

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### General Description

The MAX11129–MAX11132 are 12-/10-bit with external reference and industry-leading 1.5MHz, full linear bandwidth, high speed, low-power, serial output successive approximation register (SAR) analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). The MAX11129–MAX11132 include both internal and external clock modes. These devices feature scan mode in both internal and external clock modes. The internal clock mode features internal averaging to increase SNR. The external clock mode features the SampleSet™ technology, a user-programmable analog input channel sequencer. The SampleSet approach provides greater sequencing flexibility for multichannel applications while alleviating significant microcontroller or DSP (controlling unit) communication overhead.

The internal clock mode features an integrated FIFO allowing data to be sampled at high speeds and then held for readout at any time or at a lower clock rate. Internal averaging is also supported in this mode improving SNR for noisy input signals. The devices feature analog input channels that can be configured to be single-ended inputs, fully differential pairs, or pseudo-differential inputs with respect to one common input. The MAX11129–MAX11132 operate from a 2.35V to 3.6V supply and consume only 15.2mW at 3Msps.

The MAX11129–MAX11132 include AutoShutdown™, fast wake-up, and a high-speed 3-wire serial interface. The devices feature full power-down mode for optimal power management.

The 48MHz, 3-wire serial interface directly connects to SPI, QSPI™, and MICROWIRE® devices without external logic.

Excellent dynamic performance, low voltage, low power, ease of use, and small package size make these converters ideal for portable battery-powered data-acquisition applications, and for other applications that demand low power consumption and small space.

The MAX11129–MAX11132 are available in 28-pin, 5mm x 5mm, TQFN packages and the MAX11131 is available in a 28-pin TSSOP package. All devices operate over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

*SampleSet and AutoShutdown are trademarks of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.*

*QSPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.*

*MICROWIRE is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.*

### Benefits and Features

- ◆ Scan Modes, Internal Averaging, and Internal Clock
- ◆ 16-Entry First-In/First-Out (FIFO)
- ◆ SampleSet: User-Defined Channel Sequence with Maximum Length of 256
- ◆ Analog Multiplexer with True Differential Track/Hold
  - ◇ 16-/8-Channel Single-Ended
  - ◇ 8-/4-Channel Fully-Differential Pairs
  - ◇ 15-/8-Channel Pseudo-Differential Relative to a Common Input
- ◆ Two Software-Selectable Bipolar Input Ranges
  - ◇  $\pm V_{REF+}/2$ ,  $\pm V_{REF+}$
- ◆ Flexible Input Configuration Across All Channels
- ◆ High Accuracy
  - ◇  $\pm 1$  LSB INL,  $\pm 1$  LSB DNL, No Missing Codes Over Temperature Range
- ◆ 70dB SINAD Guaranteed at 500kHz Input Frequency
- ◆ 1.5V to 3.6V Wide Range I/O Supply
  - ◇ Allows the Serial Interface to Connect Directly to 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V Digital Systems
- ◆ 2.35V to 3.6V Supply Voltage
- ◆ Longer Battery Life for Portable Applications
  - ◇ Low Power
  - ◇ 15.2mW at 3Msps with 3V Supplies
  - ◇ 2μA Full-Shutdown Current
- ◆ External Differential Reference (1V to  $V_{DD}$ )
- ◆ 48MHz, 3-Wire SPI-/QSPI-/MICROWIRE-/DSP-Compatible Serial Interface
- ◆ Wide -40°C to +125°C Operation
- ◆ Space-Saving, 28-Pin, 5mm x 5mm TQFN Packages
- ◆ 3Msps Conversion Rate, No Pipeline Delay
- ◆ 12-/10-Bit Resolution

### Applications

High-Speed Data Acquisition Systems  
 High-Speed Closed-Loop Systems  
 Industrial Control Systems  
 Medical Instrumentation  
 Battery-Powered Instruments  
 Portable Systems

**Ordering Information** appears at end of data sheet.

For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/MAX11129.related](http://www.maximintegrated.com/MAX11129.related).

**For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at [www.maximintegrated.com](http://www.maximintegrated.com).**

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### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{DD}$  to GND.....-0.3V to +4V  
 OVDD, AIN0–AIN13, CNVST/AIN14, REF+, REF-/AIN15  
 to GND.....-0.3V to the lower of ( $V_{DD} + 0.3V$ ) and +4V  
 $\overline{CS}$ , SCLK, DIN, DOUT,  $\overline{EOC}$  TO GND ..... -0.3V to the Lower of  
 ( $V_{OVDD} + 0.3V$ ) and +4V  
 DGND to GND.....-0.3V to +0.3V  
 Input/Output Current (all pins) .....50mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$ )  
 TQFN (derate 34.4mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$  above  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ).....2758mW  
 TSSOP (derate 27mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$  above  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ).....2162mW  
 Operating Temperature Range..... $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$   
 Junction Temperature ..... $+150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Storage Temperature Range..... $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) ..... $+300^\circ\text{C}$   
 Soldering Temperature (reflow) ..... $+260^\circ\text{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

TQFN

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )..... $29^\circ\text{C/W}$   
 Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ )..... $2^\circ\text{C/W}$

TSSOP

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )..... $37^\circ\text{C/W}$   
 Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ )..... $2^\circ\text{C/W}$

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial).

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11131/MAX11132)

( $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ ,  $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ , 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+} = V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                            | SYMBOL    | CONDITIONS                                | MIN | TYP       | MAX       | UNITS                 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| <b>DC ACCURACY (Notes 3 and 4)</b>                                   |           |                                           |     |           |           |                       |
| Resolution                                                           | RES       | 12 bit                                    | 12  |           |           | Bits                  |
| Integral Nonlinearity                                                | INL       |                                           |     |           | $\pm 1.0$ | LSB                   |
| Differential Nonlinearity                                            | DNL       | No missing codes                          |     |           | $\pm 1.0$ | LSB                   |
| Offset Error                                                         |           |                                           |     | -0.1      | $\pm 4.0$ | LSB                   |
| Gain Error                                                           |           | (Note 5)                                  |     | +0.3      | $\pm 4.0$ | LSB                   |
| Offset Error Temperature Coefficient                                 | $OE_{TC}$ |                                           |     | $\pm 2$   |           | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Gain Temperature Coefficient                                         | $GE_{TC}$ |                                           |     | $\pm 0.8$ |           | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Channel-to-Channel Offset Matching                                   |           |                                           |     | $\pm 0.5$ |           | LSB                   |
| Line Rejection                                                       | PSR       | (Note 6)                                  |     | $\pm 0.5$ | $\pm 2$   | LSB/V                 |
| <b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (500kHz, input sine wave) (Notes 3 and 7)</b> |           |                                           |     |           |           |                       |
| Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion                                      | SINAD     |                                           | 70  | 72.2      |           | dB                    |
| Signal-to-Noise Ratio                                                | SNR       |                                           | 70  | 72.3      |           | dB                    |
| Total Harmonic Distortion (Up to the 5th Harmonic)                   | THD       |                                           |     | -88       | -78       | dB                    |
| Spurious-Free Dynamic Range                                          | SFDR      |                                           | 79  | 90        |           | dB                    |
| Intermodulation Distortion                                           | IMD       | $f_1 = 398.4375kHz$ , $f_2 = 275.8125kHz$ |     | -85       |           | dB                    |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11131/MAX11132) (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ ,  $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ , 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+} = V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                    | SYMBOL            | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                              |                    | MIN                   | TYP                     | MAX    | UNITS |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------|
| Full-Power Bandwidth         |                   | -3dB                                                                                                                                                                    |                    | 50                    |                         | MHz    |       |
|                              |                   | -0.1dB                                                                                                                                                                  |                    | 7.5                   |                         |        |       |
| Full-Linear Bandwidth        |                   | SINAD > 70dB                                                                                                                                                            |                    | 1.5                   |                         | MHz    |       |
| Crosstalk                    |                   | -0.5dB below full scale of 492.1875kHz sine wave input to the channel being sampled, apply full-scale 398.4375kHz sine wave signal to all 15 nonselected input channels |                    | -88                   |                         | dB     |       |
| CONVERSION RATE              |                   |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    |                       |                         |        |       |
| Power-Up Time                | t <sub>PU</sub>   | Conversion cycle, external clock                                                                                                                                        |                    | 2                     |                         | Cycles |       |
| Acquisition Time             | t <sub>ACQ</sub>  |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | 52                    |                         | ns     |       |
| Conversion Time              | t <sub>CONV</sub> | Internally clocked (Note 8)                                                                                                                                             |                    | 2.1                   |                         | μs     |       |
|                              |                   | Externally clocked, f <sub>SCLK</sub> = 48MHz, 16 cycles (Note 8)                                                                                                       |                    | 333                   |                         | ns     |       |
| External Clock Frequency     | f <sub>SCLK</sub> |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | 0.48                  | 48                      | MHz    |       |
| Aperture Delay               |                   |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | 8                     |                         | ns     |       |
| Aperture Jitter              |                   | RMS                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | 30                    |                         | ps     |       |
| ANALOG INPUT                 |                   |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    |                       |                         |        |       |
| Input Voltage Range          | V <sub>INA</sub>  | Unipolar (single-ended and pseudo differential)                                                                                                                         |                    | 0                     | V <sub>REF+</sub>       | V      |       |
|                              |                   | Bipolar (Note 9)                                                                                                                                                        | RANGE bit set to 0 | -V <sub>REF+</sub> /2 | V <sub>REF+</sub> /2    |        |       |
|                              |                   |                                                                                                                                                                         | RANGE bit set to 1 | -V <sub>REF+</sub>    | V <sub>REF+</sub>       |        |       |
| Absolute Input Voltage Range |                   | AIN+, AIN- relative to GND                                                                                                                                              |                    | -0.1                  | V <sub>REF+</sub> + 0.1 | V      |       |
| Static Input Leakage Current | I <sub>ILA</sub>  | V <sub>AIN-</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> , GND                                                                                                                               |                    | -0.1                  | ±1.5                    | μA     |       |
| Input Capacitance            | C <sub>AIN</sub>  | During acquisition time, RANGE bit = 0 (Note 10)                                                                                                                        |                    | 15                    |                         | pF     |       |
|                              |                   | During acquisition time, RANGE bit = 1 (Note 10)                                                                                                                        |                    | 7.5                   |                         |        |       |
| EXTERNAL REFERENCE INPUT     |                   |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    |                       |                         |        |       |
| REF- Input Voltage Range     | V <sub>REF-</sub> |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | -0.3                  | +1                      | V      |       |
| REF+ Input Voltage Range     | V <sub>REF+</sub> |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | 1                     | V <sub>DD</sub> + 50mV  | V      |       |
| REF+ Input Current           | I <sub>REF+</sub> | V <sub>REF+</sub> = 2.5V, f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps                                                                                                                   |                    | 110                   |                         | μA     |       |
|                              |                   | V <sub>REF+</sub> = 2.5V, f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 0                                                                                                                       |                    | 0.1                   |                         |        |       |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11131/MAX11132) (continued)

( $V_{DD}$  = 2.35V to 3.6V,  $V_{OVDD}$  = 1.5V to 3.6V,  $f_{SAMPLE}$  = 3Msps,  $f_{SCLK}$  = 48MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+}$  =  $V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                                    | SYMBOL     | CONDITIONS                             | MIN                                        | TYP                    | MAX                    | UNITS   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| <b>DIGITAL INPUTS (SCLK, DIN, <math>\overline{CS}</math>, <math>\overline{CNVST}</math>)</b> |            |                                        |                                            |                        |                        |         |
| Input Voltage Low                                                                            | $V_{IL}$   |                                        |                                            |                        | $V_{OVDD} \times 0.25$ | V       |
| Input Voltage High                                                                           | $V_{IH}$   |                                        | $V_{OVDD} \times 0.75$                     |                        |                        | V       |
| Input Hysteresis                                                                             | $V_{HYST}$ |                                        |                                            | $V_{OVDD} \times 0.15$ |                        | mV      |
| Input Leakage Current                                                                        | $I_{IN}$   | $V_{AIN-} = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$            |                                            | $\pm 0.09$             | $\pm 1.0$              | $\mu A$ |
| Input Capacitance                                                                            | $C_{IN}$   |                                        |                                            | 3                      |                        | pF      |
| <b>DIGITAL OUTPUTS (DOUT, <math>\overline{EOC}</math>)</b>                                   |            |                                        |                                            |                        |                        |         |
| Output Voltage Low                                                                           | $V_{OL}$   | $I_{SINK} = 200\mu A$                  |                                            |                        | $V_{OVDD} \times 0.15$ | V       |
| Output Voltage High                                                                          | $V_{OH}$   | $I_{SOURCE} = 200\mu A$                | $V_{OVDD} \times 0.85$                     |                        |                        | V       |
| Three-State Leakage Current                                                                  | $I_L$      | $\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$               |                                            | -0.3                   | $\pm 1.5$              | $\mu A$ |
| Three-State Output Capacitance                                                               | $C_{OUT}$  | $\overline{CS} = V_{DD}$               |                                            | 4                      |                        | pF      |
| <b>POWER REQUIREMENTS</b>                                                                    |            |                                        |                                            |                        |                        |         |
| Positive Supply Voltage                                                                      | $V_{DD}$   |                                        | 2.35                                       | 3.0                    | 3.6                    | V       |
| Digital I/O Supply Voltage                                                                   | $V_{OVDD}$ |                                        | 1.5                                        | 3.0                    | 3.6                    | V       |
| Positive Supply Current                                                                      | $I_{DD}$   | $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$                   |                                            | 5.1                    | 6.5                    | mA      |
|                                                                                              |            | $f_{SAMPLE} = 0$ (3Msps devices)       |                                            | 2.5                    |                        |         |
|                                                                                              |            | Full shutdown                          |                                            | 0.0013                 | 0.006                  |         |
| Power Dissipation                                                                            |            | Normal mode<br>(external<br>reference) | $V_{DD} = 3V$ ,<br>$f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$    | 15.2                   |                        | mW      |
|                                                                                              |            |                                        | $V_{DD} = 2.35V$ ,<br>$f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ | 10.3                   |                        |         |
|                                                                                              |            | AutoStandby                            | $V_{DD} = 3V$ ,<br>$f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$    | 7.3                    |                        |         |
|                                                                                              |            |                                        | $V_{DD} = 2.35V$ ,<br>$f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ | 4.35                   |                        |         |
|                                                                                              |            | Full/<br>AutoShutdown                  | $V_{DD} = 3V$                              | 3.9                    |                        | $\mu W$ |
|                                                                                              |            |                                        | $V_{DD} = 2.35V$                           | 1.7                    |                        |         |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11131/MAX11132) (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ ,  $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ , 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+} = V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                   | SYMBOL         | CONDITIONS                         | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNITS   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------|-----|------|---------|
| <b>TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Figure 1) (Note 11)</b>                          |                |                                    |      |     |      |         |
| SCLK Clock Period                                                           | $t_{CP}$       | Externally clocked conversion      | 20.8 |     |      | ns      |
| SCLK Duty Cycle                                                             | $t_{CH}$       |                                    | 40   |     | 60   | %       |
| SCLK Fall to DOUT Transition                                                | $t_{DOT}$      | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$                  |      |     |      | ns      |
|                                                                             |                | $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$ to $2.35V$       | 4    |     | 16.5 |         |
|                                                                             |                | $V_{OVDD} = 2.35V$ to $3.6V$       | 4    |     | 15   |         |
| 16th SCLK Fall to DOUT Disable                                              | $t_{DOD}$      | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$ , channel ID on  |      |     | 15   | ns      |
| 14th SCLK Fall to DOUT Disable                                              |                | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$ , channel ID off |      |     | 16   | ns      |
| SCLK Fall to DOUT Enable                                                    | $t_{DOE}$      | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$                  |      |     | 14   | ns      |
| DIN to SCLK Rise Setup                                                      | $t_{DS}$       |                                    | 4    |     |      | ns      |
| SCLK Rise to DIN Hold                                                       | $t_{DH}$       |                                    | 1    |     |      | ns      |
| $\overline{CS}$ Fall to SCLK Fall Setup                                     | $t_{CSS}$      |                                    | 4    |     |      | ns      |
| SCLK Fall to $\overline{CS}$ Fall Hold                                      | $t_{CSH}$      |                                    | 1    |     |      | ns      |
| $\overline{CNVST}$ Pulse Width                                              | $t_{CSW}$      | See Figure 6                       | 5    |     |      | ns      |
| $\overline{CS}$ or $\overline{CNVST}$ Rise to $\overline{EOC}$ Low (Note 6) | $t_{CNV\_INT}$ | See Figure 7, $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ |      | 1.7 | 2.4  | $\mu s$ |
| $\overline{CS}$ Pulse Width                                                 | $t_{CSBW}$     |                                    | 5    |     |      | ns      |

