ROHM SEMICONDUCTOR

Power Supply Selector Switch IC for SD Cards

Pb Free — ROHM Electronic Components

RoHS Directive Compliance

BD2204GUL

● Description

BD2204GUL is high side switch IC that has built-in 2 circuits of MOSFET. Switch has achieved 120mΩ (Typ.) on-resistance. 3.3V power supply and 1.8V power supply for memory card can be selected by SEL terminal. Moreover, it has built-in simultaneous-on prevention function at power switching, reverse-current protection function to prevent reverse-current from output terminal to input terminal at power-off, and discharge circuit to discharge electricity in output terminal.

● Features

- Dual channel of low on resistance (Typ. = 120mΩ) N-channel MOSFET built in
- 3.3V and 1.8V are chosen and an output is possible.
- 0.5A Continuous Current load
- Reverse-current protection when power switch off
- Prevent VIN1 and VIN2 from simultaneous-on.
- Output Discharge Circuit
- Thermal Shutdown
- Active-High Control Logic
- VCSP50L1 package

● Applications

Digital cameras
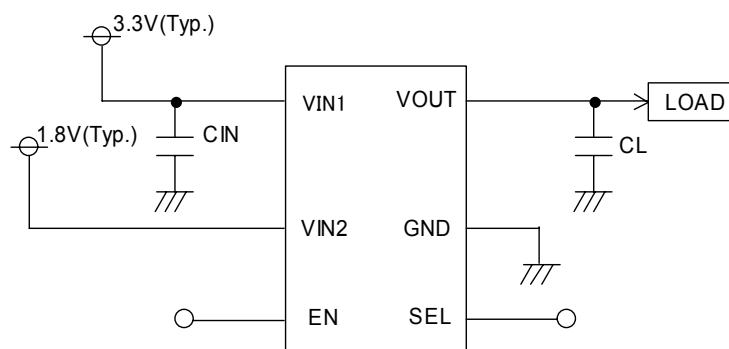Digital video camera
SD cards slot

● Key Specifications

■Input voltage range:	VIN1=2.7 to 4.5V
	VIN2=1.2 to 2.4V
■ON resistance:	120mΩ(Typ.)
■Operating current:	25µA(Typ.)
■Standby current:	0.01µA(Typ.)
■Operating temperature range:	-40 to +85℃

● Package

	W(Typ.)	D(Typ.)	H (Max.)
VCSP50L1	1.50mm x 1.00mm x 0.55mm		

VCSP50L1

● Typical Application Circuit

Figure 1. Typical application circuit

○Product structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit   ○This product is not designed protection against radioactive rays

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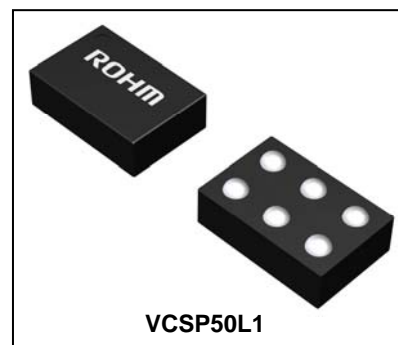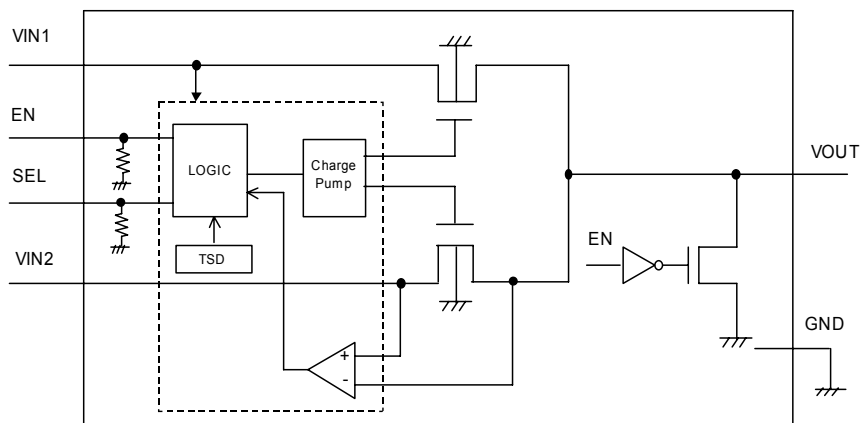
●**Block Diagram**

Figure 2. Block Diagram

●**Pin Configuration**
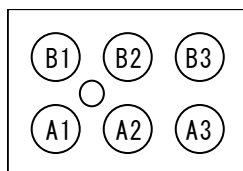
Figure 3. Pin Configuration (BOTTOM VIEW)

●**Pin Descriptions**

Pin No.	Symbol	I / O	Pin function
A1	VIN1	I	Switch1 input and supply voltage for IC
A2	VIN2	I	Switch2 input
A3	EN	I	Active-high enable input with pull-down resistance (Typ.700Ω)
B1	VOUT	O	Switch output
B2	GND	-	Ground
B3	SEL	I	Output selector input with pull-down resistance (Typ.700Ω) As SEL=L, V_{OUT}=3.3V output, as SEL=H, V_{OUT}=1.8V output

●**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Switch1 input voltage	V_{IN1}	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Switch2 input voltage	V_{IN2}	-0.3 to 6.0	V
EN voltage	V_{EN}	-0.3 to 6.0	V
SEL voltage	V_{SEL}	-0.3 to 6.0	V
VOUT voltage	V_{OUT}	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Output current	I_{OUT}	1.0	A
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-55 to 150	^{o}C
Power dissipation	Pd	575[*1]	mW

*1   In the case of exceeding Ta = 25°C, 4.6mW should be reduced per 1°C.

●**Recommended Operating Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Switch1 input voltage	V_{IN1}	2.7	3.3	4.5	V
Switch2 input voltage	V_{IN2}	1.2	1.8	2.4	V
Operating temperature	T_{OPR}	-40	25	85	°C
Output current	I_{OUT}	-	-	0.5	A

● **Electrical Characteristics**

(V_{IN1}= 3.3V, V_{IN2}= 1.8V, Ta= 25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Operating current1	I_{DD1}	-	30	45	µA	V_{EN} = 1.2V, V_{SEL} = 0V V_{OUT} = OPEN
Operating current2	I_{DD2}	-	35	52.5	µA	V_{EN} = V_{SEL} = 1.2V V_{OUT} = OPEN
Standby current	I_{STB}	-	0.01	1	µA	V_{EN} = 0V, V_{OUT} = OPEN
EN, SEL input voltage	V_{ENH} V_{SELH}	1.2	-	-	V	High input
	V_{ENL} V_{SELL}	-	-	0.4	V	Low input
EN, SEL input H current	I_{ENH} I_{SELH}	2.3	4.7	11.0	µA	V_{EN} = V_{SEL} = 3.3V with pull-down resistance
EN, SEL input L current	I_{ENL} I_{SELL}	-1.0	-	1.0	µA	V_{EN} = V_{SEL} = 0V
Pull-down resistance	R_{pd}	0.3	0.7	1.4	MΩ	Input PIN pull-down resistance
On-resistance1	R_{ON1}	-	120	200 [*2]	mΩ	I_{OUT} = 500mA
On-resistance2	R_{ON2}	-	120	200 [*2]	mΩ	I_{OUT} = 500mA
Switch leakage current	I_{LEAK}	-	0.01	1	µA	V_{EN} = 0V, V_{OUT} = 0V
Output rise time1	T_{ON1}	-	60	300	µs	SEL = L, R_L = 10Ω V_{OUT} : 10% → 90%
Output fall time1	T_{OFF1}	-	0.1	1	µs	SEL = L, R_L = 10Ω V_{OUT} : 90% → 10%
Output fall time1DISC	T_{OFF1D}	-	300	1000	µs	EN = SEL = L, C_L = 1µF V_{OUT} : 90% → 10%
Output rise time2	T_{ON2}	-	30	150	µs	SEL = H, R_L = 10Ω V_{OUT} : 10% → 90%
Output fall time2	T_{OFF2}	-	0.1	1	µs	SEL = H, R_L = 10Ω V_{OUT} : 90% → 10%
Output fall time2DISC	T_{OFF2D}	-	220	1000	µs	EN = L, SEL = H, C_L = 1µF V_{OUT} : 90% → 10%
Discharge on-resistance	R_{DISC}	-	80	150	Ω	I_{OUT} = -1mA, V_{EN} = 0V
Discharge current	I_{DISC}	-	10	15	mA	V_{OUT} = 3.3V, V_{EN} = 0V
VOUT drop voltage[*3]	Voutdrop1	-	-	0.4	V	C_L = 15µF, I_{OUT} = 500mA V_{OUT} = V_{IN1}→V_{IN2}
	Voutdrop2	-	-	0.4	V	C_L = 15µF, I_{OUT} = 500mA V_{OUT} = V_{IN2}→V_{IN1}

[*2] Not 100% tested at the time of shipment.

