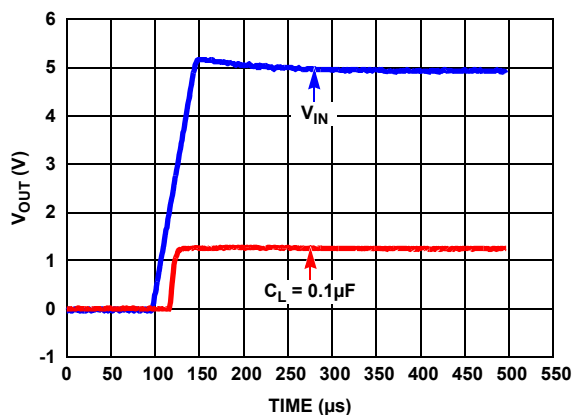
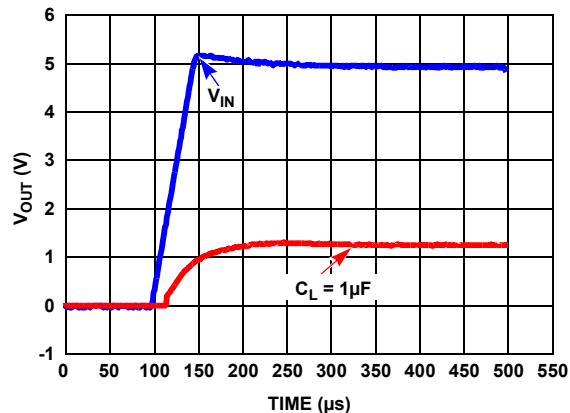
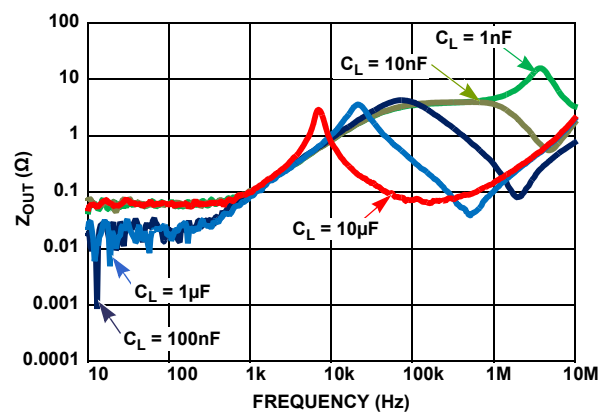
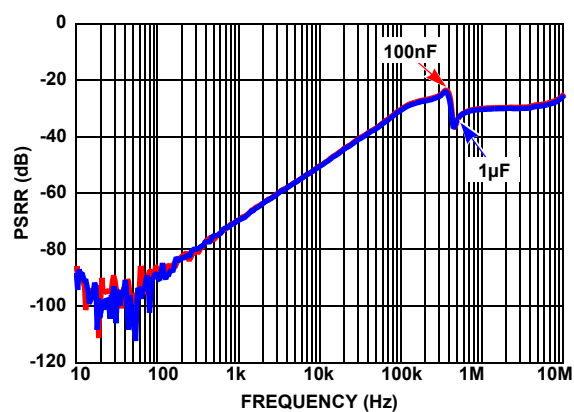
FIGURE 10. LOAD TRANSIENT ($\Delta I_{LOAD} = \pm 1\text{mA}$)FIGURE 11. TURN ON TIME WITH 0.1 μF FIGURE 12. TURN ON TIME WITH 1 μF FIGURE 13. Z_{OUT} vs FREQUENCY (COMP = 0.01 μF)

FIGURE 14. PSRR AT DIFFERENT CAPACITIVE LOADS

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-1.25V) (Continued)

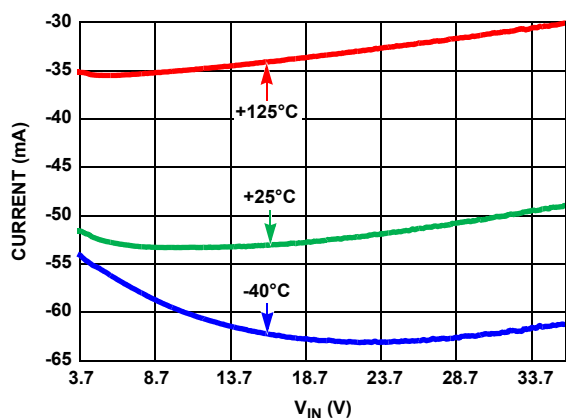


FIGURE 15. SHORT CIRCUIT TO GND

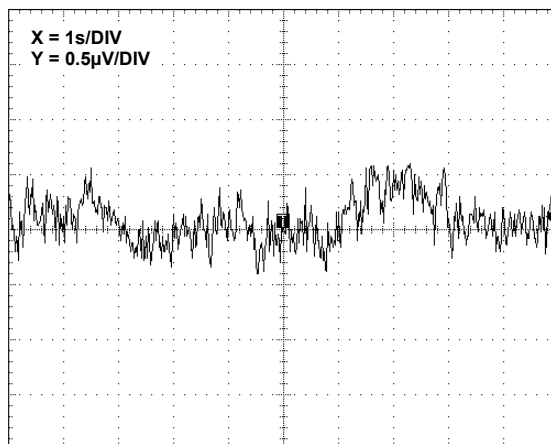
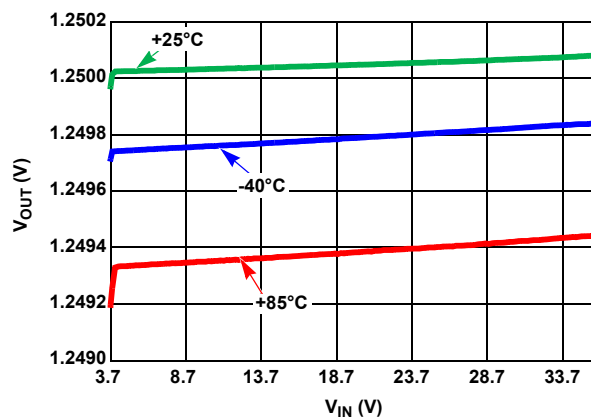
FIGURE 16. V_{OUT} vs NOISE, 0.1Hz TO 10Hz

FIGURE 17. DROPOUT WITH -10mA LOAD

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-2.5)

