



AP9211

#### SINGLE CHIP SOLUTION FOR 1-CELL Li+ BATTERY PACK

## **Description**

The AP9211 is a single chip protection solution specially designed for 1-cell Li+ rechargeable battery pack application.

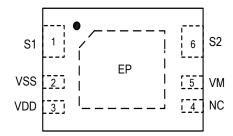
The AP9211 includes a 1-cell Lithium ion battery protection chip and dual N-CHANNEL MOSFET with common drain.

The AP9211 provides rich battery protection features and can turn-off the N-CHANNEL MOSFET by detecting overcharge voltage/current, over discharge voltage/current, or load short circuit. AP9211 has builtin fixed delay time to save external components.

The AP9211 is available in U-DFN2030-6 package.

## **Pin Assignments**

#### (Top View)



#### U-DFN2030-6

## **Applications**

• Li+ Rechargeable Battery Pack

### **Features**

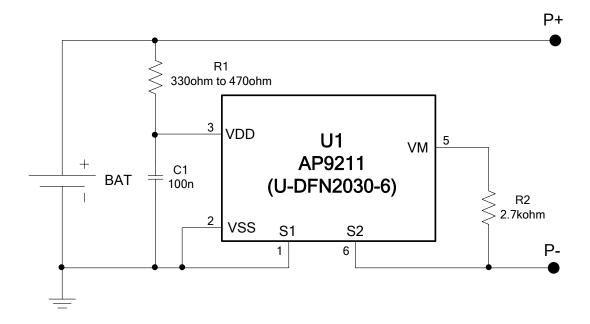
- High Voltage CMOS Process, up to 30V (VDD to VM)
- Low Quiescent Current (+25°C)
  - In Normal Mode, 3.0µA (Typ.), 4.5µA (Max.) V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.5V
  - In Power-Down Mode, 0.1µA (Max.)
- High-Accuracy Voltage Detection Circuit (+25°C)
  - Overcharge Detection Voltage: 3.5V to 4.5V (5mV Steps)
     Accuracy ±25mV
  - Overcharge Hysteresis Voltage Range: 0.1V to 0.4V (50mV Steps) Accuracy ±50mV
  - Overdischarge Detection Voltage: 2.0V to 3.4V (10mV Steps) Accuracy ±35mV
  - Overdischarge Hysteresis Voltage Range: 0V to 0.7V (40mV Steps) Accuracy ±65mV
  - Discharge Overcurrent Detection Voltage: 0.05V to 0.32V (10mV Steps) Accuracy ±15mV
  - Short Current Detection Voltage: 0.45V to 0.7V (50mV Steps) Accuracy ±100mV
  - Charge Overcurrent Detection Voltage: -0.2V to -0.05V (10mV Steps) Accuracy ±15mV
  - Overcharger Detection Voltage: 8.0V (Fixed) Accuracy ±2V
  - Overcharger Release Voltage: 7.3V (Fixed) Accuracy ±2V
- Built-in Fixed Detection Delay Time (+25°C), Accuracy ±20%
- Power-Down Mode Selectable (Yes or No)
- 0V Battery Charge Selectable (Permission or Inhibition)
- Overcharge Protection Mode Selectable (Auto Release or Latch)
- Totally Lead-free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
- 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.



## **Typical Applications Circuit** (Note 4)



Note: 4. R1 and C1 are used to stabilize the supply voltage of the AP9211. The recommended range of R1 value is 330Ω to 470Ω and C1 value is 10nF to 1000nF, typical value is 100nF. R2 should be connected between P- to V<sub>M</sub> sense terminal to monitor the status of charger and the charge/discharge current. The R2 should be between 300Ω and 4kΩ, typical value is 2.7kΩ. R1 and R2 are also used as current limit resistors if the battery or charger is connected reversely. Polarity reversing may cause the power consumption of R1 and R2 to go over their power dissipation rating, therefore R1 and R2 values should be selected appropriately for the actual application. If R2 is more than 4kΩ resistor, charge may not be off due to the voltage drop on R2.

For power down mode, when first connecting AP9211 system board to the battery, it is necessary to use charger or to short P- to the battery negative polarity. Once the AP9211 is activated, the charger or connection can be removed, otherwise the battery cannot discharge current through system board.

