19-1535; Rev 1; 6/00

EVALUATION KIT MANUAL FOLLOWS DATA SHEET

Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

General Description

The MAX2320/MAX2321/MAX2322/MAX2324/MAX2326/MAX2327 high-performance silicon germanium (SiGe) receiver front-end ICs set a new industry standard for low noise and high linearity at a low supply current. This family integrates a variety of unique features such as an LO frequency doubler and divider, dual low-noise amplifier (LNA) gain settings, and a low-current paging mode that extends the handset standby time.

The MAX2320 family includes six ICs: four operate at both cellular and PCS frequencies, one operates at cellular frequencies, and one at PCS frequencies (see *Selector Guide*). Each part includes an LNA with a high input third-order intercept point (IIP3) to minimize intermodulation and cross-modulation in the presence of large interfering signals. In low-gain mode, the LNA is bypassed to provide higher cascaded IIP3 at a lower current. For paging, a low-current, high-gain mode is provided.

The CDMA mixers in cellular and PCS bands have high linearity, low noise, and differential IF outputs. The FM mixer is designed for lower current and a single-ended output.

All devices come in a 20-pin TSSOP-EP package with exposed paddle (EP) and are specified for the extended temperature range (-40°C to +85°C).

Applications

CDMA/TDMA/PDC/WCDMA/GSM Cellular Phones

Single/Dual/Triple-Mode Phones

Wireless Local Loop (WLL)

Selector Guide

PART	DESCRIPTION
MAX2320	Dual-band, dual VCO inputs, and dual IF outputs
MAX2321	MAX2320 with LO doubler
MAX2322	PCS band, single mode with optional frequency doubler
MAX2324	Cellular band, dual IF outputs
MAX2326	MAX2320 with LO divider
MAX2327	Dual-band, dual VCO inputs, and separately controlled VCO buffers

Typical Application Circuits appear at end of data sheet.

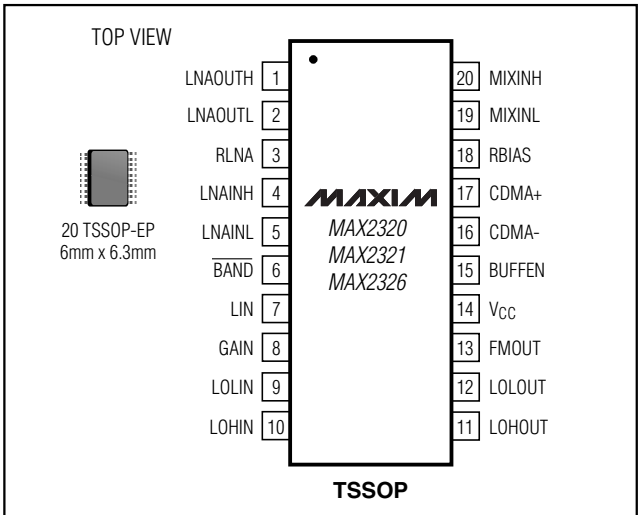
Features

- **Ultra-High Linearity at Ultra-Low Current and Noise**
- **+2.7V to +3.6V Operation**
- **Pin-Selectable Low-Gain Mode Reduces Gain by 17dB and Current by 3mA**
- **Pin-Selectable Paging Mode Reduces Current Draw by 6mA when Transmitter Is Not in Use**
- **LO Output Buffers**
- **LO Frequency Doubler (MAX2321)**
- **LO Frequency Divider (MAX2326)**
- **0.1µA Shutdown Current**
- **20-Pin TSSOP-EP Package**

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX2320EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP-EP
MAX2321EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP-EP
MAX2322EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP-EP
MAX2324EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP-EP
MAX2326EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP-EP
MAX2327EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP-EP

Pin Configurations



Pin Configurations continued at end of data sheet.

For free samples and the latest literature, visit www.maxim-ic.com or phone 1-800-998-8800. For small orders, phone 1-800-835-8769.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CC} to GND .....-0.3V to +4.3V
Digital Input Voltage to GND .....-0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
RF Input Signals .....1.0V peak
Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
20-Pin TSSOP-EP (derate 80mW/°C above +70°C).....6.4W
Operating Temperature Range .....-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature .....+150°C
Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX2320/MAX2321/MAX2326

(V_{CC} = +2.7V to +3.6V, R_{RBIAS} = R_{RLNA} = 20kΩ, no RF signals applied, BUFFEN = low, LO buffer outputs connected to V_{CC} through 50Ω resistors, all other RF and IF outputs connected to V_{CC}, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +2.75V and T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}				+2.7		+3.6	V
Operating Supply Current (Note 1)	I_{CC}	High-gain, high-linearity modes	PCS band	MAX2320/6		20	25.3	mA
				MAX2321		24	30.8	
			Cellular band	MAX2320/1		20	25.3	
				MAX2326		21	25.5	
		High-gain, low-linearity paging modes	PCS band	MAX2320/6		15	19.5	
				MAX2321		19	25	
			Cellular band	MAX2320/1		15	19.5	
				MAX2326		15.5	20	
		Low-gain, high-linearity modes	PCS band	MAX2320/6		17	21.5	
				MAX2321		21	26	
			Cellular band	MAX2320/1		17	21.5	
				MAX2326		17.5	21.5	
		FM mode				14	18.5	
LO Buffer Supply Current	I_{LOBUF}	Additional current for BUFFEN = high		Cellular band MAX2320/1		5	7.5	mA
				Cellular band MAX2326		5.5	8.5	
				PCS band MAX2320/1/6		5	7.5	
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SHDN}	(Note 1)				0.1	20	µA
Digital Input Logic High	V_{IH}				2.0			V
Digital Input Logic Low	V_{IL}						0.6	V
Digital Input Current High	I_{IH}						5	µA
Digital Input Current Low	I_{IL}				-35			µA

