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## 1. Overview

This MCU is built using the high-performance silicon gate CMOS process using a R8C/Tiny Series CPU core and is packaged in a 32-pin plastic molded LQFP. This MCU operates using sophisticated instructions featuring a high level of instruction efficiency. With 1M bytes of address space, it is capable of executing instructions at high speed.

### 1.1 Applications

Electric household appliance, office equipment, housing equipment (sensor, security), general industrial equipment, audio, etc.

## 1.2 Performance Overview

Table 1.1. lists the performance outline of this MCU.

**Table 1.1 Performance outline**

Item		Performance
CPU	Number of basic instructions	89 instructions
	Minimum instruction execution time	50 ns ( $f(X_{IN}) = 20 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ) 100 ns ( $f(X_{IN}) = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ )
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1M bytes
	Memory capacity	See Table 1.2.
Peripheral function	Port	Input/Output: 22 (including LED drive port), Input: 2
	LED drive port	I/O port: 8
	Timer	Timer X: 8 bits x 1 channel, Timer Y: 8 bits x 1 channel, Timer Z: 8 bits x 1 channel (Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler) Timer C: 16 bits x 1 channel (Circuits of input capture and output compare)
	Serial Interface	•1 channel Clock synchronous, UART •1 channel UART
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits x 1 (with prescaler)
	Interrupt	Internal: 11 factors, External: 5 factors, Software: 4 factors, Priority level: 7 levels
	Clock generation circuit	2 circuits •Main clock generation circuit (Equipped with a built-in feedback resistor) •On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed) On High-speed on-chip oscillator the frequency adjustment function is usable.
	Oscillation stop detection function	Main clock oscillation stop detection function
	Voltage detection circuit	Included
	Power on reset circuit	Included
Electrical characteristics	Supply voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ( $f(X_{IN}) = 20 \text{ MHz}$ ) $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ( $f(X_{IN}) = 10 \text{ MHz}$ )
	Power consumption	Typ. 9 mA ( $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , ( $f(X_{IN}) = 20 \text{ MHz}$ ) Typ. 5 mA ( $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , ( $f(X_{IN}) = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ) Typ. 35 $\mu\text{A}$ ( $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , Wait mode, Peripheral clock off) Typ. 0.7 $\mu\text{A}$ ( $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , Stop mode)
Flash memory	Program/erase supply voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$
	Program/erase endurance	100 times
Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 °C -40 to 85 °C (D-version)
Package		32-pin plastic mold LQFP

### 1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.1 shows this MCU block diagram.

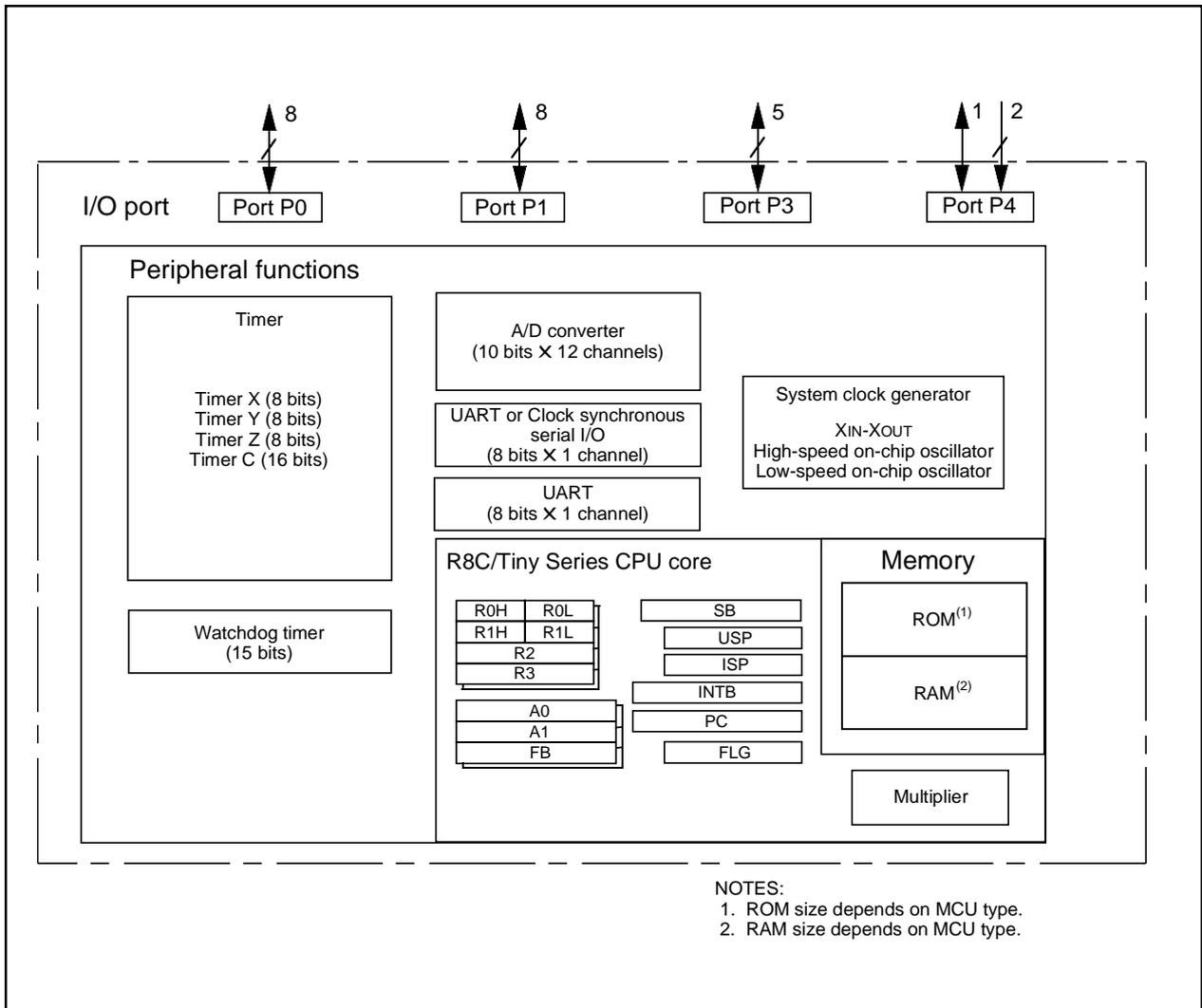


Figure 1.1 Block Diagram

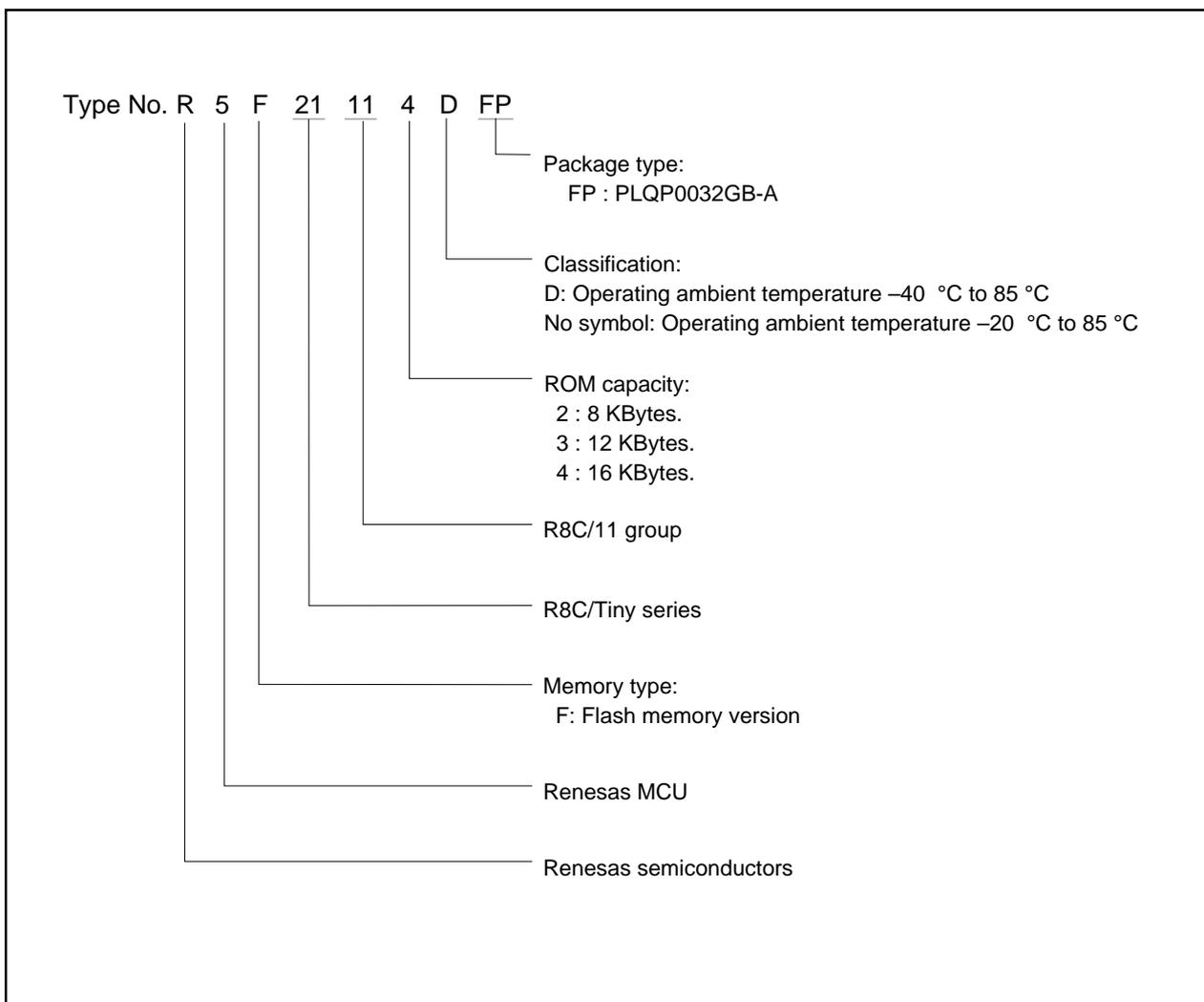
### 1.4 Product Information

Table 1.2 lists the product information.