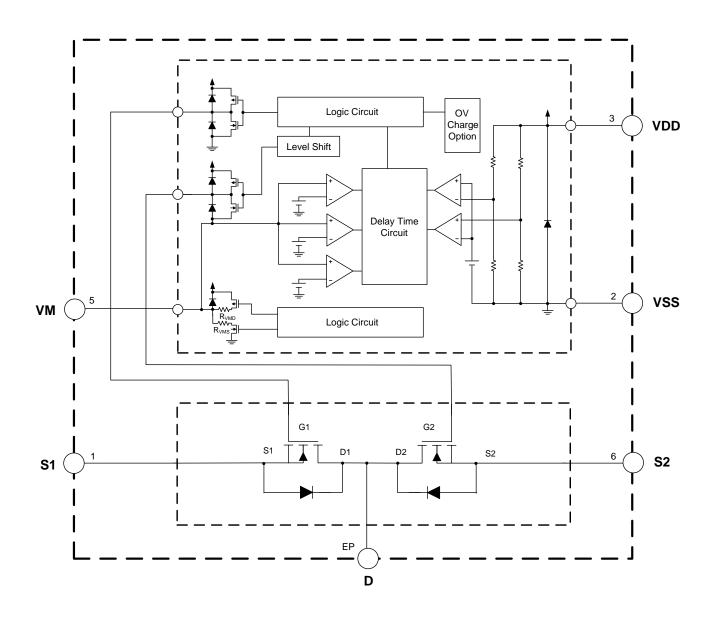
The values selected should follow the recommended typical range mentioned above. It has not been confirmed whether the operation is normal or not in circuits other than the above example of connection. In addition, the example of connection shown above and the typical value do not exactly guarantee proper operation. Please perform the actual application to set the suitable value through your complete evaluation.

## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
1	S1	Source pin of discharging MOSFET, connecting this pin to battery negative pole.
2	V <sub>SS</sub>	Negative power supply pin
3	$V_{DD}$	Positive power supply pin, connecting this pin to battery positive pole through R1
4	NC	Not connected, leave this pin floating
5	V <sub>M</sub>	Charger negative input pin, short this pin to S2 pin through R2
6	S2	Source pin of charging MOSFET, connecting this pin to charge negative input.
EP	D	Thermal PAD is common drain of charge and discharge MOSFET, so in PCB layout, prefer to use large copper area to cover this pad for better thermal dissipation, then leave it open.



## **Functional Block Diagram**





## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Notes 5 & 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
$V_{DS}$	Supply Voltage (Between V <sub>DD</sub> and V <sub>SS</sub> )	-0.3 to 12	V
V <sub>DM</sub>	Charge Input Voltage (Between VDD and VM for Protection Chip)	-0.3 to 24	V
$V_{DSS}$	MOSFET Drain-to-Source Voltage	24	V
V <sub>GSS</sub>	MOSFET Gate-to-Source Voltage	±12	V
	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	9.0	А
I <sub>D</sub>	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V, T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C	7.1	А
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation	1,000	mW
TJ	Maximum Junction Temperature	+150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
_	ESD (Machine Model)	300	V
_	ESD (Human Body Model)	3,000	V

Notes: 5. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DS}$	Supply Voltage (Between V <sub>DD</sub> and V <sub>SS</sub> )	1.5	5.5	٧
$V_{DM}$	Charge Input Voltage (between V <sub>DD</sub> and V <sub>M</sub> )	-0.3	5.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	+85	°C

<sup>6.</sup> Ratings apply to ambient temperature at +25°C. The JEDEC High-K board design used to derive this data was a 2 inch x 2 inch multilayer board with 2-ounce internal power and ground planes and 2-ounce copper traces on the top and bottom of the board.



# $\hline \textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ (T_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{DD} = 3.5\text{V}, \ V_{SS} = 0\text{V}, \ R1 = 220\Omega, \ R2 = 1.0\text{k}\Omega, \ C1 = 100\text{nF}, \ unless \ otherwise \ specified)$