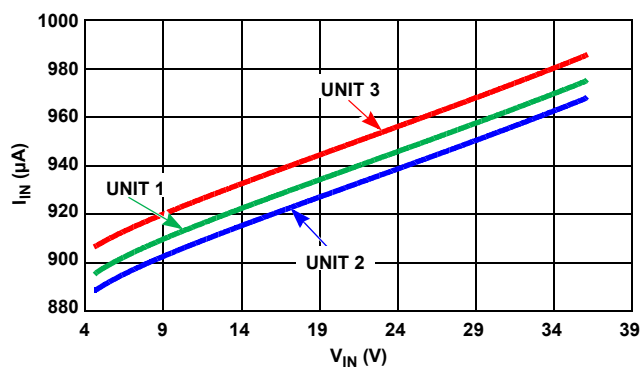
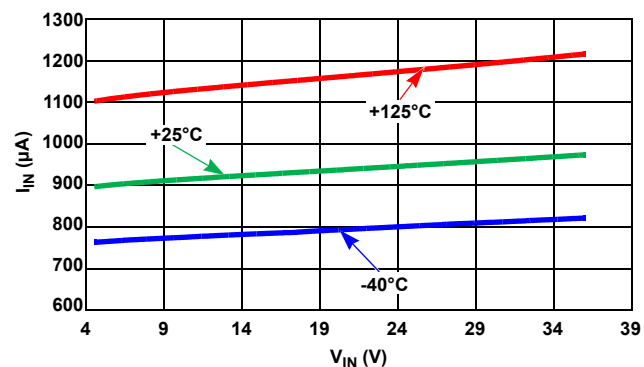
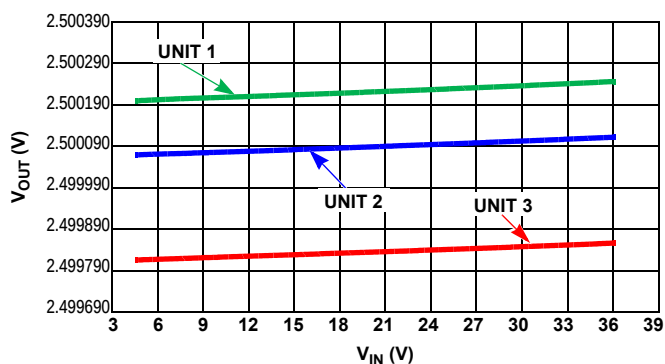
FIGURE 18. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE UNITSFIGURE 19. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 20. LINE REGULATION, THREE UNITS

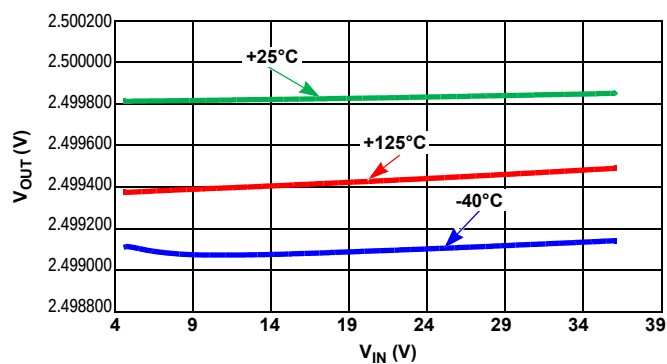
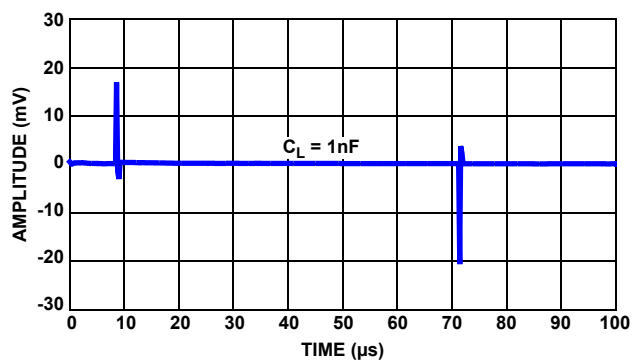
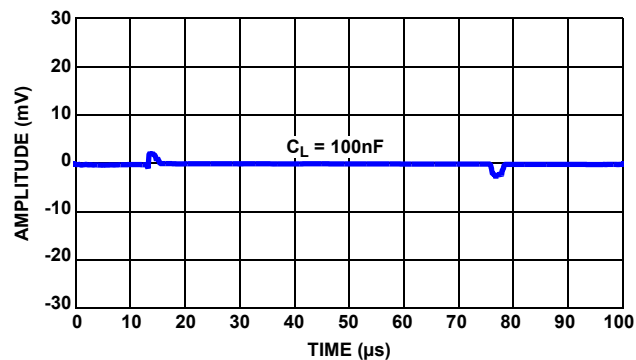


FIGURE 21. LINE REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 22. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 1nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500\text{mV}$)FIGURE 23. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 100nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500\text{mV}$)

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-2.5) (Continued)

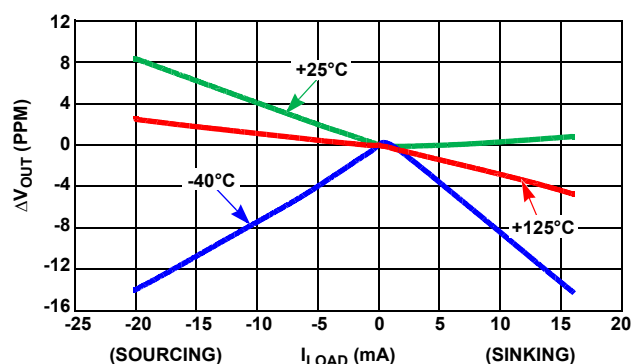


FIGURE 24. LOAD REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

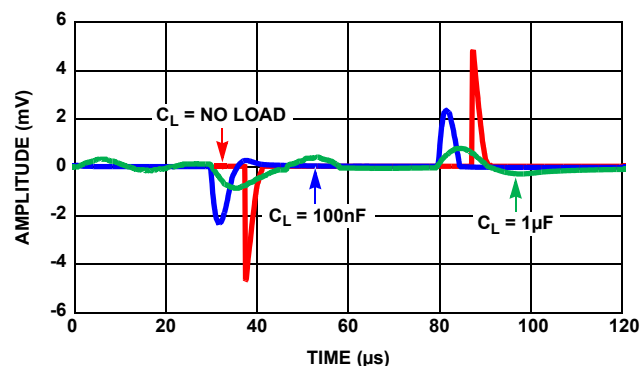
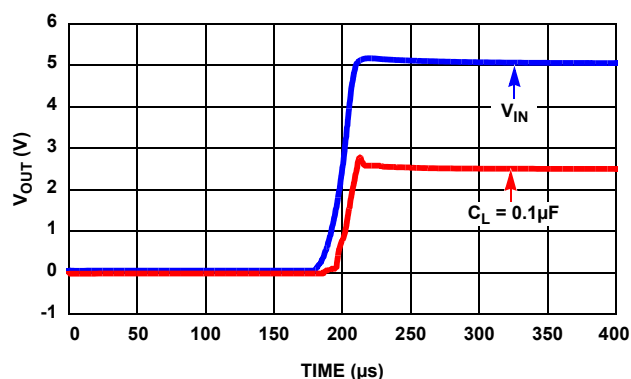
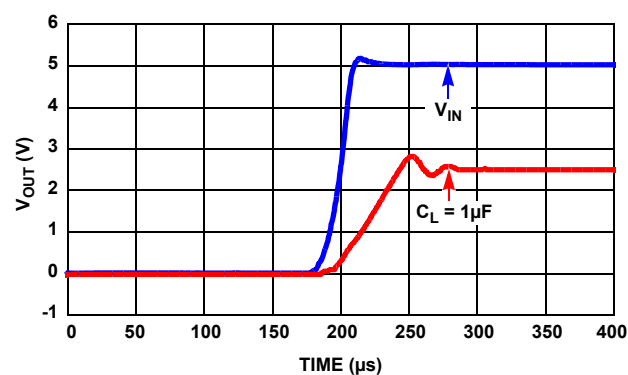
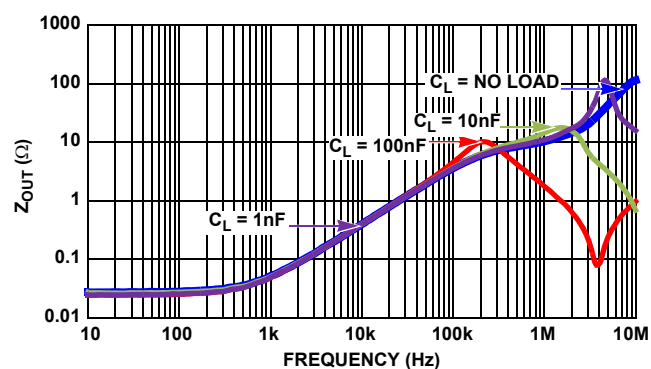
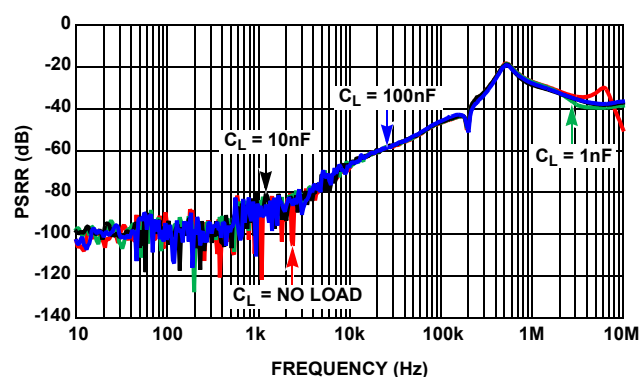
FIGURE 25. LOAD TRANSIENT ($\Delta I_{LOAD} = \pm 1\text{mA}$)FIGURE 26. TURN-ON TIME WITH 0.1 μF FIGURE 27. TURN-ON TIME WITH 1 μF FIGURE 28. Z_{OUT} vs FREQUENCY