**Table 1.2 Product Information**

As of January 2006

Type No.	ROM capacity	RAM capacity	Package type	Remarks
R5F21112FP	8K bytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	Flash memory version
R5F21113FP	12K bytes	768 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21114FP	16K bytes	1K bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21112DFP	8K bytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version
R5F21113DFP	12K bytes	768 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21114DFP	16K bytes	1K bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	



**Figure 1.2 Type No., Memory Size, and Package**

### 1.5 Pin Assignments

Figure 1.3 shows the pin configuration (top view).

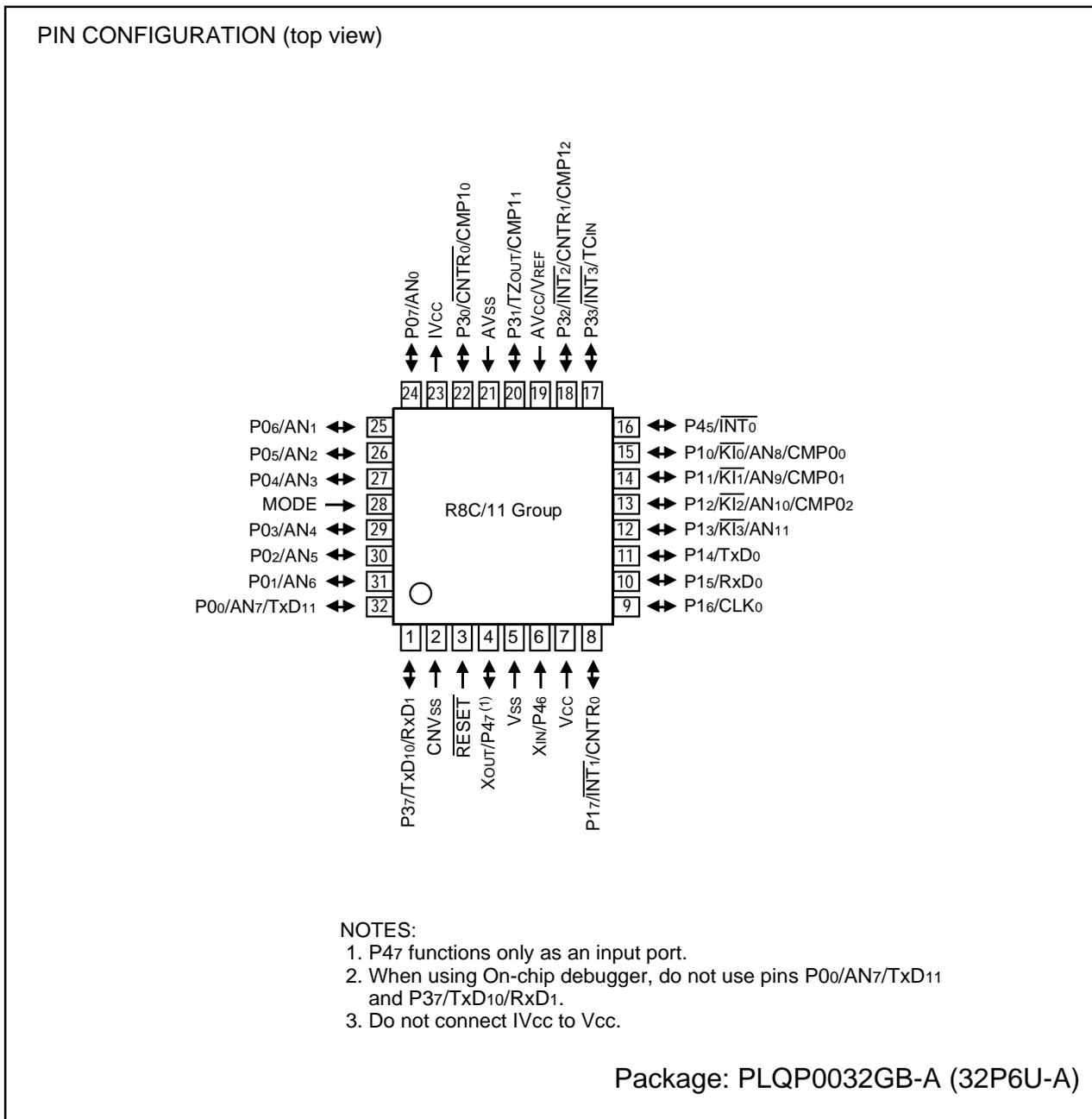


Figure 1.3 Pin Assignments (Top View)

## 1.6 Pin Description

Table 1.3 shows the pin description

**Table 1.3 Pin description**

Signal name	Pin name	I/O type	Function
Power supply input	Vcc, Vss	I	Apply 2.7 V to 5.5 V to the Vcc pin. Apply 0 V to the Vss pin.
IVcc	IVcc	O	This pin is to stabilize internal power supply. Connect this pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.1 $\mu$ F). Do not connect to Vcc.
Analog power supply input	AVcc, AVss	I	Power supply input pins for A/D converter. Connect the AVcc pin to Vcc. Connect the AVss pin to Vss. Connect a capacitor between pins AVcc and AVss.
Reset input	RESET	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
CNVss	CNVss	I	Connect this pin to Vss via a resistor.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to Vcc via a resistor.
Main clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for the main clock generating circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. To use an externally derived clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
Main clock output	XOUT	O	
INT interrupt input	INT0 to INT3	I	INT interrupt input pins.
Key input interrupt	KI0 to KI3	I	Key input interrupt pins.
Timer X	CNTR0	I/O	Timer X I/O pin
	CNTR0	O	Timer X output pin
Timer Y	CNTR1	I/O	Timer Y I/O pin
Timer Z	TZOUT	O	Timer Z output pin
Timer C	TCIN	I	Timer C input pin
	CMP00 to CMP02, CMP10 to CMP12	O	Timer C output pins
Serial interface	CLK0	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pin.
	RxD0, RxD1	I	Serial data input pins.
	TxD0, TxD10, TxD11	O	Serial data output pins.
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin for A/D converter. Connect the VREF pin to Vcc.
A/D converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins for A/D converter
I/O port	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P33, P37, P45	I/O	These are 8-bit CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in that port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can select whether to use a pull-up resistor or not by program. P10 to P17 also function as LED drive ports.
Input port	P46, P47	I	Port for input-only

## 2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU registers. The CPU has 13 registers. Of these, R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1 and FB comprise a register bank. Two sets of register banks are provided.

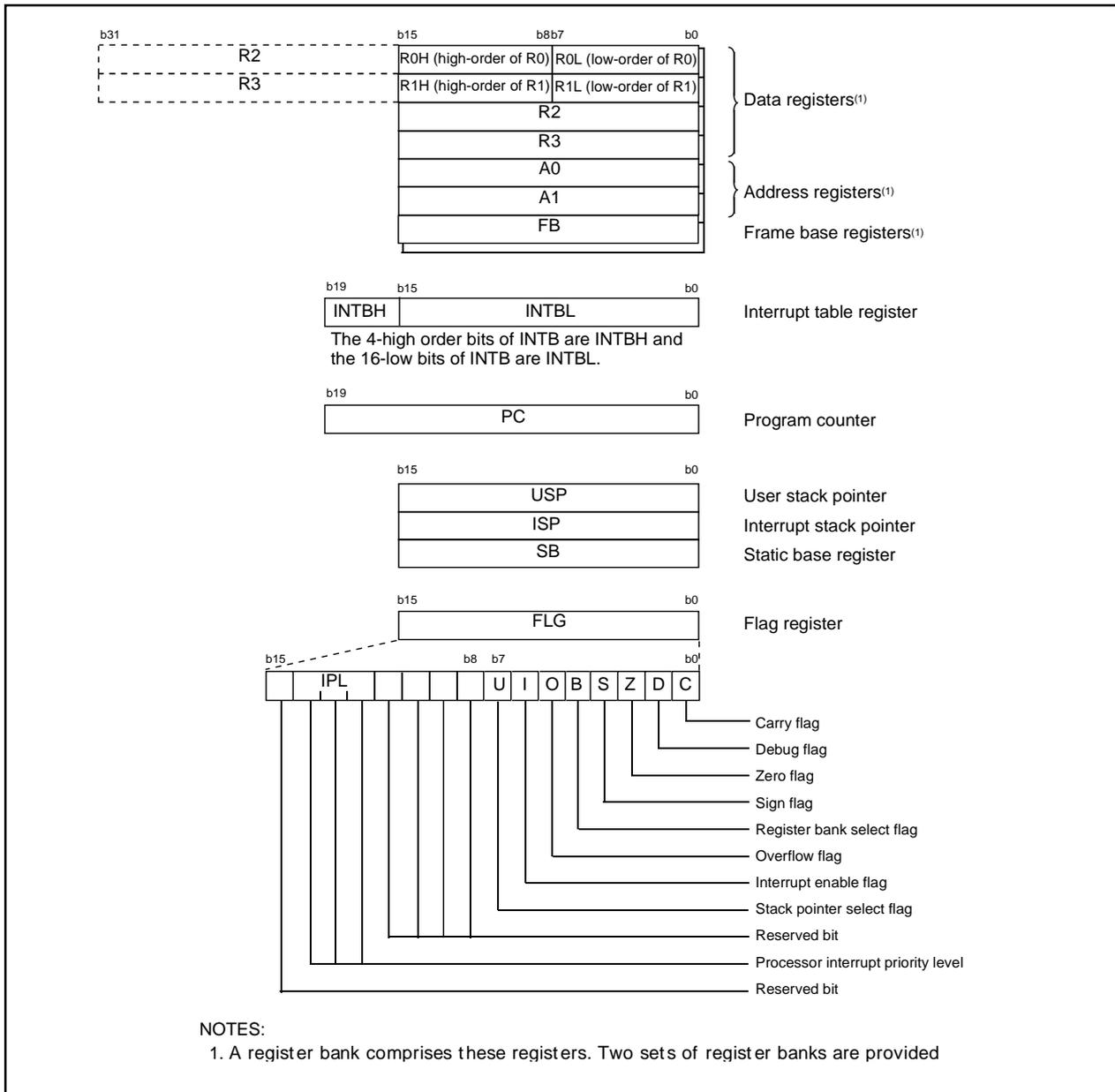


Figure 2.1 CPU Register

### 2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2 and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. The R0 can be split into high-order bit (R0H) and low-order bit (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. The same applies to R1H and R1L as R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 to be used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). The same applies to R3R1 as R2R0.