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vcu	Overcharge Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>CU</sub> - 0.025	Vcu	V <sub>CU</sub> + 0.025	٧
.,		V <sub>CL</sub> ≠ V <sub>CU</sub>	V <sub>CL</sub> ≠ V <sub>CU</sub>		V <sub>CL</sub>	V <sub>CL</sub> + 0.050	V
V <sub>CL</sub>	Overcharge Release Voltage	V <sub>CL</sub> = V <sub>CU</sub>		V <sub>CL</sub> - 0.025	V <sub>CL</sub>	V <sub>CL</sub> + 0.025	٧
V <sub>DL</sub>	Overdischarge Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>DL</sub> - 0.035	$V_{DL}$	V <sub>DL</sub> + 0.035	٧
.,		V <sub>DU</sub> ≠ V <sub>DL</sub>		V <sub>DU</sub> - 0.100	V <sub>DU</sub>	V <sub>DU</sub> + 0.100	V
V <sub>DU</sub>	Overdischarge Release Voltage	V <sub>DU</sub> = V <sub>DL</sub>		V <sub>DU</sub> - 0.035	V <sub>DU</sub>	V <sub>DU</sub> + 0.035	٧
V <sub>DOC</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>DOC</sub> -0.015	V <sub>DOC</sub>	V <sub>DOC</sub> +0.015	٧
V <sub>SHORT</sub>	Load Short-Circuiting Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>SHORT</sub> -0.10	V <sub>SHORT</sub>	V <sub>SHORT</sub> +0.10	V
Vcoc	Charge Overcurrent Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>COC</sub> -0.015	Vcoc	V <sub>COC</sub> +0.015	٧
Icc	Current Consumption During Operation	$V_{DD}=3.5V$ $V_{M}=0V$		1.5	3.0	4.5	μA
	0	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.8V	Power Down Mode	_	_	0.1	μA
I <sub>STB</sub>	Current Consumption at Power Down	VM Pin Floating	Without Power Down Mode (Auto Wake up)	_	_	5.5	μΑ
R <sub>VMD</sub>	Resistance Between V <sub>M</sub> Pin and V <sub>DD</sub> Pin	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.8V V <sub>M</sub> =0V		150	300	500	kΩ
R <sub>VMS</sub>	Resistance Between V <sub>M</sub> Pin and V <sub>SS</sub> Pin	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V V <sub>M</sub> =1.0V		10	30	50	kΩ
V <sub>0CHA</sub>	0V Battery Charge Starting Charge Voltage	0V battery	charging "available"	1.2	_	-	٧
Voinh	0V Battery Charge Inhibition Battery Voltage	0V battery	charging "unavailable"	_	_	0.45	V
Vovchg	Overvoltage Charge Detection Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V		6.0	8.0	10.0	٧
Vovchgr	Overvoltage Charge Release Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V		5.3	7.3	9.3	V
tcu	Overcharge Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>CU</sub> * 0.8	tcu	t <sub>CU</sub> * 1.2	ms
t <sub>CUR</sub>	Overcharge Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>CUR</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>CUR</sub>	t <sub>CUR</sub> * 1.2	ms
t <sub>DL</sub>	Overdischarge Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>DL</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>DL</sub>	t <sub>DL</sub> * 1.2	ms
t <sub>DLR</sub>	Overdischarge Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>DLR</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>DLR</sub>	t <sub>DLR</sub> * 1.2	ms
t <sub>DOC</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>DOC</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>DOC</sub>	t <sub>DOC</sub> * 1.2	ms
t <sub>DOCR</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>DOCR</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>DOCR</sub>	t <sub>DOCR</sub> * 1.2	ms
tshort	Load Short Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>SHORT</sub> * 0.8	tshort	t <sub>SHORT</sub> * 1.2	μs
tcoc	Charge Overcurrent Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>COC</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>COC</sub>	t <sub>COC</sub> * 1.2	ms
t <sub>COCR</sub>	Charge Overcurrent Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>COCR</sub> * 0.8	t <sub>COCR</sub>	t <sub>COCR</sub> * 1.2	ms



## **Electrical Characteristics** (continued)

 $(T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{DD} = 3.5\text{V}, V_{SS} = 0\text{V}, R1 = 220\Omega, R2 = 1.0k\Omega, C1 = 100nF, unless otherwise specified)$ 