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX2322/MAX2324

(V_{CC} = +2.7V to +3.6V, R_{RBIAS} = R_{RLNA} = 20kΩ, no RF signals applied, BUFFEN = low, LO buffer outputs connected to V_{CC} through 50Ω resistors, all other RF and IF outputs connected to V_{CC}, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +2.75V and T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}				+2.7		+3.6	V
Operating Supply Current (Note 1)	I_{CC}	High-gain, high-linearity modes	PCS band (MAX2322)	LOX2 = low		20	25.3	mA
				LOX2 = high		24	30.8	
			Cellular band (MAX2324)			20	25.3	
		High-gain, low-linearity paging modes	PCS band (MAX2322)	LOX2 = low		15	19.5	
				LOX2 = high		19	25	
			Cellular band (MAX2324)			15	19.5	
		Low-gain, high-linearity modes	PCS band (MAX2322)	LOX2 = low		17	21.5	
				LOX2 = high		21	26	
			Cellular band (MAX2324)			17	21.5	
		FM mode (MAX2324 only)				14.5	18.5	
LO Buffer Supply Current	I_{LOBUF}	Additional current for BUFFEN = high				5	7.5	mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SHDN}	(Note 1)				0.1	20	µA
Digital Input Logic High	V_{IH}				2.0			V
Digital Input Logic Low	V_{IL}						0.6	V
Digital Input Current High	I_{IH}						5	µA
Digital Input Current Low	I_{IL}				-35			µA
Digital Output Logic High	V_{OH}	MAX2324 only			1.7			V
Digital Output Logic Low	V_{OL}	MAX2324 only					0.4	V
Digital Output Current High	I_{OH}	MAX2324 only			30			µA
Digital Output Current Low	I_{OL}	MAX2324 only, $V_{MODEOUT}$ = 2.4V					-100	µA

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX2327

(V_{CC} = +2.7V to +3.6V, R_{RBIAS} = R_{RLNA} = 20kΩ, no RF signals applied, BUFFEN = low, LO buffer outputs connected to V_{CC} through 50Ω resistors, all other RF and IF outputs connected to V_{CC}, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +2.75V and T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}			+2.7		+3.6	V
Operating Supply Current (Note 1)	I_{CC}	High-gain mode	PCS band		15	19.5	mA
			Cellular band		15	19.5	
		FM mode			14.5	18.5	
LO Buffer Supply Current	I_{LOBUF}	Additional current for BUFFEN = high			5	7.5	mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SHDN}	(Note 1)			0.1	20	µA
Digital Input Logic High	V_{IH}			2.0			V
Digital Input Logic Low	V_{IL}					0.6	V
Digital Input Current High	I_{IH}					5	µA
Digital Input Current Low	I_{IL}			-35			µA

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX2320/MAX2321/MAX2326

(MAX232_ EV kit, V_{CC} = +2.75V, f_{LNAINH} = f_{MIXINH} = 1960MHz, f_{LNAINL} = f_{MIXINL} = 881MHz, f_{LOLIN} = 1091MHz (digital mode), f_{LOLIN} = 991MHz (FM mode), f_{LOHIN} = 1750MHz (MAX2320, MAX2322 with LOX2 = low, MAX2326 with $\overline{BAND}$ = low, MAX2327), f_{LLOHIN} = 1085MHz (MAX2321 with $\overline{BAND}$ = low, MAX2322 with LOX2 = high), f_{LOHIN} = 1091MHz (MAX2321 with $\overline{BAND}$ = high), f_{LOHIN} = 2182MHz (MAX2326 with $\overline{BAND}$ = high), LO input power = -7dBm (MAX2320/MAX2326), 50Ω system, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	-3σ	TYP	+3σ	MAX	UNITS
Low-Band RF Frequency Range (Note 3)				800				1000	MHz
High-Band RF Frequency Range (Note 3)				1800				2500	MHz
Low-Band LO Frequency Range (Note 3)				700				1150	MHz
High-Band LO Frequency Range (Note 3)				1600				2300	MHz
IF Frequency Range (Note 3)				50				400	MHz
LNA PERFORMANCE									
HIGH-GAIN, HIGH-LINEARITY MODES (Note 1)									
Gain (Note 4)	G	T_A = +25°C	PCS		13	14.5	16		dB
			Cellular		14	15	16		
		T_A = -40°C to +85°C	PCS	11.5		14.5		17	
			Cellular	13		15		16.5	
Gain Variation Over Temperature Relative to +25°C		T_A = -40°C to +85°C	PCS			±0.5			dB
			Cellular			±0.5			
Noise Figure (Note 5)	NF	PCS				1.8	2	2.1	dB
		Cellular				1.3	1.4	1.5	
Input Third-Order Intercept (Notes 5, 6)	IIP3	T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}	PCS		7	+8			dBm
			Cellular		6	+8			
Input 1dB Compression	P_{OUT} 1dB	T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}	PCS	-11	-10				dBm
			Cellular	-11	-10				
HIGH-GAIN, LOW-LINEARITY PAGING MODES AND FM MODE (Note 1)									
Gain (Note 4)	G	PCS				13.5			dB
		Cellular				14.5			
Gain Variation Over Temperature Relative to +25°C		T_A = -40°C to +85°C	PCS			±0.5			dB
			Cellular			±0.5			
Noise Figure (Note 5)		PCS				1.9	2.1	2.2	dB
		Cellular				1.4	1.5	1.6	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX232_ EV kit, V_{CC} = +2.75V, f_{LNAINH} = f_{MIXINH} = 1960MHz, f_{LNAINL} = f_{MIXINL} = 881MHz, f_{LOLIN} = 1091MHz (digital mode), f_{LOLIN} = 991MHz (FM mode), f_{LOHIN} = 1750MHz (MAX2320, MAX2322 with LOX2 = low, MAX2326 with $\overline{BAND}$ = low, MAX2327), f_{LLOHIN} = 1085MHz (MAX2321 with $\overline{BAND}$ = low, MAX2322 with LOX2 = high), f_{LOHIN} = 1091MHz (MAX2321 with $\overline{BAND}$ = high), f_{LOHIN} = 2182MHz (MAX2326 with $\overline{BAND}$ = high), LO input power = -7dBm (MAX2320/MAX2326), 50Ω system, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	-3σ	TYP	+3σ	MAX	UNITS
Input Third-Order Intercept (Notes 5, 6)		PCS				+6.5			dBm
		Cellular				+6			
LOW-GAIN, HIGH-LINEARITY MODES (Note 1)									
Gain (Note 4)	G	PCS				-2			dB
		Cellular				-1.5			
Gain Variation Over Temperature Relative to +25°C		T_A = -40°C to +85°C	PCS			0.5			dB
			Cellular			0.5			
Noise Figure (Note 5)	NF	PCS				5	5.5	6	dB
		Cellular				4	4.25	4.5	
Input Third-Order Intercept (Notes 5, 6)	IIP3	PCS			+10.5	+11.5	+12.5		dBm
		Cellular			+11.5	+12.5	+13.5		
MIXER PERFORMANCE									
HIGH-GAIN, HIGH-LINEARITY, AND LOW-GAIN MODES (Note 1)									
Gain (Note 4)	G	T_A = +25°C, PCS	Without doubler	11	11.8	12.5	13.2	14	dB
			With doubler	10.5	11.1	12	12.9	13.5	
		T_A = -40°C to +85°C, PCS	Without doubler	10	10.8	12.5	14.3	15.3	
			With doubler	9.6	10.4	12	13.1	14.3	
		T_A = +25°C, cellular		12	127	13.4	14.0	14.7	
		T_A = -40°C to +85°C, cellular		11.3	11.9	13.4	15.5	16.5	
Gain Variation Over Temperature Relative to +25°C (Note 5)		T_A = -40°C to +85°C	PCS			±1			dB
			Cellular			±1			
Noise Figure	NF	PCS	Without doubler			7.5	7.8	8	dB
			With doubler			11	12.3	13.5	
		Cellular	Without divider			7.5	8.1	8.5	
			With divider			7.8	8.4	8.8	
Input Third-Order Intercept (Notes 5, 6)	IIP3	PCS, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}	Without doubler	1.8	2.4	+4			dBm
			With doubler	1.4	2.8	+4.7			
		Cellular, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}		1	1.8	3.2			
Input dB Compression		PCS	T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}	-11	-10				dBm
		Cellular		-12	-10.7				