FIGURE 29. PSRR AT DIFFERENT CAPACITIVE LOADS

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-2.5) (Continued)

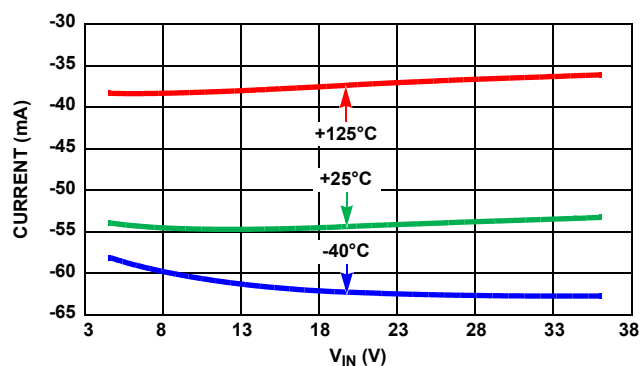


FIGURE 30. SHORT-CIRCUIT TO GND

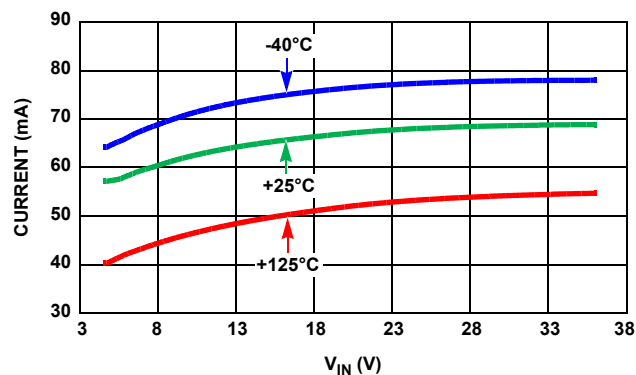
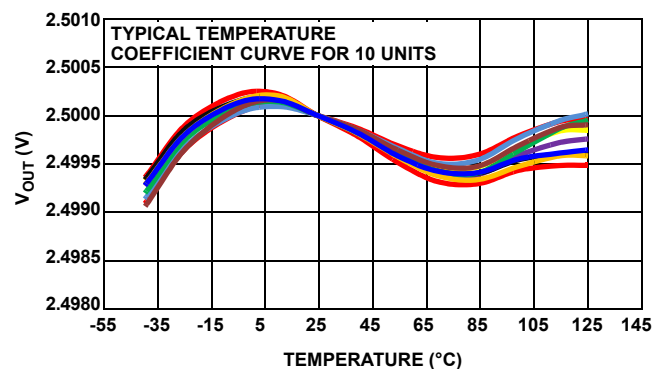
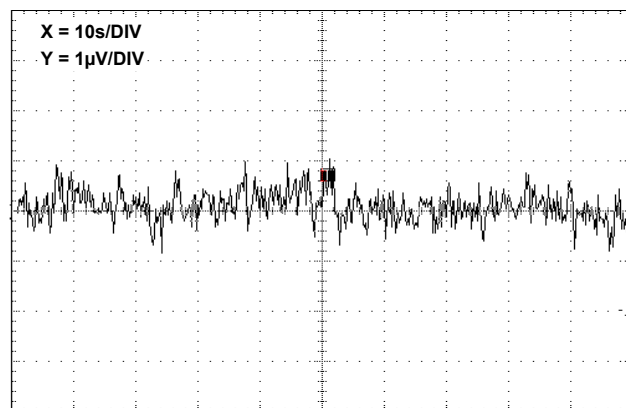
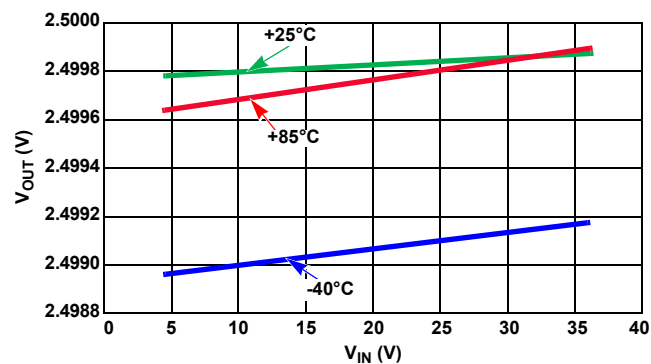
FIGURE 31. SHORT-CIRCUIT TO V_{IN} FIGURE 32. V_{OUT} vs TEMPERATURE, 10 UNITSFIGURE 33. V_{OUT} vs NOISE, 0.1Hz TO 10Hz

FIGURE 34. DROPOUT WITH -10mA LOAD

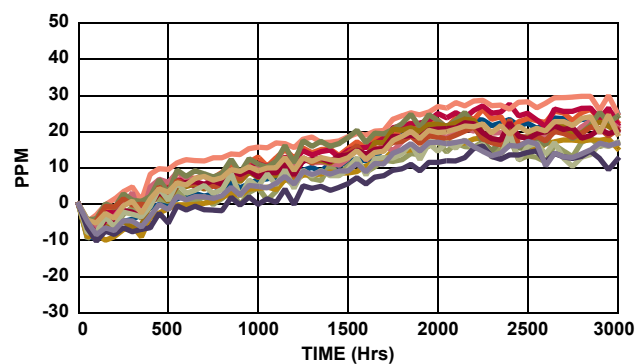


FIGURE 35. LONG TERM STABILITY

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-5.0)