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CU</sub>	Overcharge Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>CU</sub> - 0.060	V <sub>CU</sub>	V <sub>CU</sub> + 0.040	V
		V <sub>CL</sub> ≠ V <sub>CU</sub>	V <sub>CL</sub> ≠ V <sub>CU</sub>		V <sub>CL</sub>	V <sub>CL</sub> + 0.065	V
V <sub>CL</sub>	Overcharge Release Voltage	V <sub>CL</sub> = V <sub>CU</sub>		- 0.080 V <sub>CL</sub> - 0.060	V <sub>CL</sub>	V <sub>CL</sub> + 0.040	V
V <sub>DL</sub>	Overdischarge Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>DL</sub> - 0.080	$V_{DL}$	V <sub>DL</sub> + 0.080	V
		V <sub>DU</sub> ≠ V <sub>DL</sub>		V <sub>DU</sub> - 0.150	$V_{DU}$	V <sub>DU</sub> + 0.190	٧
$V_{DU}$	Overdischarge Release Voltage	V <sub>DU</sub> = V <sub>DL</sub>		V <sub>DU</sub> - 0.080	$V_{DU}$	V <sub>DU</sub> + 0.080	V
V <sub>DOC</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>DOC</sub> -0.021	$V_{DOC}$	V <sub>DOC</sub> +0.024	V
V <sub>SHORT</sub>	Load Short-Circuiting Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>SHORT</sub>	V <sub>SHORT</sub>	V <sub>SHORT</sub> +0.34	V
Vcoc	Charge Overcurrent Detection Voltage	_		V <sub>COC</sub> -0.040	Vcoc	V <sub>COC</sub> +0.040	V
Icc	Current Consumption During Operation	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V V <sub>M</sub> =0V		1.0	3.0	7.0	μA
		V <sub>DD</sub> =1.8V	Power Down Mode	_	_	1.0	μA
I <sub>STB</sub>	Current Consumption at Power Down	VM Pin Floating	Without Power Down Mode (Auto Wake up)	_	_	8	μA
R <sub>VMD</sub>	Resistance between V <sub>M</sub> Pin and V <sub>DD</sub> Pin	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.8V V <sub>M</sub> =0V		100	300	650	kΩ
R <sub>VMS</sub>	Resistance between V <sub>M</sub> Pin and V <sub>SS</sub> Pin	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V V <sub>M</sub> =1.0V		5	30	65	kΩ
V <sub>0CHA</sub>	0V Battery Charge Starting Charge Voltage	0V battery of "available"	charging	1.2	-	_	V
Voinh	0V Battery Charge Inhibition Battery Voltage	0V battery of unavailable		_	_	0.3	V
Vovchg	Overvoltage Charge Detection Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V	-	5.5	8.0	10.5	V
Vovchgr	Overvoltage Charge Release Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V		5.0	7.3	9.5	V
t <sub>CU</sub>	Overcharge Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>CU</sub> * 0.6	t <sub>CU</sub>	t <sub>CU</sub> * 1.4	ms
t <sub>CUR</sub>	Overcharge Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>CUR</sub> * 0.6	t <sub>CUR</sub>	t <sub>CUR</sub> * 1.4	ms
t <sub>DL</sub>	Overdischarge Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>DL</sub> * 0.6	t <sub>DL</sub>	t <sub>DL</sub> * 1.4	ms
t <sub>DLR</sub>	Overdischarge Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>DLR</sub> * 0.6	t <sub>DLR</sub>	t <sub>DLR</sub> * 1.4	ms
t <sub>DOC</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>DOC</sub> * 0.6	t <sub>DOC</sub>	t <sub>DOC</sub> * 1.4	ms
tDOCR	Discharge Overcurrent Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>DOCR</sub> * 0.6	tDOCR	t <sub>DOCR</sub> * 1.4	ms
tshort	Load Short Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>SHORT</sub> * 0.6	tshort	t <sub>SHORT</sub> * 1.4	μs
tcoc	Charge Overcurrent Detection Delay Time	_		t <sub>COC</sub> * 0.6	t <sub>COC</sub>	t <sub>COC</sub> * 1.4	ms
tcocr	Charge Overcurrent Release Delay Time	_		t <sub>COCR</sub> * 0.6	tcocr	t <sub>COCR</sub> * 1.4	ms



## Electrical Characteristics (continued) (Notes 7 & 8)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 3.5V, V_{SS} = 0V, R1 = 220\Omega, R2 = 1.0k\Omega, C1 = 100nF$ , unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 20V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0	_	_	1.0	μΑ
R <sub>SS(ON)1</sub>	IStatic Source-Source On-Resistance 1	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.0V I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0A	20	27	30	mΩ
R <sub>SS(ON)2</sub>	IStatic Source-Source Un-Resistance 2	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.9V I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0A	21	27	31	mΩ
R <sub>SS(ON)3</sub>	ISTATIC SOURCE-Source Un-Resistance 3	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0A	21	28	33	mΩ
V <sub>SD</sub>	Il Jiode Forward Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V (Note 6) I <sub>S</sub> = 1A	_	0.75	1.0	V

Notes:

<sup>7.</sup> In case of Gate-Source voltage of charging MOSFET is 0V. In case of Gate-Source voltage of discharging MOSFET is 0V. 8. These specifications are guaranteed by design - will not be tested in production.