## 2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. They also are used for transfer, arithmetic and logic operations. The same applies to A1 as A0. A0 can be combined with A1 to be used as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

## 2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

## 2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

## 2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC, 20 bits wide, indicates the address of an instruction to be executed.

## 2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointer (SP), USP and ISP, are 16 bits wide each.

The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

## 2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

## 2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is a 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

### 2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains a carry, borrow, or shift-out bit that has occurred in the arithmetic logic unit.

### 2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debug only. Set to "0".

### 2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to "1" when an arithmetic operation resulted in 0; otherwise, "0".

### 2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to "1" when an arithmetic operation resulted in a negative value; otherwise, "0".

### 2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

The register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is "0". The register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to "1".

### 2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to "1" when the operation resulted in an overflow; otherwise, "0".

### 2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables a maskable interrupt.

An interrupt is disabled when the I flag is set to "0", and are enabled when the I flag is set to "1". The I flag is set to "0" when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

### 2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to "0", USP is selected when the U flag is set to "1".

The U flag is set to "0" when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

### 2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL, 3 bits wide, assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has greater priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

### 2.8.10 Reserved Bit

When write to this bit, set to "0". When read, its content is indeterminate.

### 3. Memory

Figure 3.1 is a memory map of this MCU. This MCU provides 1-Mbyte address space from addresses 00000<sub>16</sub> to FFFFF<sub>16</sub>.

The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses beginning with address 0FFFF<sub>16</sub>. For example, a 16-Kbyte internal ROM is allocated addresses from 0C000<sub>16</sub> to 0FFFF<sub>16</sub>.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDC<sub>16</sub> to 0FFFF<sub>16</sub>. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses beginning with address 00400<sub>16</sub>. For example, a 1-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400<sub>16</sub> to 007FF<sub>16</sub>. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data, but for calling subroutines and stacks when interrupt request is acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFR) are allocated addresses 00000<sub>16</sub> to 002FF<sub>16</sub>. The peripheral function control registers are located them. All addresses, which have nothing allocated within the SFR, are reserved area and cannot be accessed by users.

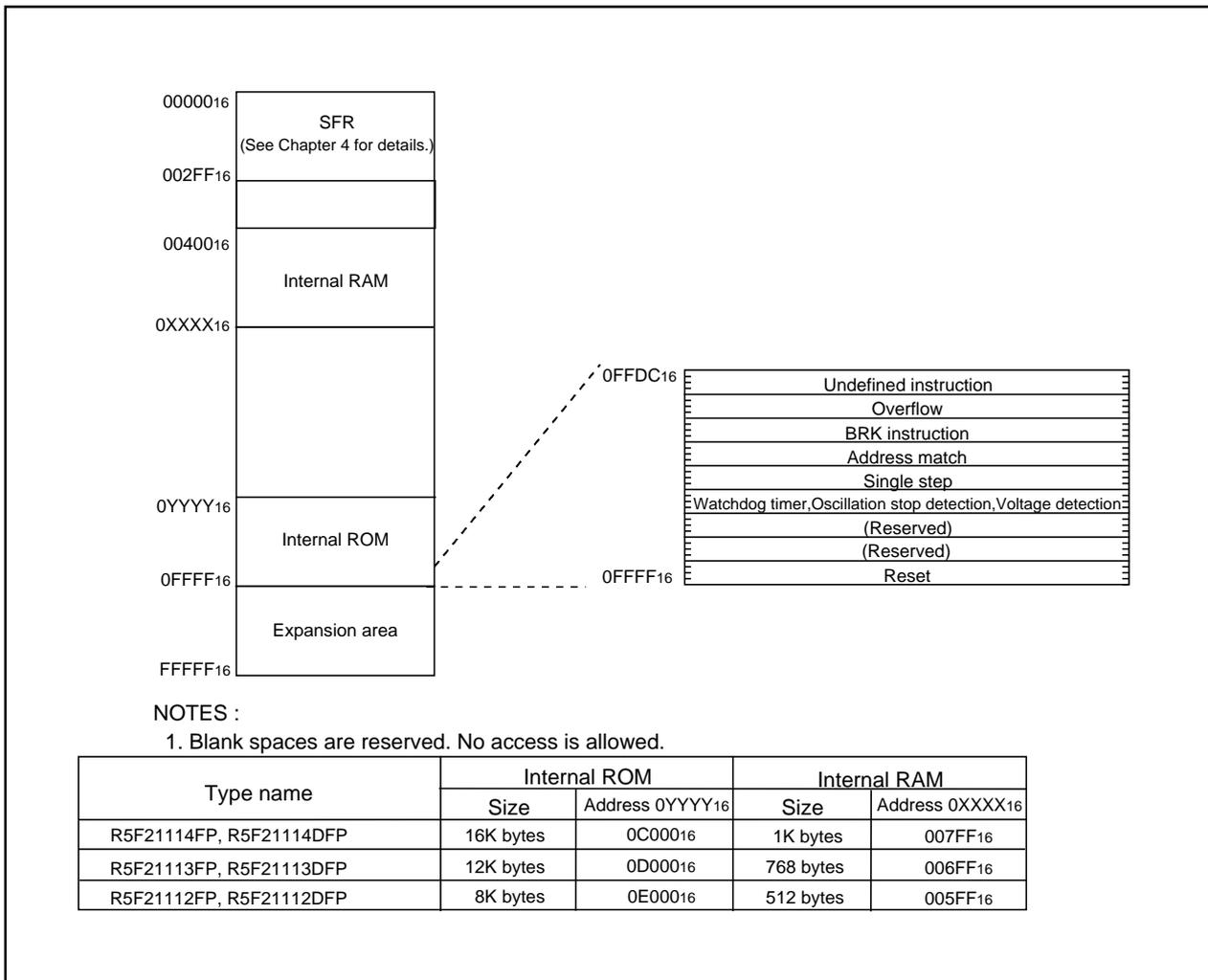


Figure 3.1 Memory Map

## 4. Special Function Register (SFR)

SFR(Special Function Register) is the control register of peripheral functions. Tables 4.1 to 4.4 list the SFR information

**Table 4.1 SFR Information(1)(1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0000 <sub>16</sub>			
0001 <sub>16</sub>			
0002 <sub>16</sub>			
0003 <sub>16</sub>			
0004 <sub>16</sub>	Processor mode register 0	PM0	0016
0005 <sub>16</sub>	Processor mode register 1	PM1	0016
0006 <sub>16</sub>	System clock control register 0	CM0	011010002
0007 <sub>16</sub>	System clock control register 1	CM1	001000002
0008 <sub>16</sub>	High-speed on-chip oscillator control register 0	HR0	0016
0009 <sub>16</sub>	Address match interrupt enable register	AIER	XXXXXX002
000A <sub>16</sub>	Protect register	PRCR	00XXX0002
000B <sub>16</sub>	High-speed on-chip oscillator control register 1	HR1	4016
000C <sub>16</sub>	Oscillation stop detection register	OCD	000001002
000D <sub>16</sub>	Watchdog timer reset register	WDTR	XX16
000E <sub>16</sub>	Watchdog timer start register	WDTS	XX16
000F <sub>16</sub>	Watchdog timer control register	WDC	000111112
0010 <sub>16</sub>	Address match interrupt register 0	RMAD0	0016
0011 <sub>16</sub>			0016
0012 <sub>16</sub>			X016
0013 <sub>16</sub>			
0014 <sub>16</sub>	Address match interrupt register 1	RMAD1	0016
0015 <sub>16</sub>			0016
0016 <sub>16</sub>			X016
0017 <sub>16</sub>			
0018 <sub>16</sub>			
0019 <sub>16</sub>	Voltage detection register 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	VCR1	000010002
001A <sub>16</sub>	Voltage detection register 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	VCR2	0016 <sup>(3)</sup> 10000002 <sup>(4)</sup>
001B <sub>16</sub>			
001C <sub>16</sub>			
001D <sub>16</sub>			
001E <sub>16</sub>	INT0 input filter select register	INT0F	XXXXX0002
001F <sub>16</sub>	Voltage detection interrupt register <sup>(2)</sup>	D4INT	0016 <sup>(3)</sup> 010000012 <sup>(4)</sup>
0020 <sub>16</sub>			
0021 <sub>16</sub>			
0022 <sub>16</sub>			
0023 <sub>16</sub>			
0024 <sub>16</sub>			
0025 <sub>16</sub>			
0026 <sub>16</sub>			
0027 <sub>16</sub>			
0028 <sub>16</sub>			
0029 <sub>16</sub>			
002A <sub>16</sub>			
002B <sub>16</sub>			
002C <sub>16</sub>			
002D <sub>16</sub>			
002E <sub>16</sub>			
002F <sub>16</sub>			
0030 <sub>16</sub>			
0031 <sub>16</sub>			
0032 <sub>16</sub>			
0033 <sub>16</sub>			
0034 <sub>16</sub>			
0035 <sub>16</sub>			
0036 <sub>16</sub>			
0037 <sub>16</sub>			
0038 <sub>16</sub>			
0039 <sub>16</sub>			
003A <sub>16</sub>			
003B <sub>16</sub>			
003C <sub>16</sub>			
003D <sub>16</sub>			
003E <sub>16</sub>			
003F <sub>16</sub>			

X : Undefined

NOTES:

- Blank spaces are reserved. No access is allowed.
- Software reset or the watchdog timer reset does not affect this register.
- Owing to Reset input.
- In the case of RESET pin = H retaining.