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX232_ EV kit, V_{CC} = +2.75V, f_{LNAINH} = f_{MIXINH} = 1960MHz, f_{LNAINL} = f_{MIXINL} = 881MHz, f_{LOLIN} = 1091MHz (digital mode), f_{LOLIN} = 991MHz (FM mode), f_{LOHIN} = 1750MHz (MAX2320, MAX2322 with LOX2 = low, MAX2326 with $\overline{BAND}$ = low, MAX2327), f_{LLOHIN} = 1085MHz (MAX2321 with $\overline{BAND}$ = low, MAX2322 with LOX2 = high), f_{LOHIN} = 1091MHz (MAX2321 with $\overline{BAND}$ = high), f_{LOHIN} = 2182MHz (MAX2326 with $\overline{BAND}$ = high), LO input power = -7dBm (MAX2320/MAX2326), 50Ω system, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	-3σ	TYP	+3σ	MAX	UNITS
HIGH-GAIN, LOW-LINEARITY, AND LOW-GAIN MODES (Note 1)									
Gain (Note 4)	G	PCS	Without doubler	10.6	11.3	12	12.1	12.8	dB
			With doubler	10.2	10.8	11.5	12.4	13.1	
		Cellular Band		11.2	12.1	13	13.8	14.7	
Gain Variation Over Temperature Relative to +25°C		T_A = -40°C to +85°C	PCS			±1		±1	dB
			Cellular			±1		±1	
Noise Figure	NF	PCS	Without doubler			7.2	7.5	7.6	dB
			With doubler (Note 7)			10.5	12	13.4	
		Cellular	Without divider			7	7.2	7.6	
			With divider			7.5	7.7	8.1	
Input Third-Order Intercept	IIP3	PCS	Without doubler			+1			dBm
			With doubler			+2.2			
		Cellular				+1.0			
FM MODE (Note 1)									
Gain (Note 4)	G	T_A = +25°C		9.7	10.4	11.2	11.9	12.7	dB
		T_A = -40°C to +85°C		7.8	9.0	11.2	14.0	15.4	
Noise Figure	NF					10.6	11.1	11.5	dB
Input Third-Order Intercept (Notes 5, 6)	IIP3	T_A = -40°C to +85°C		2.3	3.2	4.9			dBm
LO BUFFER PERFORMANCE (BUFFEN = HIGH)									
LO Output Level		Load = 100Ω pullup resistor				-12			dBm
		BUFFEN = GND				-44			
LO_OUT Even Harmonic Distortion						-31			dBc
LO Emissions at LNA Input Port		Interstage filter rejection = 20dB				-50			dBm

Note 1: See Tables 1–5 for operational mode selection.

Note 2: A total of 36 devices from 3 different wafer lots are used to determine the standard deviation. The lots were selected to represent worst-case process conditions.

Note 3: Operation is characterized for the frequencies specified in the conditions; for other frequencies in the band, see Tables 8–12 for LNA and mixer S parameters.

Note 4: Guaranteed by design, characterization, and production functional test.

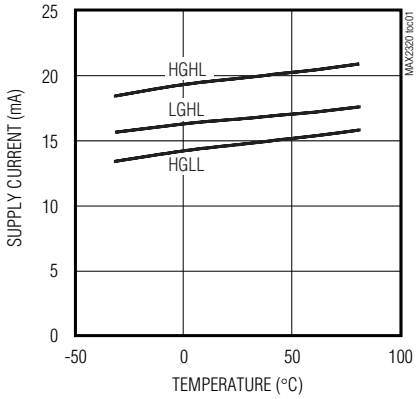
Note 5: Guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: For cellular band, RF inputs are -25dBm each tone at 881MHz and 882MHz, f_{LO} = 1091MHz. For PCS band, RF inputs are -25dBm each tone at 1960MHz and 1961MHz, f_{LO} = 2170MHz. For IIP3 vs. I_{CC} trade-off, see *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

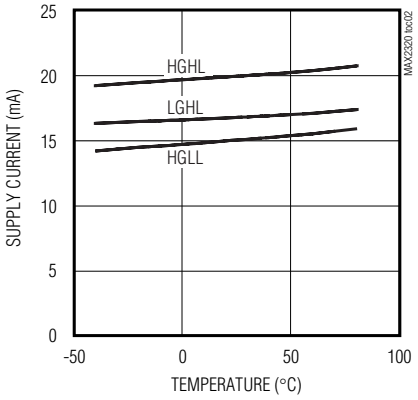
Typical Operating Characteristics

(MAX232_ EV kit, V_{CC} = +2.75V, f_{LNAINH} = f_{MIXINH} = 1960MHz, f_{LNAINL} = f_{MIXINL} = 881MHz, f_{LOHIN} = 1750MHz, f_{LOLIN} = 1091MHz (digital modes), f_{LOLIN} = 991MHz (FM mode), LO input power = -7dBm, 50Ω system, all measurements include matching component losses but not connector and trace losses, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