## **Application Information**

#### **Operation Mode**

#### 1. Normal Status

The AP9211 monitors the battery voltage between the  $V_{DD}$  pin and  $V_{SS}$  pin as well as the voltage difference between the  $V_{M}$  pin and  $V_{SS}$  pin to control battery charging and discharging. When the battery voltage is between overdischarge detection voltage ( $V_{CU}$ ) and overcharge detection voltage ( $V_{CDC}$ ) as well as the  $V_{M}$  pin voltage is between the charge overcurrent detection voltage ( $V_{COC}$ ) and discharge overcurrent detection voltage ( $V_{COC}$ ), the AP9211 will turn on discharging and charging MOSFET. In these conditions, the battery can charge and discharge freely. Also,  $R_{VMD}$  does not connect to  $V_{DD}$  pin and  $R_{VMS}$  does not connect to  $V_{SS}$  pin in this status.

#### 2. Overcharge Status

If the battery voltage is more than  $V_{CU}$  during charging status for the overcharge detection delay time ( $t_{CU}$ ) or longer, the AP9211 turns off the charging MOSFET to stop charging.  $R_{VMD}$  and  $R_{VMS}$  are not connected in overcharge status.

When  $V_M$  pin voltage is lower than  $V_{DOC}$  and battery voltage falls below  $V_{CL}$ , the AP9211 will release from overcharge status. When  $V_M$  pin voltage is equal or more than  $V_{DOC}$  and battery voltage falls below  $V_{CU}$ , the AP9211 will release from overcharge status.

#### 3. Overdischarge Status

If the battery voltage is less than  $V_{DL}$  during discharging status for the overdischarge detection delay time ( $t_{DL}$ ) or longer, the AP9211 turns off the discharging MOSFET to stop discharging. In overdischarge status,  $R_{VMD}$  is connected to  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{M}$  pin voltage is pulled up to  $V_{DD}$  by  $R_{VMD}$ , but  $R_{VMS}$  is not connected. For power-down mode version, the AP9211 recovers normal status from overdischarge status only by charging the battery through the charger.

When  $V_M$  pin voltage to  $V_{SS}$  pin voltage is less than typical -0.7V and the battery voltage rises over  $V_{DL}$ , the AP9211 will release from overdischarge status. If  $V_M$  pin voltage to  $V_{SS}$  pin voltage is higher than typical -0.7V, the AP9211 will release from overdischarge status until the battery voltage rises over  $V_{DL}$ .

For auto-wake-up version AP9211SA, the device recovers to normal status from overdischarge status if either of these two conditions are satisfied:

If charger is connected: the AP9211SA overdischarge status is released in the same way as described above in AP9211S Overdischarge Status

section.

If no charger is connected: 1) The battery voltage reaches the overdischarge release voltage (V<sub>DU</sub>) or higher;

2) Maintains continuous time more than overdischarge release delay time t<sub>DLR</sub>.

#### 4. Discharge Overcurrent and Short Current Status

When battery is in discharge overcurrent status, if the voltage of the  $V_M$  pin to  $V_{SS}$  pin is equal or more than  $V_{DOC}$  to  $V_{SHORT}$  and detection lasts for the discharge overcurrent detection delay time ( $t_{DOC}$ ) or longer, the AP9211 turns off the discharging MOSFET to stop discharging.

When the battery is in short current status, if the voltage of the V<sub>M</sub> pin to V<sub>SS</sub> pin is equal to or more than V<sub>SHORT</sub>, and the detection lasts for the short current detection delay time or longer, the AP9211 turns off the discharge MOSFET to stop discharging.

In discharge overcurrent or short current status,  $R_{VMS}$  is connected to  $V_{SS}$  but  $R_{VMD}$  is not connected. The voltage of  $V_M$  pin is almost equal to  $V_{DD}$  as long as the load is connected. When the load is disconnected, the voltage of  $V_M$  pin will become almost equal to  $V_{SS}$  (due to  $R_{VMS}$  being connected) and then the AP9211 will release from discharge overcurrent or short current status.

#### 5. Charge Overcurrent Status

When the battery is in charge current status, if the voltage of the  $V_M$  pin to  $V_{SS}$  pin is equal to or less than  $V_{COC}$  and the detection continues for the charge overcurrent detection delay time ( $t_{COC}$ ) or longer, the AP9211 turns off the charging MOSFET to stop charging.

#### 6. 0V Battery Charging Function (Option)

This function is available as an option and can be factory set internally. AP9211 has this function built in.