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11129/MAX11130)

( $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ ,  $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ , 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+} = V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                            | SYMBOL    | CONDITIONS       | MIN | TYP       | MAX       | UNITS            |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| <b>DC ACCURACY (Notes 3 and 4)</b>   |           |                  |     |           |           |                  |
| Resolution                           | RES       | 10 bit           | 10  |           |           | Bits             |
| Integral Nonlinearity                | INL       |                  |     |           | $\pm 0.4$ | LSB              |
| Differential Nonlinearity            | DNL       | No missing codes |     |           | $\pm 0.4$ | LSB              |
| Offset Error                         |           |                  |     | 0.3       | $\pm 1.0$ | LSB              |
| Gain Error                           |           | (Note 5)         |     | 0.1       | $\pm 1.2$ | LSB              |
| Offset Error Temperature Coefficient | $OE_{TC}$ |                  |     | $\pm 2$   |           | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Gain Temperature Coefficient         | $GE_{TC}$ |                  |     | $\pm 0.8$ |           | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Channel-to-Channel Offset Matching   |           |                  |     | $\pm 0.5$ |           | LSB              |
| Line Rejection                       | PSR       | (Note 6)         |     | 0.2       | $\pm 1.0$ | LSB/V            |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11129/MAX11130) (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ ,  $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ , 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+} = V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                            | SYMBOL     | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                           | MIN                | TYP           | MAX              | UNITS   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|---------|
| <b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (500kHz, input sine wave) (Notes 3 and 7)</b> |            |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |               |                  |         |
| Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion                                      | SINAD      |                                                                                                                                                                                      | 61                 | 61.5          |                  | dB      |
| Signal-to-Noise Ratio                                                | SNR        |                                                                                                                                                                                      | 61                 | 61.5          |                  | dB      |
| Total Harmonic Distortion<br>(Up to the 5th Harmonic)                | THD        |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    | -86           | -76              | dB      |
| Spurious-Free Dynamic Range                                          | SFDR       |                                                                                                                                                                                      | 77                 | 86            |                  | dB      |
| Intermodulation Distortion                                           | IMD        | $f_1 = 398.4375kHz$ , $f_2 = 275.8125kHz$                                                                                                                                            |                    | -83           |                  | dB      |
| Full-Power Bandwidth                                                 |            | -3dB                                                                                                                                                                                 |                    | 50            |                  | MHz     |
|                                                                      |            | -0.1dB                                                                                                                                                                               |                    | 7.5           |                  | MHz     |
| Full-Linear Bandwidth                                                |            | SINAD > 59dB                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | 1.5           |                  | MHz     |
| Crosstalk                                                            |            | -0.5dB below full-scale of<br>492.1875kHz sine-wave input to the<br>channel being sampled; apply full-<br>scale 398.4375kHz sine wave signal<br>to all 15 nonselected input channels |                    | -88           |                  | dB      |
| <b>CONVERSION RATE</b>                                               |            |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |               |                  |         |
| Power-Up Time                                                        | $t_{PU}$   | Conversion cycle, external clock                                                                                                                                                     |                    | 2             |                  | Cycles  |
| Acquisition Time                                                     | $t_{ACQ}$  |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    | 52            |                  | ns      |
| Conversion Time                                                      | $t_{CONV}$ | Internally clocked (Note 8)                                                                                                                                                          |                    | 2.1           |                  | $\mu s$ |
|                                                                      |            | Externally clocked, $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ ,<br>16 cycles (Note 8)                                                                                                                       | 333                |               |                  | ns      |
| External Clock Frequency                                             | $f_{SCLK}$ |                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.48               |               | 48               | MHz     |
| Aperture Delay                                                       |            |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    | 8             |                  | ns      |
| Aperture Jitter                                                      |            | RMS                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    | 30            |                  | ps      |
| <b>ANALOG INPUT</b>                                                  |            |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |               |                  |         |
| Input Voltage Range                                                  | $V_{INA}$  | Unipolar (single-ended and pseudo<br>differential)                                                                                                                                   | 0                  |               | $V_{REF+}$       | V       |
|                                                                      |            | Bipolar (Note 9)                                                                                                                                                                     | RANGE bit set to 0 | $-V_{REF+}/2$ | $+V_{REF+}/2$    |         |
|                                                                      |            |                                                                                                                                                                                      | RANGE bit set to 1 | $-V_{REF+}$   | $+V_{REF+}$      |         |
| Absolute Input Voltage Range                                         |            | $A_{IN+}$ , $A_{IN-}$ relative to GND                                                                                                                                                | -0.1               |               | $V_{REF+} + 0.1$ | V       |
| Static Input Leakage Current                                         | $I_{ILA}$  | $V_{AIN-} = V_{DD}$ , GND                                                                                                                                                            |                    | -0.1          |                  | $\mu A$ |
| Input Capacitance                                                    | $C_{AIN}$  | During acquisition time,<br>RANGE bit = 0 (Note 10)                                                                                                                                  |                    | 15            |                  | pF      |
|                                                                      |            | During acquisition time,<br>RANGE bit = 1 (Note 10)                                                                                                                                  |                    | 7.5           |                  |         |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11129/MAX11130) (continued)

( $V_{DD}$  = 2.35V to 3.6V,  $V_{OVDD}$  = 1.5V to 3.6V,  $f_{SAMPLE}$  = 3Msps,  $f_{SCLK}$  = 48MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+}$  =  $V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                       | SYMBOL            | CONDITIONS                                            |                                                         | MIN                      | TYP                      | MAX                      | UNITS |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| EXTERNAL REFERENCE INPUT                                                        |                   |                                                       |                                                         |                          |                          |                          |       |
| REF- Input Voltage Range                                                        | V <sub>REF-</sub> |                                                       |                                                         | -0.3                     |                          | +1                       | V     |
| REF+ Input Voltage Range                                                        | V <sub>REF+</sub> |                                                       |                                                         | 1                        |                          | V <sub>DD</sub> + 50mV   | V     |
| REF+ Input Current                                                              | I <sub>REF+</sub> | V <sub>REF+</sub> = 2.5V, f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps |                                                         |                          | 110                      |                          | μA    |
|                                                                                 |                   | V <sub>REF+</sub> = 2.5V, f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 0     |                                                         |                          | 0.1                      |                          | μA    |
| DIGITAL INPUTS (SCLK, DIN, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ , $\overline{\text{CNVST}}$ ) |                   |                                                       |                                                         |                          |                          |                          |       |
| Input Voltage Low                                                               | V <sub>IL</sub>   |                                                       |                                                         |                          |                          | V <sub>OVDD</sub> × 0.25 | V     |
| Input Voltage High                                                              | V <sub>IH</sub>   |                                                       |                                                         | V <sub>OVDD</sub> × 0.75 |                          |                          | V     |
| Input Hysteresis                                                                | V <sub>HYST</sub> |                                                       |                                                         |                          | V <sub>OVDD</sub> × 0.15 |                          | mV    |
| Input Leakage Current                                                           | I <sub>IN</sub>   | V <sub>AIN-</sub> = 0V or V <sub>DD</sub>             |                                                         |                          | ±0.09                    |                          | μA    |
| Input Capacitance                                                               | C <sub>IN</sub>   |                                                       |                                                         |                          | 3                        |                          | pF    |
| DIGITAL OUTPUTS (DOUT, $\overline{\text{EOC}}$ )                                |                   |                                                       |                                                         |                          |                          |                          |       |
| Output Voltage Low                                                              | V <sub>OL</sub>   | I <sub>SINK</sub> = 200μA                             |                                                         |                          |                          | V <sub>OVDD</sub> × 0.15 | V     |
| Output Voltage High                                                             | V <sub>OH</sub>   | I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 200μA                           |                                                         | V <sub>OVDD</sub> × 0.85 |                          |                          | V     |
| Three-State Leakage Current                                                     | I <sub>L</sub>    | $\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V <sub>DD</sub>              |                                                         |                          | -0.3                     |                          | μA    |
| Three-State Output Capacitance                                                  | C <sub>OUT</sub>  | $\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V <sub>DD</sub>              |                                                         |                          | 4                        |                          | pF    |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS                                                              |                   |                                                       |                                                         |                          |                          |                          |       |
| Positive Supply Voltage                                                         | V <sub>DD</sub>   |                                                       |                                                         | 2.35                     | 3.0                      | 3.6                      | V     |
| Digital I/O Supply Voltage                                                      | V <sub>OVDD</sub> |                                                       |                                                         | 1.5                      | 3.0                      | 3.6                      | V     |
| Positive Supply Current                                                         | I <sub>DD</sub>   | f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps                           |                                                         |                          | 5.1                      |                          | mA    |
|                                                                                 |                   | f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 0 (3Msps devices)               |                                                         |                          | 2.5                      |                          |       |
|                                                                                 |                   | Full shutdown                                         |                                                         |                          | 0.0013                   | 0.006                    |       |
| Power Dissipation                                                               |                   | Normal mode<br>(external reference)                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3V,<br>f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps    |                          | 15.2                     |                          | mW    |
|                                                                                 |                   |                                                       | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35V,<br>f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps |                          | 10.3                     |                          |       |
|                                                                                 |                   | AutoStandby                                           | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3V,<br>f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps    |                          | 7.3                      |                          |       |
|                                                                                 |                   |                                                       | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35V,<br>f <sub>SAMPLE</sub> = 3Msps |                          | 4.35                     |                          |       |
|                                                                                 |                   | Full/<br>AutoShutdown                                 | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3V                                    |                          | 3.9                      |                          | μW    |
|                                                                                 |                   |                                                       | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35V                                 |                          | 1.7                      |                          |       |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MAX11129/MAX11130) (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ ,  $f_{SCLK} = 48MHz$ , 50% duty cycle,  $V_{REF+} = V_{DD}$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                   | SYMBOL         | CONDITIONS                         | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNITS   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------|-----|------|---------|
| <b>TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Figure 1) (Note 11)</b>                          |                |                                    |      |     |      |         |
| SCLK Clock Period                                                           | $t_{CP}$       | Externally clocked conversion      | 20.8 |     |      | ns      |
| SCLK Duty Cycle                                                             | $t_{CH}$       |                                    | 40   |     | 60   | %       |
| SCLK Fall to DOUT Transition                                                | $t_{DOT}$      | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$                  |      |     |      | ns      |
|                                                                             |                | $V_{OVDD} = 1.5V$ to $2.35V$       | 4    |     | 16.5 |         |
|                                                                             |                | $V_{OVDD} = 2.35V$ to $3.6V$       | 4    |     | 15   |         |
| 16th SCLK Fall to DOUT Disable                                              | $t_{DOD}$      | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$ , channel ID on  |      |     | 15   | ns      |
| 14th SCLK Fall to DOUT Disable                                              |                | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$ , channel ID off |      |     | 16   | ns      |
| SCLK Fall to DOUT Enable                                                    | $t_{DOE}$      | $C_{LOAD} = 10pF$                  |      |     | 14   | ns      |
| DIN to SCLK Rise Setup                                                      | $t_{DS}$       |                                    | 4    |     |      | ns      |
| SCLK Rise to DIN Hold                                                       | $t_{DH}$       |                                    | 1    |     |      | ns      |
| $\overline{CS}$ Fall to SCLK Fall Setup                                     | $t_{CSS}$      |                                    | 4    |     |      | ns      |
| SCLK Fall to $\overline{CS}$ Fall Hold                                      | $t_{CSH}$      |                                    | 1    |     |      | ns      |
| $\overline{CNVST}$ Pulse Width                                              | $t_{CSW}$      | See Figure 6                       | 5    |     |      | ns      |
| $\overline{CS}$ or $\overline{CNVST}$ Rise to $\overline{EOC}$ Low (Note 7) | $t_{CNV\_INT}$ | See Figure 7, $f_{SAMPLE} = 3Msps$ |      | 2.1 | 2.4  | $\mu s$ |
| $\overline{CS}$ Pulse Width                                                 | $t_{CSBW}$     |                                    | 5    |     |      | ns      |

**Note 2:** Limits are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

**Note 3:** Channel ID disabled.

**Note 4:** Tested in single-ended mode.

**Note 5:** Offset nulled.

**Note 6:** Line rejection  $\Delta(D_{OUT})$  with  $V_{DD} = 2.35V$  to  $3.6V$  and  $V_{REF+} = 2.35V$ .

**Note 7:** Tested and guaranteed with fully differential input.

**Note 8:** Conversion time is defined as the number of clock cycles multiplied by the clock period with a 50% duty cycle.

Maximum conversion time:  $1.91\mu s + N \times 16 \times T_{OSC\_MAX}$

$T_{OSC\_MAX} = 29.4ns$ ,  $T_{OSC\_TYP} = 25ns$ .

**Note 9:** The operational input voltage range for each individual input of a differentially configured pair is from  $V_{DD}$  to GND. The operational input voltage difference is from  $-V_{REF+}/2$  to  $+V_{REF+}/2$  or  $-V_{REF+}$  to  $+V_{REF+}$ .