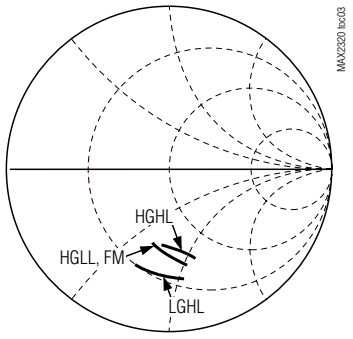
PCS-BAND SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



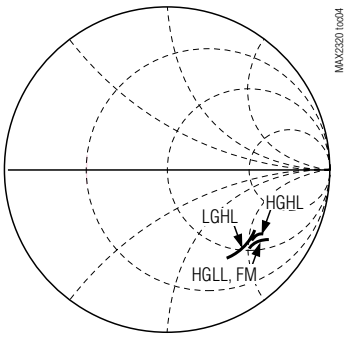
CELLULAR-BAND SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



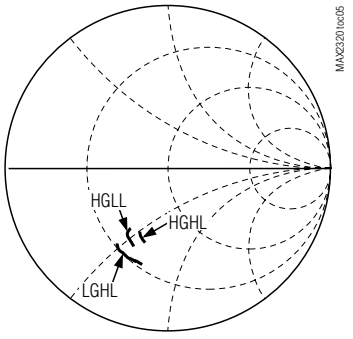
CELLULAR-BAND LNA S11



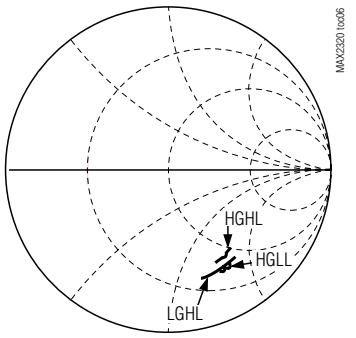
CELLULAR-BAND LNA S22



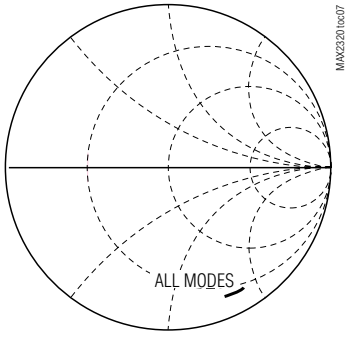
PCS-BAND LNA S11



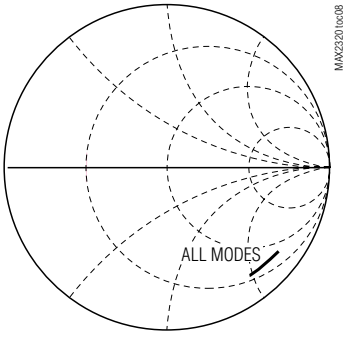
PCS-BAND LNA S22



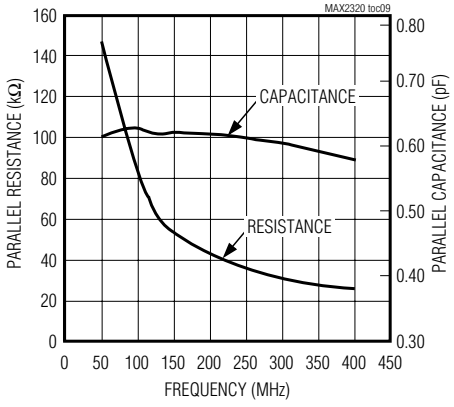
PCS-BAND MIXER S11



CELLULAR-BAND MIXER S11



DIGITAL MIXER DIFFERENTIAL IF PORT IMPEDANCE

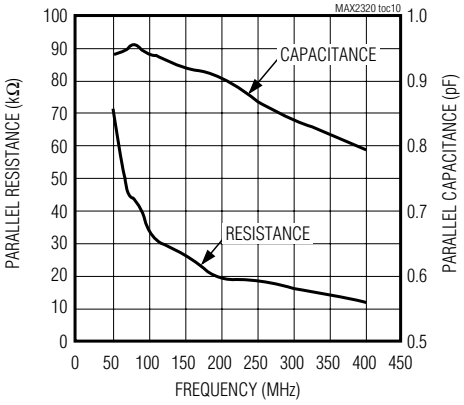


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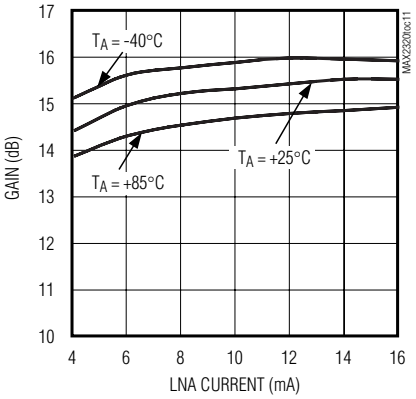
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX232_ EV kit, V_{CC} = +2.75V, f_{LNAINH} = f_{MIXINH} = 1960MHz, f_{LNAINL} = f_{MIXINL} = 881MHz, f_{LOHIN} = 1750MHz, f_{LOLIN} = 1091MHz (digital modes), f_{LOLIN} = 991MHz (FM mode), LO input power = -7dBm, 50Ω system, all measurements include matching component losses but not connector and trace losses, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

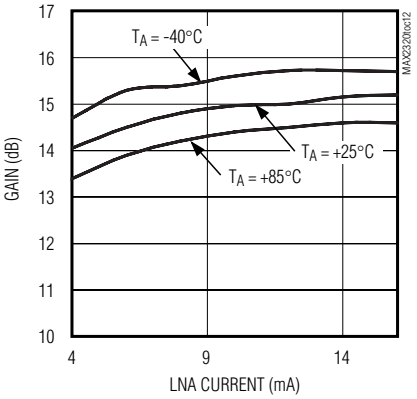
FM MIXER IF PORT IMPEDANCE



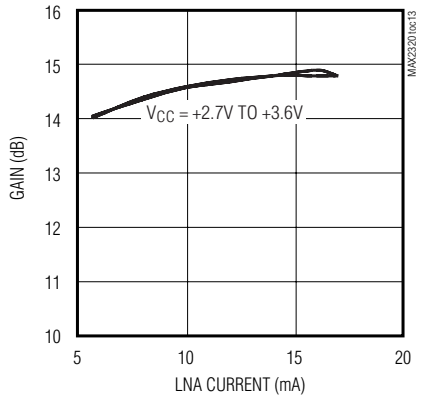
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL LNA GAIN vs. CURRENT