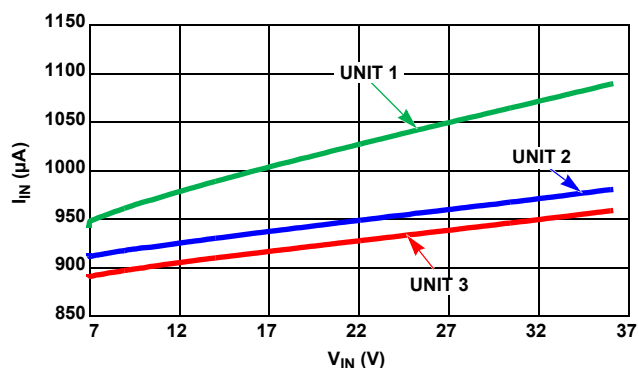
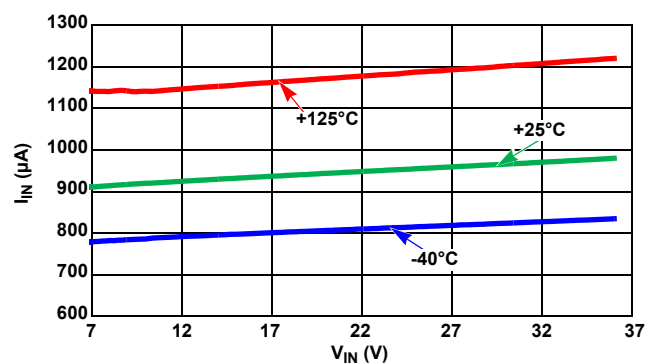
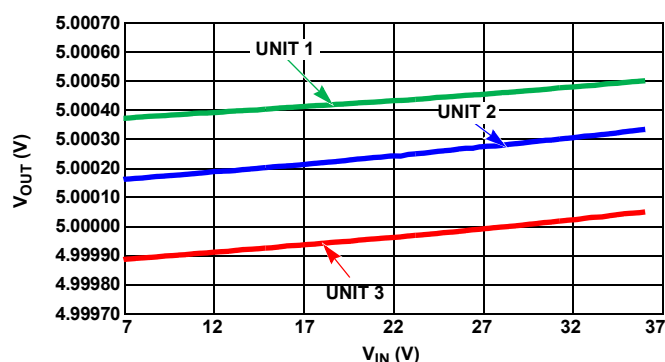
FIGURE 36. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE UNITSFIGURE 37. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 38. LINE REGULATION, THREE UNITS

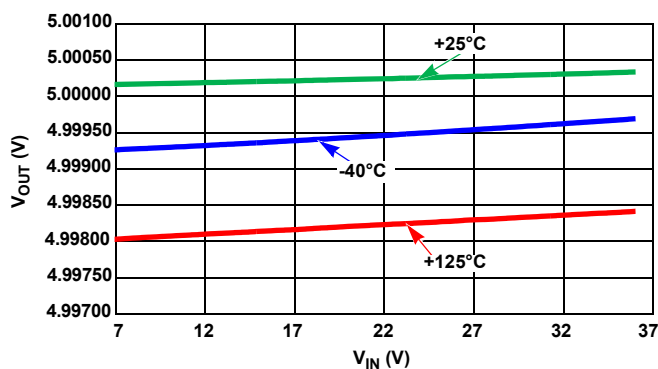
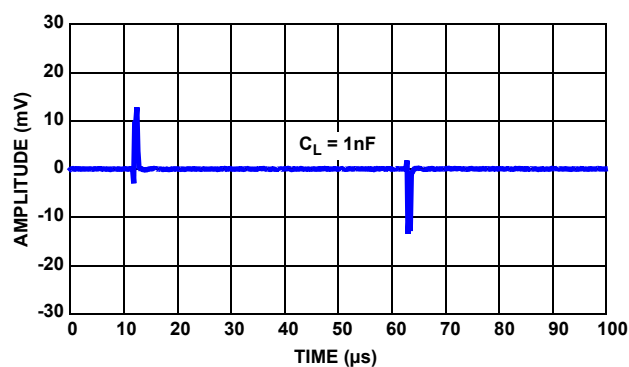
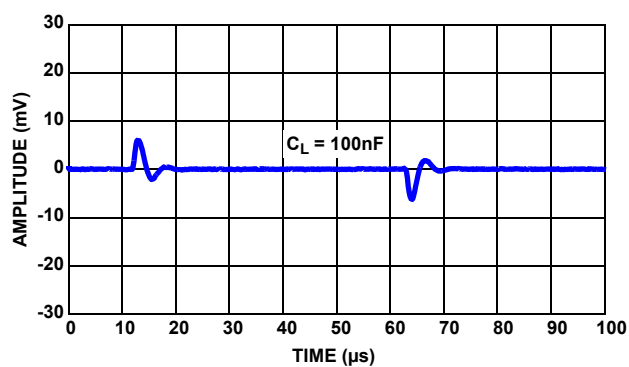


FIGURE 39. LINE REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 40. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 1nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500mV$)FIGURE 41. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 100nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500mV$)

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-5.0) (Continued)

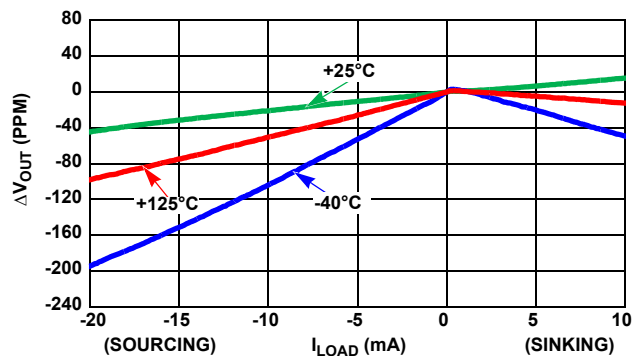


FIGURE 42. LOAD REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

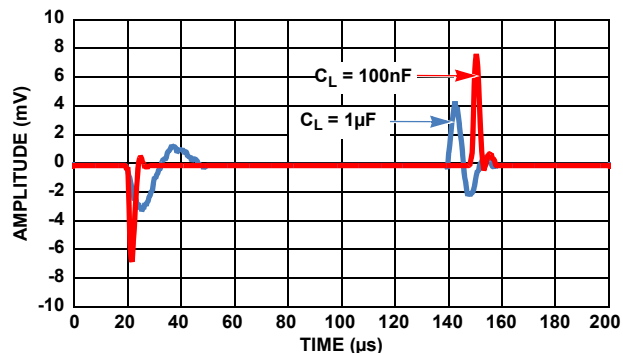
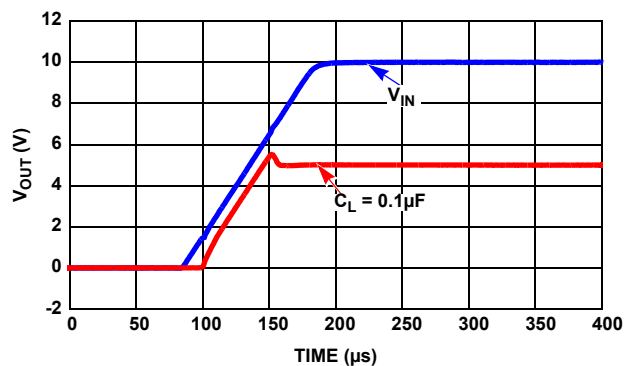
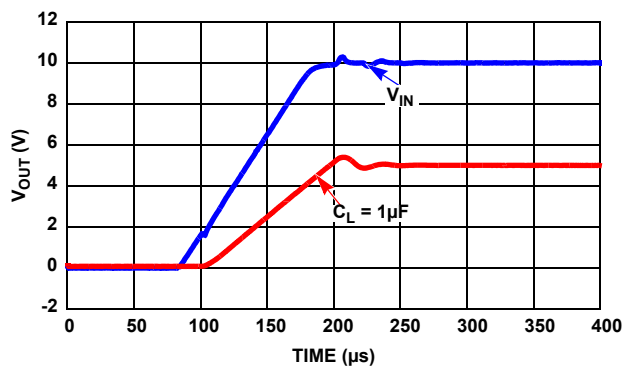
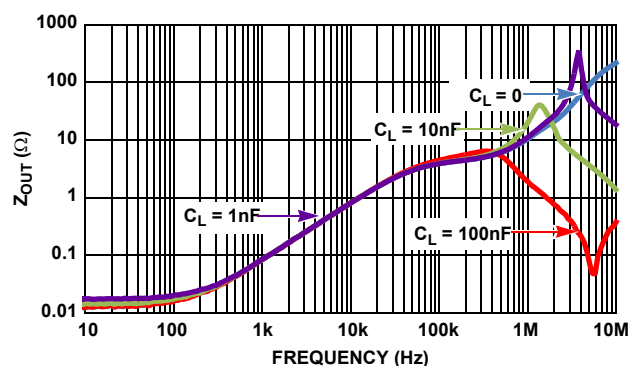
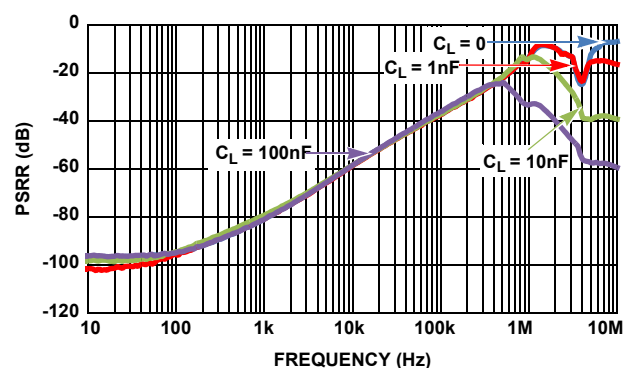
FIGURE 43. LOAD TRANSIENT ($\Delta I_{LOAD} = \pm 1\text{mA}$)FIGURE 44. TURN-ON TIME WITH 0.1 μF FIGURE 45. TURN-ON TIME WITH 1 μF FIGURE 46. Z_{OUT} vs FREQUENCY