**Note 10:** See [Figure 3](#) (Equivalent Input Circuit).

**Note 11:** Guaranteed by characterization.



# MAX11129-MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

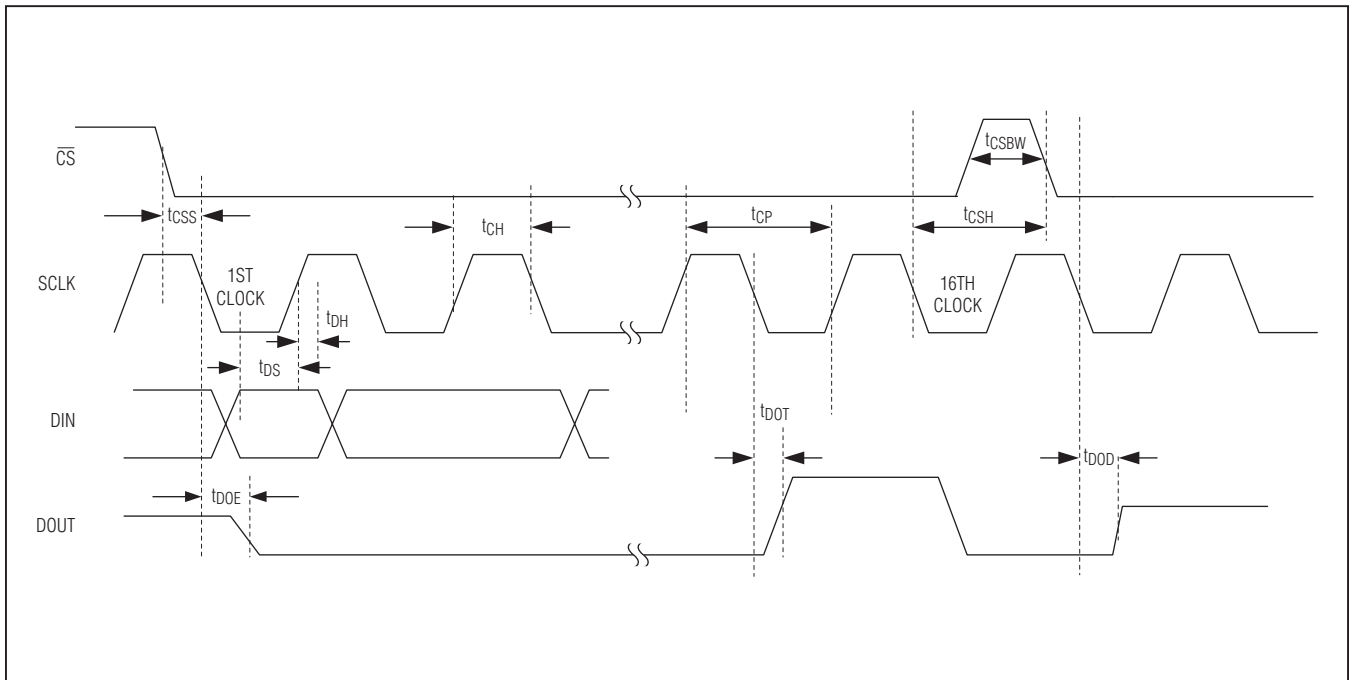
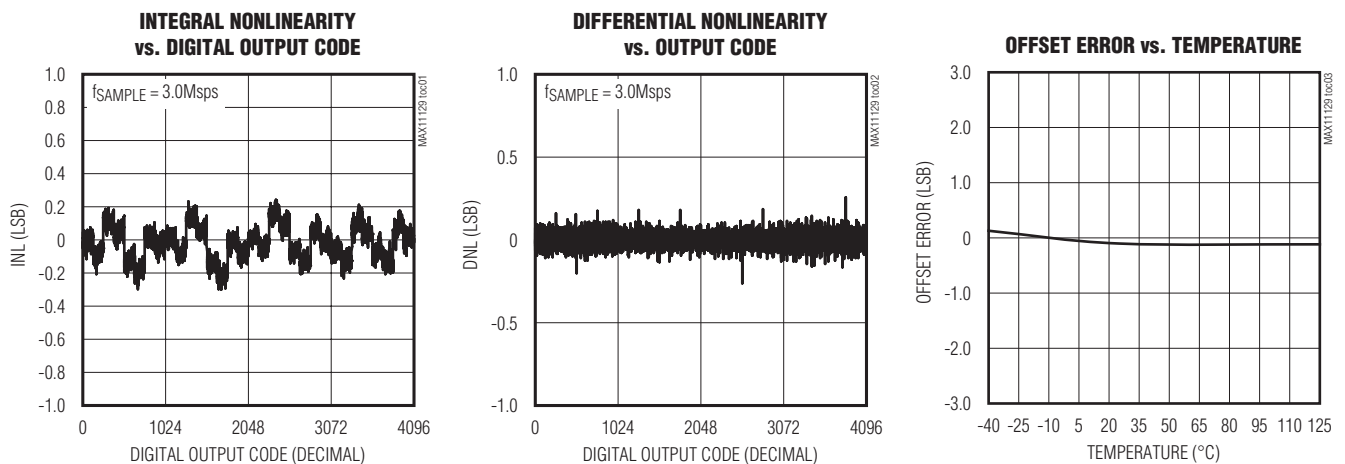


Figure 1. Detailed Serial-Interface Timing Diagram

### Typical Operating Characteristics

(MAX11131ATI+/MAX11132ATI+,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

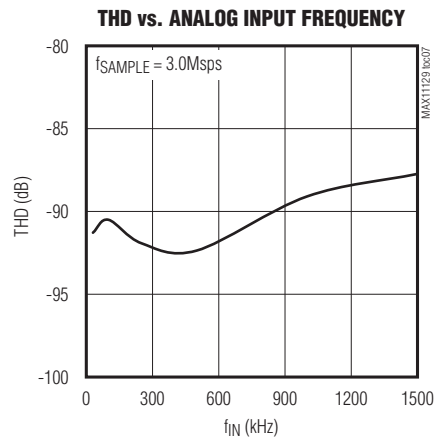
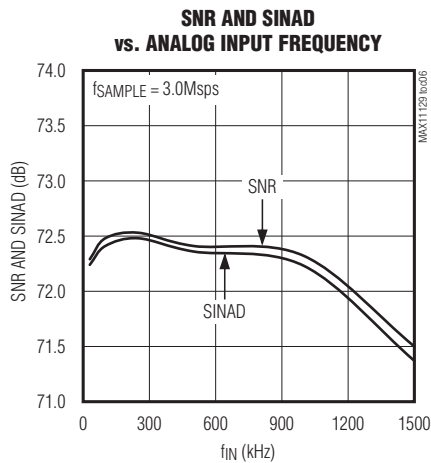
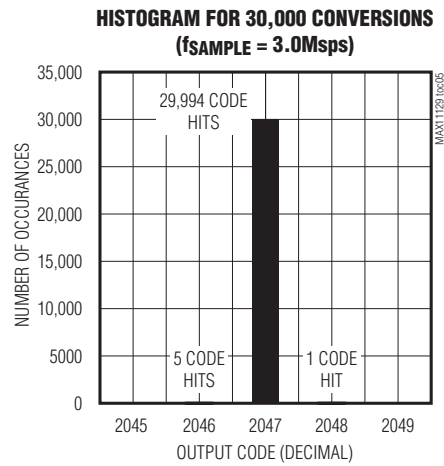
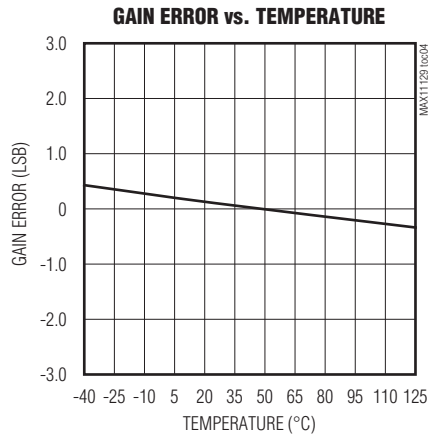


# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX11131ATI+/MAX11132ATI+,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

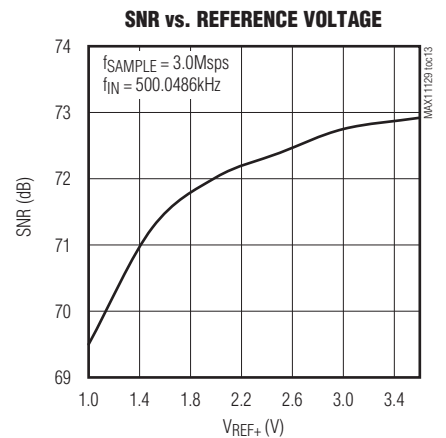
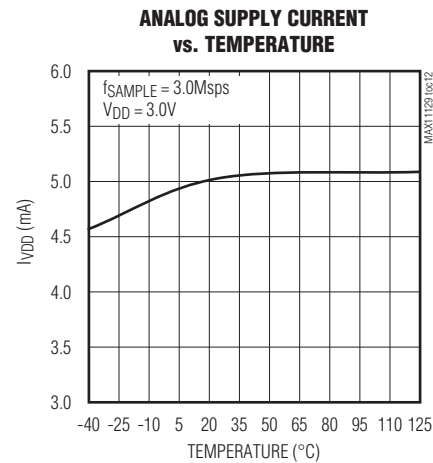
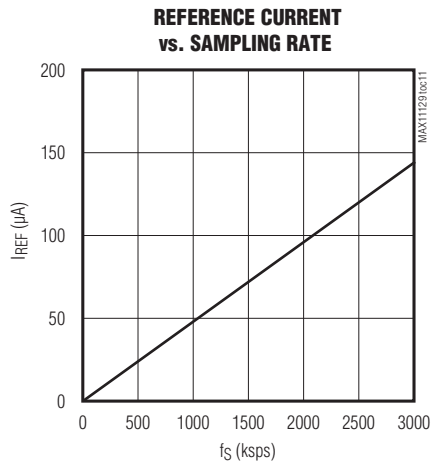
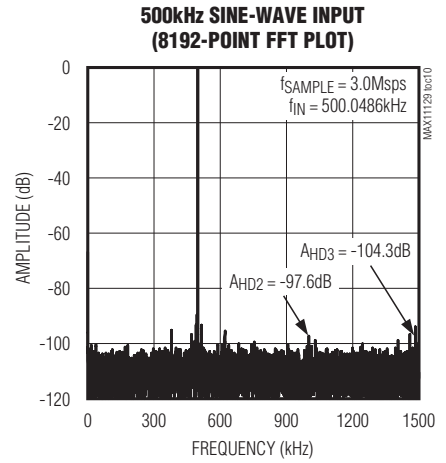
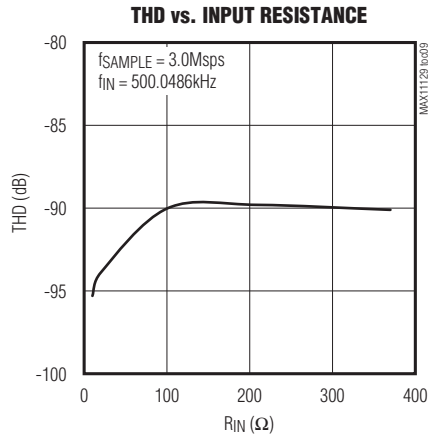
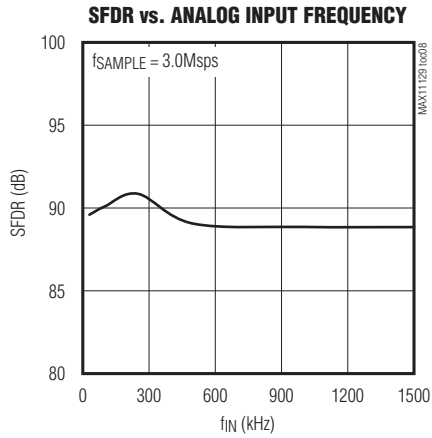


# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX11131ATI+/MAX11132ATI+,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

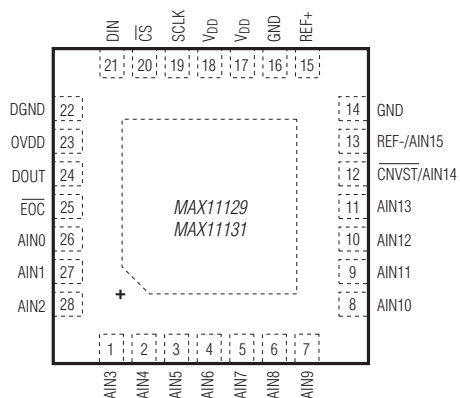


# MAX11129–MAX11132

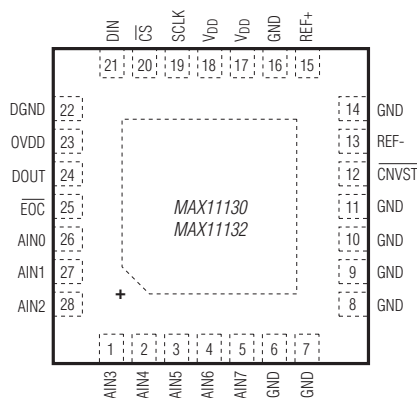
## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Pin Configurations