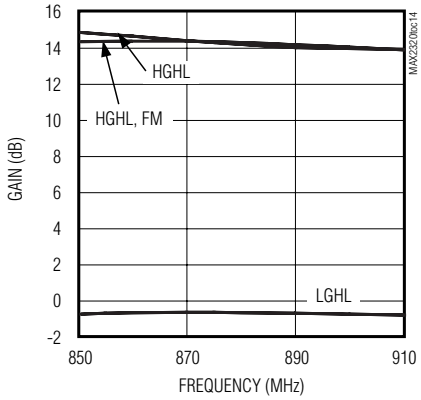
PCS-BAND HGHL LNA GAIN vs. CURRENT



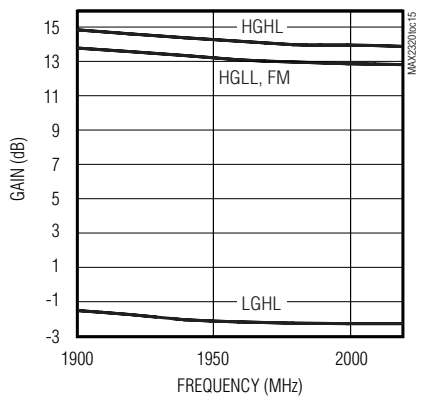
PCS-BAND HGHL LNA GAIN vs. CURRENT



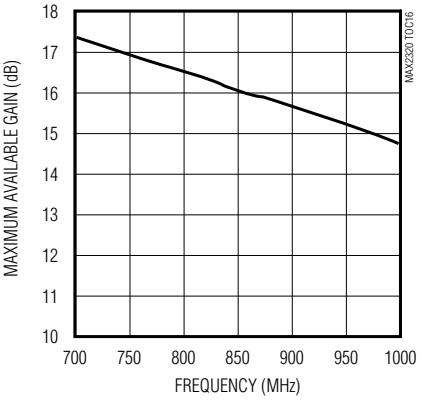
CELLULAR-BAND LNA GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



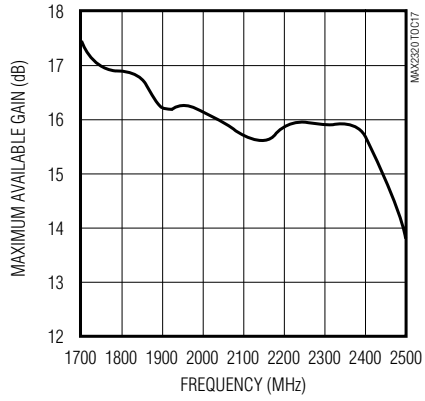
PCS-BAND LNA GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



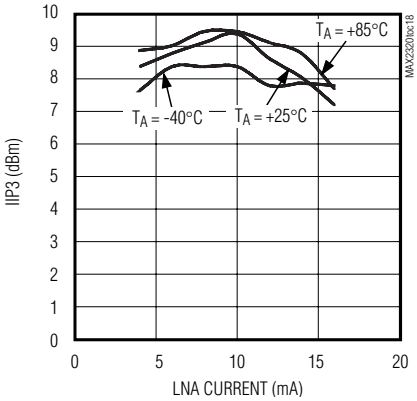
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL LNA MAXIMUM AVAILABLE GAIN



PCS-BAND HGHL LNA MAXIMUM AVAILABLE GAIN



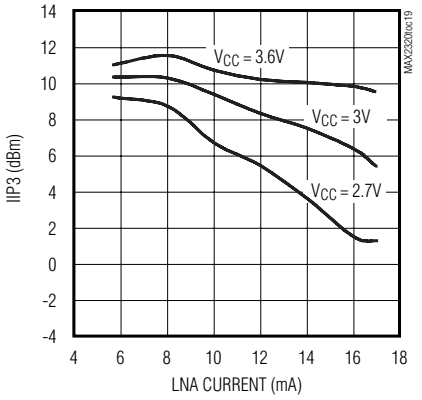
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL LNA IIP3 vs. CURRENT



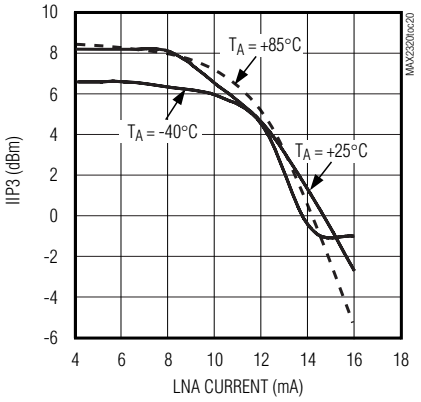
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

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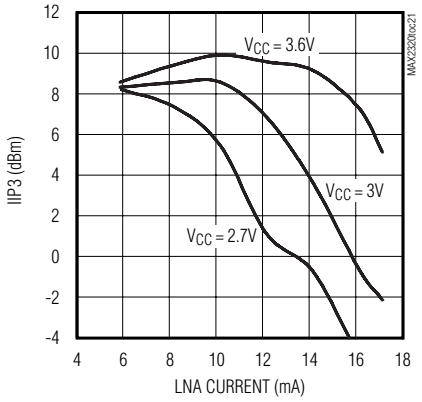
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL LNA IIP3 vs. CURRENT