0V charging function permits charger to recharge the battery whose voltage is 0V due to self-discharge. If 0V charging function is not present, the device will prevent charger to recharge the battery whose voltage is 0V due to self-discharge. (If a device without 0V charging function is needed, please contact Diodes sales team)



## **Operation Description (Continued)**

#### 7. Overvoltage Charger Detection Circuit

This function is used to monitor the charger voltage between the  $V_{DD}$  pin and  $V_{M}$  pin, and when this voltage exceeds overvoltage charger detection voltage (8.0V Typ.), the AP9211 will turn off charging MOSFET, when this voltage drops below overvoltage charger release voltage (7.3V Typ.), it then turns on charging MOSFET. There are no delay times set for detection and release.

#### 8. Power-Down Mode or Auto-Wake-Up Function Option

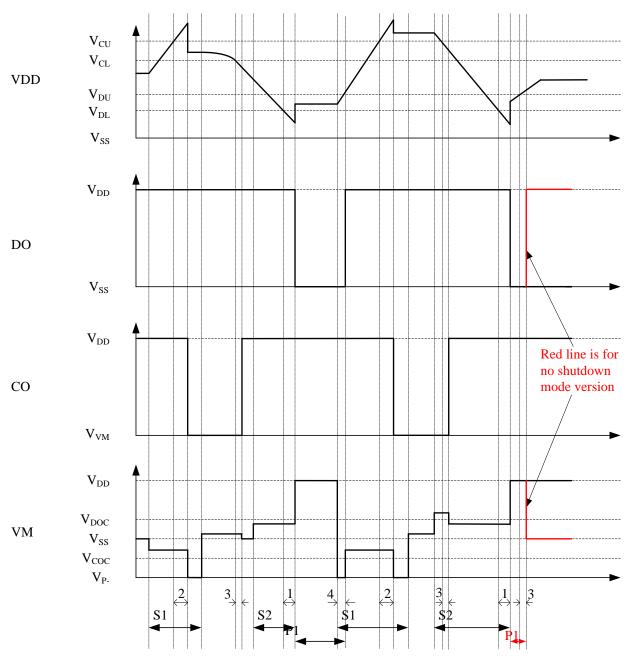
In device with power-down function, during power-down mode, device enters the overdischarge status. The IC enters sleep mode and the current consumption becomes very low, typically 0.1µA. To release from power-down status to the normal status, charger connection is required.

In device with auto-wakeup mode, the IC remains active in the overdischarge state. The IC is released into the normal state by the operation that increases the battery voltage more than overdischarge release voltage.



## **Application Information (Timing Chart)**

## 1. Overcharge and Overdischarge Detection



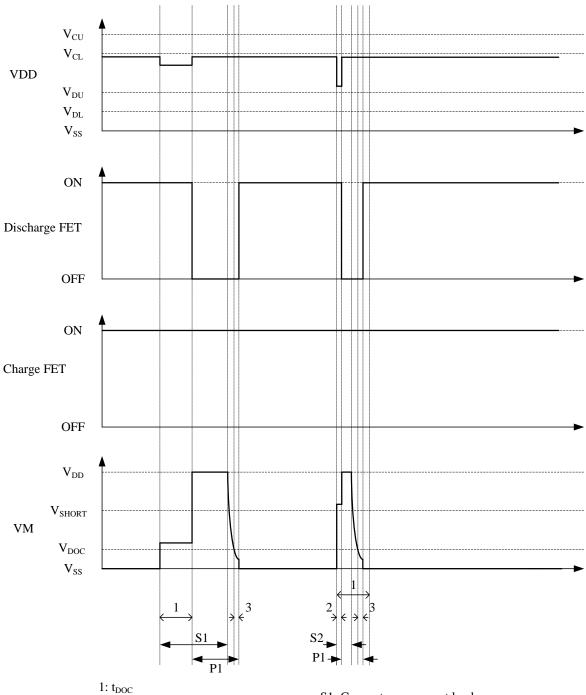
- 1: t<sub>DL</sub>
- 2: t<sub>CU</sub>
- 3: t<sub>CUR</sub>
- 4: t<sub>DLR</sub>

- S1: Charger connection
- S2: Load connection
- P1: R<sub>VMD</sub> pull-up connection