[*3] When the switch changes from VIN1 to VIN2 or from VIN2 to VIN1, it is possible that VOUT voltage drops.
Dropped voltage of VOUT is specified as Voutdrop1 and Voutdrop2.
That voltage drop is caused by the function which prevents VIN1 and VIN2 from turning on simultaneously.
This function generates the period which both VIN1and VIN2 are turned off, and prevents the penetration current between VIN1 and VIN2.
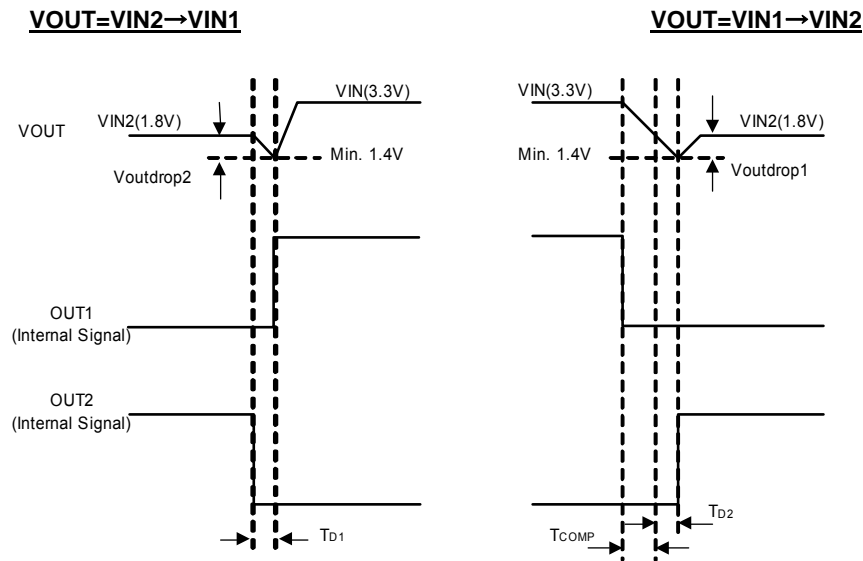
VOUT=VIN2→VIN1   **VOUT=VIN1→VIN2**

Figure 4. Vout drop voltage

*T_{D1} and T_{D2} + T_{COMP} are period of Simultaneous-Off.
*T_{COMP} is period of VOUT becoming same voltage as VIN2.
*The value of Min. is in condition of I_{OUT}=500mA and C_L=15uF.

●**Measurement Circuit**

Operating current, Standby current

EN, SEL input voltage, Output rise, fall time

On-resistance, VOUT drop voltage

Discharge resistance
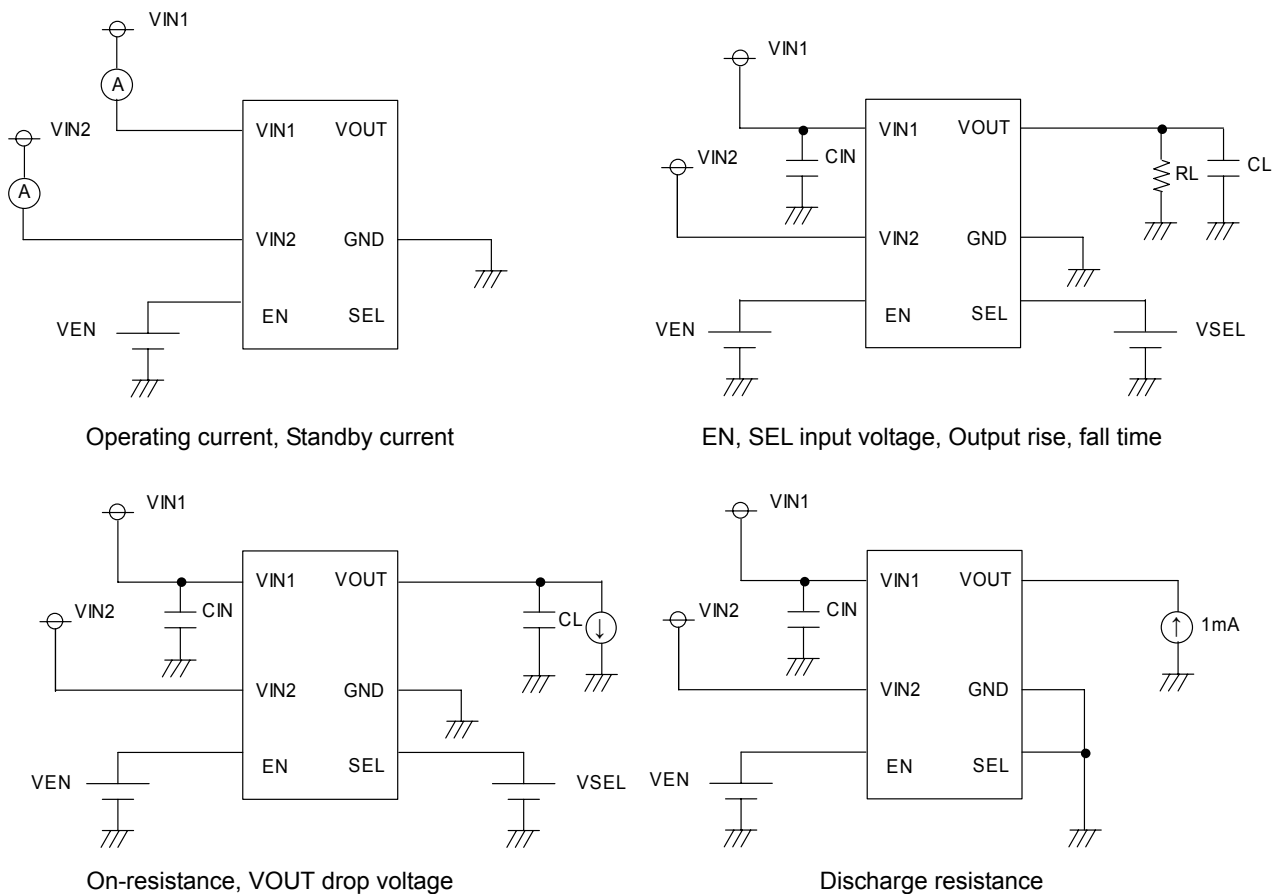
Figure 5. Measurement circuit

● Typical Performance Curves
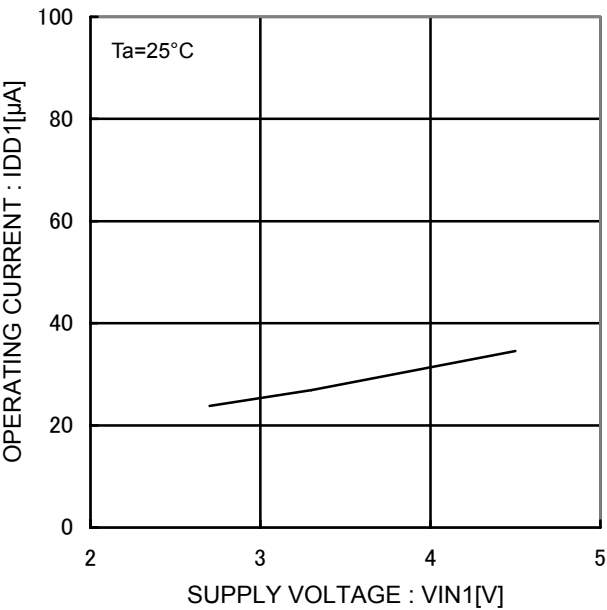
Figure 6. Operating current1
EN Enable
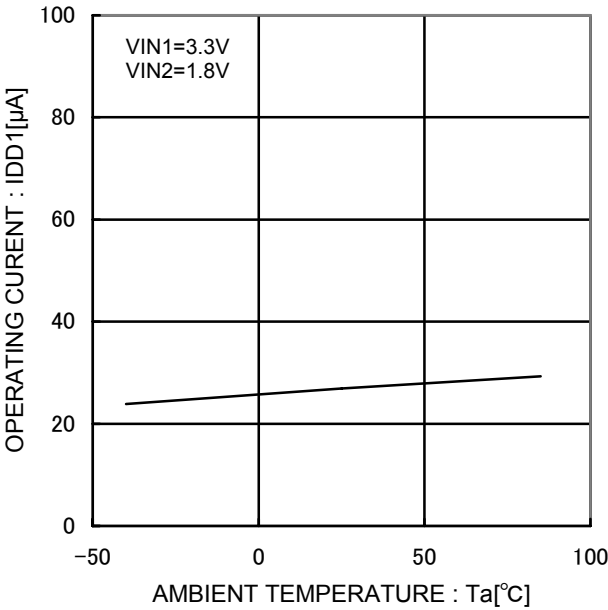
Figure 7. Operating current1
EN Enable
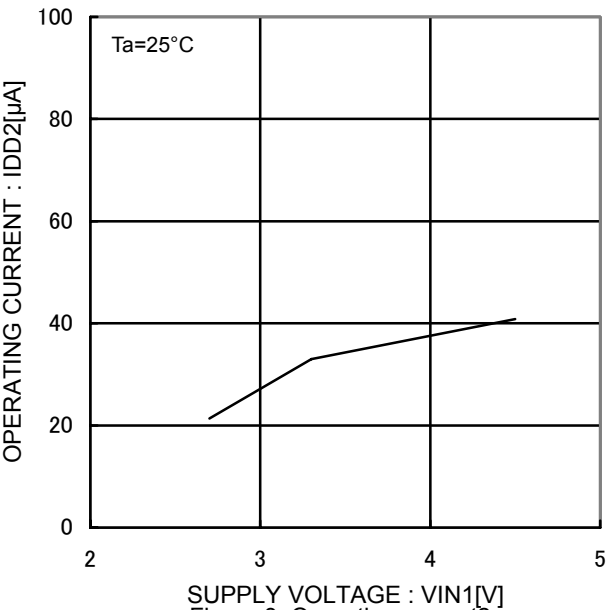
Figure 8. Operating current2
EN Enable