FIGURE 47. PSRR AT DIFFERENT CAPACITIVE LOADS

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-5.0) (Continued)

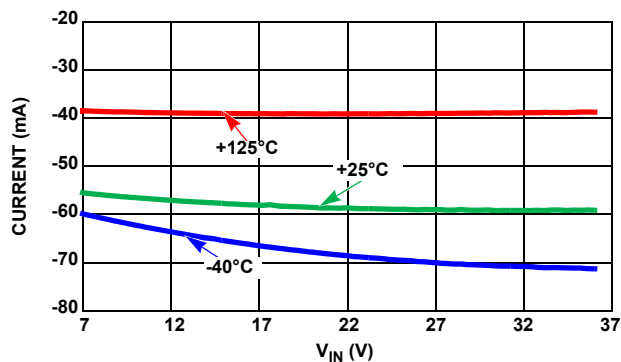


FIGURE 48. SHORT-CIRCUIT TO GND

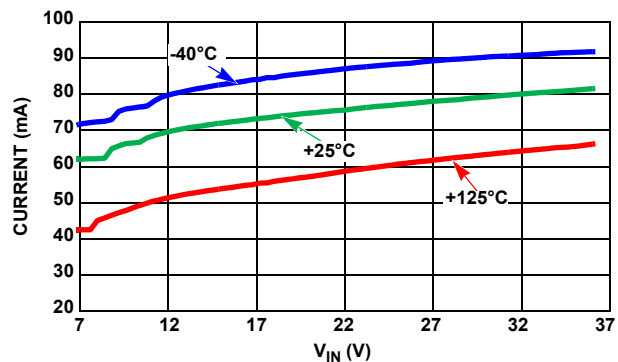
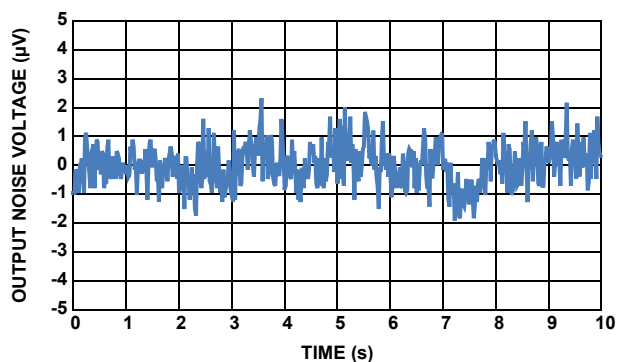
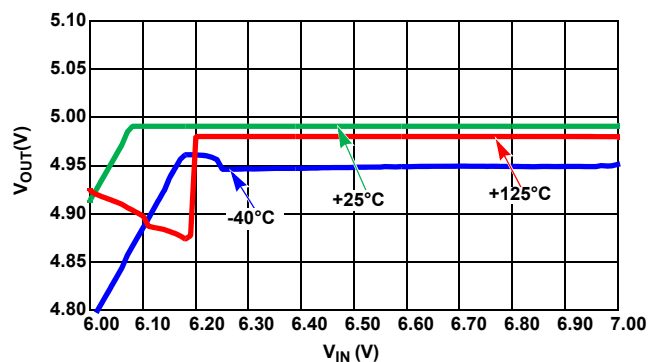
FIGURE 49. SHORT-CIRCUIT TO V_{IN} FIGURE 50. V_{OUT} vs NOISE, 0.1Hz TO 10Hz

FIGURE 51. DROPOUT WITH -10mA LOAD

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-7.5)

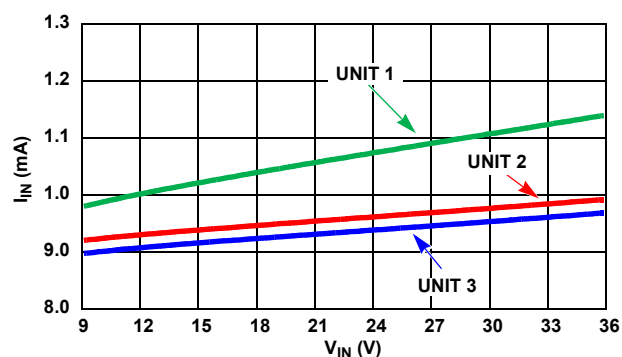
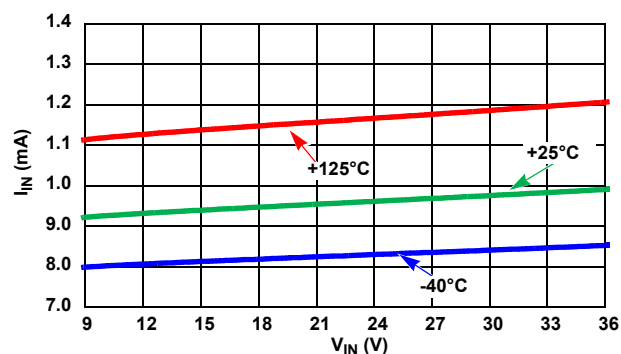
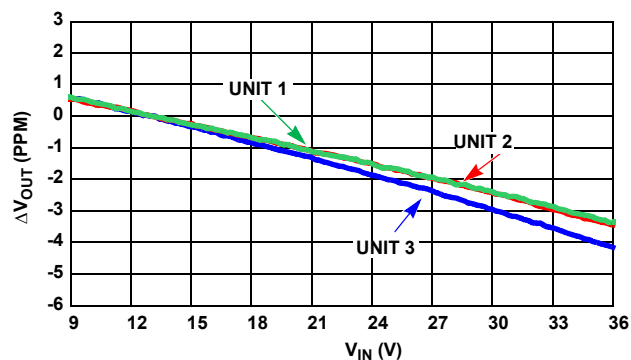
FIGURE 52. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE UNITSFIGURE 53. I_{IN} vs V_{IN} , THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 54. LINE REGULATION, THREE UNITS