TOP VIEW

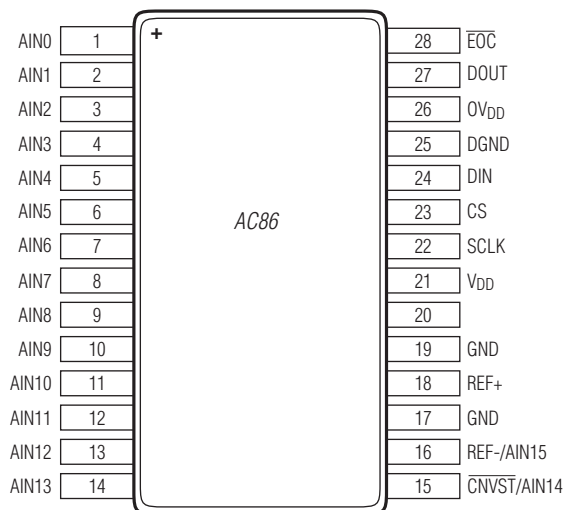


**TQFN  
16 CHANNEL**



**TQFN  
8 CHANNEL**

TOP VIEW



**TSSOP-28  
16 CHANNEL**

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

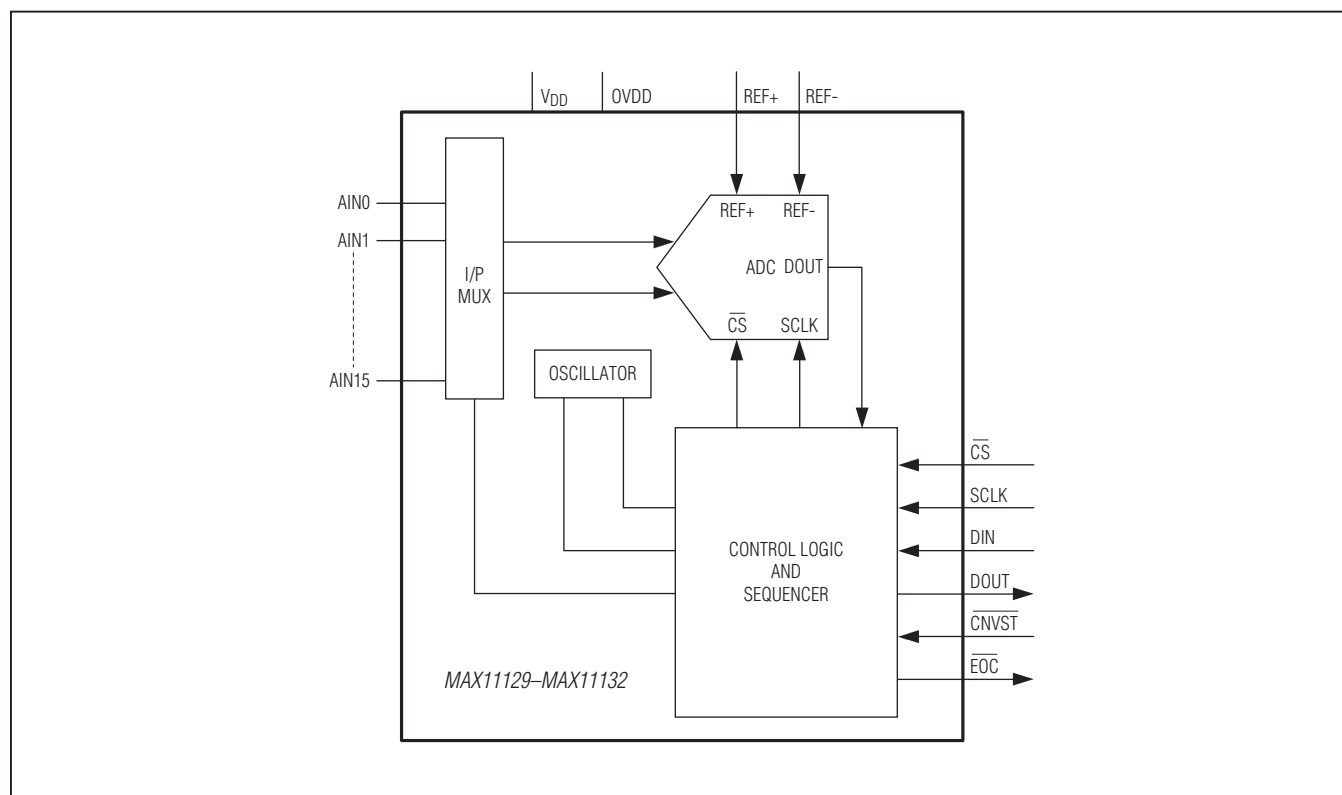
### Pin Description

| MAX11129<br>MAX11131<br>(16 CHANNEL)<br>TQFN | MAX11131<br>(16 CHANNEL)<br>TSSOP | MAX11130<br>MAX11132<br>(8 CHANNEL)<br>TQFN | NAME                                 | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 26, 27, 28, 1–11                             | 1–14                              | —                                           | AIN0–AIN13                           | Analog Inputs                                                                                                                                                                  |
| —                                            | —                                 | 26, 27, 28, 1–5                             | AIN0–AIN7                            | Analog Inputs                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 12                                           | 15                                | —                                           | $\overline{\text{CNVST}}$ /<br>AIN14 | Active-Low Conversion Start Input/Analog Input 14                                                                                                                              |
| —                                            | —                                 | 12                                          | $\overline{\text{CNVST}}$            | Active-Low Conversion Start Input                                                                                                                                              |
| 13                                           | 16                                | —                                           | REF-/AIN15                           | External Differential Reference Negative Input /Analog Input 15                                                                                                                |
| —                                            | —                                 | 13                                          | REF-                                 | External Differential Reference Negative Input                                                                                                                                 |
| 14, 16                                       | 17, 19                            | 6–11, 14, 16                                | GND                                  | Ground                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 15                                           | 18                                | 15                                          | REF+                                 | External Positive Reference Input. Apply a reference voltage at REF+. Bypass to GND with a 0.47 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                             |
| 17, 18                                       | 20, 21                            | 17, 18                                      | V <sub>DD</sub>                      | Power-Supply Input. Bypass to GND with a 10 $\mu$ F in parallel with a 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitors.                                                                                 |
| 19                                           | 22                                | 19                                          | SCLK                                 | Serial Clock Input. Clocks data in and out of the serial interface                                                                                                             |
| 20                                           | 23                                | 20                                          | $\overline{\text{CS}}$               | Active-Low Chip Select Input. When $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is low, the serial interface is enabled. When $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is high, DOUT is high impedance or three-state. |
| 21                                           | 24                                | 21                                          | DIN                                  | Serial Data Input. DIN data is latched into the serial interface on the rising edge of SCLK.                                                                                   |
| 22                                           | 25                                | 22                                          | DGND                                 | Digital I/O Ground                                                                                                                                                             |
| 23                                           | 26                                | 23                                          | OVDD                                 | Interface Digital Power-Supply Input. Bypass to GND with a 10 $\mu$ F in parallel with a 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitors.                                                               |
| 24                                           | 27                                | 24                                          | DOUT                                 | Serial Data Output. Data is clocked out on the falling edge of SCLK. When $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is high, DOUT is high impedance or three-state.                               |
| 25                                           | 28                                | 25                                          | $\overline{\text{EOC}}$              | End of Conversion Output. Data is valid after $\overline{\text{EOC}}$ pulls low (internal clock mode only).                                                                    |
| —                                            | —                                 | —                                           | EP                                   | Exposed Pad. Connect EP directly to GND plane for guaranteed performance.                                                                                                      |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Functional Diagram



### Detailed Description

The MAX11129–MAX11132 are 12-/10-bit with external reference and industry-leading 1.5MHz, full linear bandwidth, high-speed, low-power, serial output successive approximation register (SAR) analog-to-digital converters (ADC). These devices feature scan mode, internal averaging to increase SNR, and AutoShutdown.

The external clock mode features the SampleSet technology, a user-programmable analog input channel sequencer. The user may define and load a unique sequencing pattern into the ADC allowing both high- and low-frequency inputs to be converted without interface activity. This feature frees the controlling unit for other tasks while lowering overall system noise and power consumption.

The MAX11129–MAX11132 includes internal clock. The internal clock mode features an integrated FIFO, allowing

data to be sampled at high speed and then held for read-out at any time or at a lower clock rate. Internal averaging is also supported in this mode improving SNR for noisy input signals. All input channels are configurable for single-ended, fully differential or pseudo-differential inputs in unipolar or bipolar mode. The MAX11129–MAX11132 operate from a 2.35V to 3.6V supply and consume only 15mW at 3Msps.

The MAX11129–MAX11132 include AutoShutdown, fast wake-up, and a high-speed 3-wire serial interface. The devices feature full power-down mode for optimal power management.

Data is converted from analog voltage sources in a variety of channel and data-acquisition configurations. Microprocessor (μP) control is made easy through a 3-wire SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-compatible serial interface.

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Input Bandwidth

The ADC's input-tracking circuitry features a 1.5MHz small-signal full-linear bandwidth to digitize high-speed transient events and measure periodic signals with bandwidths exceeding the ADC's sampling rate by using undersampling techniques. Anti-alias filtering of the input signals is necessary to avoid high-frequency signals aliasing into the frequency band of interest.

### 3-Wire Serial Interface

The MAX11129–MAX11132 feature a serial interface compatible with SPI/QSPI and MICROWIRE devices. For SPI/QSPI, ensure the CPU serial interface runs in master mode to generate the serial clock signal. Select the SCLK frequency of 48MHz or less, and set clock polarity (CPOL) and phase (CPHA) in the  $\mu$ P control registers to the same value. The MAX11129–MAX11132 operate with SCLK idling high, and thus operate with CPOL = CPHA = 1.

Set  $\overline{CS}$  low to latch input data at DIN on the rising edge of SCLK. Output data at DOUT is updated on the falling

edge of SCLK. A high-to-low transition on  $\overline{CS}$  samples the analog inputs and initiates a new frame. A frame is defined as the time between two falling edges of  $\overline{CS}$ . There is a minimum of 16 bits per frame. The serial data input, DIN, carries data into the control registers clocked in by the rising edge of SCLK. The serial data output, DOUT, delivers the conversion results and is clocked out by the falling edge of SCLK. DOUT is a 16-bit data word containing a 4-bit channel address, followed by a 12-bit conversion result led by the MSB when CHAN\_ID is set to 1 in the ADC Mode Control register (Figure 2a). In this mode, keep the clock high for at least one full SCLK period before the  $\overline{CS}$  falling edge to ensure best performance (Figure 2b). When CHAN\_ID is set to 0 (external clock mode only), the 16-bit data word includes a leading zero and the 12-bit conversion result is followed by 3 trailing zeros (Figure 2c). In the 10-bit ADC, the last 2 LSBs are set to 0.

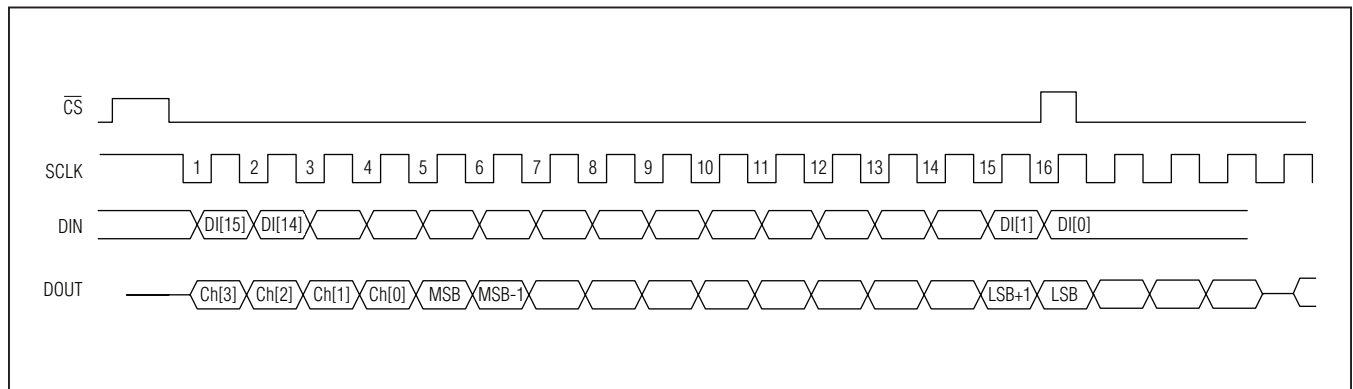


Figure 2a. External Clock Mode Timing Diagram with CHAN\_ID=1

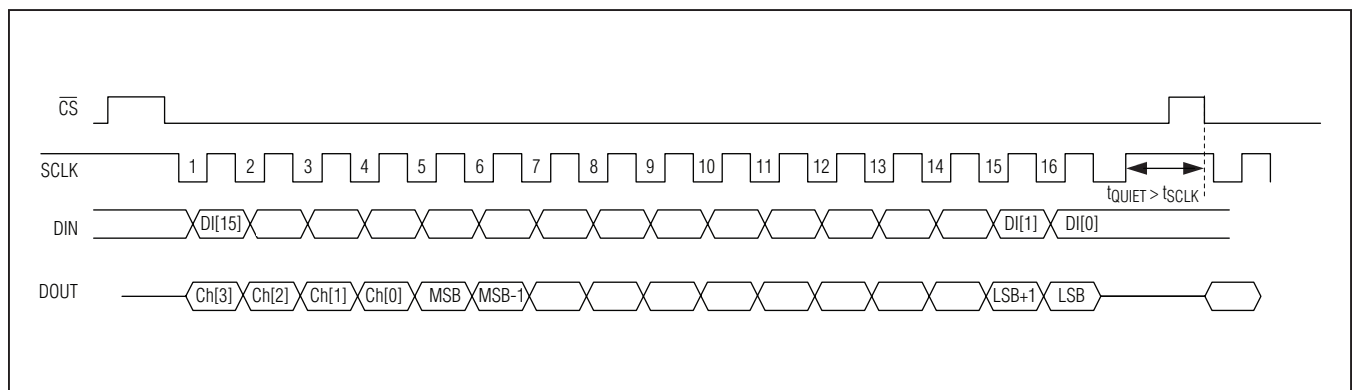


Figure 2b. External Clock Mode Timing Diagram with CHAN\_ID=1 for Best Performance

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

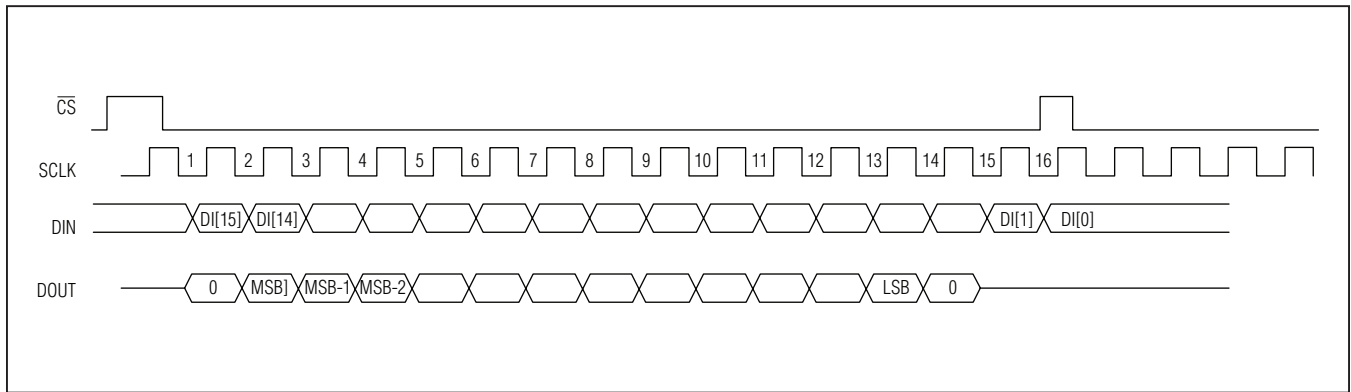


Figure 2c. External Clock Mode Timing Diagram with CHAN\_ID=0

### Single-Ended, Differential, and Pseudo-Differential Input

The MAX11129–MAX11132 include up to 16 analog input channels that can be configured to 16 single-ended inputs, 8 fully differential pairs, or 15 pseudo-differential inputs with respect to one common input (REF-/AIN15 is the common input).

The analog input range is 0V to  $V_{REF+}$  in single-ended and pseudo-differential mode (unipolar) and  $\pm V_{REF+}/2$  or  $\pm V_{REF+}$  in fully differential mode (bipolar) depending on the RANGE register settings. See [Table 7](#) for the RANGE register setting.

Unipolar mode sets the differential input range from 0 to  $V_{REF+}$ . If the positive analog input swings below the negative analog input in unipolar mode, the digital output code is zero. Selecting bipolar mode sets the differential input range to  $\pm V_{REF+}/2$  or  $\pm V_{REF+}$  depending on the RANGE register settings ([Table 7](#)).

In single-ended mode, the ADC always operates in unipolar mode. The analog inputs are internally referenced to GND with a full-scale input range from 0 to  $V_{REF+}$ . Single-ended conversions are internally referenced to GND ([Figure 3](#)).

The MAX11129–MAX11132 feature 15 pseudo differential inputs by setting the PDIFF\_COM bits in the Unipolar register to 1 ([Table 10](#)). The 15 analog input signals inputs are referenced to a DC signal applied to the REF-/AIN15.

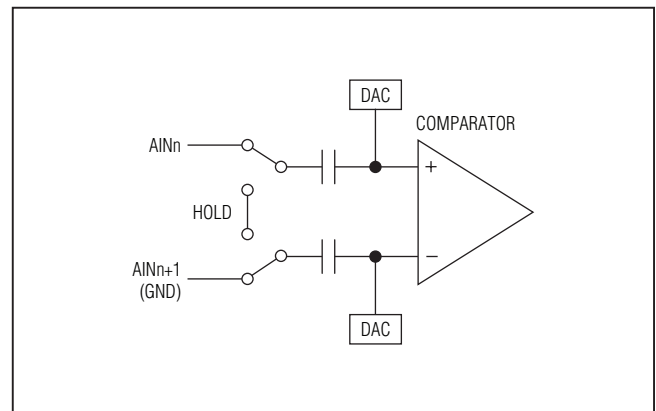


Figure 3. Equivalent Input Circuit

### Fully Differential Reference (REF+, REF-)

When the reference is used in fully differential mode (REFSEL = 1), the full-scale range is set by the difference between REF+ and REF-. The output clips if the input signal surpasses this reference range.

### ADC Transfer Function

The output format of the MAX11129–MAX11132 is straight binary in unipolar mode and two's complement in bipolar mode. The code transitions midway between successive integer LSB values, such as 0.5 LSB, 1.5 LSB. [Figure 4](#) and [Figure 5](#) show the unipolar and bipolar transfer function, respectively. Output coding is binary, with 1 LSB =  $V_{REF+}/4096$ .



# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

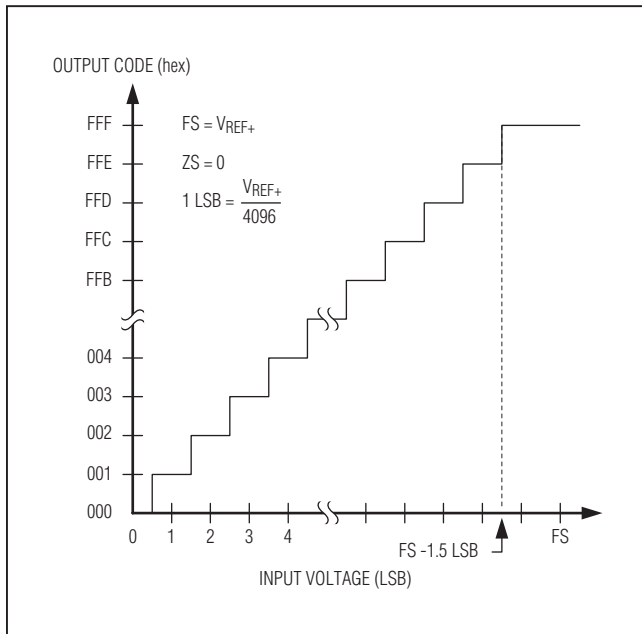


Figure 4. Unipolar Transfer Function for 12-Bit Resolution

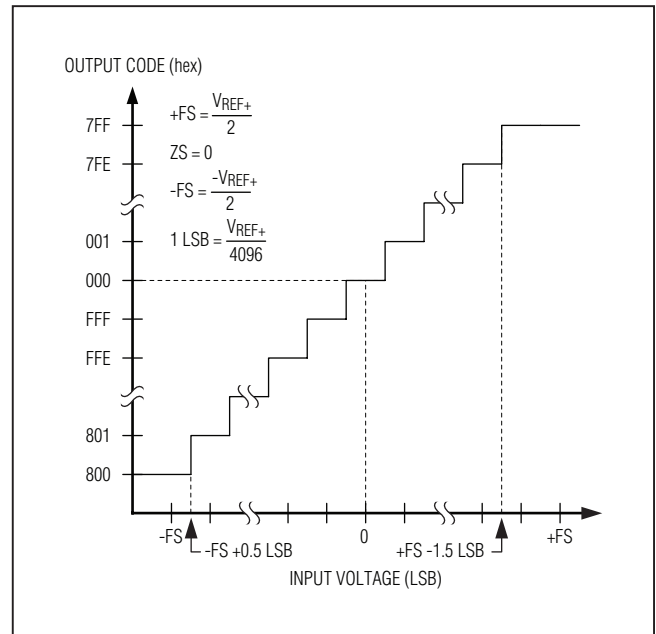


Figure 5. Bipolar Transfer Function for 12-Bit Resolution

### Internal FIFO

The MAX11129–MAX11132 contain a FIFO buffer that can hold up to 16 ADC results. This allows the ADC to handle multiple internally clocked conversions without tying up the serial bus. If the FIFO is filled and further conversions are requested without reading from the FIFO, the oldest ADC results are overwritten by the new ADC results. Each result contains 2 bytes, with the MSB preceded by four leading channel address bits. After each falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , the oldest available byte of data is available at DOUT. When the FIFO is empty, DOUT is zero.

### External Clock

In external clock mode, the analog inputs are sampled at the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ . Serial clock (SCLK) is used to perform the conversion. The sequencer reads in the channel to be converted from the serial data input (DIN) at each frame. The conversion results are sent to the serial output (DOUT) at the next frame.

### Internal Clock

The MAX11129–MAX11132 operate from an internal oscillator, which is accurate within  $\pm 15\%$  of the 40MHz nominal clock rate. Request internally timed conversions by writing the appropriate sequence to the ADC Mode

Control register (Table 2). The wake-up, acquisition, conversion, and shutdown sequences are initiated through  $\overline{CNVST}$  and are performed automatically using the internal oscillator. Results are added to the internal FIFO.

With  $\overline{CS}$  high, initiate a scan by setting  $\overline{CNVST}$  low for at least 5ns before pulling it high (Figure 6). Then, the MAX11129–MAX11132 wake up, scan all requested channels, store the results in the FIFO, and shut down. After the scan is complete,  $\overline{EOC}$  is pulled low and the results are available in the FIFO. Wait until  $\overline{EOC}$  goes low before pulling  $\overline{CS}$  low to communicate with the serial interface.  $\overline{EOC}$  stays low until  $\overline{CS}$  or  $\overline{CNVST}$  is pulled low again. Do not initiate a second  $\overline{CNVST}$  before  $\overline{EOC}$  goes low; otherwise, the FIFO may become corrupted.

Alternatively, set SWCNV to 1 in the ADC Mode Control register to initiate conversions with  $\overline{CS}$  rising edge instead of cycling  $\overline{CNVST}$  (Table 2). For proper operation,  $\overline{CS}$  must be held low for 17 clock cycles to guarantee that the device interprets the SWCNV setting. A delay is initiated at the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$  and the conversion is started when the delay times out. Upon completing the conversion, this bit is reset to 0 (Figure 7). Apply a soft reset when changing from internal to external clock mode: RESET[1:0] = 10.

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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

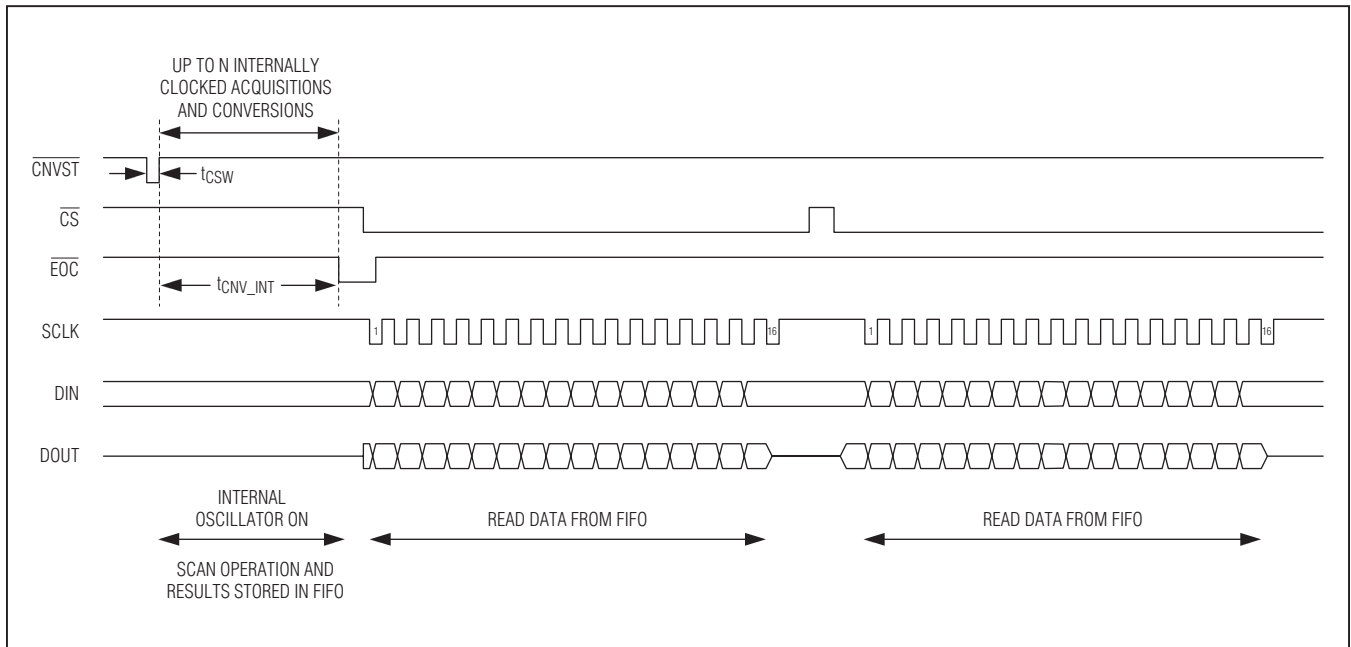


Figure 6. Internal Conversions with  $\overline{\text{CNVST}}$

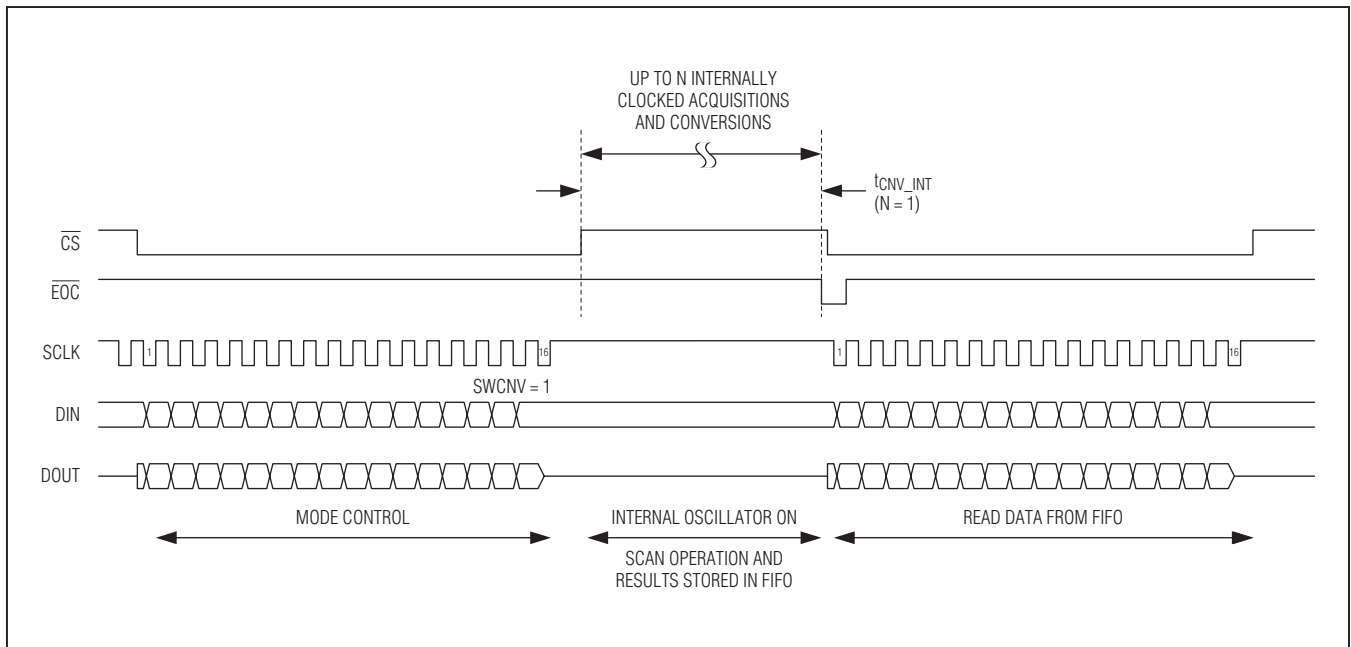


Figure 7. Internal Conversions with  $\text{SWCNV}$

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Analog Input

The MAX11129–MAX11132 produce a digital output that corresponds to the analog input voltage as long as the analog inputs are within the specified operating range. Internal protection diodes confine the analog input voltage within the region of the analog power input rails ( $V_{DD}$ , GND) and allow the analog input voltage to swing from  $GND - 0.3V$  to  $V_{DD} + 0.3V$  without damaging the device. Input voltages beyond  $GND - 0.3V$  and  $V_{DD} + 0.3V$  forward bias the internal protection diodes. Limit the forward diode current to less than 50mA to avoid damage to the MAX11129–MAX11132.

### ECHO

When writing to the ADC Configuration register, set ECHO to 1 in ADC Configuration register to echo back the configuration data onto DOUT at time  $n+1$  (Figure 8, Table 6).

### Scan Modes

The MAX11129–MAX11132 feature nine scan modes (Table 3).

#### Manual Mode

The next channel to be selected is identified in each SPI frame. The conversion results are sent out in the next frame. The manual mode works with the external clock only. The FIFO is unused.

#### Repeat Mode

Repeat scanning channel N for number of times and store all the conversion results in the FIFO. The number of scans is programmed in the ADC Configuration register. The repeat mode works with the internal clock only.

#### Custom\_Int and Custom\_Ext

In Custom\_Int and Custom\_Ext modes, the device scans preprogrammed channels in ascending order. The channels to be scanned in sequence are programmed in the Custom Scan0 or Custom Scan1 registers. A new

I/P MUX is selected every frame on the thirteenth falling edge of SCLK. Custom\_Int works with the internal clock. Custom\_Ext works with the external clock.

#### Standard\_Int and Standard\_Ext

In Standard\_Int and Standard\_Ext modes, the device scans channels 0 through N in ascending order where N is the last channel specified in the ADC Mode Control register. A new I/P MUX is selected every frame on the thirteenth falling edge of SCLK. Standard\_Int works with the internal clock. Standard\_Ext works with the external clock.

#### Upper\_Int and Upper\_Ext

In Upper\_Int and Upper\_Ext modes, the device scans channels N through 15/11/7/3 in ascending order where N is the first channel specified in the ADC Mode Control register. A new I/P MUX is selected every frame on the thirteenth falling edge of SCLK. Upper\_Int works with the internal clock. Upper\_Ext works with the external clock.

#### SampleSet

The SampleSet mode of operation allows the definition of a unique channel sequence combination with maximum length of 256. SampleSet is supported only in the external clock mode. SampleSet is ideally suited for multichannel measurement applications where some analog inputs must be converted more often than others.

The SampleSet approach provides greater sequencing flexibility for multichannel applications while alleviating significant microcontroller or DSP (controlling unit) communication overhead. SampleSet technology allows the user to exploit available ADC input bandwidth without need for constant communication between the ADC and controlling unit. The user may define and load a unique sequencing pattern into the ADC allowing both high- and low-frequency inputs to be converted appropriately without interface activity. With the unique sequence loaded

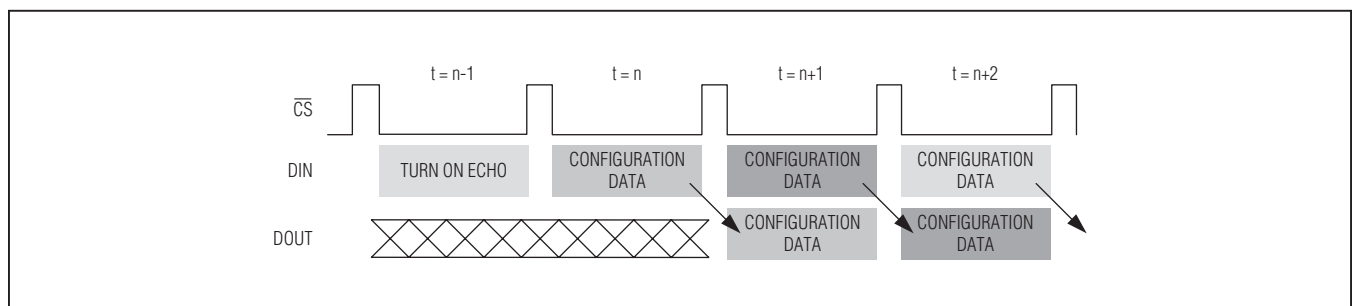


Figure 8. Echo Back the Configuration Data

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into ADC memory, the pattern may be repeated indefinitely or changed at any time.

For example, the maximum throughput of MAX11129–MAX11132 is 3Msps. Traditional ADC scan modes allow up to 16-channel conversions in ascending order. In this case, the effective throughput per channel is 3Msps/16 channel or 187.5ksps. The maximum input frequency

that the ADC can resolve (Nyquist Theorem) is 93.75kHz. If all 16 channels must be measured, with some channels having greater than 93.75kHz input frequency, the user must revert back to manual mode requiring constant communication on the serial interface. SampleSet technology solves this problem. [Figure 9](#) provides a SampleSet use-model example.