Figure 9. Operating current2
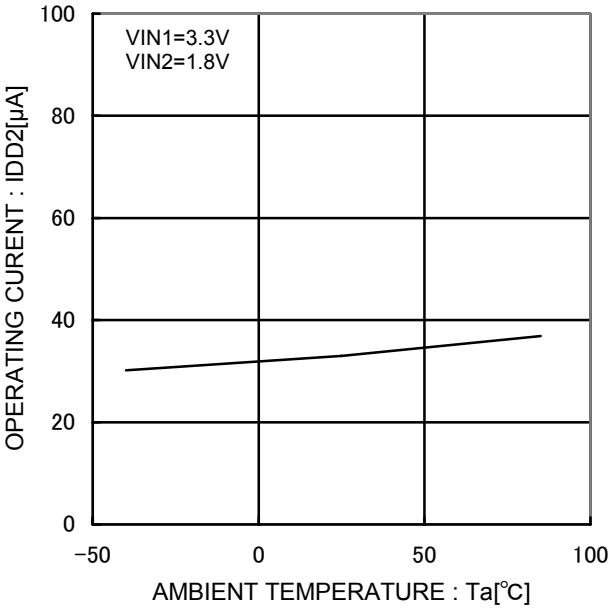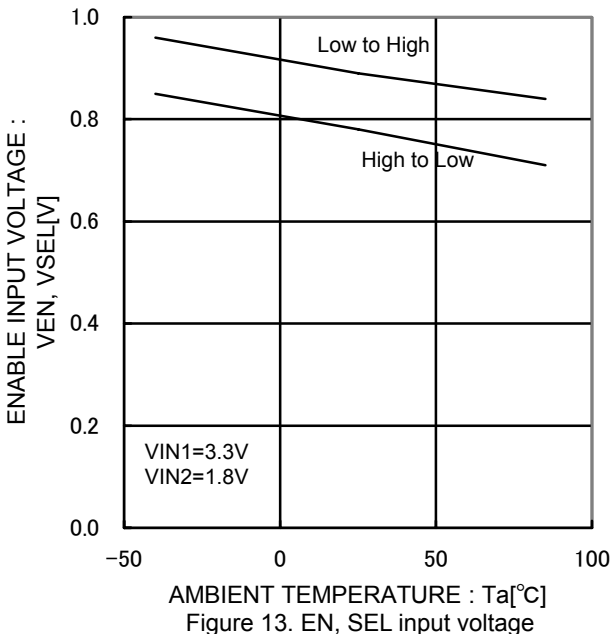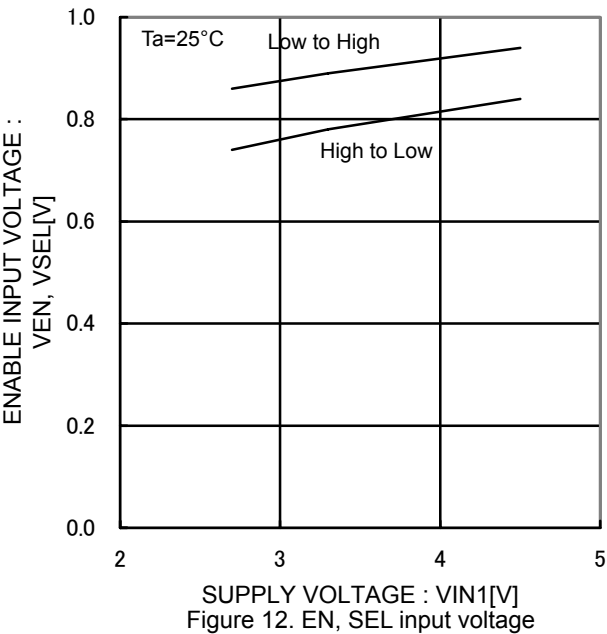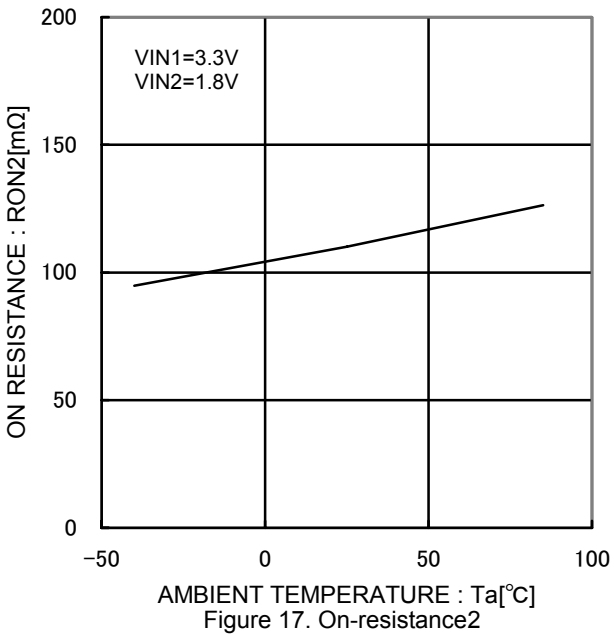EN Enable