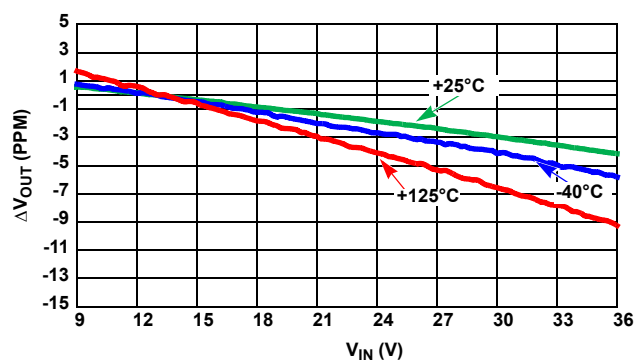
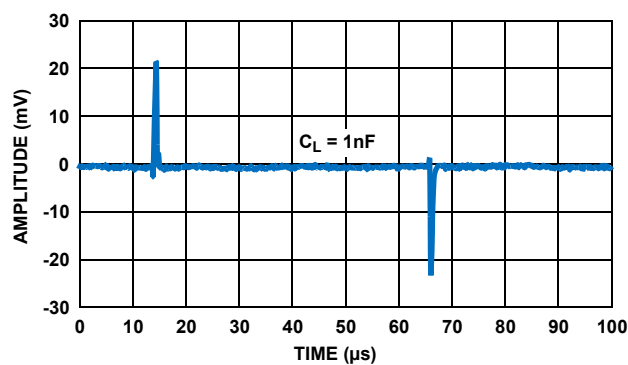
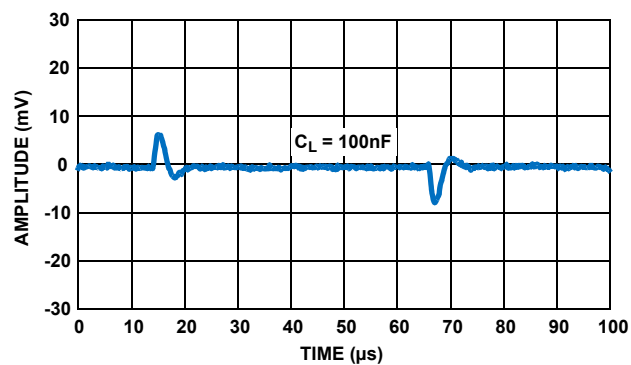


FIGURE 55. LINE REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

FIGURE 56. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 1nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500\text{mV}$)FIGURE 57. LINE TRANSIENT WITH 100nF LOAD ($\Delta V_{IN} = \pm 500\text{mV}$)

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-7.5) (Continued)

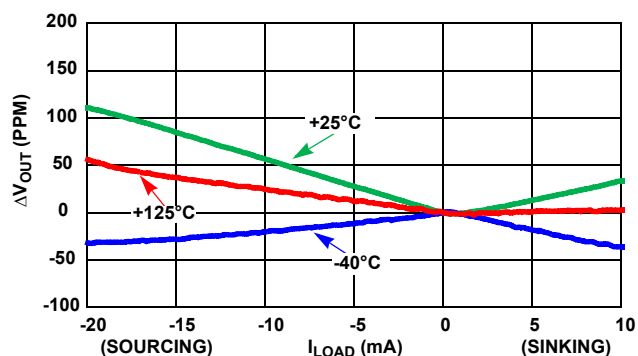


FIGURE 58. LOAD REGULATION, THREE TEMPERATURES

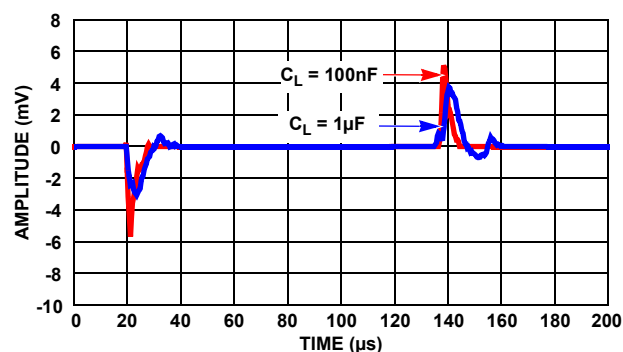
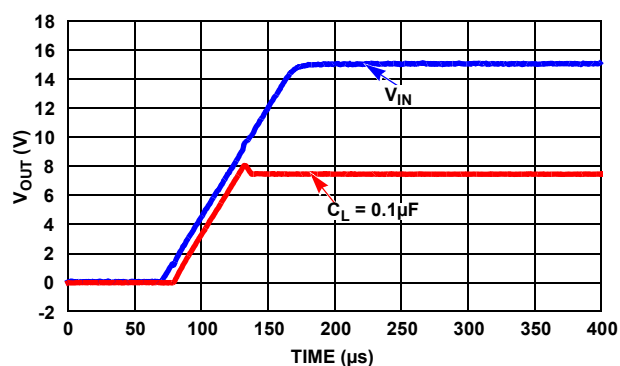
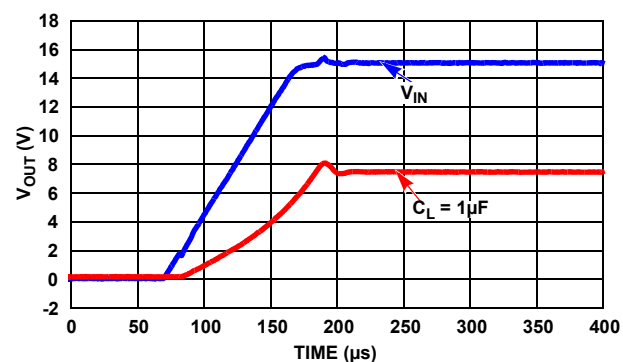
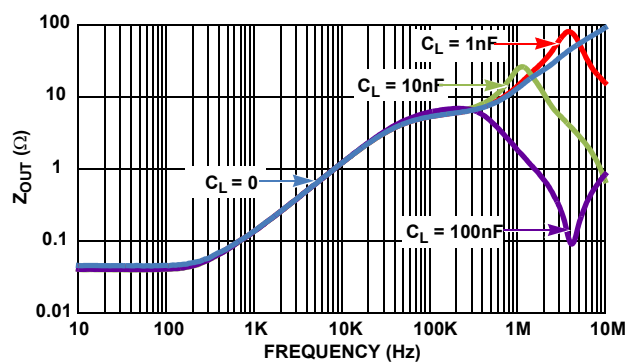
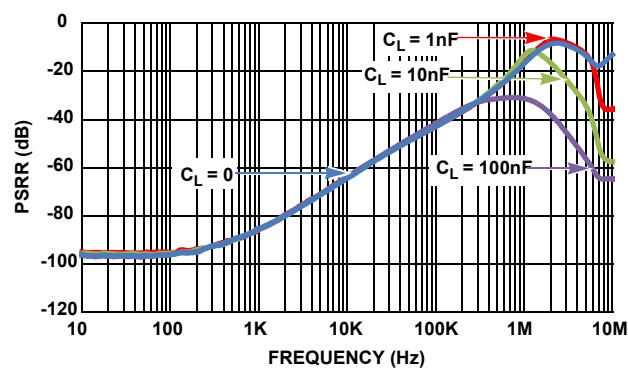
FIGURE 59. LOAD TRANSIENT ($\Delta I_{LOAD} = \pm 1\text{mA}$)FIGURE 60. TURN-ON TIME WITH 0.1 μF FIGURE 61. TURN-ON TIME WITH 1 μF FIGURE 62. Z_{OUT} vs FREQUENCY

