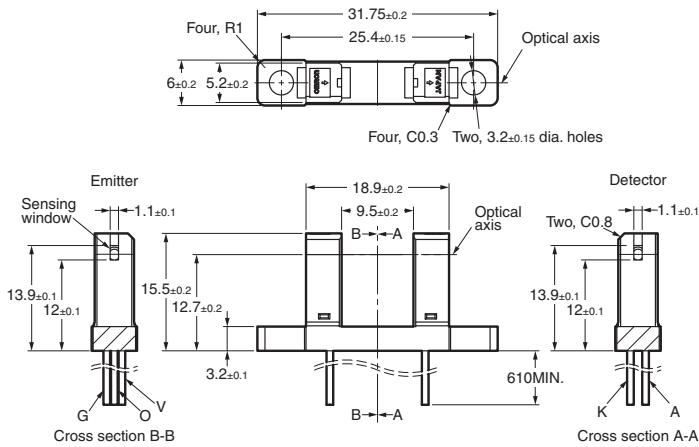


Photomicrosensor (Transmissive) EE-SX3160-W11/4160-W11

⚠ Be sure to read *Precautions* on page 24.

Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.



Internal Circuit

Unless otherwise specified, the tolerances are as shown below.

Terminal No.	Color	Name
A	Red	Anode
K	Black	Cathode
V	White	Power supply (Vcc)
O	Blue	Output (OUT)
G	Green	Ground (GND)

Dimensions	Tolerance
3 mm max.	±0.3
3 < mm ≤ 6	±0.375
6 < mm ≤ 10	±0.45
10 < mm ≤ 18	±0.55
18 < mm ≤ 30	±0.65

Features

- Wide model with a 9.5-mm-wide slot.
- Light-receiving element and amplification circuits contained in one chip.
- Can use a power supply voltage of 4.5 to 16 V.
- Connects directly to C-MOS or TTL.
- Dark-ON Sensor: EE-SX3160-W11
- Light-ON Sensor: EE-SX4160-W11
- Pre-wired Sensors (AWG28).
- Solder-less lead wire connection to increase reliability.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Item	Symbol	Rated value
Emitter	Forward current	I_F 50 mA (see note 1)
	Reverse voltage	V_R 4 V
Detector	Power supply voltage	V_{CC} 16 V
	Output voltage	V_{OUT} 28 V
	Output current	I_{OUT} 16 mA
	Permissible output dissipation	P_{OUT} 250 mW (see note 1)
Ambient temperature	Operating	T_{opr} -25°C to 75°C
	Storage	T_{stg} -25°C to 85°C

Note: 1. Refer to the temperature rating chart if the ambient temperature exceeds 25°C.

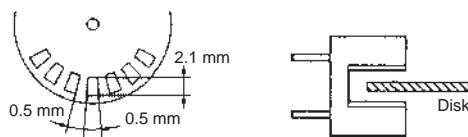
2. If you mount the Sensor with screws, use M3 screws, and flat washers and use a tightening torque of 0.5 N·m max.

Electrical and Optical Characteristics ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

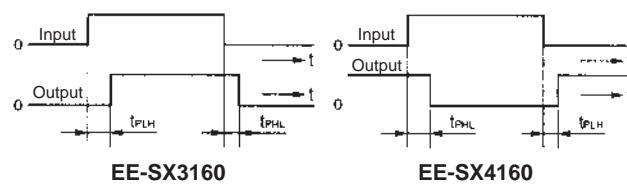
Item	Symbol	Value	Condition
Emitter	Forward voltage	V_F 1.2 V typ., 1.5 V max.	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
	Reverse current	I_R 0.01 μA typ., 10 μA max.	$V_R = 4 \text{ V}$
	Peak emission wavelength	λ_P 920 nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Detector	Low-level output voltage	V_{OL} 0.12 V typ., 0.4 V max.	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$, $I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$ (EE-SX3160), $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ (EE-SX4160)
	High-level output voltage	V_{OH} 15 V min.	$V_{CC} = 16 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ (EE-SX3160), $I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$ (EE-SX4160)
	Current consumption	I_{CC} 3.2 mA typ., 10 mA max.	$V_{CC} = 16 \text{ V}$
	Peak spectral sensitivity wavelength	λ_P 870 nm	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$
LED current when output is OFF	I_{FT}	2 mA typ., 10 mA max.	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$
LED current when output is ON			
Hysteresis	ΔH	15% typ.	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$ (see note 1)
Response frequency	f	3kHz min.	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$, $I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$ (see note 2)
Response delay time	t_{PLH} (t_{PHL})	3 μs typ.	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$, $I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$ (see note 3)
Response delay time	t_{PHL} (t_{PLH})	20 μs typ.	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}$, $I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$ (see note 3)

Note: 1. Hysteresis denotes the difference in forward LED current value, expressed in percentage, calculated from the respective forward LED currents when the photo IC is turned from ON to OFF and when the photo IC is turned from OFF to ON.