●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Figure 10. Standby current

Figure 11. Standby current

Figure 12. EN, SEL input voltage

Figure 13. EN, SEL input voltage

●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Figure 14. On-resistance1

Figure 15. On-resistance1

Figure 16. On-resistance2

Figure 17. On-resistance2

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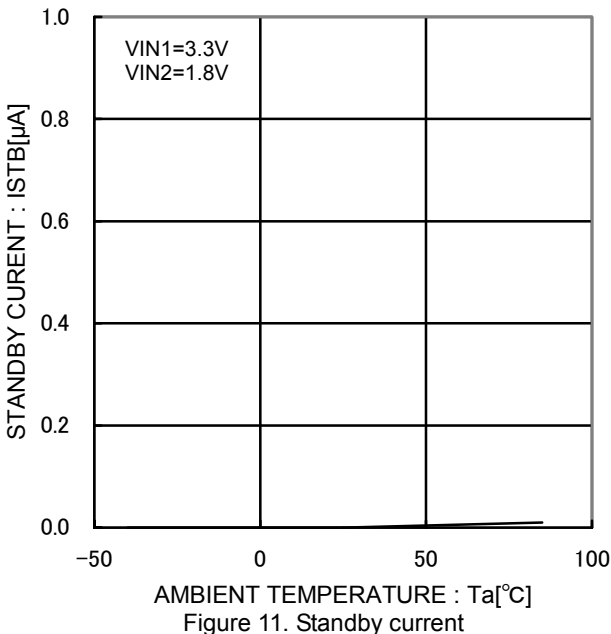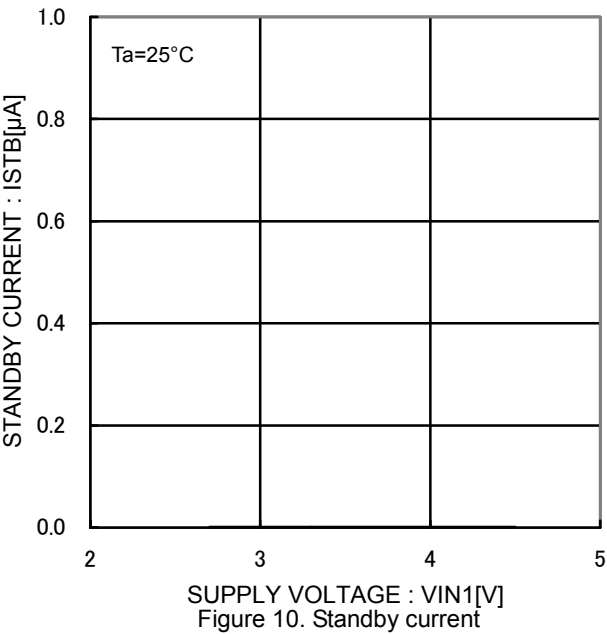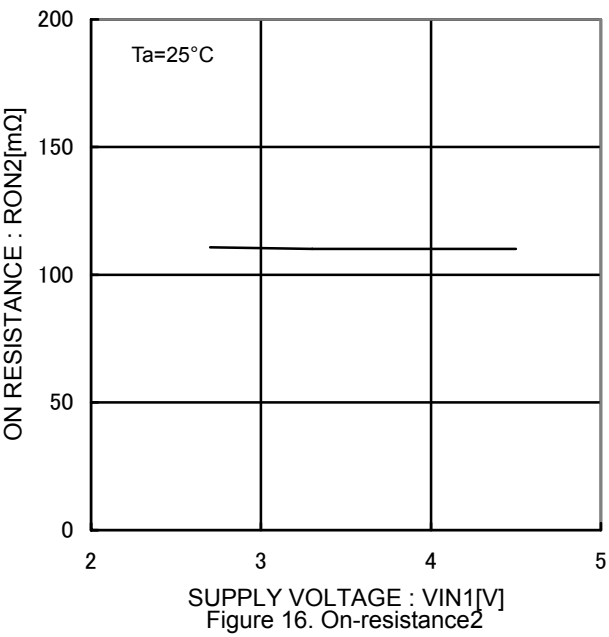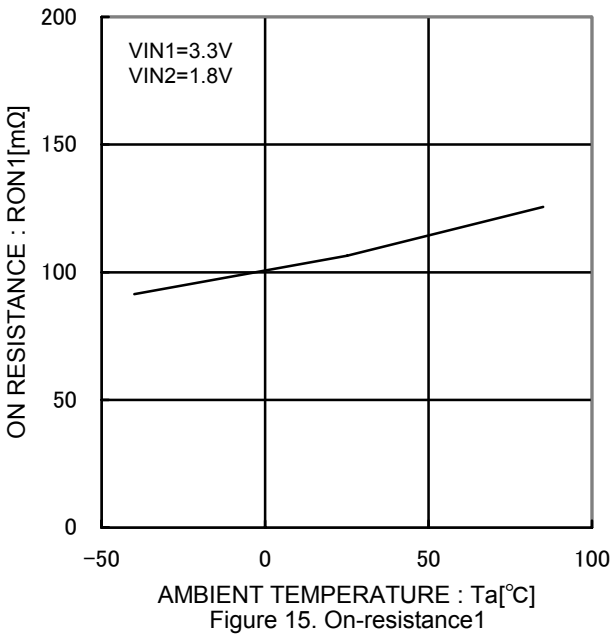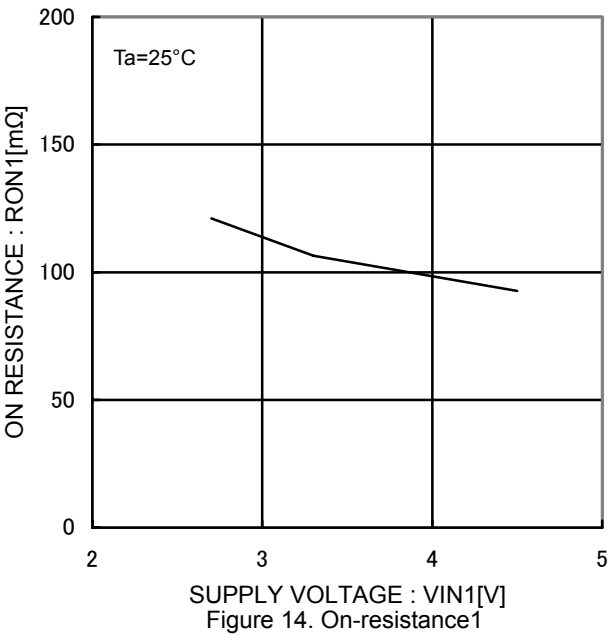
●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**
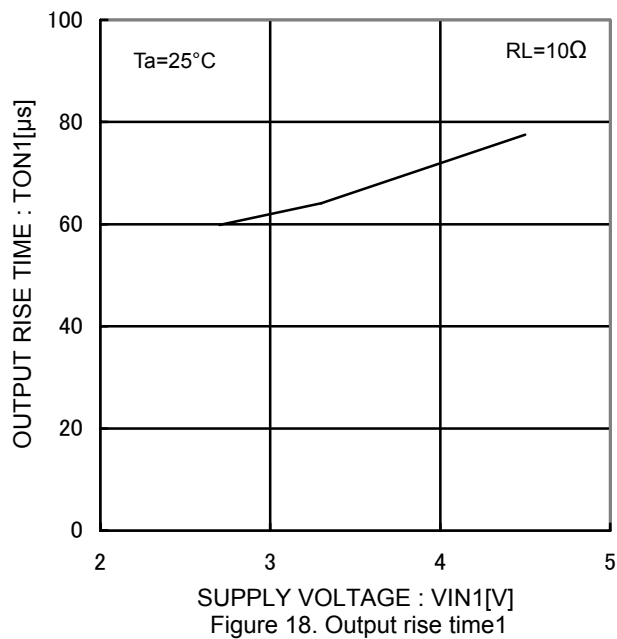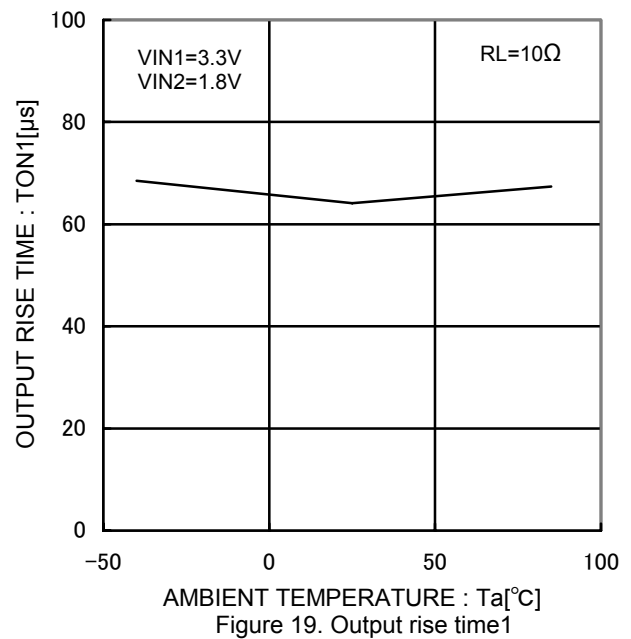

Figure 18. Output rise time1

Figure 19. Output rise time1

Figure 20. Output fall time1
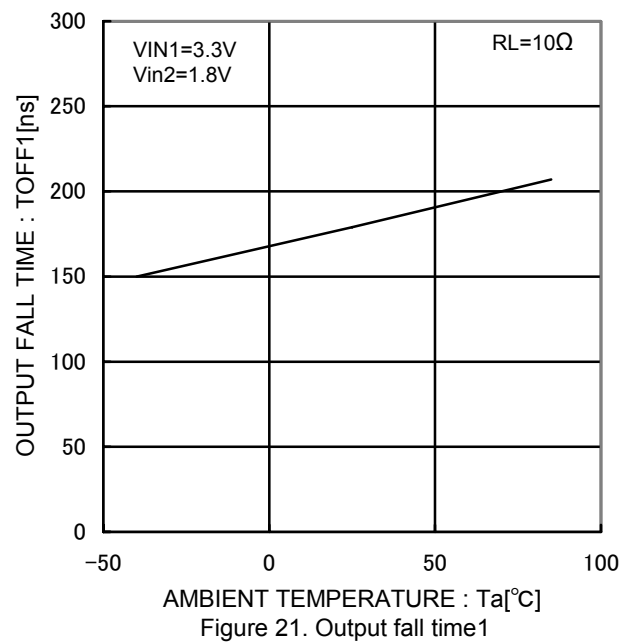
Figure 21. Output fall time1

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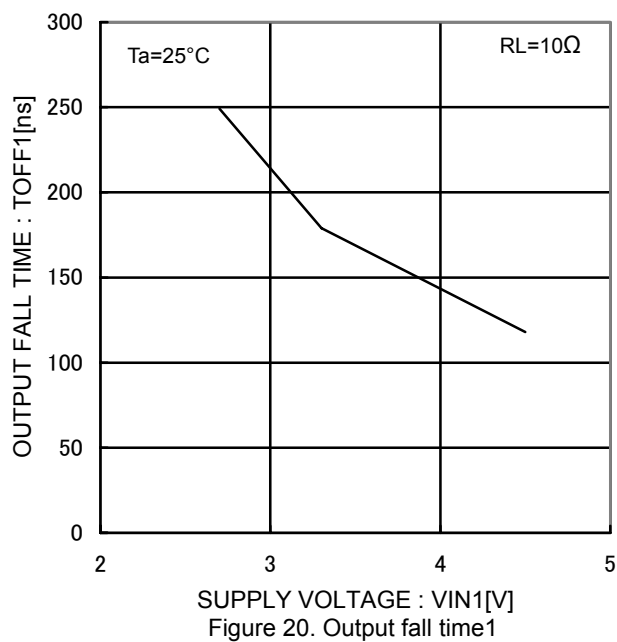
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●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Figure 22. Output fall time1DISC

Figure 23. Output fall time1 DISC

Figure 24. Output rise time2

Figure 25. Output rise time2

●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Ta=25°C   RL=10Ω

OUTPUT FALL TIME : TOFF2[ns]