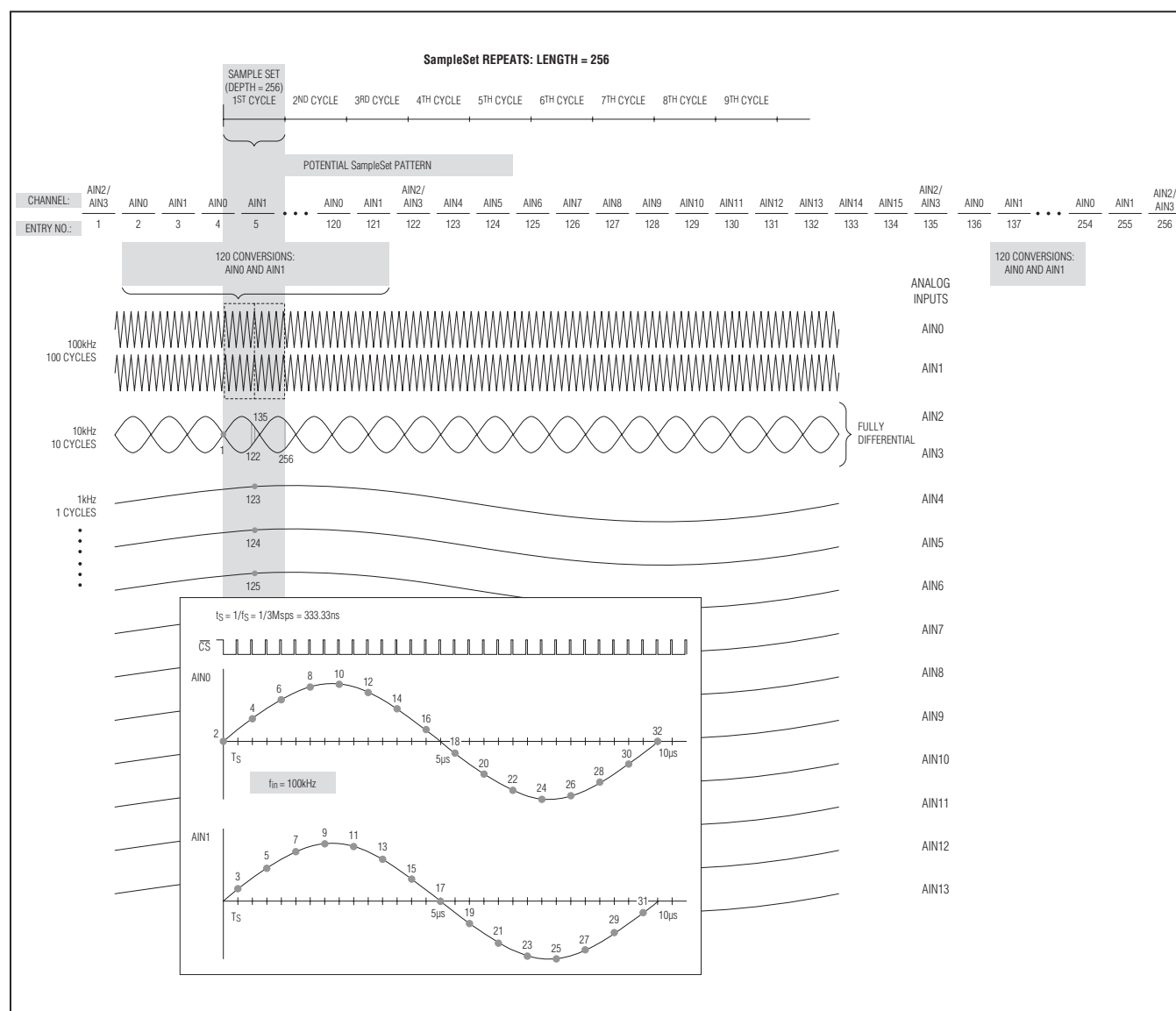


Figure 9. SampleSet Use-Model Example

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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Averaging Mode

In averaging mode, the device performs the specified number of conversions and returns the average for each requested result in the FIFO. The averaging mode works with internal clock only.

### Scan Modes and Unipolar/Bipolar Setting

When the Unipolar or Bipolar registers are configured as pseudo-differential or fully differential, the analog input pairs are repeated in this automated mode. For example, if N is set to 15 to scan all 16 channels and all analog input pairs are configured for fully-differential conversion, the ADC converts the channels twice. In this case, the user may avoid dual conversions on input pairs by implementing Manual mode or using Custom\_Int or Custom\_Ext scan modes.

### Register Descriptions

The MAX11129–MAX11132 communicate between the internal registers and the external circuitry through the SPI-/QSPI-compatible serial interface. [Table 1](#) details the register access and control. [Table 2](#) through [Table 14](#) detail the various functions and configurations.

For ADC mode control, set bit 15 of the register code identification to zero. The ADC Mode Control register determines when and under what scan condition the ADC operates.

To set the ADC data configuration, set the bit 15 of the register code identification to one.

**Table 1. Register Access and Control**

| REGISTER NAME         | REGISTER IDENTIFICATION CODE |        |        |        |        | DIN ≡ DATA INPUTS |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|
|                       | BIT 15                       | BIT 14 | BIT 13 | BIT 12 | BIT 11 | BIT [10:0]        |
| ADC Mode Control      | 0                            | DIN    | DIN    | DIN    | DIN    | DIN               |
| ADC Configuration     | 1                            | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | DIN               |
| Unipolar              | 1                            | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | DIN               |
| Bipolar               | 1                            | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | DIN               |
| RANGE                 | 1                            | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | DIN               |
| Custom Scan0          | 1                            | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | DIN               |
| Custom Scan1          | 1                            | 0      | 1      | 0      | 1      | DIN               |
| SampleSet             | 1                            | 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | DIN               |
| Reserved. Do not use. | 1                            | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | DIN               |

**Table 2. ADC Mode Control Register**

| BIT NAME   | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                 |        |                                                         |
|------------|-------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| REG_CNTL   | 15    | 0             | Set to 0 to select the ADC Mode Control register                                                                                         |        |                                                         |
| SCAN[3:0]  | 14:11 | 0001          | ADC Scan Control register (Table 3)                                                                                                      |        |                                                         |
| CHSEL[3:0] | 10:7  | 0000          | Analog Input Channel Select register (Table 4).<br>See Table 3 to determine which modes use CHSEL[3:0] for the channel scan instruction. |        |                                                         |
| RESET[1:0] | 6:5   | 00            | RESET1                                                                                                                                   | RESET0 | FUNCTION                                                |
|            |       |               | 0                                                                                                                                        | 0      | No reset                                                |
|            |       |               | 0                                                                                                                                        | 1      | Reset the FIFO only (resets to zero)                    |
|            |       |               | 1                                                                                                                                        | 0      | Reset all registers to default settings (includes FIFO) |
|            |       |               | 1                                                                                                                                        | 1      | Unused                                                  |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

**Table 2. ADC Mode Control Register (continued)**

| BIT NAME | BIT | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------|-----|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PM[1:0]  | 4:3 | 00            | Power Management Modes (Table 5). In external clock mode, PM[1:0] selects between normal mode and various power-down modes of operation.                                                                                                                                          |
| CHAN_ID  | 2   | 0             | External Clock Mode. Channel address is always present in internal clock mode. Set to 1, DOUT is a 16-bit data word containing a 4-bit channel address, followed by a 12-bit conversion result led by the MSB.                                                                    |
| SWCNV    | 1   | 0             | Set to 1 to initiate conversions with the rising edge of $\overline{CS}$ instead of cycling $\overline{CNVST}$ (internal clock mode only).<br>This bit is used for the internal clock mode only and must be reasserted in the ADC mode control, if another conversion is desired. |
| —        | 0   | 0             | Unused                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

**Table 3. ADC Scan Control**

| SCAN3 | SCAN2 | SCAN1 | SCAN0 | MODE NAME    | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | N/A          | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0]. This feature is provided so that DIN can be held low when no changes are required in the ADC Mode Control register. Bits [6:3, 1] can be still written without changing the scan mode properties. |
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | Manual       | The next channel to be selected is identified in each SPI frame. The conversion results are sent out in the next frame.<br>Clock mode: External clock only<br>Channel scan/sequence: Single channel per frame<br>Channel selection: See Table 4, CHSEL[3:0]<br>Averaging: No       |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | Repeat       | Scans channel N repeatedly. The FIFO stores 4, 8, 12, or 16 conversion results for channel N.<br>Clock mode: Internal clock only<br>Channel scan/sequence: Single channel per frame<br>Channel selection: See Table 4, CHSEL[3:0]<br>Averaging: Yes                                |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | Standard_Int | Scans channels 0 through N. The FIFO stores N conversion results.<br>Clock mode: Internal clock<br>Channel scan/sequence: N channels in ascending order<br>Channel selection: See Table 4, CHSEL[3:0] determines channel N<br>Averaging: Yes                                       |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

**Table 3. ADC Scan Control (continued)**

| SCAN3 | SCAN2 | SCAN1 | SCAN0 | MODE NAME    | FUNCTION                                                                                                              |                    |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | Standard_Ext | Scans channels 0 through N                                                                                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Clock mode: External clock                                                                                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel scan/sequence: N channels in ascending order                                                                  |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel selection: See Table 4, CHSEL[3:0] determines channel N                                                       |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Averaging: No                                                                                                         |                    |
| 0     | 1     | 0     | 1     | Upper_Int    | Scans channel N through the highest numbered channel. The FIFO stores X conversion results where:                     |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | X = Channel 16–N                                                                                                      | 16-channel devices |
|       |       |       |       |              | X = Channel 8–N                                                                                                       | 8-channel devices  |
|       |       |       |       |              | Clock mode: Internal clock                                                                                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel scan/sequence: Channel N through the highest numbered channel in ascending order                              |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel selection: See Table 4, CHSEL[3:0] determines channel N                                                       |                    |
| 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | Upper_Ext    | Averaging: Yes                                                                                                        |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Scans channel N through the highest numbered channel                                                                  |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Clock mode: External clock                                                                                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel scan/sequence: Channel N through the highest numbered channel in ascending order                              |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel selection: See Table 4, CHSEL[3:0] determines channel N                                                       |                    |
| 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | Custom_Int   | Averaging: No                                                                                                         |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Scans preprogrammed channels in ascending order. The FIFO stores conversion results for this unique channel sequence. |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Clock mode: Internal clock                                                                                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel scan/sequence: Unique ascending channel sequence                                                              |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Maximum depth: 16 conversions                                                                                         |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel selection: See Table 12, Custom Scan0 register and Table 13, Custom Scan1 register                            |                    |
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | Custom_Ext   | Averaging: Yes                                                                                                        |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Scans preprogrammed channels in ascending order                                                                       |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Clock mode: External clock                                                                                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel scan/sequence: Unique ascending channel sequence                                                              |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Maximum depth: 16 conversions                                                                                         |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Channel selection: See Table 12, Custom Scan0 register and Table 13, Custom Scan1 register                            |                    |
|       |       |       |       |              | Averaging: No                                                                                                         |                    |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

**Table 3. ADC Scan Control (continued)**

| SCAN3 | SCAN2 | SCAN1 | SCAN0 | MODE NAME | FUNCTION                                                                                                         |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 1     | SampleSet | Scans preprogrammed channel sequence with maximum length of 256. There is no restriction on the channel pattern. |
|       |       |       |       |           | Clock mode: External clock only                                                                                  |
|       |       |       |       |           | Channel scan/sequence: Unique channel sequence                                                                   |
|       |       |       |       |           | Maximum depth: 256 conversions                                                                                   |
|       |       |       |       |           | Channel Selection: See Table 4                                                                                   |
|       |       |       |       |           | Averaging: No                                                                                                    |
| 1     | 0     | 1     | 0     | —         | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0].                                 |
| 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | —         | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0].                                 |
| 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | —         | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0].                                 |
| 1     | 1     | 0     | 1     | —         | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0].                                 |
| 1     | 1     | 1     | 0     | —         | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0].                                 |
| 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | —         | Continue to operate in the previously selected mode. Ignore data on bits [10:0].                                 |

**Table 4. Analog Input Channel Select**

| CHSEL3 | CHSEL2 | CHSEL1 | CHSEL0 | SELECTED CHANNEL (N) |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------|
| 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | AIN0                 |
| 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | AIN1                 |
| 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | AIN2                 |
| 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | AIN3                 |
| 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | AIN4                 |
| 0      | 1      | 0      | 1      | AIN5                 |
| 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | AIN6                 |
| 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | AIN7                 |
| 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | AIN8                 |
| 1      | 0      | 0      | 1      | AIN9                 |
| 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | AIN10                |
| 1      | 0      | 1      | 1      | AIN11                |
| 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | AIN12                |
| 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | AIN13                |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | AIN14                |
| 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | AIN15                |



# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Power-Down Mode

The MAX11129–MAX11132 feature three power-down modes.

### Static Shutdown

The devices shut down when the SPM bits in the ADC Configuration register are asserted (Table 6). There are two shutdown options:

- Full shutdown where all circuitry is shutdown.
- Partial shutdown where all circuitry is powered down except for the internal bias generator.

### AutoShutdown with External Clock Mode

When the PM\_ bits in the ADC Mode Control register are asserted (Table 5), the device shuts down at the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$  in the next frame. The device powers up again at the following falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ . There are two available options:

- AutoShutdown where all circuitry is shutdown.
- AutoStandby where all circuitry are powered down except for the internal bias generator.

### AutoShutdown with Internal Clock Mode

The device shuts down after all conversions are completed. The device powers up again at the next falling edge of  $\overline{CNVST}$  or at the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$  after the SWCNV bit is asserted.

**Table 5. Power Management Modes**

| PM1 | PM0 | MODE         | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|-----|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | 0   | Normal       | All circuitry is fully powered up at all times.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 0   | 1   | AutoShutdown | The device enters full shutdown mode at the end of each conversion. All circuitry is powered down. The device powers up following the falling edge of $\overline{CS}$ . It takes 2 cycles before valid conversions take place. The information in the registers is retained. |
| 1   | 0   | AutoStandby  | The device powers down all circuitry except for the internal bias generator. The part powers up following the falling edge of $\overline{CS}$ . It takes 2 cycles before valid conversions take place. The information in the registers is retained.                         |
| 1   | 1   | —            | Unused.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Table 6. ADC Configuration Register**

| BIT NAME     | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                              |                       |                                     |
|--------------|-------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CONFIG_SETUP | 15:11 | N/A           | Set to 10000 to select the ADC Configuration register.                                                |                       |                                     |
| REFSEL       | 10    | 0             | REFSEL                                                                                                | VOLTAGE REFERENCE     | REF- CONFIGURATION                  |
|              |       |               | 0                                                                                                     | External single-ended | AIN15 ( for the 16-channel devices) |
|              |       |               | 1                                                                                                     | External differential | REF-                                |
| AVGON        | 9     | 0             | Set to 1 to turn averaging on. Valid for internal clock mode only.<br>Set to 0 to turn averaging off. |                       |                                     |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

**Table 6. ADC Configuration Register (continued)**

| BIT NAME   | BIT | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |        |                                                                            |                                                                                                                            |
|------------|-----|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAVQ[1:0]  | 8:7 | 00            | Valid for internal clock mode only.                                                                                                                                                                             |       |        |                                                                            |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | AVQON                                                                                                                                                                                                           | NAVQ1 | NAVQ0  | FUNCTION                                                                   |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                               | X     | X      | Performs 1 conversion for each requested result.                           |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0     | 0      | Performs 4 conversions and returns the average for each requested result.  |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0     | 1      | Performs 8 conversions and returns the average for each requested result.  |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1     | 0      | Performs 16 conversions and returns the average for each requested result. |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1     | 1      | Performs 32 conversions and returns the average for each requested result. |                                                                                                                            |
| NSCAN[1:0] | 6:5 | 00            | Scans channel N and returns 4, 8, 12, or 16 results. Valid for repeat mode only.                                                                                                                                |       |        |                                                                            |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | NSCAN1                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | NSCAN0 | FUNCTION                                                                   |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 0      | Scans channel N and returns 4 results.                                     |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 1      | Scans channel N and returns 8 results.                                     |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 0      | Scans channel N and returns 12 results.                                    |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 1      | Scans channel N and returns 16 results.                                    |                                                                                                                            |
| SPM[1:0]   | 4:3 | 00            | Static power-down modes                                                                                                                                                                                         |       |        |                                                                            |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | SPM1                                                                                                                                                                                                            | SPM0  | MODE   | FUNCTION                                                                   |                                                                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 0      | Normal                                                                     | All circuitry is fully powered up at all times.                                                                            |
|            |     |               | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 1      | Full Shutdown                                                              | All circuitry is powered down. The information in the registers is retained.                                               |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 0      | Partial Shutdown                                                           | All circuitry is powered down except for the reference and reference buffer. The information in the registers is retained. |
|            |     |               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                               |       | 1      | —                                                                          | Unused                                                                                                                     |
| ECHO       | 2   | 0             | Set to 0 to disable the instruction echo on DOUT.<br>Set to 1 to echo back the DIN instruction given at time = n onto the DOUT line at time = n + 1. It takes 1 full cycle for the echoing to begin (Figure 8). |       |        |                                                                            |                                                                                                                            |
| —          | 1:0 | 0             | Unused                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |        |                                                                            |                                                                                                                            |

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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

**Table 7. RANGE Register (RANGE Settings Only Applies to Bipolar Fully Differential Analog Input Configurations)**

| BIT NAME    | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                         |
|-------------|-------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RANGE_SETUP | 15:11 | N/A           | Set to 10011 to select the RANGE register                                        |
| RANGE0/1    | 10    | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN0/1: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN0/1: $\pm V_{REF+}$     |
| RANGE2/3    | 9     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN2/3: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN2/3: $\pm V_{REF+}$     |
| RANGE4/5    | 8     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN4/5: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN4/5: $\pm V_{REF+}$     |
| RANGE6/7    | 7     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN6/7: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN6/7: $\pm V_{REF+}$     |
| RANGE8/9    | 6     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN8/9: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN8/9: $\pm V_{REF+}$     |
| RANGE10/11  | 5     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN10/11: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN10/11: $\pm V_{REF+}$ |
| RANGE12/13  | 4     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN12/13: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN12/13: $\pm V_{REF+}$ |
| RANGE14/15  | 3     | 0             | Set to 0 for AIN14/15: $\pm V_{REF+}/2$<br>Set to 1 for AIN14/15: $\pm V_{REF+}$ |
| —           | 2:0   | 000           | Unused                                                                           |

### ADC OUTPUT as a Function of Unipolar and Bipolar Modes

The ADC Scan Control register ([Table 3](#)) determines the ADC mode of operation. The Unipolar and Bipolar registers in [Table 10](#) and [Table 11](#) determine output coding and whether input configuration is single-ended or fully differential.