Table 4.2 SFR Information(2)<sup>(1)</sup>

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0040 <sub>16</sub>			
0041 <sub>16</sub>			
0042 <sub>16</sub>			
0043 <sub>16</sub>			
0044 <sub>16</sub>			
0045 <sub>16</sub>			
0046 <sub>16</sub>			
0047 <sub>16</sub>			
0048 <sub>16</sub>			
0049 <sub>16</sub>			
004A <sub>16</sub>			
004B <sub>16</sub>			
004C <sub>16</sub>			
004D <sub>16</sub>	Key input interrupt control register	KUPIC	XXXXX0002
004E <sub>16</sub>	AD conversion interrupt control register	ADIC	XXXXX0002
004F <sub>16</sub>			
0050 <sub>16</sub>	Compare 1 interrupt control register	CMP1IC	XXXXX0002
0051 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 transmit interrupt control register	S0TIC	XXXXX0002
0052 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 receive interrupt control register	S0RIC	XXXXX0002
0053 <sub>16</sub>	UART1 transmit interrupt control register	S1TIC	XXXXX0002
0054 <sub>16</sub>	UART1 receive interrupt control register	S1RIC	XXXXX0002
0055 <sub>16</sub>	INT2 interrupt control register	INT2IC	XXXXX0002
0056 <sub>16</sub>	Timer X interrupt control register	TXIC	XXXXX0002
0057 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Y interrupt control register	TYIC	XXXXX0002
0058 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Z interrupt control register	TZIC	XXXXX0002
0059 <sub>16</sub>	INT1 interrupt control register	INT1IC	XXXXX0002
005A <sub>16</sub>	INT3 interrupt control register	INT3IC	XXXXX0002
005B <sub>16</sub>	Timer C interrupt control register	TCIC	XXXXX0002
005C <sub>16</sub>	Compare 0 interrupt control register	CMP0IC	XXXXX0002
005D <sub>16</sub>	INT0 interrupt control register	INT0IC	XX00X0002
005E <sub>16</sub>			
005F <sub>16</sub>			
0060 <sub>16</sub>			
0061 <sub>16</sub>			
0062 <sub>16</sub>			
0063 <sub>16</sub>			
0064 <sub>16</sub>			
0065 <sub>16</sub>			
0066 <sub>16</sub>			
0067 <sub>16</sub>			
0068 <sub>16</sub>			
0069 <sub>16</sub>			
006A <sub>16</sub>			
006B <sub>16</sub>			
006C <sub>16</sub>			
006D <sub>16</sub>			
006E <sub>16</sub>			
006F <sub>16</sub>			
0070 <sub>16</sub>			
0071 <sub>16</sub>			
0072 <sub>16</sub>			
0073 <sub>16</sub>			
0074 <sub>16</sub>			
0075 <sub>16</sub>			
0076 <sub>16</sub>			
0077 <sub>16</sub>			
0078 <sub>16</sub>			
0079 <sub>16</sub>			
007A <sub>16</sub>			
007B <sub>16</sub>			
007C <sub>16</sub>			
007D <sub>16</sub>			
007E <sub>16</sub>			
007F <sub>16</sub>			

X : Undefined

NOTES:

- Blank spaces are reserved. No access is allowed.

**Table 4.3 SFR Information(3)(1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Y, Z mode register	TYZMR	0016
0081 <sub>16</sub>	Prescaler Y register	PREY	FF16
0082 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Y secondary register	TYSC	FF16
0083 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Y primary register	TYPR	FF16
0084 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Y, Z waveform output control register	PUM	0016
0085 <sub>16</sub>	Prescaler Z register	PREZ	FF16
0086 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Z secondary register	TZSC	FF16
0087 <sub>16</sub>	Timer Z primary register	TZPR	FF16
0088 <sub>16</sub>			
0089 <sub>16</sub>			
008A <sub>16</sub>	Timer Y, Z output control register	TYZOC	0016
008B <sub>16</sub>	Timer X mode register	TXMR	0016
008C <sub>16</sub>	Prescaler X register	PREX	FF16
008D <sub>16</sub>	Timer X register	TX	FF16
008E <sub>16</sub>	Timer count source set register	TCSS	0016
008F <sub>16</sub>			
0090 <sub>16</sub>	Timer C register	TC	0016
0091 <sub>16</sub>			0016
0092 <sub>16</sub>			
0093 <sub>16</sub>			
0094 <sub>16</sub>			
0095 <sub>16</sub>			
0096 <sub>16</sub>	External input enable register	INTEN	0016
0097 <sub>16</sub>			
0098 <sub>16</sub>	Key input enable register	KIEN	0016
0099 <sub>16</sub>			
009A <sub>16</sub>	Timer C control register 0	TCC0	0016
009B <sub>16</sub>	Timer C control register 1	TCC1	0016
009C <sub>16</sub>	Capture, compare 0 register	TM0	0016
009D <sub>16</sub>			0016 <sup>(2)</sup>
009E <sub>16</sub>	Compare 1 register	TM1	FF16
009F <sub>16</sub>			FF16
00A0 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 transmit/receive mode register	U0MR	0016
00A1 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 bit rate register	U0BRG	XX16
00A2 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 transmit buffer register	U0TB	XX16
00A3 <sub>16</sub>			XX16
00A4 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 transmit/receive control register 0	U0C0	000010002
00A5 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 transmit/receive control register 1	U0C1	000000102
00A6 <sub>16</sub>	UART0 receive buffer register	U0RB	XX16
00A7 <sub>16</sub>			XX16
00A8 <sub>16</sub>	UART1 transmit/receive mode register	U1MR	0016
00A9 <sub>16</sub>	UART1 bit rate register	U1BRG	XX16
00AA <sub>16</sub>	UART1 transmit buffer register	U1TB	XX16
00AB <sub>16</sub>			XX16
00AC <sub>16</sub>	UART1 transmit/receive control register 0	U1C0	000010002
00AD <sub>16</sub>	UART1 transmit/receive control register 1	U1C1	000000102
00AE <sub>16</sub>	UART1 receive buffer register	U1RB	XX16
00AF <sub>16</sub>			XX16
00B0 <sub>16</sub>	UART transmit/receive control register 2	UCON	0016
00B1 <sub>16</sub>			
00B2 <sub>16</sub>			
00B3 <sub>16</sub>			
00B4 <sub>16</sub>			
00B5 <sub>16</sub>			
00B6 <sub>16</sub>			
00B7 <sub>16</sub>			
00B8 <sub>16</sub>			
00B9 <sub>16</sub>			
00BA <sub>16</sub>			
00BB <sub>16</sub>			
00BC <sub>16</sub>			
00BD <sub>16</sub>			
00BE <sub>16</sub>			
00BF <sub>16</sub>			

X : Undefined

NOTES:

- Blank spaces are reserved. No access is allowed.
- When output compare mode (the TCC13 bit in the TCC1 register = 1) is selected, the value after reset is set to "FFFF16".

Table 4.4 SFR Information(4)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
00C0 <sub>16</sub>	AD register	AD	XX16
00C1 <sub>16</sub>			XX16
00C2 <sub>16</sub>			
00C3 <sub>16</sub>			
00C4 <sub>16</sub>			
00C5 <sub>16</sub>			
00C6 <sub>16</sub>			
00C7 <sub>16</sub>			
00C8 <sub>16</sub>			
00C9 <sub>16</sub>			
00CA <sub>16</sub>			
00CB <sub>16</sub>			
00CC <sub>16</sub>			
00CD <sub>16</sub>			
00CE <sub>16</sub>			
00CF <sub>16</sub>			
00D0 <sub>16</sub>			
00D1 <sub>16</sub>			
00D2 <sub>16</sub>			
00D3 <sub>16</sub>			
00D4 <sub>16</sub>	AD control register 2	ADCON2	0016
00D5 <sub>16</sub>			
00D6 <sub>16</sub>	AD control register 0	ADCON0	00000XXX2
00D7 <sub>16</sub>	AD control register 1	ADCON1	0016
00D8 <sub>16</sub>			
00D9 <sub>16</sub>			
00DA <sub>16</sub>			
00DB <sub>16</sub>			
00DC <sub>16</sub>			
00DD <sub>16</sub>			
00DE <sub>16</sub>			
00DF <sub>16</sub>			
00E0 <sub>16</sub>	Port P0 register	P0	XX16
00E1 <sub>16</sub>	Port P1 register	P1	XX16
00E2 <sub>16</sub>	Port P0 direction register	PD0	0016
00E3 <sub>16</sub>	Port P1 direction register	PD1	0016
00E4 <sub>16</sub>			
00E5 <sub>16</sub>	Port P3 register	P3	XX16
00E6 <sub>16</sub>			
00E7 <sub>16</sub>	Port P3 direction register	PD3	0016
00E8 <sub>16</sub>	Port P4 register	P4	XX16
00E9 <sub>16</sub>			
00EA <sub>16</sub>	Port P4 direction register	PD4	0016
00EB <sub>16</sub>			
00EC <sub>16</sub>			
00ED <sub>16</sub>			
00EE <sub>16</sub>			
00EF <sub>16</sub>			
00F0 <sub>16</sub>			
00F1 <sub>16</sub>			
00F2 <sub>16</sub>			
00F3 <sub>16</sub>			
00F4 <sub>16</sub>			
00F5 <sub>16</sub>			
00F6 <sub>16</sub>			
00F7 <sub>16</sub>			
00F8 <sub>16</sub>			
00F9 <sub>16</sub>			
03FA <sub>16</sub>			
00FB <sub>16</sub>			
00FC <sub>16</sub>	Pull-up control register 0	PUR0	00XX00002
00FD <sub>16</sub>	Pull-up control register 1	PUR1	XXXXXX0X2
00FE <sub>16</sub>	Port P1 drive capacity control register	DRR	0016
00FF <sub>16</sub>	Timer C output control register	TCOUT	0016
01B3 <sub>16</sub>	Flash memory control register 4	FMR4	010000002
01B4 <sub>16</sub>			
01B5 <sub>16</sub>	Flash memory control register 1	FMR1	0100XX0X2
01B6 <sub>16</sub>			
01B7 <sub>16</sub>	Flash memory control register 0	FMR0	000000012

X : Undefined

NOTES:

1. Blank columns, 0100<sub>16</sub> to 01B2<sub>16</sub> and 01B8<sub>16</sub> to 02FF<sub>16</sub> are all reserved. No access is allowed.