SUPPLY VOLTAGE : VIN1[V]
Figure 26. Output fall time2

VIN1=3.3V
VIN2=1.8V   RL=10Ω

OUTPUT FALL TIME : TOFF2[ns]

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : Ta[°C]
Figure 27. Output fall time2

Ta=25°C   CL=1µF

OUTPUT FALL TIME : TOFF2D[µs]

SUPPLY VOLTAGE : VIN1[V]
Figure 28. Output fall time2 DISC

VIN1=3.3V
VIN2=1.8V   CL=1µF

OUTPUT FALL TIME : TOFF2D[µs]

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : Ta[°C]
Figure 29. Output fall time2 DISC

●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Figure 30. Discharge resistance

Figure 31. Discharge resistance

Figure 32. Discharge current
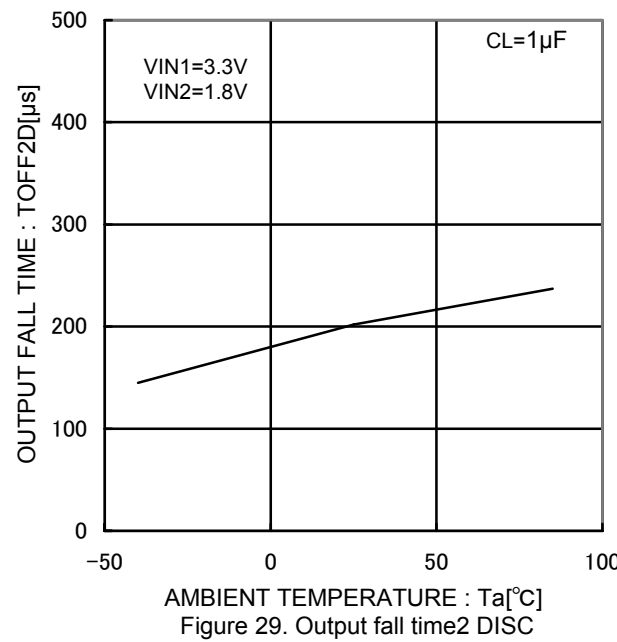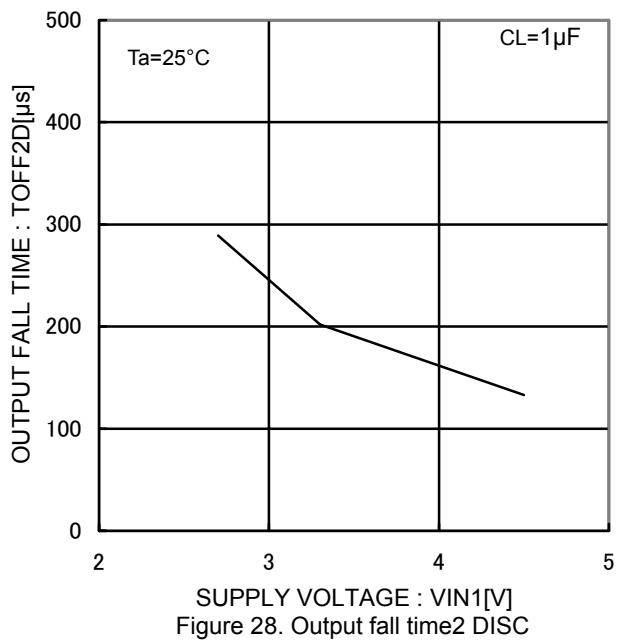

Figure 33. Discharge current

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● **Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Figure 34. VOUT drop voltage1

Figure 35. VOUT drop voltage1

Figure 36. VOUT drop voltage2

Figure 37. VOUT drop voltage2

●**Typical Performance Curves - continued**

Figure 38. VOUT voltage drop
Switch over from VIN1 to VIN2
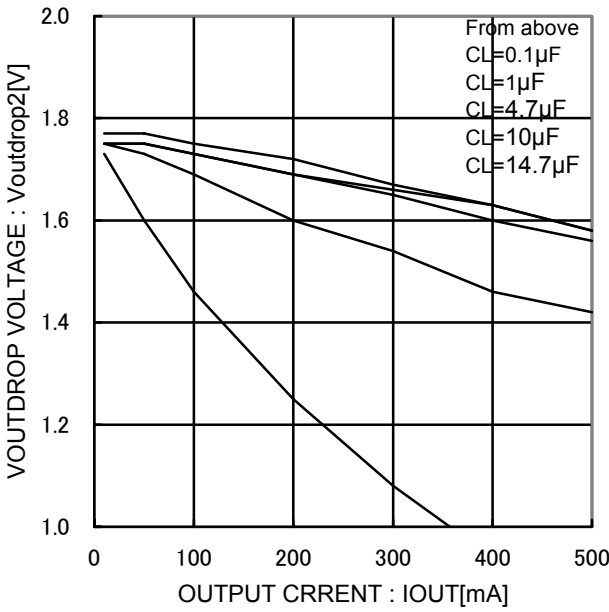
Figure 39. VOUT voltage drop
Switch over from VIN2 to VIN1

●**Typical Wave Forms**

V_{EN}
(2V/div.)

V_{OUT}
(1V/div.)

<< Main:10k >>

V_{IN1}=3.3V
V_{IN2}=1.8V
R_L=10Ω

TIME(50µs/div.)
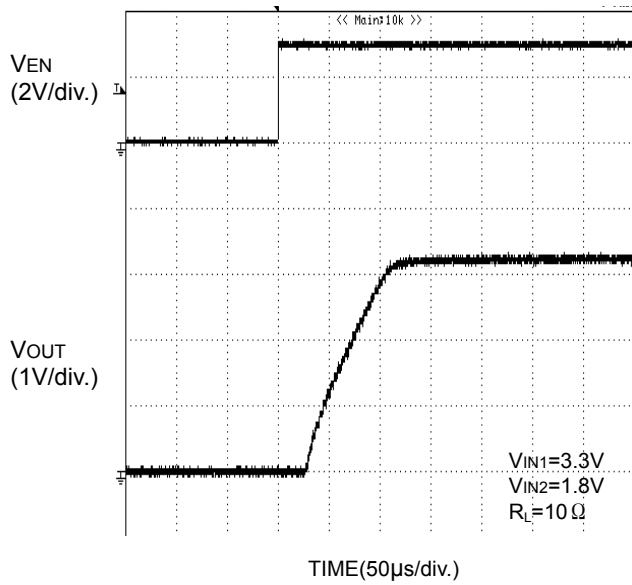
Figure 40. Output rise characteristic
SEL=L

V_{EN}
(2V/div.)

V_{OUT}
(1V/div.)

<< Main:10k >>

V_{IN1}=3.3V
V_{IN2}=1.8V
R_L=10Ω

TIME(50µs/div.)
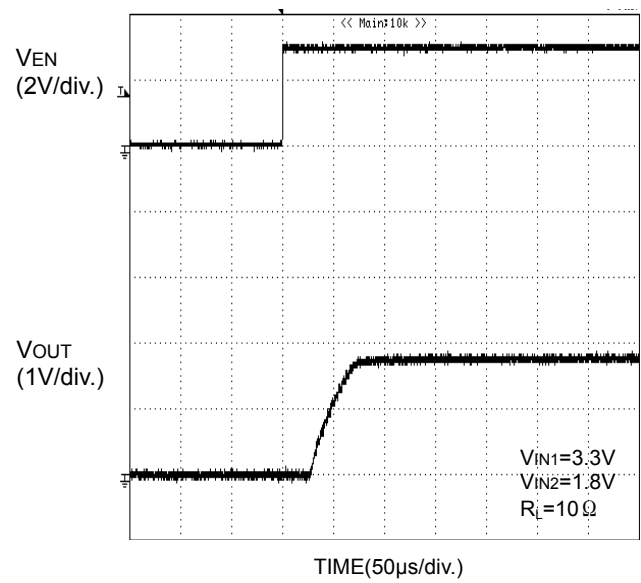
Figure 41. Output rise characteristic
SEL=H