2. The value of the response frequency is measured by rotating the disk as shown below.



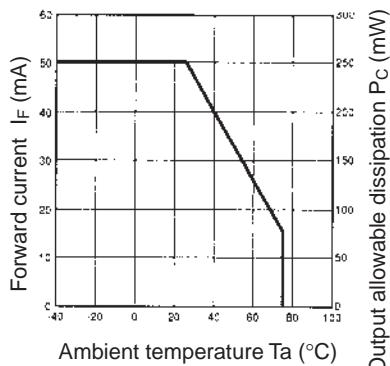
3. The following illustrations show the definition of response delay time. The value in the parentheses applies to the EE-SX4160.



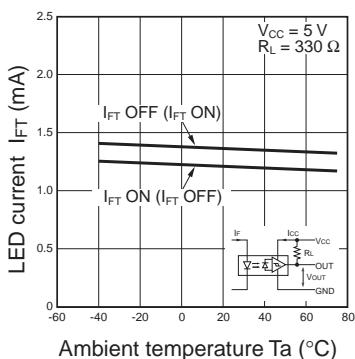
■ Engineering Data

Note: The values in the parentheses apply to the EE-SX4160.

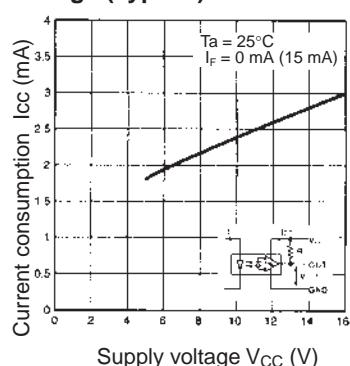
Forward Current vs. Collector Dissipation Temperature Rating



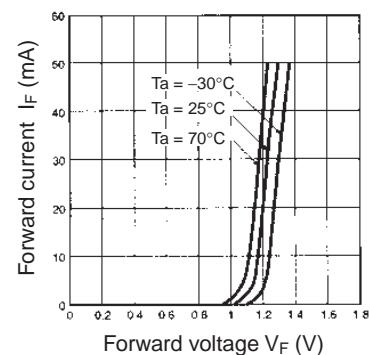
LED Current vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristics (Typical)



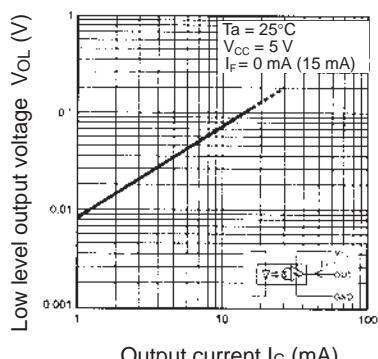
Current Consumption vs. Supply Voltage (Typical)



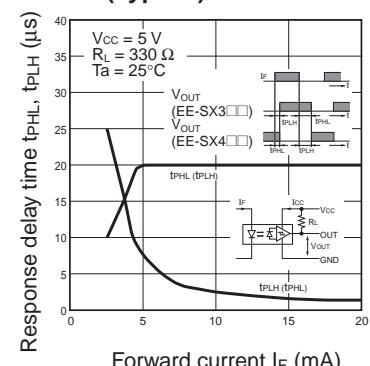
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage Characteristics (Typical)



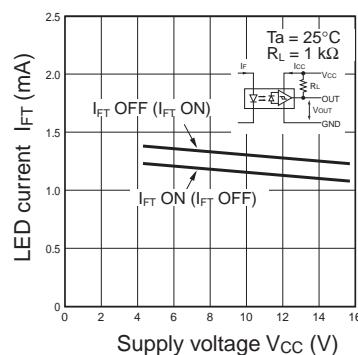
Low-level Output Voltage vs. Output Current (Typical)



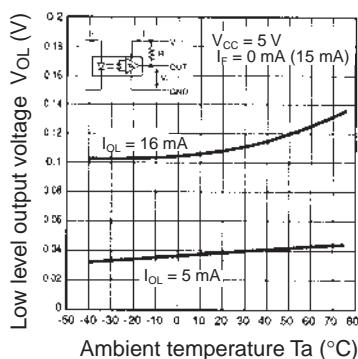
Response Delay Time vs. Forward Current (Typical)



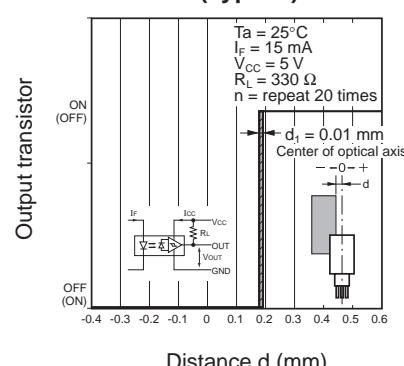
LED Current vs. Supply Voltage (Typical)



Low-level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristics (Typical)



Repeat Sensing Position Characteristics (Typical)



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