## 5. Electrical Characteristics

**Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> =AV <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to 6.5	V
AV <sub>CC</sub>	Analog supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> =AV <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
P <sub>d</sub>	Power dissipation	T <sub>opr</sub> =25 °C	300	mW
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

**Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V	
AV <sub>CC</sub>	Analog supply voltage		—	V <sub>CC</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> )	—	V	
V <sub>SS</sub>	Supply voltage		—	0	—	V	
AV <sub>SS</sub>	Analog supply voltage		—	0	—	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	"H" input voltage		0.8V <sub>CC</sub>	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	"L" input voltage		0	—	0.2V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
I <sub>OH</sub> (sum)	"H" peak all output currents	Sum of all pins' IOH (peak)	—	—	-60.0	mA	
I <sub>OH</sub> (peak)	"H" peak output current		—	—	-10.0	mA	
I <sub>OH</sub> (avg)	"H" average output current		—	—	-5.0	mA	
I <sub>OL</sub> (sum)	"L" peak all output currents	Sum of all pins' IOL (peak)	—	—	60	mA	
I <sub>OL</sub> (peak)	"L" peak output current	Except P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub>	—	—	10	mA	
		P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub>	Drive capacity HIGH	—	—	30	mA
			Drive capacity LOW	—	—	10	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (avg)	"L" average output current	Except P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub>	—	—	5	mA	
		P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub>	Drive capacity HIGH	—	—	15	mA
			Drive capacity LOW	—	—	5	mA
f (XIN)	Main clock input oscillation frequency	3.0V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V	0	—	20	MHz	
		2.7V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.0V	0	—	10	MHz	

**NOTES:**

- V<sub>CC</sub> = AV<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85 °C / -40 to 85 °C, unless otherwise specified.
- The typical values when average output current is 100ms.
- Hold V<sub>CC</sub>=AV<sub>CC</sub>.

Table 5.3 A/D Conversion Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = V_{CC}$	—	—	10	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy	10 bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	—	—	$\pm 3$	LSB
		8 bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
		10 bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}^{(3)}$	—	—	$\pm 5$	LSB
		8 bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}^{(3)}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSB
$R_{LADDER}$	Ladder resistance		$V_{REF} = V_{CC}$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
$t_{CONV}$	Conversion time	10 bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	3.3	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
		8 bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{ref} = V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	2.8	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{REF}$	Reference voltage			—	$V_{CC}^{(4)}$	—	V
$V_{IA}$	Analog input voltage			0	—	$V_{ref}$	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency <sup>(2)</sup>	Without sample & hold		0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample & hold		1.0	—	10	MHz

## NOTES:

1.  $V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 2.7$  to  $5.5\text{V}$  at  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  /  $-40$  to  $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.
2. If  $f_{AD}$  exceeds 10 MHz more, divide the  $f_{AD}$  and hold A/D operating clock frequency ( $\phi_{AD}$ ) 10 MHz or below.
3. If the  $AV_{CC}$  is less than 4.2V, divide the  $f_{AD}$  and hold A/D operating clock frequency ( $\phi_{AD}$ )  $f_{AD}/2$  or below.
4. Hold  $V_{CC} = V_{ref}$ .

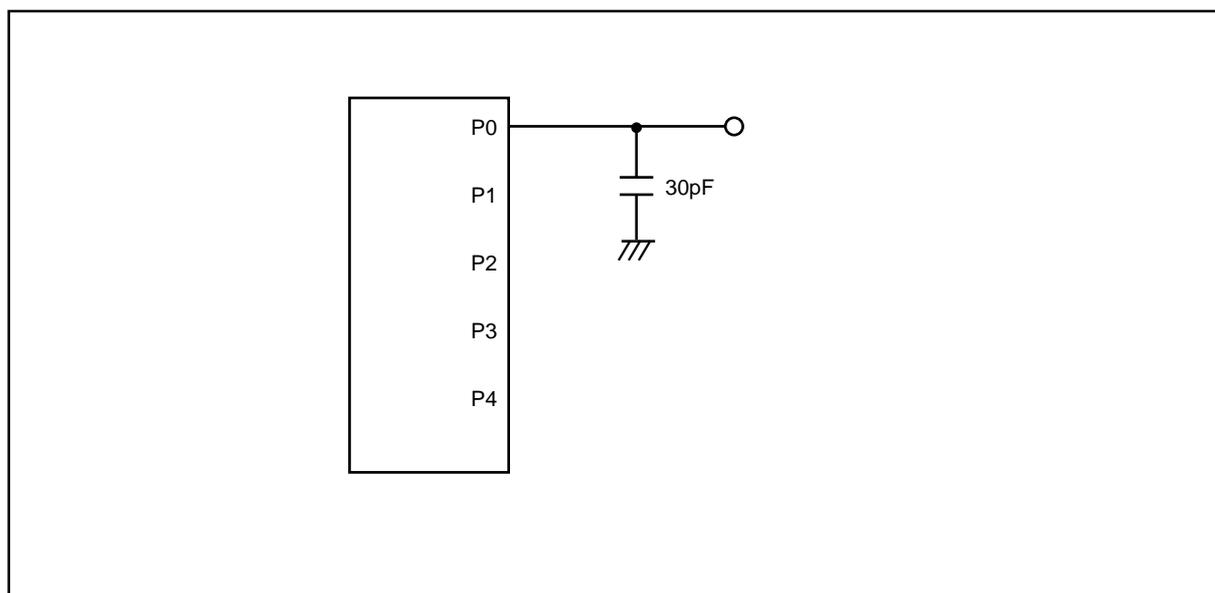


Figure 5.1 Port P0 to P4 measurement circuit

**Table 5.4 Flash Memory Version Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Program/erase endurance		100	—	—	times
—	Byte program time		—	50	400	μs
—	Block erase time		—	0.4	9	s
td(SR-ES)	Time delay from suspend request until erase suspend		—	—	8	ms
—	Erase Suspend Request Interval		10	—	—	ms
—	Program, Erase voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Read voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Program, Erase temperature		0	—	60	°C
—	Data hold time <sup>(2)</sup>	Ambient temperature=55 °C	20	—	—	year

## NOTES:

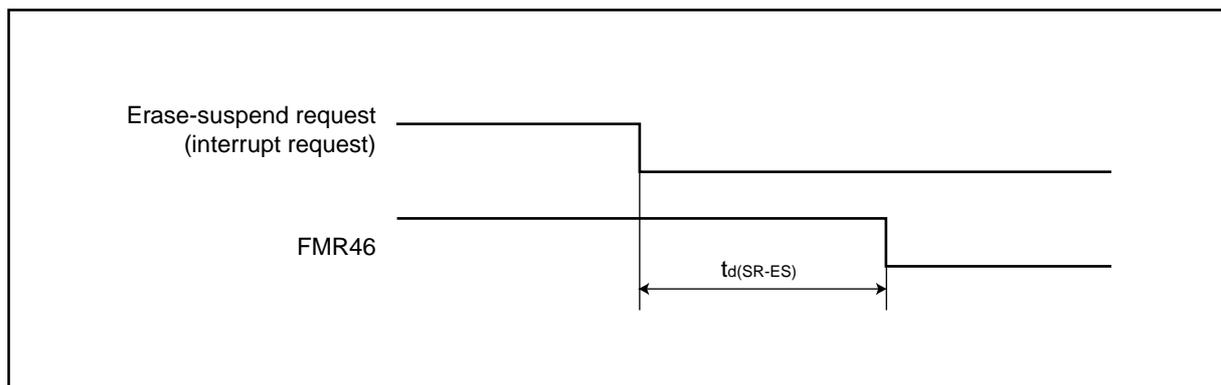
1. Referenced to  $V_{CC1}=AV_{CC}=2.7$  to  $5.5V$  at  $T_{opr} = 0$  to  $60$  °C unless otherwise specified.
2. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

**Table 5.5 Voltage Detection Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet	Voltage detection level		3.3	3.8	4.3	V
—	Voltage detection interrupt request generating time <sup>(2)</sup>		—	40	—	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self consumption current	VC27=1, VCC=5.0V	—	600	—	nA
td(E-A)	Waiting time till voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(3)</sup>		—	—	20	μs
Vccmin	Minimum value of microcomputer operation voltage		2.7	—	—	V

## NOTES:

1. The measuring condition is  $V_{CC}=AV_{CC}=2.7V$  to  $5.5V$  and  $T_{opr} = -40$ °C to  $85$  °C.
2. This shows the time until the voltage detection interrupt request is generated since the voltage passes Vdet.
3. This shows the required time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to "1" again after setting the VC27 bit in the VCR2 register to "0".

**Figure 5.2 Time delay from Suspend Request until Erase Suspend**

**Table 5.6 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics (When Using Hardware Reset 2<sup>(1, 3)</sup>)**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vpor2	Power-on reset valid voltage	-20°C ≤ Topr < 85°C	—	—	Vdet	V
tw(Vpor2-Vdet)	Supply voltage rising time when power-on reset is canceled <sup>(2)</sup>	-20°C ≤ Topr < 85°C, tw(por2) ≥ 0s <sup>(4)</sup>	—	—	100	ms

## NOTES:

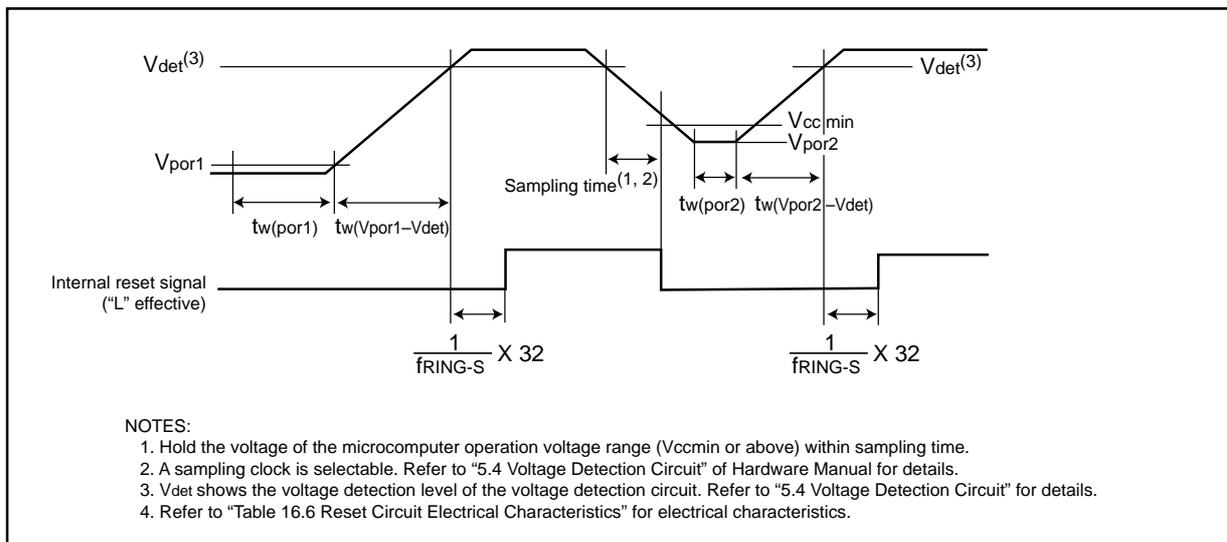
1. The voltage detection circuit which is embedded in a microcomputer is a factor to generate the hardware reset 2. Refer to 5.1.2 Hardware Reset 2 of Hardware Manual for details.
2. This condition is not applicable when using with Vcc ≥ 1.0V.
3. When turning power on after the external power has been held below the valid voltage (Vpor1) for greater than 10 seconds, refer to Table 5.7 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics (When Not Using Hardware Reset 2).
4. tw(por2) is time to hold the external power below effective voltage (Vpor2).