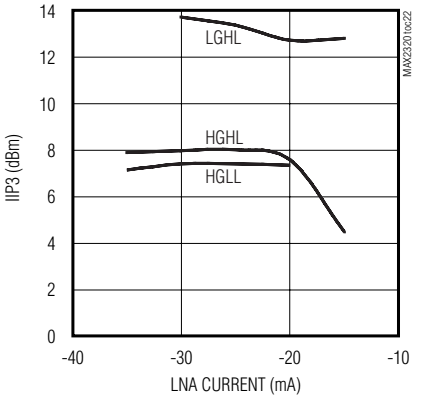
PCS-BAND HGHL LNA IIP3 vs. CURRENT



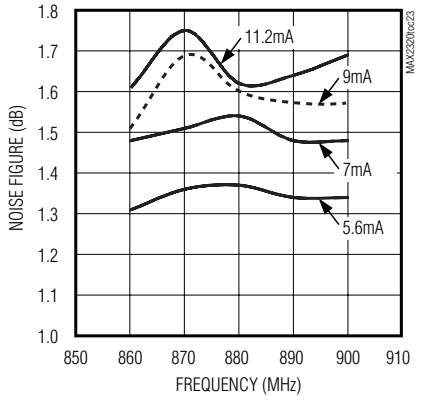
PCS-BAND HGHL LNA IIP3 vs. CURRENT



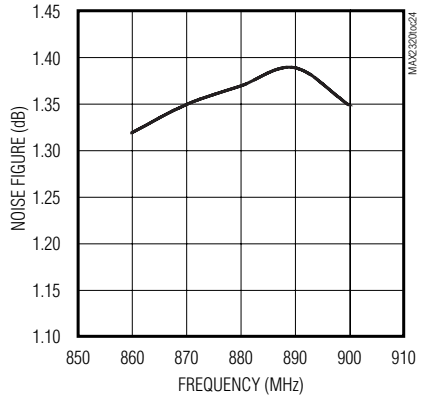
PCS-BAND HGHL LNA IIP3 vs. CURRENT



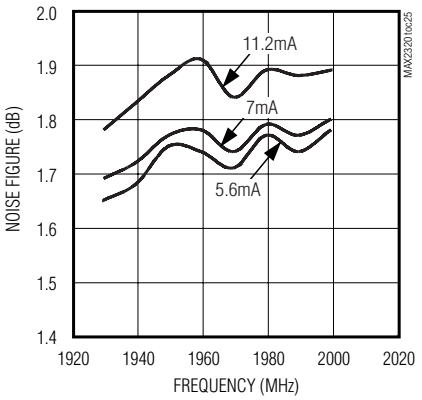
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL LNA NOISE FIGURE vs. FREQUENCY



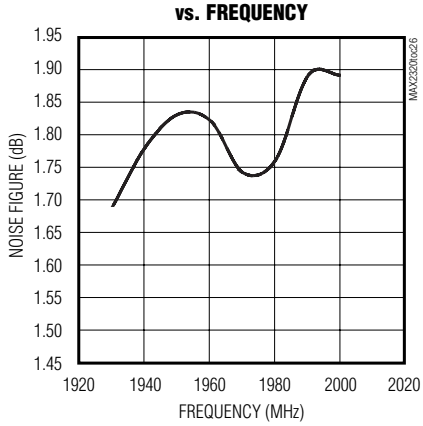
CELLULAR-BAND HGLL LNA NOISE FIGURE vs. FREQUENCY



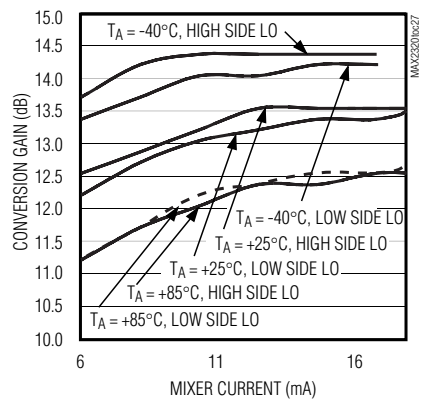
PCS-BAND HGHL NOISE FIGURE vs. FREQUENCY



PCS-BAND HGLL LNA NOISE FIGURE vs. FREQUENCY



CELLULAR-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. CURRENT

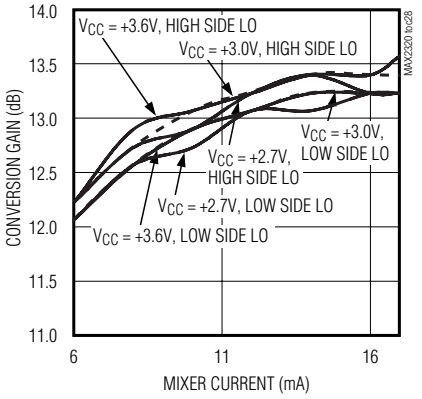


Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

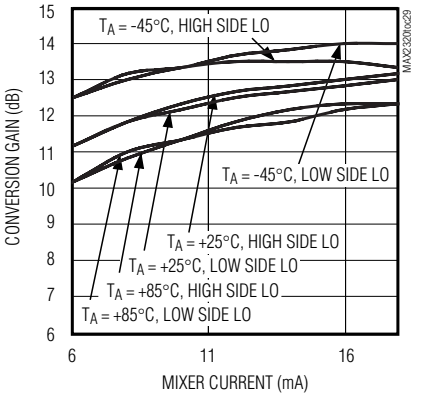
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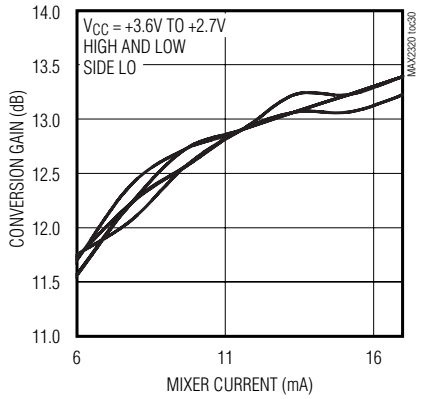
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. CURRENT



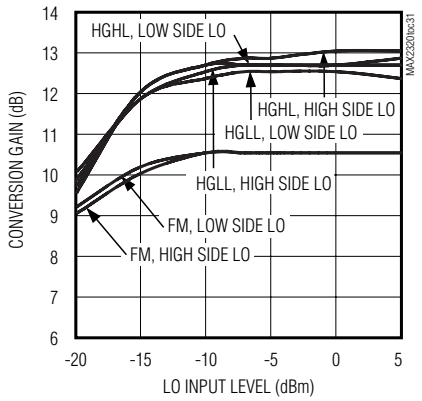
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. CURRENT