[Table 9](#) details the conversion output for analog inputs, AIN0 and AIN1. The truth table is consistent for any other valid input pairs (AINn/AINn+1). [Table 8](#) shows the applicable input signal format with respect to analog input configurations.

CHSEL[3:0] is used for MANUAL, REPEAT, STANDARD\_EXT, STANDARD\_INT, UPPER\_EXT, UPPER\_INT modes of operation. CHSCAN[15:0] is used for CUSTOM\_EXT and CUSTOM\_INT modes of operation.

### SampleSet Mode of Operation

The SampleSet register stores the unique channel sequence length. The sequence pattern is comprised of up to 256 unique single-ended and/or differential conversions with any order or pattern.

Patterns are assembled in 4-bit channel identifier nibbles as described in [Table 4](#). [Figure 10](#) presents the SampleSet timing diagram. Note that two  $\overline{CS}$  frames are required to configure the SampleSet functionality. The first frame indicates the sequence length. The second frame is used to encode the channel sequence pattern.

After the SampleSet register has been coded ([Table 14](#)), by the next falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , the new SampleSet pattern is activated ([Figure 10](#)). If the pattern length is less than SEQ\_LENGTH, the remaining channels default to AIN0. If the select pattern length is greater than SEQ\_LENGTH, the additional data is ignored as the ADC waits for the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$ . If  $\overline{CS}$  is asserted in the middle of a nibble, the full nibble defaults to AIN0.

Upon receiving the SampleSet pattern, the user can set the ADC Mode Control register to begin the conversion process where data readout begins with the first SampleSet entry. While the last conversion result is read, the ADC can be instructed to enter AutoShutdown, if desired. If the user wishes to change the SampleSet length, a new pattern must be loaded into the ADC as described in [Figure 10](#).

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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

**Table 8. Analog Input Configuration and Unipolar/Bipolar Waveforms**

| ANALOG INPUT CONFIGURATION |                          | SUPPORTED WAVEFORMS |            | UNIPOLAR/BIPOLAR REGISTER SETTING                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                            |                          | REFSEL = 0          | REFSEL = 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Single-Ended               | Unipolar (Binary Coding) |                     |            | Table 10. Unipolar Register:<br>Set desired channel(s) to 0 or PDIFF_COM to 1.<br><br><b>Counterpart Register</b><br>Table 11. Bipolar Register:<br>Set desired channel(s) to 0. |
| Fully Differential         | Unipolar (Binary Coding) |                     |            | Table 10. Unipolar Register:<br>Set desired channel(s) to 1.<br><br><b>Counterpart Register</b><br>Table 11. Bipolar Register:<br>Set desired channel(s) to 0.                   |
| Fully Differential         | Bipolar (2's Complement) |                     |            | Table 11. Bipolar Register:<br>Set desired channel(s) to 1.<br><br><b>Counterpart Register</b><br>Table 10. Unipolar Register:<br>Set desired channel(s) to 0.                   |

**Table 9. ADC Output as a Function of Unipolar/Bipolar Register Settings**

| CHANNEL SELECTION                                   | UNIPOLAR REGISTER |           | BIPOLAR REGISTER | FUNCTION                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BIT NAME                                            | UCH0/1            | PDIFF_COM | BCH0/1           |                                                                    |
| AIN0 Selection:<br>CHSEL[3:0] = 0000<br>CHSCAN0 = 1 | 0                 | 0         | 0                | AIN0 (binary, unipolar)                                            |
|                                                     | 0                 | 0         | 1                | AIN0/1 pair (two's complement, bipolar)                            |
|                                                     | 1                 | 0         | 0                | AIN0/1 pair (binary, unipolar)                                     |
|                                                     | 1                 | 0         | 1                | AIN0/1 pair (binary, unipolar); Unipolar register takes precedence |
|                                                     | X                 | 1         | X                | AIN0 referred to REF-/AIN15 (binary, unipolar)                     |
| AIN1 Selection:<br>CHSEL[3:0] = 0001<br>CHSCAN1 = 1 | 0                 | 0         | 0                | AIN1 (binary, unipolar)                                            |
|                                                     | 0                 | 0         | 1                | AIN0/1 pair (two's complement, bipolar)                            |
|                                                     | 1                 | 0         | 0                | AIN0/1 pair (binary, unipolar)                                     |
|                                                     | 1                 | 0         | 1                | AIN0/1 pair (binary, unipolar), Unipolar register takes precedence |
|                                                     | X                 | 1         | X                | AIN1 referred to REF-/AIN15 (binary, unipolar)                     |

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**Table 10. Unipolar Register**

| BIT NAME  | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------|-------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UNI_SETUP | 15:11 | —             | Set to 10001 to select the Unipolar register.                                                                                                        |
| UCH0/1    | 10    | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN0 and AIN1 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN0 and AIN1 for single-ended conversion.          |
| UCH2/3    | 9     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN2 and AIN3 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN2 and AIN3 for single-ended conversion.          |
| UCH4/5    | 8     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN4 and AIN5 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN4 and AIN5 for single-ended conversion.          |
| UCH6/7    | 7     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN6 and AIN7 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN6 and AIN7 for single-ended conversion.          |
| UCH8/9    | 6     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN8 and AIN9 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN8 and AIN9 for single-ended conversion.          |
| UCH10/11  | 5     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN10 and AIN11 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN10 and AIN11 for single-ended conversion.      |
| UCH12/13  | 4     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN12 and AIN13 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN12 and AIN13 for single-ended conversion.      |
| UCH14/15  | 3     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN14 and AIN15 for pseudo-differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN14 and AIN15 for single-ended conversion.      |
| PDIFC_COM | 2     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN0–AIN14 to be referenced to one common DC voltage on the REF-/AIN15. Set to 0 to disable the 15:1 pseudo differential mode. |
| —         | 1:0   | 000           | Unused.                                                                                                                                              |

**Table 11. Bipolar Register**

| BIT NAME  | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BIP_SETUP | 15:11 | —             | Set to 10010 to select the Bipolar register.                                                                                                            |
| BCH0/1    | 10    | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN0 and AIN1 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN0 and AIN1 for unipolar conversion mode.     |
| BCH2/3    | 9     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN2 and AIN3 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN2 and AIN3 for unipolar conversion mode.     |
| BCH4/5    | 8     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN4 and AIN5 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN4 and AIN5 for unipolar conversion mode.     |
| BCH6/7    | 7     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN6 and AIN7 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN6 and AIN7 for unipolar conversion mode.     |
| BCH8/9    | 6     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN8 and AIN9 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN8 and AIN9 for unipolar conversion mode.     |
| BCH10/11  | 5     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN10 and AIN11 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN10 and AIN11 for unipolar conversion mode. |
| BCH12/13  | 4     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN12 and AIN13 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN12 and AIN13 for unipolar conversion mode. |
| BCH14/15  | 3     | 0             | Set to 1 to configure AIN14 and AIN15 for bipolar fully differential conversion.<br>Set to 0 to configure AIN14 and AIN15 for unipolar conversion mode. |
| —         | 2:0   | 000           | Unused.                                                                                                                                                 |

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**Table 12. Custom Scan0 Register**

| BIT NAME   | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                          |
|------------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| CUST_SCAN0 | 15:11 | —             | Set to 10100 to select the Custom Scan0 register. |
| CHSCAN15   | 10    | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN15. Set to 0 to omit AIN15.   |
| CHSCAN14   | 9     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN14. Set to 0 to omit AIN14.   |
| CHSCAN13   | 8     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN13. Set to 0 to omit AIN13.   |
| CHSCAN12   | 7     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN12. Set to 0 to omit AIN12.   |
| CHSCAN11   | 6     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN11. Set to 0 to omit AIN11.   |
| CHSCAN10   | 5     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN10. Set to 0 to omit AIN10.   |
| CHSCAN9    | 4     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN9. Set to 0 to omit AIN9.     |
| CHSCAN8    | 3     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN8. Set to 0 to omit AIN8.     |
| —          | 2:0   | 000           | Unused.                                           |

**Table 13. Custom Scan1 Register**

| BIT NAME   | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                          |
|------------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| CUST_SCAN1 | 15:11 | —             | Set to 10101 to select the Custom Scan1 register. |
| CHSCAN7    | 10    | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN7. Set to 0 to omit AIN7.     |
| CHSCAN6    | 9     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN6. Set to 0 to omit AIN6.     |
| CHSCAN5    | 8     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN5. Set to 0 to omit AIN5.     |
| CHSCAN4    | 7     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN4. Set to 0 to omit AIN4.     |
| CHSCAN3    | 6     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN3. Set to 0 to omit AIN3.     |
| CHSCAN2    | 5     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN2. Set to 0 to omit AIN2.     |
| CHSCAN1    | 4     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN1. Set to 0 to omit AIN1.     |
| CHSCAN0    | 3     | 0             | Set to 1 to scan AIN0. Set to 0 to omit AIN0.     |
| —          | 2:0   | 000           | Unused.                                           |

**Table 14. SampleSet Register**

| BIT NAME   | BIT   | DEFAULT STATE | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------|-------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SMPL_SET   | 15:11 | —             | Set to 10110 to select the SampleSet register.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| SEQ_LENGTH | 10:3  | 00000000      | 8-bit binary word indicating desired sequence length. The equation is:<br>Sequence length = SEQ_LENGTH + 1<br>00000000 = Sequence length = 1<br>11111111 = Sequence length = 256<br>Coding: Straight binary<br>Maximum length: 256 ADC conversions |
| —          | 2:0   | —             | Unused.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

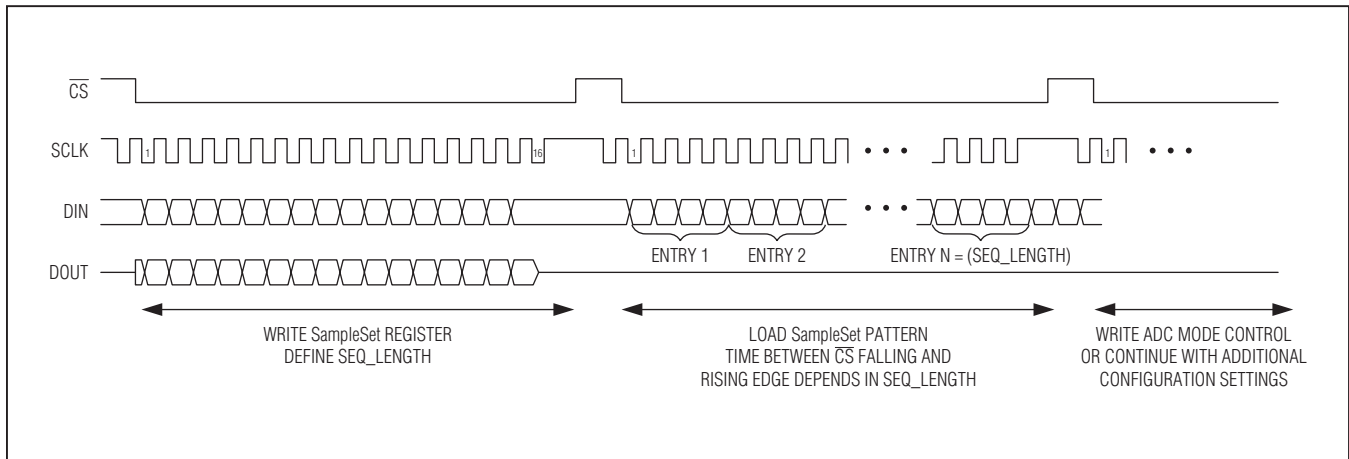


Figure 10. SampleSet Timing Diagram

### Applications Information

#### How to Program Modes

- 1) Configure the ADC (set the MSB on DIN to 1).
- 2) Program ADC mode control (set the MSB on DIN to 0) to begin the conversion process or to control power management features.
  - If ADC mode control is written during a conversion sequence, the ADC finishes the present conversion and at the next falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$  initiates its new instruction.
  - If configuration data (MSB on DIN is a 1) is written during a conversion sequence, the ADC finishes the present conversion in the existing scan mode. However, data on DOUT is not valid in following frames until a new ADC mode control instruction is coded.

#### Programming Sequence Flow Chart

See [Figure 11](#) for programming sequence.

#### Layout, Grounding, and Bypassing

For best performance, use PCBs with a solid ground plane. Ensure that digital and analog signal lines are separated from each other. Do not run analog and digital (especially clock) lines parallel to one another or digital lines underneath the ADC package. Noise in the  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OVDD$ , and  $REF$  affects the ADC's performance. Bypass the  $V_{DD}$ ,  $OVDD$ , and  $REF$  to ground with 0.1 $\mu$ F and 10 $\mu$ F bypass capacitors. Minimize capacitor lead and trace lengths for best supply-noise rejection.