FIGURE 63. PSRR AT DIFFERENT CAPACITIVE LOADS

Typical Performance Curves (ISL21090-7.5) (Continued)

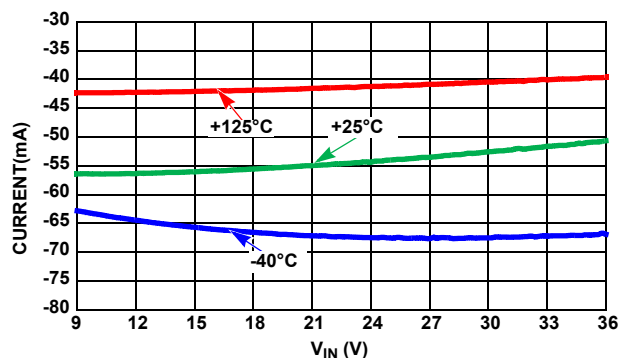


FIGURE 64. SHORT-CIRCUIT TO GND

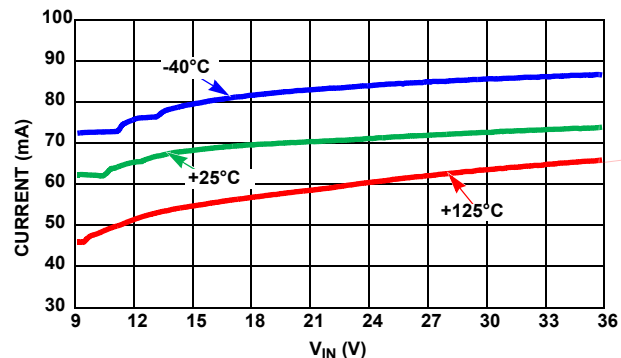
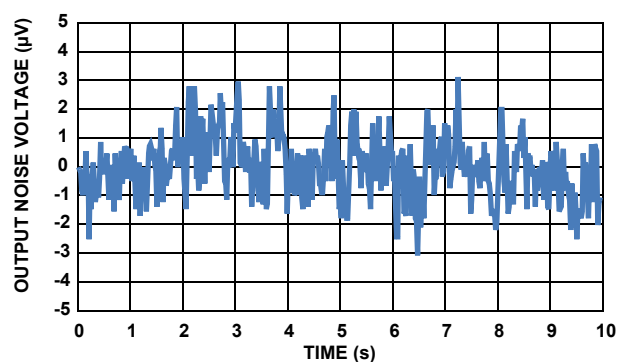
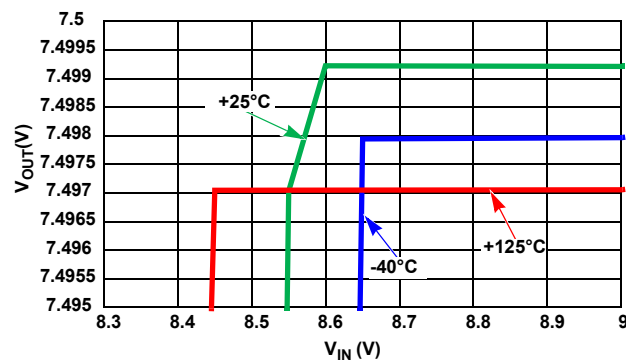
FIGURE 65. SHORT-CIRCUIT TO V_{IN} FIGURE 66. V_{OUT} vs NOISE, 0.1Hz TO 10Hz

FIGURE 67. DROPOUT WITH -10mA LOAD

Device Operation

Precision Bandgap Reference

The ISL21090 uses a bandgap architecture and special trimming circuitry to produce a temperature compensated, precision voltage reference with high input voltage capability and moderate output current drive. Low noise performance is achieved using optimized biasing techniques. Key features for precision low noise portable applications, such as handheld meters and instruments, are supply current (900 μ A) and noise (0.1Hz to 10Hz bandwidth) 1.0 μ V_{P-P} to 6.2 μ V_{P-P}. Data Converters in particular can utilize the ISL21090 as an external voltage reference. Low power DAC and ADC circuits will realize maximum resolution with lowest noise. The device maintains output voltage during conversion cycles with fast response, although it is helpful to add an output capacitor, typically 1 μ F. In the case of the 1.25V option, a 0.01 μ F capacitor must be added to the COMP (pin 3) for stabilization purposes, and a minimum of 0.1 μ F capacitor must be added at the output.

Applications Information

Board Mounting Considerations

For applications requiring the highest accuracy, the board mounting location should be reviewed. The device uses a plastic SOIC package, which subjects the die to mild stresses when the printed circuit (PC) board is heated and cooled, which slightly changes the shape. Because of these die stresses, placing the device in areas subject to slight twisting can cause degradation of reference voltage accuracy. It is normally best to place the device near the edge of a board, or on the shortest side, because the axis of bending is most limited in that location. Mounting the device in a cutout also minimizes flex. Obviously, mounting the device on flexprint or extremely thin PC material will likewise cause loss of reference accuracy.

Board Assembly Considerations

Some PC board assembly precautions are necessary. Normal output voltage shifts of 100 μ V to 500 μ V can be expected with Pb-free reflow profiles or wave solder on multi-layer FR4 PC boards. Precautions should be taken to avoid excessive heat or extended exposure to high reflow or wave solder temperatures.

Noise Performance and Reduction

The output noise voltage in a 0.1Hz to 10Hz bandwidth is typically 1.9 μ V_{P-P} ($V_{OUT} = 2.5V$). The noise measurement is made with a bandpass filter. The filter is made of a 1-pole high-pass filter, with a corner frequency at 0.1Hz, and a 2-pole low-pass filter, with a corner frequency (3dB) at 9.9Hz, to create a filter with a 9.9Hz bandwidth. Noise in the 10Hz to 1kHz bandwidth is approximately 1.6 μ V_{RMS} ($V_{OUT} = 2.5V$), with 0.1 μ F capacitance on the output. This noise measurement is made with a 2 decade bandpass filter. The filter is made of a 1-pole high-pass filter with a corner frequency at 10Hz of the center frequency, and 1-pole low-pass filter with a corner frequency at 1kHz. Load capacitance up to 10 μ F can be added but will result in only marginal improvements in output noise and transient response.

Turn-On Time

Normal turn-on time is typically 150 μ s, as shown in Figure 27. The circuit designer must take this into account when looking at power-up delays or sequencing.

Temperature Coefficient

The limits stated for temperature coefficient (Tempco) are governed by the method of measurement. The overwhelming standard for specifying the temperature drift of a reference is to measure the reference voltage at two temperatures, take the total variation, ($V_{HIGH} - V_{LOW}$), and divide by the temperature extremes of measurement ($T_{HIGH} - T_{LOW}$). The result is divided by the nominal reference voltage (at $T = +25^{\circ}C$) and multiplied by 10^6 to yield ppm/ $^{\circ}C$. This is the "Box" method for specifying temperature coefficient.