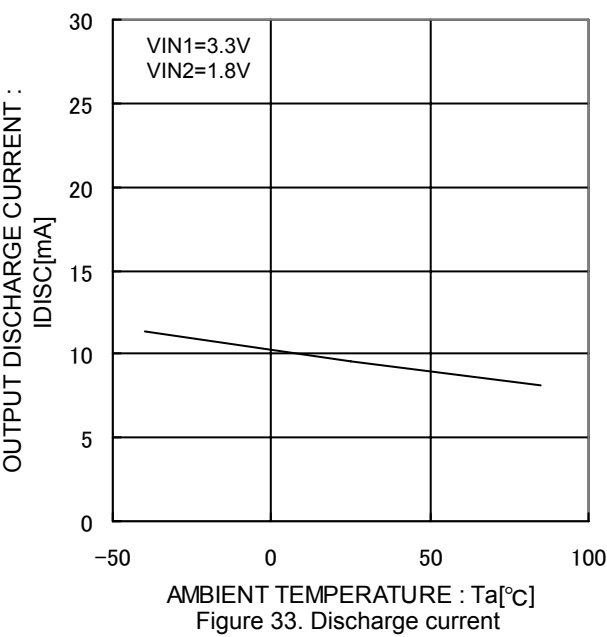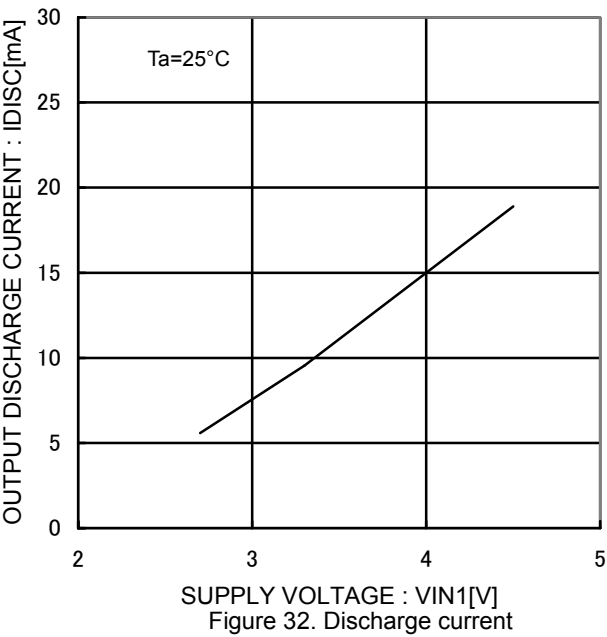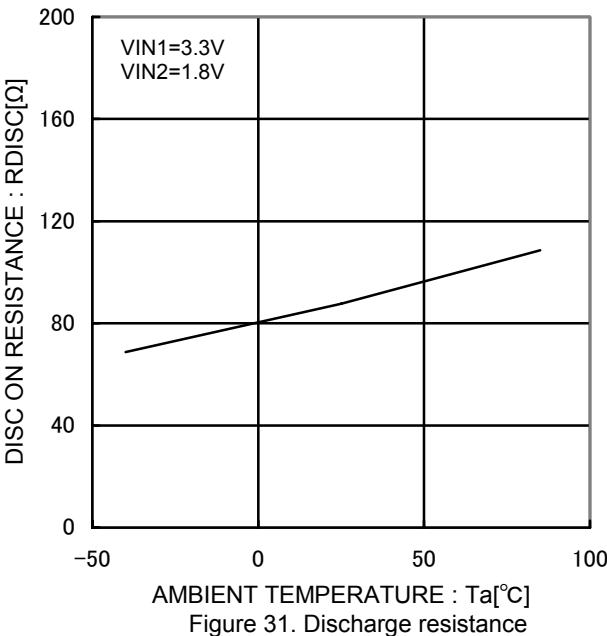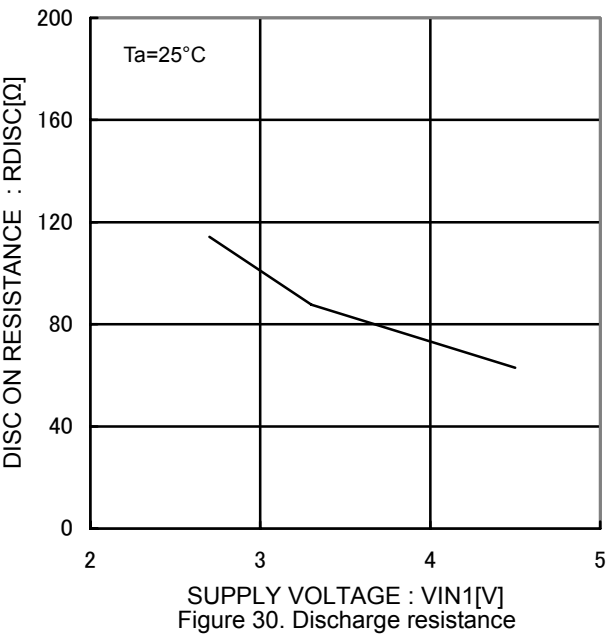V_{EN}
(2V/div.)

V_{OUT}
(1V/div.)

<< Main:1k >>

V_{IN1}=3.3V
V_{IN2}=1.8V
R_L=10Ω

TIME (200ns/div.)
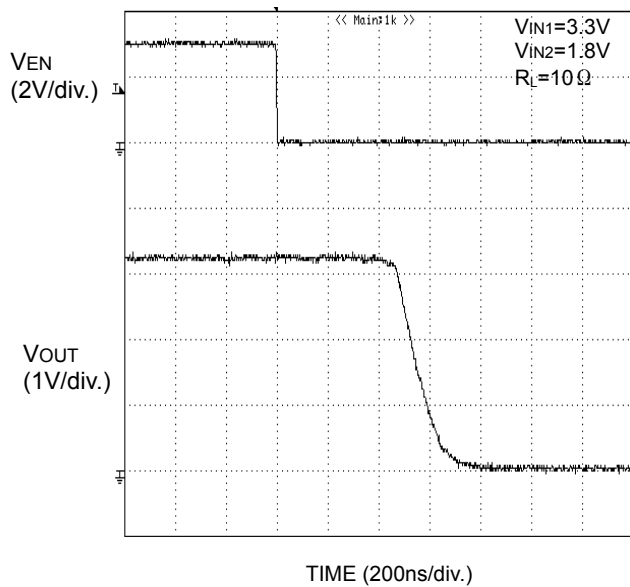
Figure 42. Output fall characteristic
SEL=L

V_{EN}
(2V/div.)

V_{OUT}
(1V/div.)

<< Main:1k >>

V_{IN1}=3.3V
V_{IN2}=1.8V
R_L=10Ω

TIME (200ns/div.)

Figure 43. Output fall characteristic
SEL=H

●**Typical Wave Forms - continued**

TIME (50µs/div.)

Figure 44. Power switch over
characteristic from VIN1 to VIN2

TIME (50µs/div.)
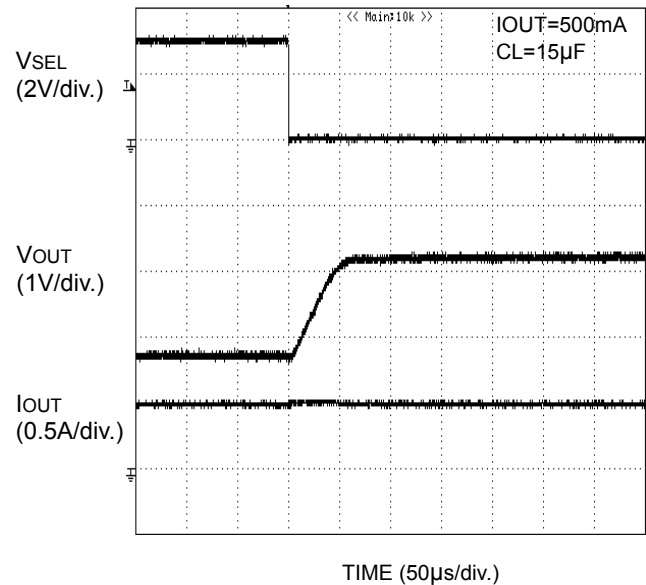
Figure 45. Power switch over
characteristic from VIN2 to VIN1

TIME (5µs/div.)
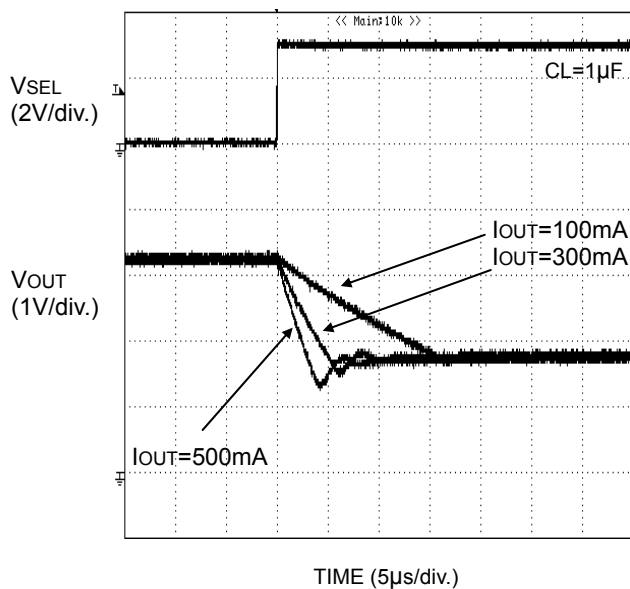
Figure 46. Power switch over
characteristic from VIN1 to VIN2