**Table 5.7 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics (When Not Using Hardware Reset 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vpor1	Power-on reset valid voltage	-20°C ≤ Topr < 85°C	—	—	0.1	V
tw(Vpor1-Vdet)	Supply voltage rising time when power-on reset is canceled	0°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C, tw(por1) ≥ 10s <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	100	ms
tw(Vpor1-Vdet)	Supply voltage rising time when power-on reset is canceled	-20°C ≤ Topr < 0°C, tw(por1) ≥ 30s <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	100	ms
tw(Vpor1-Vdet)	Supply voltage rising time when power-on reset is canceled	-20°C ≤ Topr < 0°C, tw(por1) ≥ 10s <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	1	ms
tw(Vpor1-Vdet)	Supply voltage rising time when power-on reset is canceled	0°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C, tw(por1) ≥ 1s <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	0.5	ms

## NOTES:

1. When not using hardware reset 2, use with Vcc ≥ 2.7V.
2. tw(por1) is time to hold the external power below effective voltage (Vpor1).

**Figure 5.3 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

**Table 5.8 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency 1 / (td(HRoffset)+td(HR)) when the reset is released	VCC=5.0V, Topr=25 °C Set "4016" in the HR1 register	6	8	10	MHz
td(HRoffset)	Settable high-speed on-chip oscillator minimum period	VCC=5.0V, Topr=25 °C Set "0016" in the HR1 register	—	61	—	ns
td(HR)	High-speed on-chip oscillator period adjusted unit	Differences when setting "0116" and "0016" in the HR register	—	1	—	ns
—	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature dependence(1)	Frequency fluctuation in temperature range of -10 °C to 50 °C	—	±5	—	%
—	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature dependence(2)	Frequency fluctuation in temperature range of -40 °C to 85 °C	—	±10	—	%

## NOTES:

1. The measuring condition is Vcc=AVcc=5.0 V and Topr=25 °C.

**Table 5.9 Power Circuit Timing Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
td(P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during powering-on <sup>(2)</sup>		1	—	2000	μs
td(R-S)	STOP release time <sup>(3)</sup>		—	—	150	μs

## NOTES:

1. The measuring condition is Vcc=AVcc=2.7 to 5.5 V and Topr=25 °C.
2. This shows the wait time until the internal power supply generating circuit is stabilized during power-on.
3. This shows the time until BCLK starts from the interrupt acknowledgement to cancel stop mode.

**Table 5.10 Electrical Characteristics (1) [Vcc=5V]**

Symbol	Parameter		Measuring condition	Standard			Unit	
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
VOH	"H" output voltage	Except XOUT	I <sub>OH</sub> =-5mA	Vcc-2.0	—	Vcc	V	
			I <sub>OH</sub> =-200μA	Vcc-0.3	—	Vcc	V	
		XOUT	Drive ability HIGH	I <sub>OH</sub> =-1 mA	Vcc-2.0	—	Vcc	V
			Drive ability LOW	I <sub>OH</sub> =-500μA	Vcc-2.0	—	Vcc	V
VOL	"L" output voltage	Except P10 to P17, XOUT	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V	
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 200 μA	—	—	0.45	V	
		P10 to P17	Drive capacity HIGH	I <sub>OL</sub> = 15 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OL</sub> = 200 μA	—	—	0.45	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	—	—	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I <sub>OL</sub> =500 μA	—	—	2.0	V
VT+·VT-	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, CNTR0, CNTR1, TCIN, RxD0, RxD1, P45		0.2	—	1.0	V	
		RESET		0.2	—	2.2	V	
I <sub>IH</sub>	"H" input current		V <sub>I</sub> =5V	—	—	5.0	μA	
I <sub>IL</sub>	"L" input current		V <sub>I</sub> =0V	—	—	-5.0	μA	
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance		V <sub>I</sub> =0V	30	50	167	kΩ	
R <sub>XIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XIN		—	1.0	—	MΩ	
f <sub>RING-S</sub>	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency			40	125	250	kHz	
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM retention voltage		At stop mode	2.0	—	—	V	

## NOTES:

1. Referenced to Vcc = AVcc = 4.2 to 5.5V at Topr = -20 to 85 °C / -40 to 85 °C, f(XIN)=20MHz unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.11 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc=5V]

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply current (V <sub>CC</sub> =3.3 to 5.5V) In single-chip mode, the output pins are open and other pins are V <sub>SS</sub>	High-speed mode X <sub>IN</sub> =20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—	9	15	mA	
			X <sub>IN</sub> =16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—	8	14	mA
				X <sub>IN</sub> =10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—	5	—
		Medium-speed mode X <sub>IN</sub> =20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—		4	—	mA
			X <sub>IN</sub> =16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—	3	—	mA
				X <sub>IN</sub> =10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—	2	—
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on=8 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—		4	8	mA
			Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on=8 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—	1.5	—	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8		—	470	900	μA
		Wait mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz When a WAIT instruction is executed <sup>(1)</sup> Peripheral clock operation VC27="0"	—	40	80	μA	
		Wait mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz When a WAIT instruction is executed <sup>(1)</sup> Peripheral clock off VC27="0"	—	38	76	μA	
		Stop mode Main clock off, Topr = 25 °C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10="1" Peripheral clock off VC27="0"	—	0.8	3.0	μA	

## NOTES:

1. Timer Y is operated with timer mode.
2. Referenced to V<sub>CC</sub> = AV<sub>CC</sub> = 4.2 to 5.5V at Topr = -20 to 85 °C / -40 to 85 °C, f(X<sub>IN</sub>)=20MHz unless otherwise specified.

**Timing requirements (Unless otherwise noted:  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$  at  $T_{opr} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}C$ ) [ $V_{CC}=5V$ ]****Table 5.12 XIN input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	50	–	ns
tWH(XIN)	XIN input HIGH pulse width	25	–	ns
tWL(XIN)	XIN input LOW pulse width	25	–	ns

**Table 5.13 CNTR0 input, CNTR1 input,  $\overline{INT2}$  input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(CNTR0)	CNTR0 input cycle time	100	–	ns
tWH(CNTR0)	CNTR0 input HIGH pulse width	40	–	ns
tWL(CNTR0)	CNTR0 input LOW pulse width	40	–	ns

**Table 5.14 TCIN input,  $\overline{INT3}$  input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(TCIN)	TCIN input cycle time	400 <sup>(1)</sup>	–	ns
tWH(TCIN)	TCIN input HIGH pulse width	200 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns
tWL(TCIN)	TCIN input LOW pulse width	200 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns

## NOTES:

1. When using the Timer C input capture mode, adjust the cycle time above ( 1/ Timer C count source frequency x 3).
2. When using the Timer C input capture mode, adjust the pulse width above ( 1/ Timer C count source frequency x 1.5).

**Table 5.15 Serial Interface**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	200	–	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input HIGH pulse width	100	–	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input LOW pulse width	100	–	ns
td(C-Q)	TxDi output delay time	–	80	ns
th(C-Q)	TxDi hold time	0	–	ns
tsu(D-C)	RxDi input setup time	35	–	ns
th(C-D)	RxDi input hold time	90	–	ns

**Table 5.16 External interrupt  $\overline{INT0}$  input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tW(INH)	$\overline{INT0}$ input HIGH pulse width	250 <sup>(1)</sup>	–	ns
tW(INL)	$\overline{INT0}$ input LOW pulse width	250 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns

## NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INT0}$  input filter select bit, use the  $\overline{INT0}$  input HIGH pulse width to the greater value, either ( 1/ digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INT0}$  input filter select bit, use the  $\overline{INT0}$  input LOW pulse width to the greater value, either ( 1/ digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.