Output Voltage Adjustment

The output voltage can be adjusted above and below the factory-calibrated value via the trim terminal. The trim terminal is the negative feedback divider point of the output op amp. The positive input of the amplifier is about 1.216V, and in feedback, so will be the trim voltage. The trim terminal has a 5000 Ω resistor to ground internally, and in the case of the 2.5V output version, there is a feedback resistor of approximately 5000 Ω from V_{OUT} to trim.

The suggested method to adjust the output is to connect a very high value external resistor directly to the trim terminal and connect the other end to the wiper of a potentiometer that has a much lower total resistance and whose outer terminals connect to V_{OUT} and ground. If a 1M Ω resistor is connected to trim, the output adjust range will be $\pm 6.3mV$. It is important to minimize the capacitance on the trim terminal to preserve output amplifier stability. It is also best to connect the series resistor directly to the trim terminal, to minimize that capacitance and also to minimize noise injection. Small trim adjustments will not disturb the factory-set temperature coefficient of the reference, but trimming near the extreme values can.

Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest revision.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
February 6, 2013	FN6993.5	Electrical Spec Table on page 3 - Noise Voltage Density changed Typ from "35.4" to "25" Removed Sinking: $-10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0\text{mA}$ and ISC- Short Circuit Current Added Long Term Stability to options 2.5V, 5V and 7.5V on pages 4 and 5 Updated Figure 9 on page 7 by removing I_{LOAD} (mA) and Sinking and x-axis numbering changed from "-25 to 15" to "-25 to 0". Removed Figure which was titled "Short Circuit to V_{IN} "
January 9, 2013	FN6993.4	Added 7.5V option to Ordering Information table on page 2. Added 7.5V option "Electrical Specifications" table to page 5. Added 7.5V Typical Performance Curves section on page 15.
August 22, 2012	FN6993.3	Added 5.0V option "Typical Performance Curves" table to page 12. Removed 7.5V and 10V option Electrical Specs
May 1, 2012	FN6993.2	Added 5.0V option "Electrical Specifications" table to page 5. Added 7.5V option "Electrical Specifications" table to page 5. Added 10.0V option "Electrical Specifications" table to page 5.
March 5, 2012	FN6993.1	Added 1.25V option "Electrical Specifications" table to page 3. Added 1.25V Typical Performance Curves section on page 6. Changed MIN limit for V_{IN} 2.5V option on page 4.
June 8, 2011	FN6993.0	Initial Release

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For a complete listing of Applications, Related Documentation and Related Parts, please see the respective product information page. Also, please check the product information page to ensure that you have the most updated datasheet: [ISL21090B12](http://www.intersil.com/data/datasheets/ISL21090B12.pdf), [ISL21090B25](http://www.intersil.com/data/datasheets/ISL21090B25.pdf), [ISL21090B50](http://www.intersil.com/data/datasheets/ISL21090B50.pdf), [ISL21090B75](http://www.intersil.com/data/datasheets/ISL21090B75.pdf)

To report errors or suggestions for this datasheet, please go to: www.intersil.com/askourstaff

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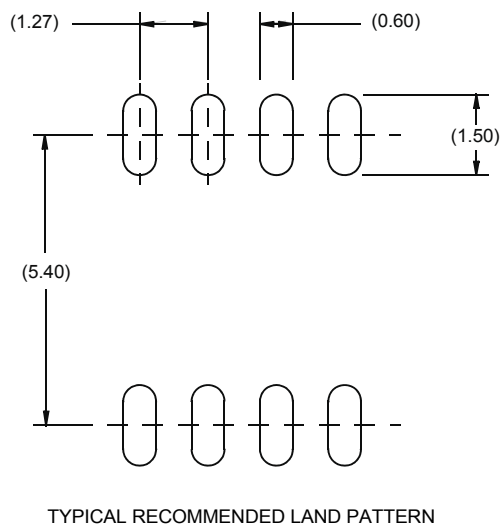
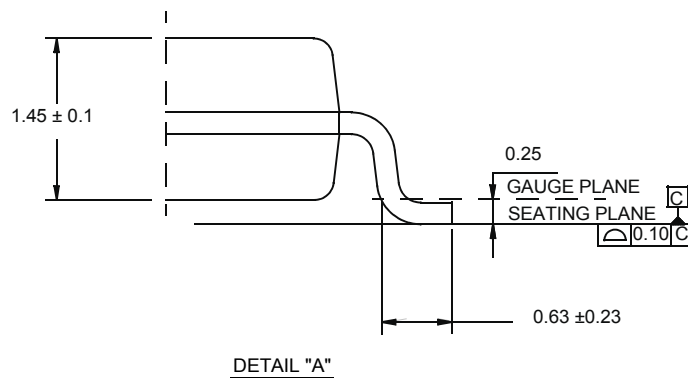
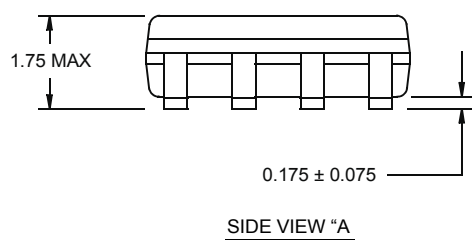
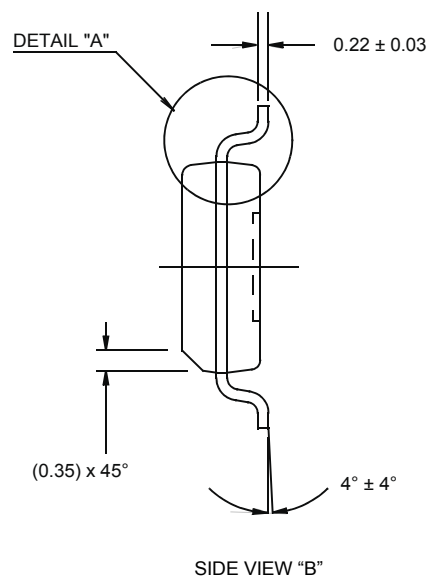
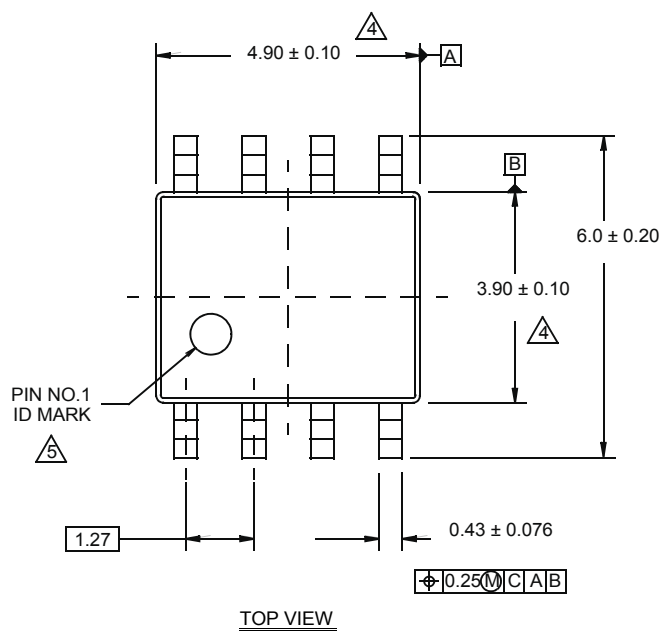
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Package Outline Drawing

M8.15E

8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

Rev 0, 08/09



NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
Dimensions in () for Reference Only.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to AMSE Y14.5m-1994.
3. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance : Decimal ± 0.05
4. Dimension does not include interlead flash or protrusions.
Interlead flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
5. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
6. Reference to JEDEC MS-012.

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