## Application Information (Timing Chart) (continued)

## 2. Discharge Overcurrent Detection



 $2: t_{SHORT}$ 

 $3: t_{DOCR}$ 

S1: Connect over current load

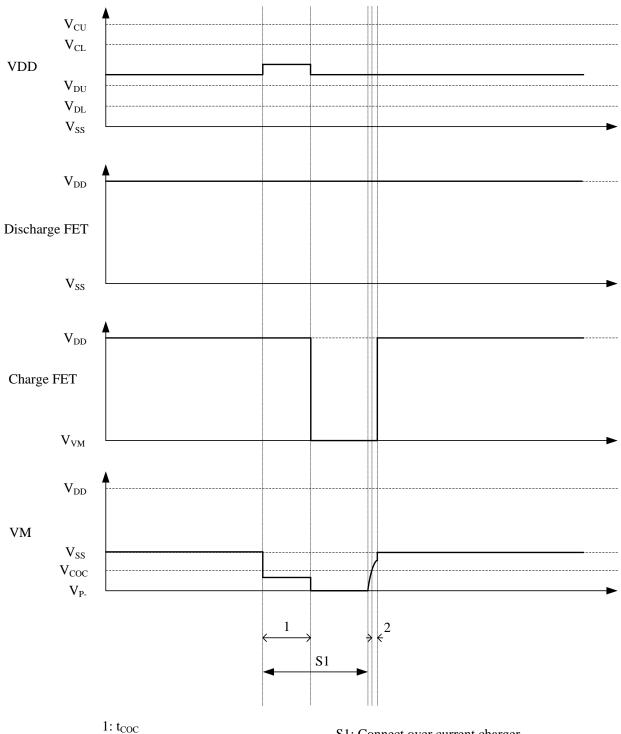
S2: Connect short current load

P1: R<sub>VMS</sub> pull-down connection



## Application Information (Timing Chart) (cont.)

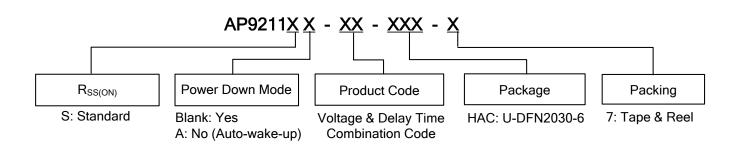
## 3. Charge Overcurrent Detection



S1: Connect over current charger



## Ordering Information (Note 9)



Part Number	Package Code	Packaging	7" Tape and Reel Quantity
AP9211XX-XX-HAC-7	HAC	U-DFN2030-6	3,000/Tape & Reel

## **Voltage Combination**

Part Number	Overcharge Detection Voltage V <sub>CU</sub>	Overcharge Release Voltage V <sub>CL</sub>	Over- discharge Detection Voltage V <sub>DL</sub>	Over- discharge Release Voltage V <sub>DU</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Detection Voltage V <sub>DOC</sub>	Load Short Detection Voltage V <sub>SHORT</sub>	Charge Overurrent Detection Voltage V <sub>COC</sub>	Over Voltage Charger Detection Voltage Vovchg	Over Voltage Charger Release Voltage Vovchgr	Power-down Function	Overcharge Protection Mode	Delay Time	0V Battery Charge Function
AP9211XX-AA-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175V	2.500V	2.900V	0.150V	0.700V	-0.150V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AB-HAC-7	4.425V	4.225V	2.500V	2.900V	0.150V	0.700V	-0.150V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AC-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175V	2.500V	2.900V	0.095V	0.700V	-0.095V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AD-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175V	2.500V	2.900V	0.120V	0.700V	-0.120V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AE-HAC-7	4.200V	4.100V	2.500V	3.000V	0.300V	0.550V	-0.100V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AF-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175V	2.500V	2.900V	0.180V	0.700V	-0.180V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AG-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175V	2.500V	2.900V	0.075V	0.700V	-0.075V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AH-HAC-7	4.425V	4.225V	2.500V	2.900V	0.075V	0.700V	-0.075V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AI-HAC-7	4.500V	4.300V	2.400V	2.800V	0.150V	0.700V	-0.075V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AJ-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175 V	2.400V	2.800V	0.125V	0.700V	- 0.125V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AK-HAC-7	4.250V	4.050 V	2.400V	3.000V	0.150V	0.700V	- 0.150V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AL-HAC-7	4.275V	4.175V	2.300V	2.400V	0.180V	0.700V	-0.180V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AM-HAC-7	4.375V	4.175V	2.300V	2.400V	0.180V	0.700V	-0.180V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission
AP9211XX-AN-HAC-7	4.225V	4.025V	3.200V	3.400V	0.060V	0.450V	-0.060V	8.0V	7.3V	Selectable	Auto Release	Option 1	Permission

Note: 9. Current voltage versions are built by delay time option 1. If any other voltage versions or delay time option products are needed, please contact with the local sale's office.