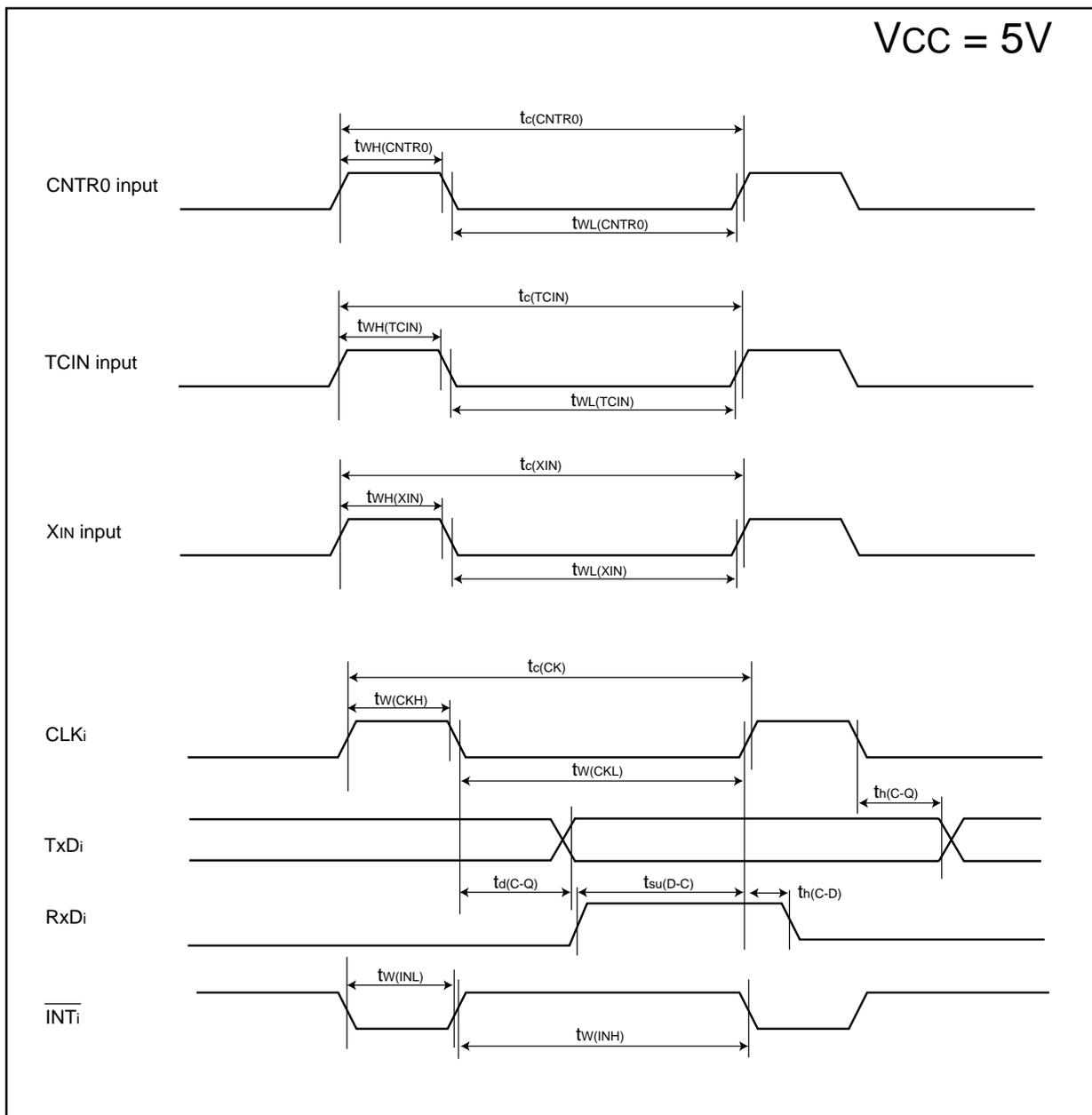


Figure 5.4 Vcc=5V timing diagram

**Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (3) [Vcc=3V]**

Symbol	Parameter		Measuring condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
VOH	"H" output voltage	Except XOUT	IOH=-1mA		Vcc-0.5	—	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IOH=-0.1 mA	Vcc-0.5	—	Vcc	v
			Drive capacity LOW	IOH=-50 μA	Vcc-0.5	—	Vcc	v
VOL	"L" output voltage	Except P10 to P17, XOUT	IOL= 1 mA		—	—	0.5	V
		P10 to P17	Drive capacity HIGH	IOL= 2 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IOL= 1 mA	—	—	0.5	v
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IOL= 0.1 mA	—	—	0.5	v
			Drive capacity LOW	IOL=50 μA	—	—	0.5	v
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, K10, K11, K12, K13, CNTR0, CNTR1, TCIN, RxD0, RxD1, P45			0.2	—	0.8	v
		RESET			0.2	—	1.8	v
IiH	"H" input current			Vi=3V	—	—	4.0	μA
IiL	"L" input current			Vi=0V	—	—	-4.0	μA
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance			Vi=0V	66	160	500	kΩ
RiXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	3.0	—	MΩ
fRING-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency				40	125	250	kHz
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM retention voltage		At stop mode		2.0	—	—	V

## NOTES:

1. Referenced to Vcc = AVcc = 2.7 to 3.3V at Topr = -20 to 85 °C / -40 to 85 °C, f(XIN)=10MHz unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.18 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc=3V]**

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring condition	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply current (V <sub>CC</sub> =2.7 to 3.3V) In single-chip mode, the output pins are open and other pins are V <sub>SS</sub>	High-speed mode X <sub>IN</sub> =20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—	8	13	mA	
			X <sub>IN</sub> =16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—	7	12	mA
				X <sub>IN</sub> =10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—	5	—
		Medium-speed mode X <sub>IN</sub> =20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—		3	—	mA
			X <sub>IN</sub> =16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—	2.5	—	mA
				X <sub>IN</sub> =10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—	1.6	—
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on=8 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz No division	—		3.5	7.5	mA
			Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on=8 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8	—	1.5	—	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz Division by 8		—	420	800	μA
		Wait mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz When a WAIT instruction is executed <sup>(1)</sup> Peripheral clock operation VC27="0"	—	37	74	μA	
Wait mode Main clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on=125 kHz When a WAIT instruction is executed <sup>(1)</sup> Peripheral clock off VC27="0"	—		35	70	μA		
	Stop mode Main clock off, T <sub>OPR</sub> = 25 °C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10="1" Peripheral clock off VC27="0"	—	0.7	3.0	μA		

## NOTES:

1. Timer Y is operated with timer mode.
2. Referenced to V<sub>CC</sub> = AV<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.3V at T<sub>OPR</sub> = -20 to 85 °C / -40 to 85 °C, f(X<sub>IN</sub>)=10MHz unless otherwise specified.

**Timing requirements (Unless otherwise noted: Vcc = 3V, Vss = 0V at Topr = 25 °C) [Vcc=3V]****Table 5.19 XIN input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	100	–	ns
tWH(XIN)	XIN input HIGH pulse width	40	–	ns
tWL(XIN)	XIN input LOW pulse width	40	–	ns

**Table 5.20 CNTR0 input, CNTR1 input, INT2 input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(CNTR0)	CNTR0 input cycle time	300	–	ns
tWH(CNTR0)	CNTR0 input HIGH pulse width	120	–	ns
tWL(CNTR0)	CNTR0 input LOW pulse width	120	–	ns

**Table 5.21 TCIN input, INT3 input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(TCIN)	TCIN input cycle time	1200 <sup>(1)</sup>	–	ns
tWH(TCIN)	TCIN input HIGH pulse width	600 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns
tWL(TCIN)	TCIN input LOW pulse width	600 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns

**NOTES:**

1. When using the Timer C input capture mode, adjust the cycle time above ( 1/ Timer C count source frequency x 3).
2. When using the Timer C input capture mode, adjust the pulse width above ( 1/ Timer C count source frequency x 1.5).

**Table 5.22 Serial Interface**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tC(CLK)	CLKi input cycle time	300	–	ns
tW(CLKH)	CLKi input HIGH pulse width	150	–	ns
tW(CLKL)	CLKi input LOW pulse width	150	–	ns
td(C-Q)	TxDi output delay time	–	160	ns
th(C-Q)	TxDi hold time	0	–	ns
tsu(D-C)	RxDi input setup time	55	–	ns
th(C-D)	RxDi input hold time	90	–	ns

**Table 5.23 External interrupt INT0 input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tW(INH)	INT0 input HIGH pulse width	380 <sup>(1)</sup>	–	ns
tW(INL)	INT0 input LOW pulse width	380 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns

**NOTES:**

1. When selecting the digital filter by the INT0 input filter select bit, use the INT0 input HIGH pulse width to the greater value, either ( 1/ digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the INT0 input filter select bit, use the INT0 input LOW pulse width to the greater value, either ( 1/ digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.