#### Choosing an Input Amplifier

It is important to match the settling time of the input amplifier to the acquisition time of the ADC. The conversion results are accurate when the ADC samples the input signal for an interval longer than the input signal's worst-case settling time. By definition, settling time is the interval between the application of an input voltage step and the point at which the output signal reaches and stays within a given error band centered on the resulting steady-state amplifier output level. The ADC input sampling capacitor charges during the sampling cycle, referred to as the acquisition period. During this acquisition period, the settling time is affected by the input resistance and the input sampling capacitance. This error can be estimated by looking at the settling of an RC time constant using the input capacitance and the source impedance over the acquisition time period. [Figure 13](#) shows a typical application circuit. The MAX4430, offering a settling time of 37ns at 16-bit resolution, is an excellent choice for this application. See the [THD vs. Input Resistance](#) graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

# MAX11129-MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

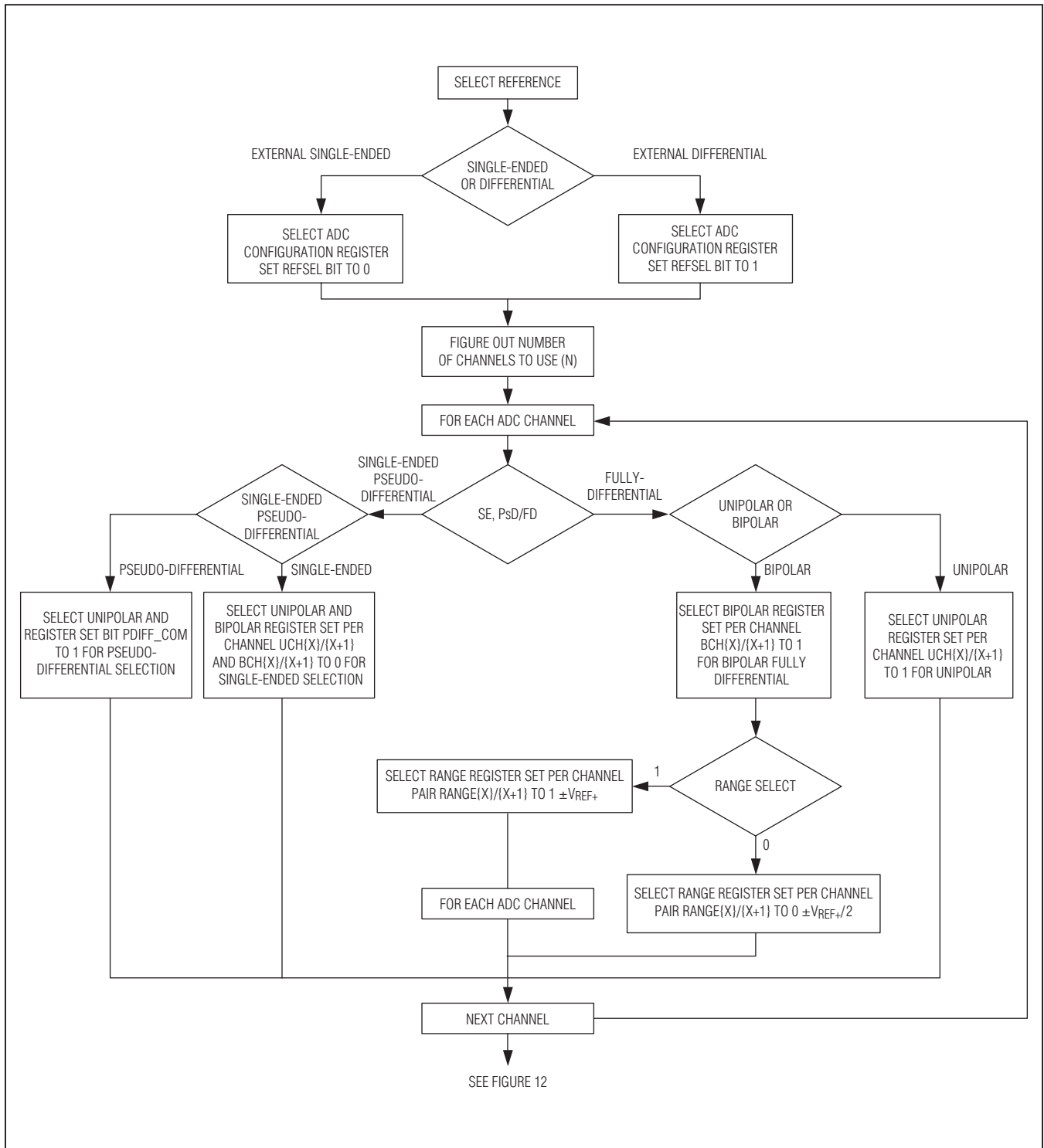


Figure 11. ADC Programming Sequence



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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

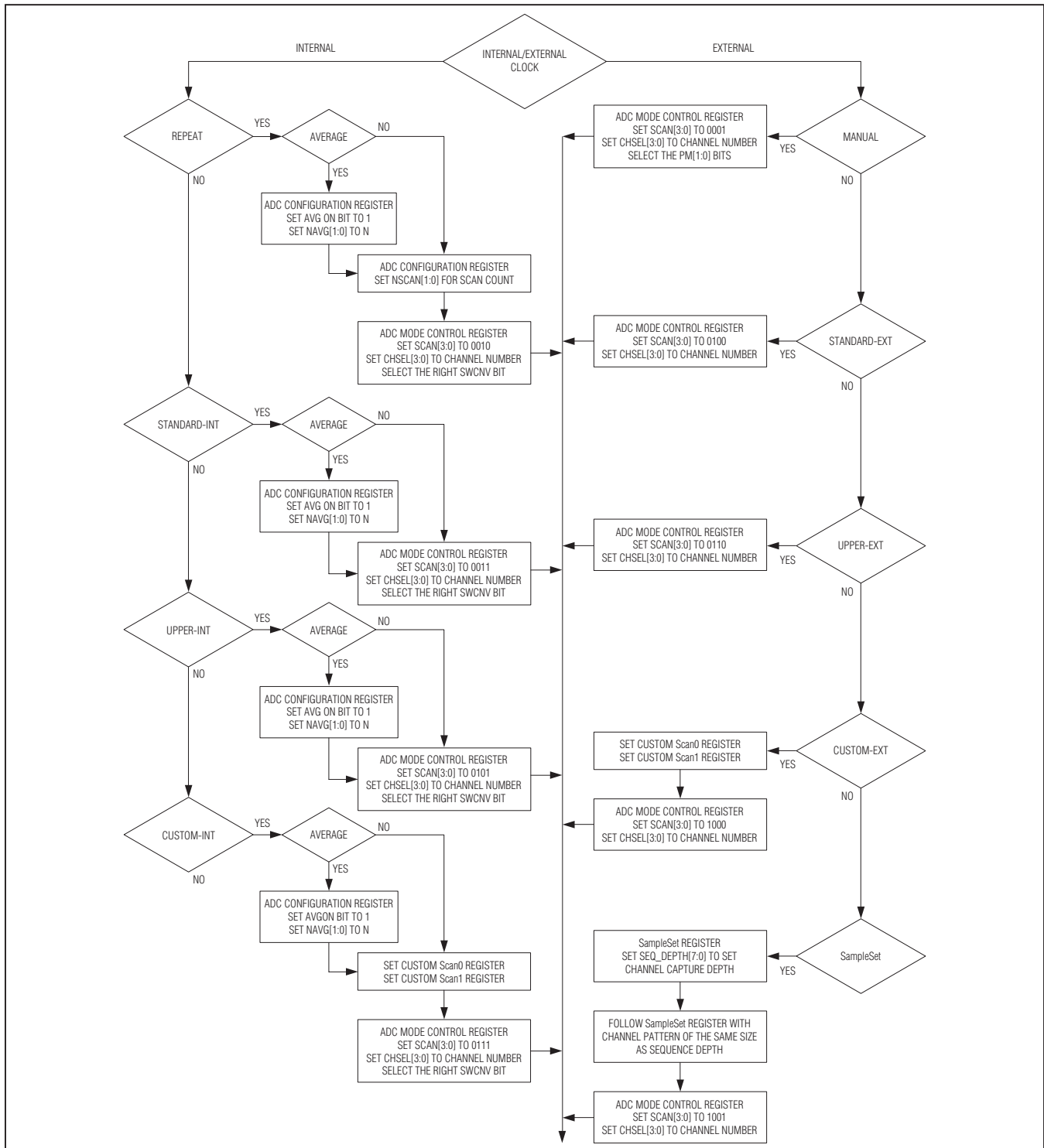


Figure 12. ADC Mode Select Programming Sequence

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## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Choosing a Reference

For devices using an external reference, the choice of the reference determines the output accuracy of the ADC. An ideal voltage reference provides a perfect initial accuracy and maintains the reference voltage independent of changes in load current, temperature, and time. The following parameters need to be considered in selecting a reference:

- Initial voltage accuracy
- Temperature drift
- Current source capability
- Current sink capability
- Quiescent current
- Noise. The MAX6033 and MAX6043 are also excellent reference choices ([Figure 13](#)).

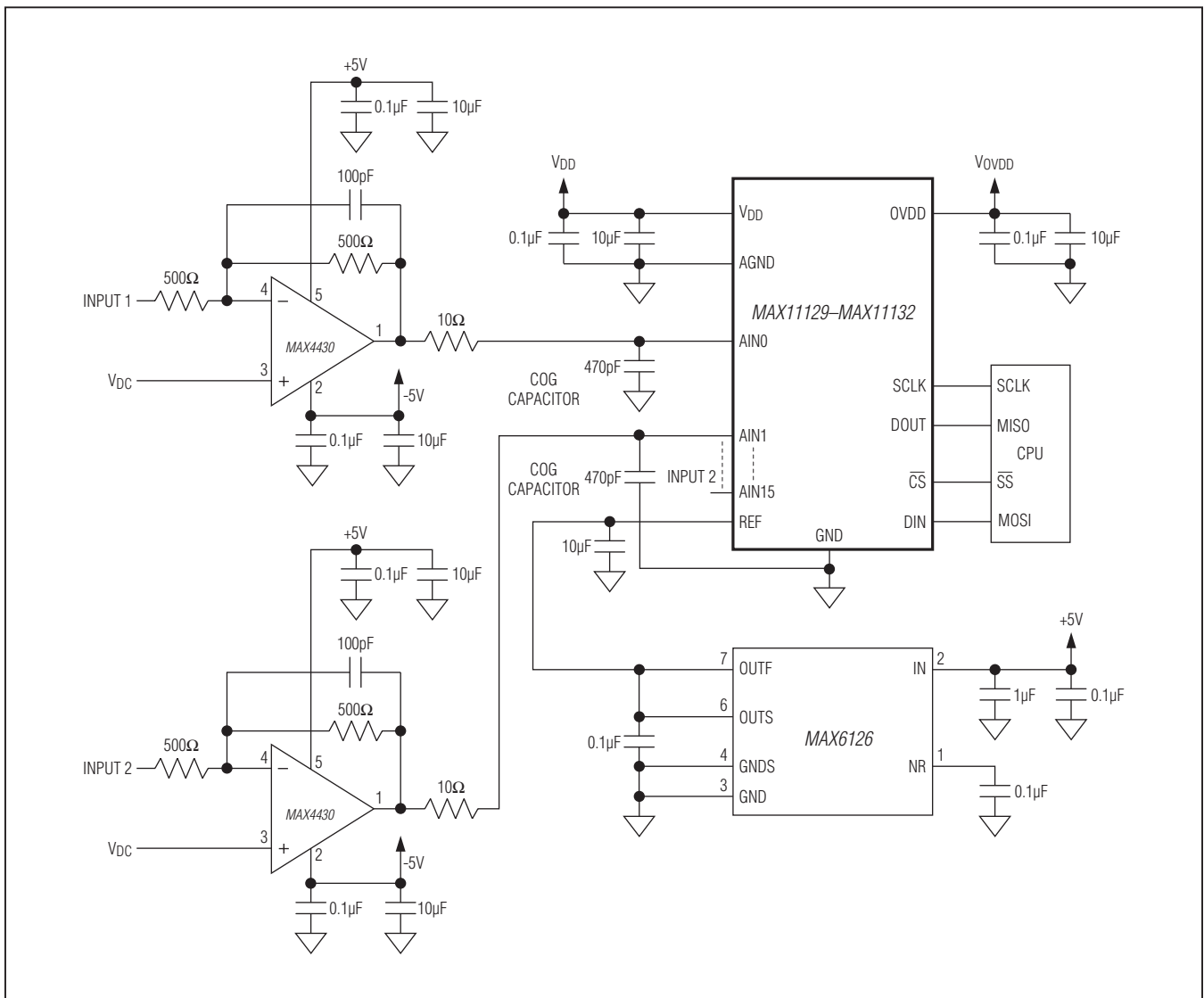


Figure 13. Typical Application Circuit

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Definitions

#### Integral Nonlinearity

Integral nonlinearity (INL) is the deviation of the values on an actual transfer function from a straight line. This straight line can be either a best-straight-line fit or a line drawn between the end points of the transfer function, once offset and gain errors have been nulled. The static linearity parameters for the MAX11129–MAX11132 are measured using the end-points method.

#### Differential Nonlinearity

Differential nonlinearity (DNL) is the difference between an actual step width and the ideal value of 1 LSB. A DNL error specification of 1 LSB or less guarantees no missing codes and a monotonic transfer function.

#### Signal-to-Noise Ratio

Signal-to-noise ratio is the ratio of the amplitude of the desired signal to the amplitude of noise signals at a given point in time. The larger the number, the better. The theoretical minimum analog-to-digital noise is caused by quantization error and results directly from the ADC's resolution (N bits):

$$\text{SNR} = (6.02 \times N + 1.76) \text{ dB}$$

In reality, there are other noise sources besides quantization noise, including thermal noise, reference noise, clock jitter, etc. Therefore, SNR is computed by taking the ratio of the RMS signal to the RMS noise, which includes all spectral components minus the fundamental, the first five harmonics, and the DC offset.

#### Total Harmonic Distortion

Total harmonic distortion (THD) is expressed as:

$$\text{THD} = 20 \times \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2}}{V_1} \right)$$

where  $V_1$  is the fundamental amplitude, and  $V_2$  through  $V_5$  are the amplitudes of the 2nd- through 5th-order harmonics.

#### Spurious-Free Dynamic Range

Spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR) is the ratio of the RMS amplitude of the fundamental (maximum signal component) to the RMS value of the next largest distortion component.

#### Full-Power Bandwidth

Full-power bandwidth is the frequency at which the input signal amplitude attenuates by 3dB for a full-scale input.

#### Full-Linear Bandwidth

Full-linear bandwidth is the frequency at which the signal-to-noise plus distortion (SINAD) is more than 68dB.

#### Intermodulation Distortion

Any device with nonlinearities creates distortion products when two sine waves at two different frequencies ( $f_1$  and  $f_2$ ) are input into the device. Intermodulation distortion (IMD) is the total power of the IM2 to IM5 intermodulation products to the Nyquist frequency relative to the total input power of the two input tones,  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ . The individual input tone levels are at -6dBFS.

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Ordering Information

| PART                 | PIN-PACKAGE  | BITS | SPEED (Msps) | NO. OF CHANNELS |
|----------------------|--------------|------|--------------|-----------------|
| <b>MAX11129</b> ATI+ | 28 TQFN-EP*  | 10   | 3            | 16              |
| <b>MAX11130</b> ATI+ | 28 TQFN-EP*  | 10   | 3            | 8               |
| <b>MAX11131</b> ATI+ | 28 TQFN-EP*  | 12   | 3            | 16              |
| MAX11131AUI+         | 28 TSSOP-EP* | 12   | 3            | 16              |
| <b>MAX11132</b> ATI+ | 28 TQFN-EP*  | 12   | 3            | 8               |

**Note:** All devices are specified over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*EP = Exposed pad.

### Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | OUTLINE NO.             | LAND PATTERN NO.        |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 28 TQFN-EP   | T2855+3      | <a href="#">21-0140</a> | <a href="#">90-0023</a> |
| 28 TSSOP-EP  | U28E+4       | <a href="#">21-0108</a> | <a href="#">90-0146</a> |

# MAX11129–MAX11132

## 3Msps, Low-Power, Serial 12-/10-Bit, 8-/16-Channel ADCs

### Revision History

| REVISION<br>NUMBER | REVISION<br>DATE | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                   | PAGES<br>CHANGED                |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0                  | 9/11             | Initial release                                                                                                                                                               | —                               |
| 1                  | 11/11            | Updated <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> , <i>Typical Operating Characteristics</i> global, Tables 3 and 9, and other minor corrections.                                     | 2–11, 14, 21, 22, 26,<br>27, 28 |
| 2                  | 2/12             | Updated <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> , <i>Pin Configurations</i> , <i>Pin Description</i> , Figure 2a, 2b, 2c captions, Figure 6, and the <i>Internal Clock</i> section. | 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12,<br>14–17 |
| 3                  | 4/12             | Released the MAX11132.                                                                                                                                                        | 35                              |
| 4                  | 6/12             | Released the MAX11130.                                                                                                                                                        | 35                              |
| 5                  | 9/12             | Added MAX11131 TSSOP package.                                                                                                                                                 | 1, 2, 11, 12, 35                |



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