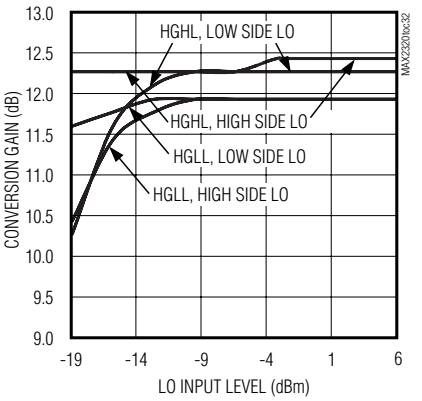
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. CURRENT



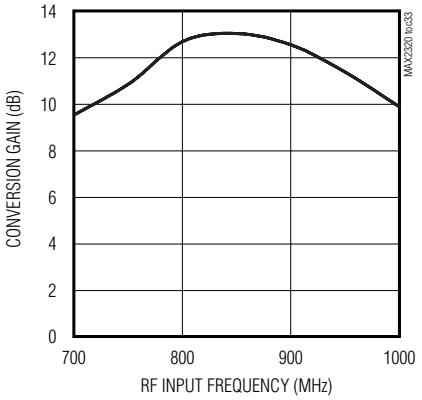
CELLULAR-BAND MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



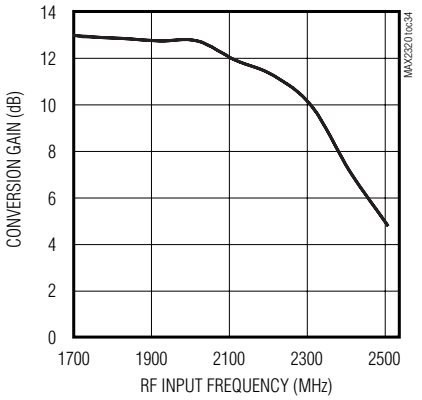
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



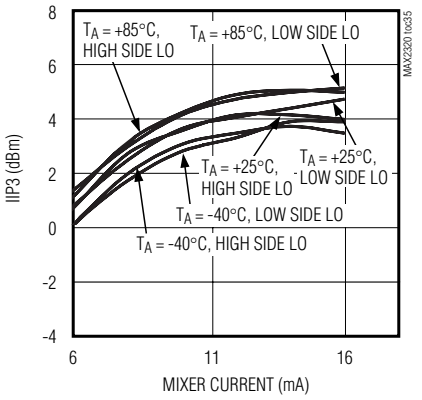
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. INPUT FREQUENCY



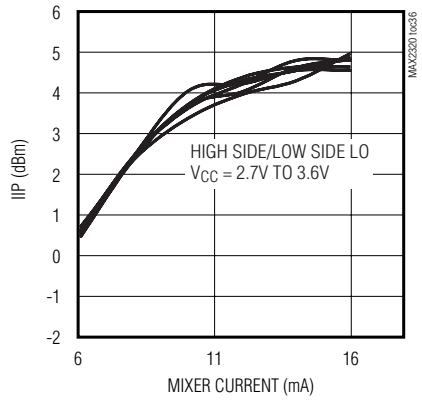
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER CONVERSION GAIN vs. RF INPUT FREQUENCY



CELLULAR-BAND HGHL MIXER IIP3 vs. CURRENT



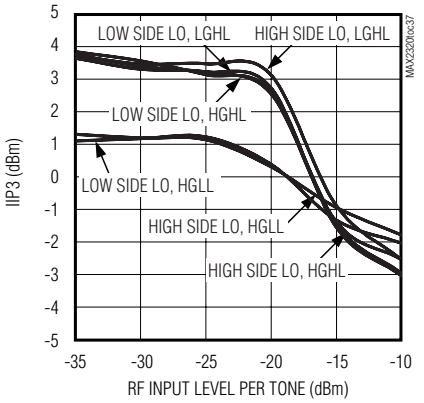
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL MIXER IIP3 vs. CURRENT



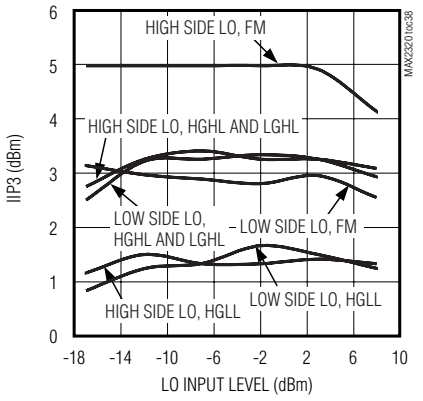
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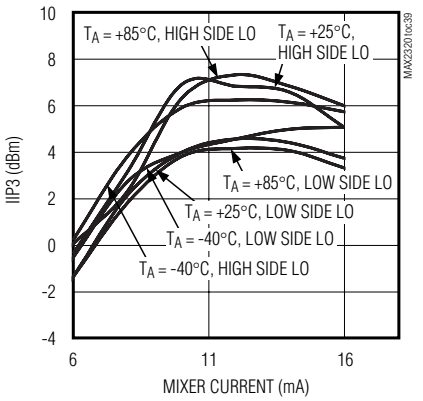
CELLULAR-BAND MIXER IIP3 vs. RF INPUT LEVEL



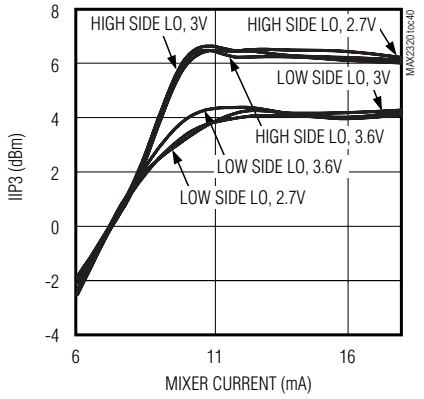
CELLULAR-BAND MIXER IIP3 vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



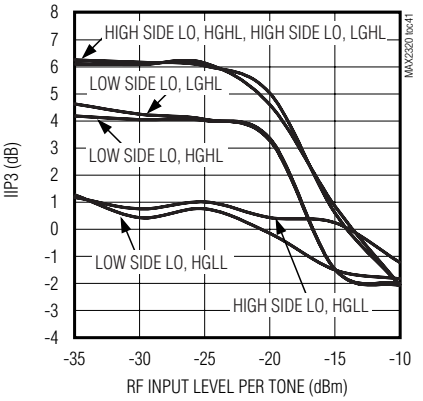
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER IIP3 vs. CURRENT