TIME (10µ/div.)
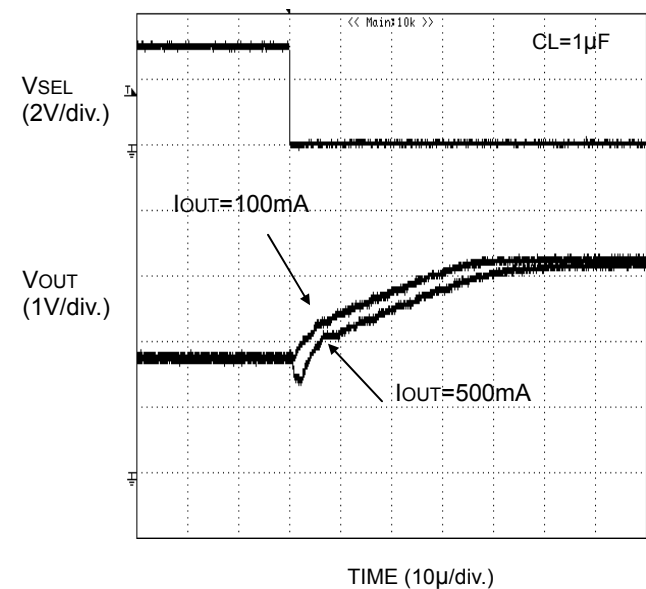
Figure 47. Power switch over
characteristic from VIN2 to VIN1

●**Application Example**
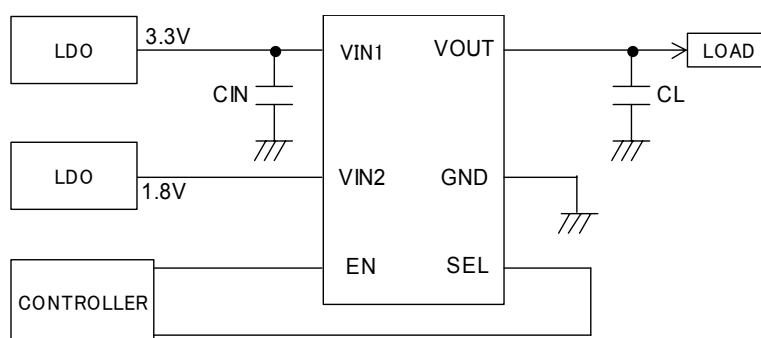
Figure 48. Application circuit example

●**Application Information**

When ringing occurs power source line to IC, and may cause bad influences upon IC actions. In order to avoid this case, connect a bypath capacitor by VIN1 terminal and GND terminal of IC, 0.1μF or higher is recommended.

The switch over time for VOUT drop voltage and power at power switch over varies depending on the load current (IOUT) and the load capacity (CL) of output. Please decide load capacity (CL) suited to load current (IOUT).

This system connection diagram doesn't guarantee operating as the application.

The external circuit constant and so on is changed and it uses, in which there are adequate margins by taking into account external parts or dispersion of IC including not only static characteristics but also transient characteristics.

●**Functional Description**

1. Switch operation
   VIN1 terminal, VIN2 terminal and VOUT terminal are connected to the drain and the source of switch MOSFET respectively. And the VIN1 terminal is used also as power source input to internal control circuit.

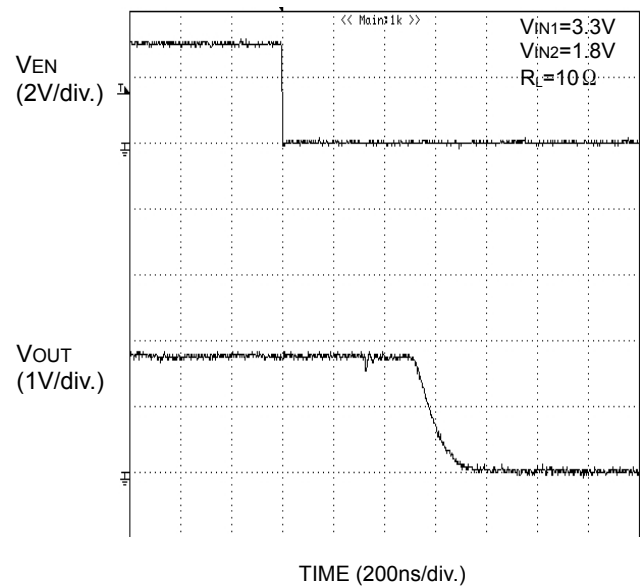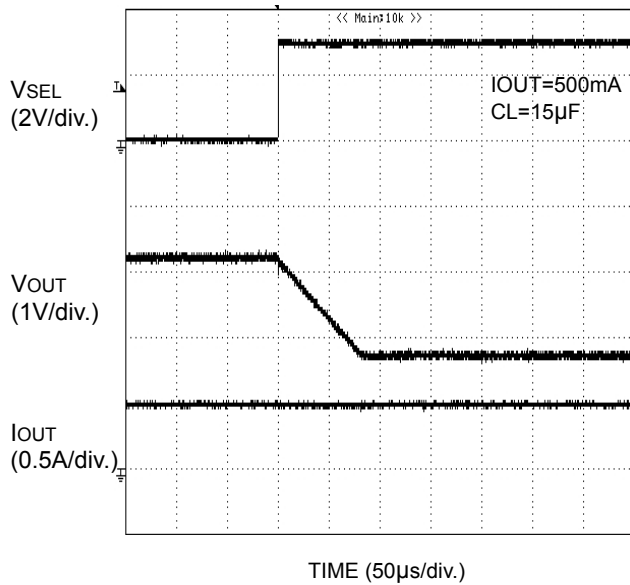   When the switch is turned on from EN control input at SEL=L (SEL=H) input, VIN1 (VIN2) terminal and VOUT terminal are connected by a 120mΩ switch. In on status, the switch is bi-directional. Therefore, when the potential of VOUT terminal is higher than that of VIN1 (VIN2) terminal, current flows from VOUT terminal to VIN1 (VIN2) terminal.

   Since a parasitic diode between the drain and the source of switch MOSFET is canceled, in the off status, it is possible to prevent current from flowing reversely from VOUT to VIN1 (VIN2).

2. Switch over operation
   When H is input to SEL terminal while VIN1 voltage has been output to VOUT terminal, VIN2 voltage is output to VOUT terminal to prevent current from flowing reversely after detecting that VOUT terminal gets lower than VIN2 voltage. When L is input to SEL terminal while VIN2 voltage has been output to VOUT terminal, VIN voltage is output to VOUT terminal immediately.

3. Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)
   If over current would continue, the temperature of the IC would increase drastically. If the junction temperature were beyond 135°C (Typ.), thermal shutdown circuit operates and makes power switch turn off. Then, when the junction temperature decreases lower than 115°C (Typ.), power switch is turned on. Unless the fact of the increasing chips temperature is removed or the output of power switch is turned off, this operation repeats.
   The thermal shutdown circuit operates when the switch is on (EN signal is active).

4. Discharge Circuit
   Discharge circuit operates when switch off. When discharge circuit operates, 80Ω(Typ.) resistor is connected between VOUT pin and GND pin. This discharges the electrical charge quickly.

●**Timing Chart**

1) Stand-by → Switch1 ON → Stand-by
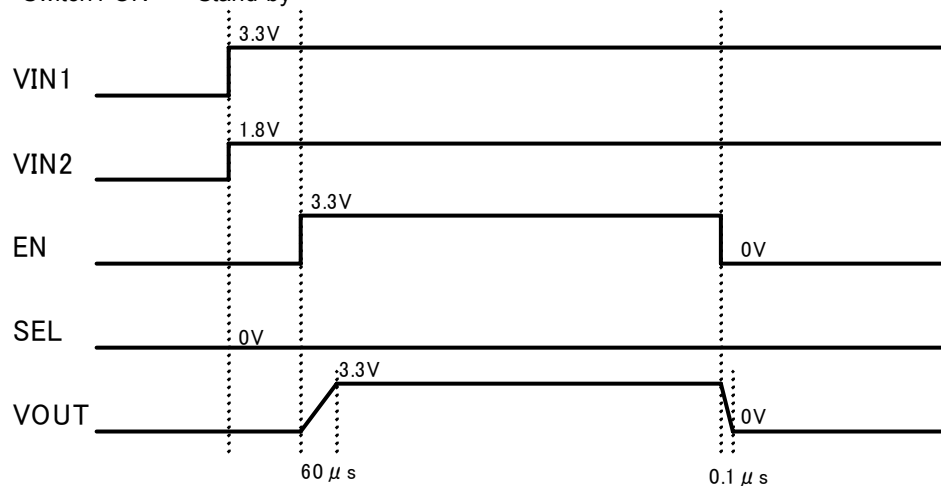
2) Stand-by → VIN1 Output (Switch1 ON) → VIN2 Output (Switch2 ON) → Stand-by
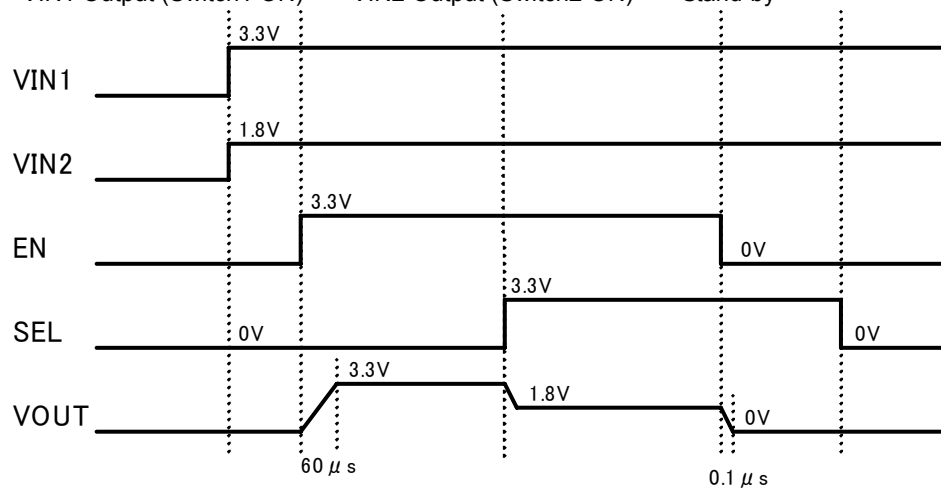
3) Stand-by → VIN2 Output (Switch2 ON) → VIN1 Output (Switch1 ON) → Stand-by