## Ordering Information (Note 7, continued)

## **AP9211 Delay Time Combination**

Part Number	Overcharge Detection Delay Time tcu	Overcharge Release Delay Time tcur	Overdischarge Detection Delay Time t <sub>DL</sub>	Overdischarge Release Delay Time t <sub>DLR</sub>	Discharge Overcurrent Detection Delay Time tDOC	Discharge Overcurrent Release Delay Time tDOCR	Charge Overcurrent Detection Delay Time tcoc	Charge Overcurrent Release Delay Time tCOCR	Load Short Detection Delay Time tshort
AP9211XX-XX-HAC-7	1.0s	2.0ms	115ms	2.0ms	10.0ms	2.0ms	10.0ms	2.0ms	360µs

## Other Delay Time Combination Table (Optional)

Delay Time Option	Overcharge Detection Delay Time (t <sub>CU</sub> )	Overdischarge Detection Delay Time (t <sub>DL</sub> )	Discharge Over Current Detection Delay Time (tDOC)	Charge Over Current Detection Delay Time (t <sub>COC</sub> )	Load Short Circuiting Detection Delay Time (tshort)
1	1s	115ms	10ms	10ms	360µs
2	125ms	32ms	8ms	8ms	180µs
3	1s	20ms	12ms	10ms	360µs
4	1s	42ms	10ms	10ms	360µs
5	1s	115ms	10ms	10ms	180µs



## **Marking Information**

## (Top View)

<u> Y W X</u>

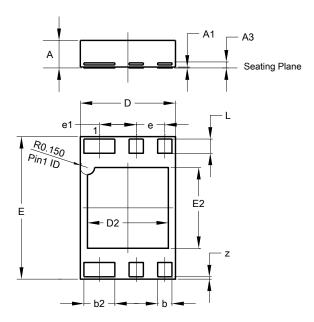
 $\begin{array}{l} \underline{XX}: \text{Identification Code} \\ \underline{Y}: Year: 0~9 \\ \underline{W}: Week: A~Z: 1~26 \text{ week}; \\ a~z: 27~52 \text{ week}; z \text{ represents} \\ 52 \text{ and } 53 \text{ week} \\ \underline{X}: A~Z: \text{Internal Code} \end{array}$ 

Part Number	Package	Identification Code
AP9211S-AA-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	P5
AP9211S-AB-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	P6
AP9211S-AC-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6B
AP9211S-AD-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6C
AP9211S-AE-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6D
AP9211S-AF-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6E
AP9211S-AG-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6F
AP9211S-AH-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6G
AP9211S-AI-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6H
AP9211S-AJ-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6Y
AP9211S-AK-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	6Z
AP9211S-AL-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	5T
AP9211S-AM-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	5U
AP9211S-AN-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	5V
AP9211SA-AA-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	M3
AP9211SA-AB-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	M4
AP9211SA-AC-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	M6
AP9211SA-AD-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	M7
AP9211SA-AE-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	M8
AP9211SA-AF-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	N3
AP9211SA-AG-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	N4
AP9211SA-AH-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	N6
AP9211SA-AI-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	N7
AP9211SA-AJ-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	N8
AP9211SA-AK-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	NE
AP9211SA-AL-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	7X
AP9211SA-AM-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	P7
AP9211SA-AN-HAC-7	U-DFN2030-6	P8



## **Package Outline Dimensions**

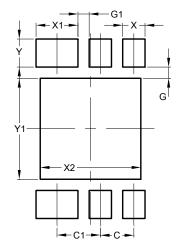
Please see AP02002 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf for the latest version.



	U-DFN2030-6 (Type C)									
Dim	1 ' ' 1 ' 1									
Α	0.50	0.60								
A1	0.00	0.05	0.02							
A3			0.127							
b	0.25	0.35	0.30							
b2	0.60	0.70	0.65							
D	1.90	2.10	2.00							
D2	1.60	1.80	1.70							
Е	2.90	3.10	3.00							
E2	1.60	1.80	1.70							
е			0.60							
e1			0.775							
L	0.25	0.35	0.30							
z	z 0.0500 Ref									
All I	Dimens	ions in r	nm							

## **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see AP02001 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.600
C1	0.775
G	0.200
G1	0.200
Х	0.400
X1	0.750
X2	1.800
Y	0.500
Y1	1.800



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