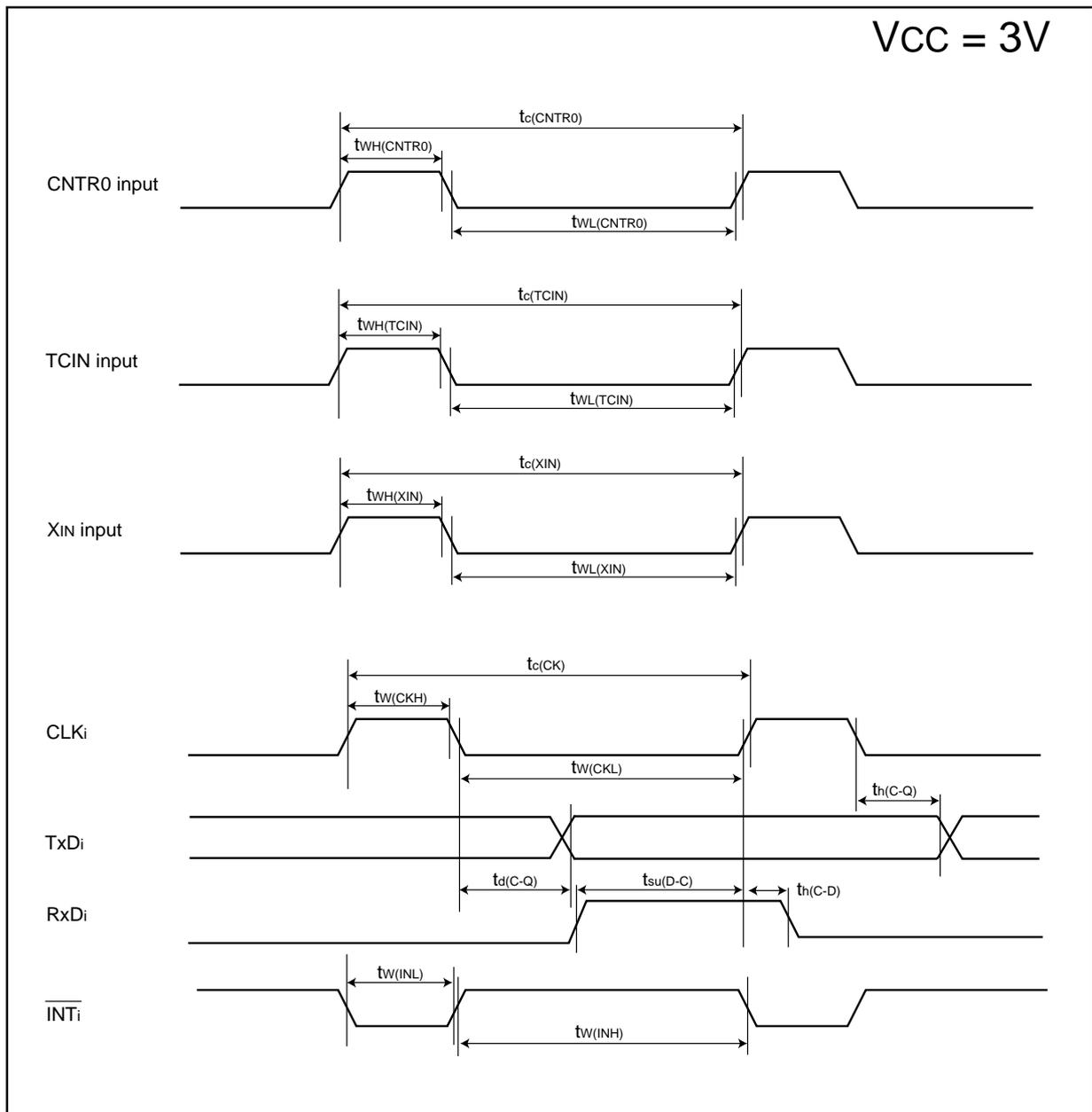
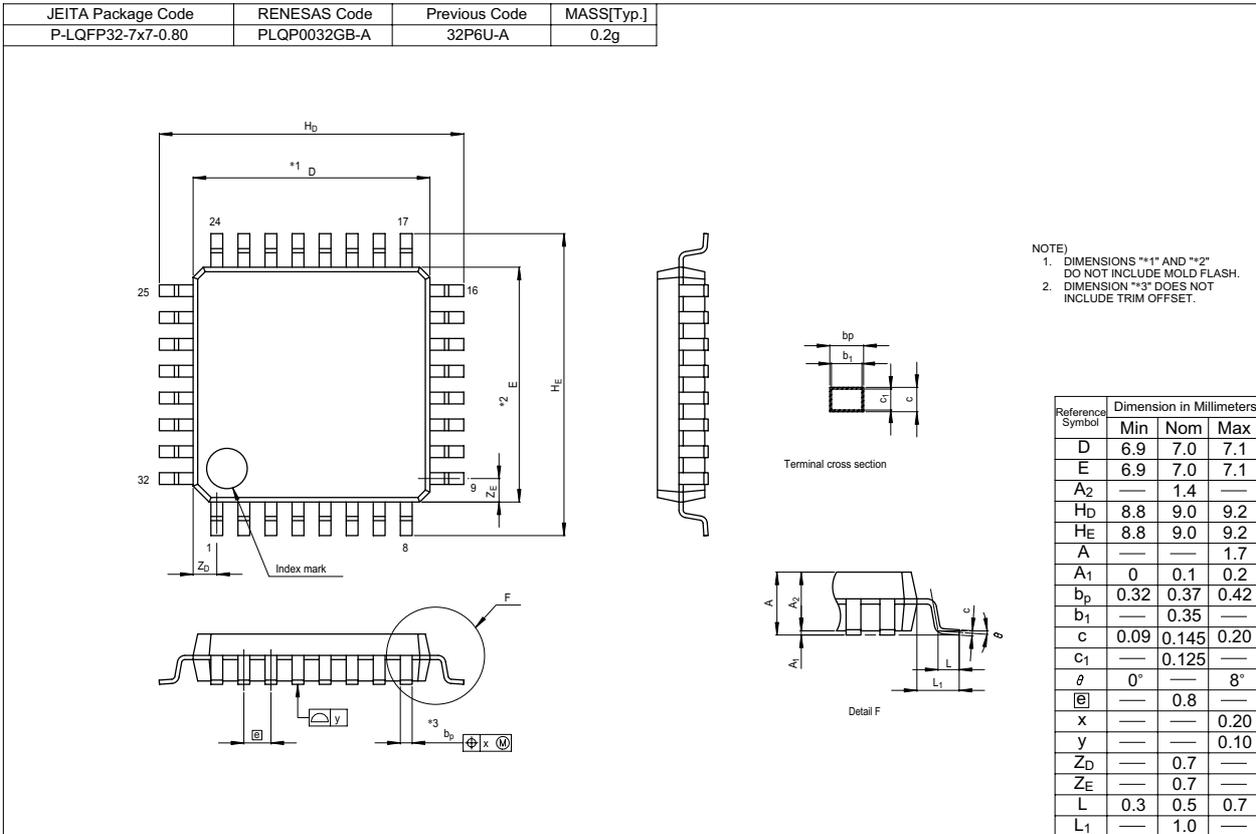


Figure 5.5 Vcc=3V timing diagram

### Package Dimensions



REVISION HISTORY

R8C/11 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Jun. 19, 2003		First edition issued
1.10	Sep. 08, 2003	2 5 6 10 12 14	Table 1.1: Shortest instruction execution time and $f(X_{IN})$ changed Figure 1.3: Pin name changed from TXOUT to $\overline{CNTR0}$ Table 1.3: Pin name changed from TXOUT to $\overline{CNTR0}$ The value of HR1 register after reset changed The value of TC register after reset changed Chapter "5. Electrical Characteristics" added
1.20	Oct. 31, 2003	2 6 11  14 15 17 19  20 21 22 23  24 25	Table 1.1: Power consumption values added Table 1.3: Resistor value for CNVss and MODE deleted Register name of address 0050 <sub>16</sub> modified from CMP2IC to CMP1IC, register name of address 005C <sub>16</sub> modified from CMP1IC to CMP0IC Table 5.2: Note 3 and Note 4 deleted tsamp in Table 5.3 deleted Figure 5.1 added Table 5.10: Vcc changed from "4.2 to 5.5V" to "3.3V to 5.5V", low-power on-chip oscillator changed from "on 100kHz" to "125kHz", XIN=5MHz deleted and XIN=10MHz added in high-speed mode and medium-speed mode, VC27="0" added in stop mode measuring condition, data added and modified Table 11 to Table 15 added Figure 5.2 added Table 5.16: Note 1, $f(BCLK)=5$ MHz changed to 10 MHz Table 5.17: low-power ring oscillator changed from "on 100kHz" to "125kHz", XIN=5MHz deleted and XIN=10MHz added in high-speed mode and medium-speed mode, VC27="0" added in stop mode measuring condition, data added and modified Table 5.18 to Table 5.22 added Figure 5.3 added
1.30	Dec 05, 2003	4 15	Table 1.2 : ** deleted Table 5.4 revised
1.40	Sep 30, 2004	all pages 2 5 6 9 10-13 12 14 15 16 17 18	Words standardized (on-chip oscillator, serial interface, A/D) Table 1.1 revised Figure 1.3, NOTES 3 added Table 1.3 revised Figure 3.1, NOTES added One body sentence in chapter 4 added ; Title of Table 4.1 to 4.4 added Table 4.3 revised ; Table 4.4 revised Table 5.2 revised Table 5.3 revised Table 5.4 revised ; Table 16.5 revised Table 5.6, 5.7 adn 5.8 revised ; Figure 5.3 revised Table 5.9 revised ; Table 5.10 revised

REVISION HISTORY

R8C/11 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.40	Sep 30, 2004	20	Table 5.12 revised ; Table 5.16 revised
		22	Table 16.17 revised
		24	Table 16.19 revised
1.50	Apr.27.2005	4	Table 1.2, Figure 1.2 package name revised
		5	Figure 1.3 package name revised
		10	Table 4.1 revised
		12	Table 4.3 revised
		15	Table 5.3 partly revised
		16	Table 5.4 partly added
		17	Table 5.6, Table 5.7 revised
		18	Table 5.9, Table 10 partly revised
		22	Table 5.17 partly revised
26	Package Dimensions revised		
1.60	Jan.27.2006	2	Table 1.1 Performance outline revised
		3	Figure 1.1 Block diagram partly revised
		4	1.4 Product Information, title of Table 1.2 "Product List" → "Product Informaton" revised
			Figure 1.2 Type No., Memory Size, and Package partly revised
		6	Table 1.3 Pin description revised
		7-8	2 Central Processing Unit (CPU) revised
			Figure 2.1 CPU register revised
		10	Table 4.1 SFR Information(1) NOTES:1 revised
		11	Table 4.2 SFR Information(2) NOTES:1 revised
		12	Table 4.3 SFR Information(3); 0081 <sub>16</sub> : "Prescaler Y" → "Prescaler Y Register" 0082 <sub>16</sub> : "Timer Y Secondary" → "Timer Y Secondary Register" 0083 <sub>16</sub> : "Timer Y Primary" → "Timer Y Primary Register" 0085 <sub>16</sub> : "Prescaler Z" → "Prescaler Z Register" 0086 <sub>16</sub> : "Timer Z Secondary" → "Timer Z Secondary Register" 0087 <sub>16</sub> : "Timer Z Primary" → "Timer Z Primary Register" 008C <sub>16</sub> : "Prescaler X" → "Prescaler X Register" revised NOTES:1, 2 revised
		13	Table 4.4 SFR Information(4) NOTES:1 revised
		14	Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions; NOTES: 1, 2, 3 revised
		15	Table 5.3 A/D Conversion Characteristics; "A/D operation clock frequency" → "A/D operating clock frequency" revised NOTES: 1, 2, 3, 4 revised
		16	Table 5.4 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics; "Topr" → "Ambient temperature" revised Measuring condition of byte program time and block erase time deleted
		17	Table 5.6 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics (When Using Hardware Reset 2) NOTES: 3 revised
		18	Table 5.8 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics; "High-speed on-chip oscillator temperature dependence" → "High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature dependence" revised Table 5.10 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V <sub>CC</sub> =5V]; "P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub> Except Xout" → "Except P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub> , Xout" revised

REVISION HISTORY

R8C/11 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.60	Jan.27.2006	19	Table 5.11 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc=5V] NOTES: 1, 2 revised Measuring condition Stop mode: "Topr = 25 °C"
		22	Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (3) [Vcc=3V] "P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub> Except X <sub>OUT</sub> " → "Except P1 <sub>0</sub> to P1 <sub>7</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub> " revised
		23	Table 5.18 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc=3V] NOTES: 1, 2 revised Measuring condition Stop mode: "Topr = 25 °C"

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