Figure 49. Timing Chart

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●**Power Dissipation**

(VCSP50L1 package)

* 50mm x 58mm x 1.75mm Glass Epoxy Board

Figure 50. Power dissipation curve (Pd-Ta Curve)

●**I/O Equivalence Circuit**

Symbol	Pin No	Equivalent circuit
VIN1	A1	
VIN2	A2	
EN, SEL	A3, B3	
VOUT	B1	

●**Operational Notes**

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

(2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines. In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

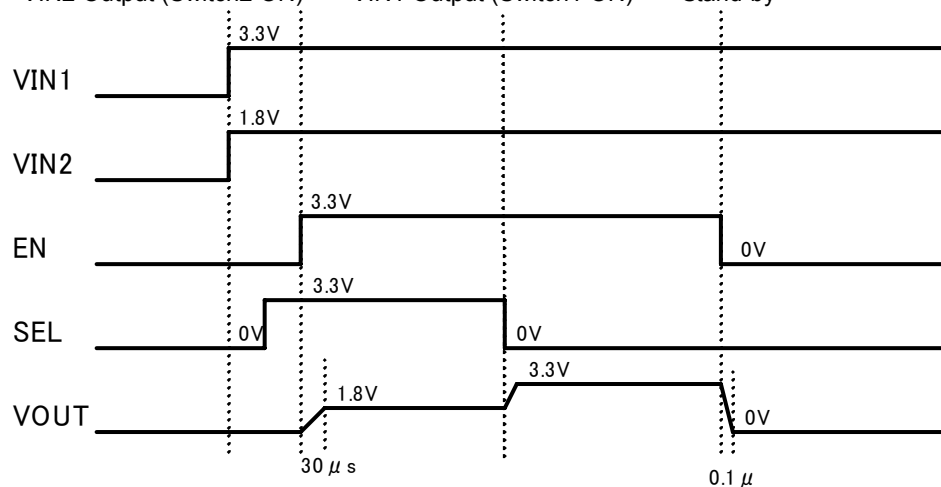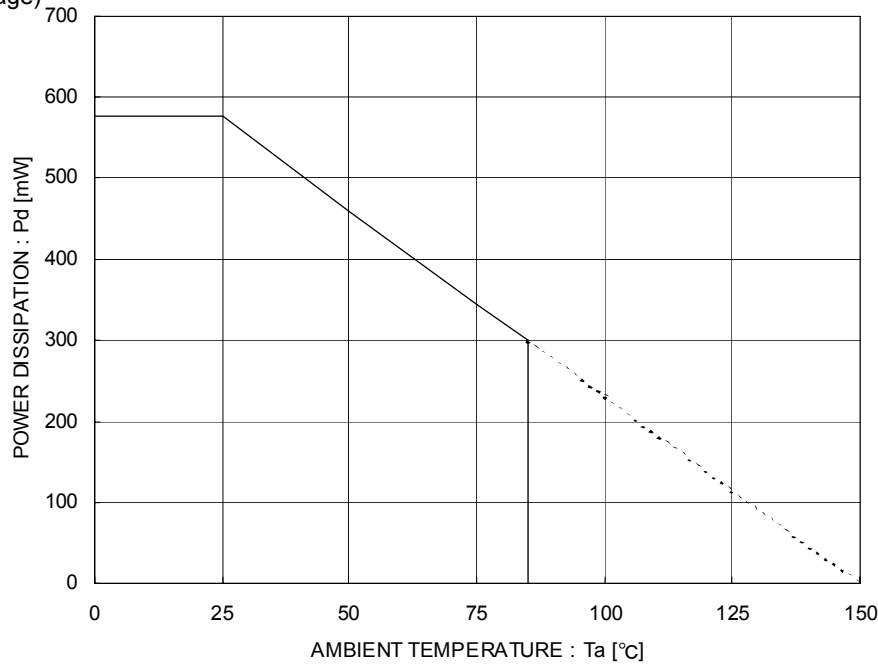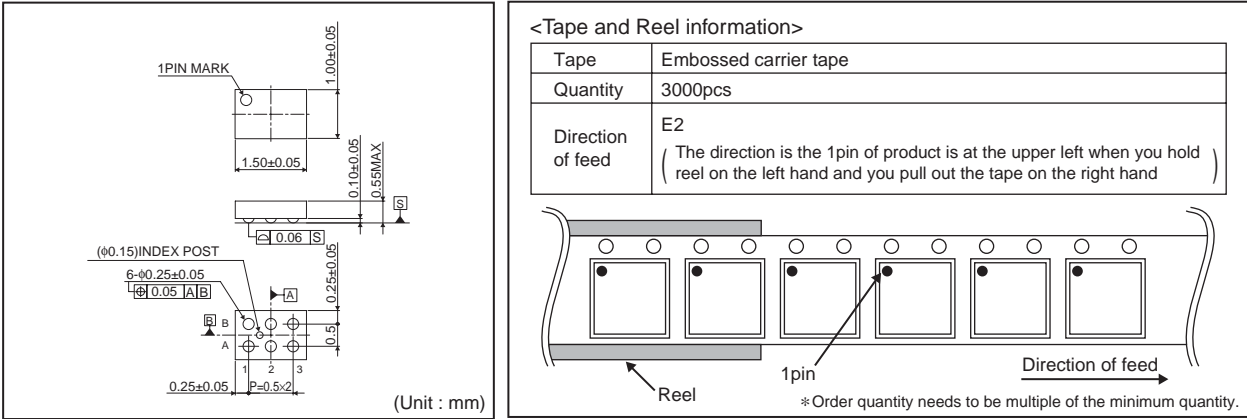Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

(5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

(6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

(7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

(8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

(9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

(10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

(11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

(12) Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)

When junction temperatures become detected temperatures or higher, the thermal shutdown circuit operates and turns a switch OFF. The thermal shutdown circuit is aimed at isolating the LSI from thermal runaway as much as possible. Therefore, do not continuously use the LSI with this circuit operating or use the LSI assuming its operation.

(13) Thermal design

Perform thermal design in which there are adequate margins by taking into account the power dissipation (Pd) in actual states of use.

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                                                                                                                                            07.Aug.2012 Rev.001

●Ordering Information

| B | D | 2 | 2 | 0 | 4 | G | U | L | - | E 2 |

Part Number

Package
GUL: VCSP50L1

Packaging and forming specification
E2: Embossed tape and reel

●**Physical Dimension Tape and Reel Information**

VCSP50L1 (BD2204GUL)

(Unit : mm)

<Tape and Reel information>

Tape	Embossed carrier tape
Quantity	3000pcs
Direction of feed	E2 (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand)

Reel   1pin   Direction of feed

＊Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

●**Marking Diagram**

VCSP50L1 (TOP VIEW)

1PIN MARK

Part Number Marking

LOT Number

A C N
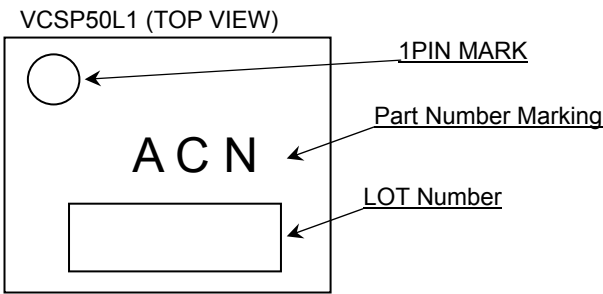
Status of this document
The Japanese version of this document is formal specification. A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version.
If there are any differences in translation version of this document formal version takes priority.

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●**Revision History**

Date	Revision	Changes
07.Aug.2012	001	New Release

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TSZ22111・15・001

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   [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
   [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl_2, H_2S, NH_3, SO_2, and NO_2
   [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
   [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
   [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
   [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
   [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation

4) The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.

5) Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.

6) In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse) is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

7) De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.

8) Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.

9) ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

●**Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design**
1) When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

2) In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

●**Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits**
1) If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.

2) You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

●**Precaution for Electrostatic**
This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of Ionizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

●**Precaution for Storage / Transportation**
1) Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
    [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including $Cl2$, $H2S$, $NH3$, $SO2$, and $NO2$
    [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
    [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
    [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic

2) Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

3) Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.

4) Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

●**Precaution for Product Label**
QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

●**Precaution for Disposition**
When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

●**Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act**
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