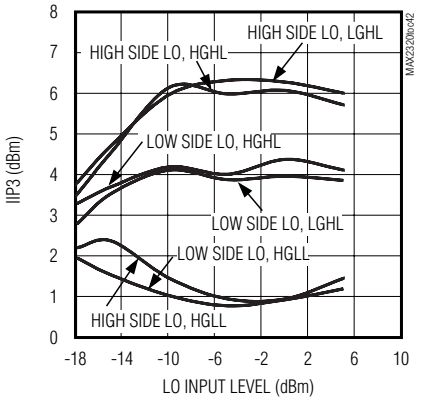
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER IIP3 vs. CURRENT



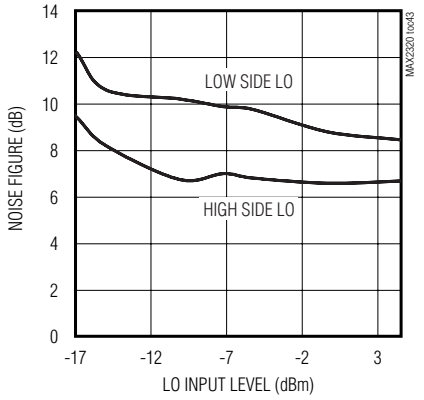
PCS-BAND MIXER IIP3 vs. RF INPUT LEVEL



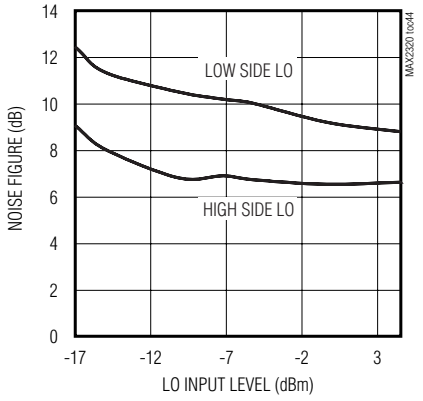
PCS-BAND MIXER IIP3 vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



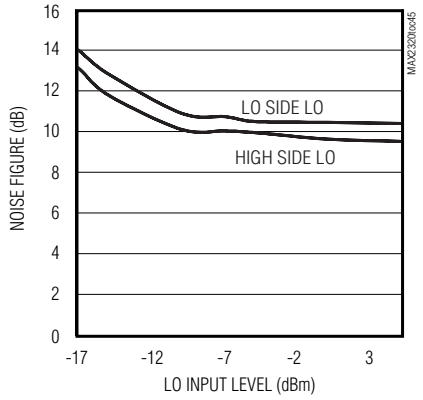
CELLULAR-BAND HGHL MIXER NOISE FIGURE vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



CELLULAR-BAND HGLL MIXER NOISE FIGURE vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



CELLULAR-BAND FM MIXER NOISE FIGURE vs. LO INPUT LEVEL

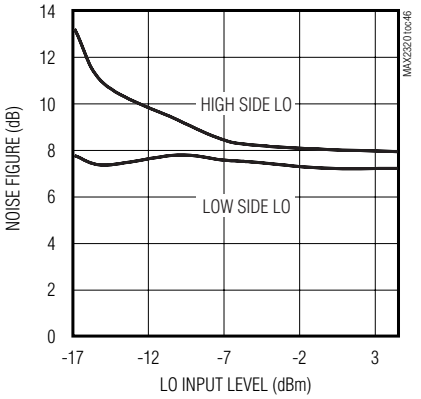


Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

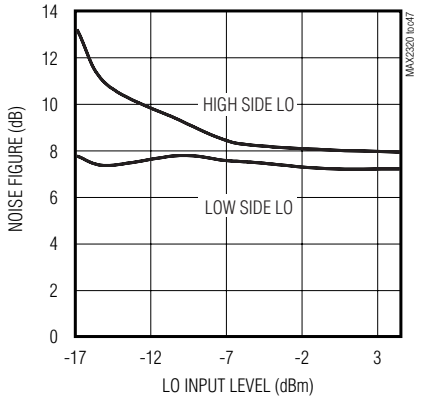
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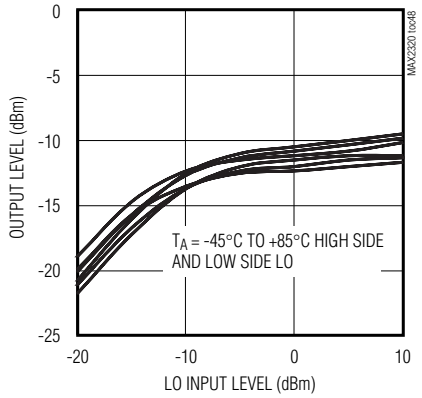
PCS-BAND HGHL MIXER NOISE FIGURE vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



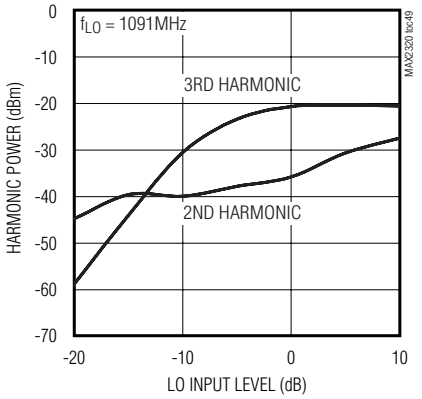
PCS-BAND HGLL MIXER NOISE FIGURE vs. LO INPUT LEVEL



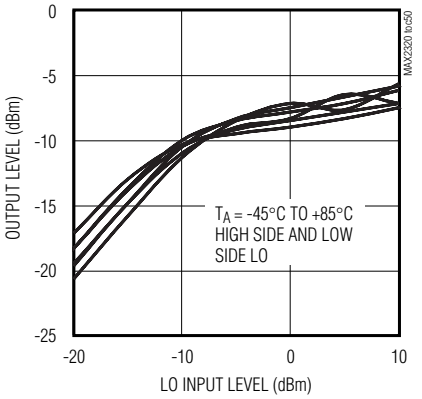
CELLULAR-BAND LO BUFFER OUTPUT LEVEL vs. INPUT LEVEL



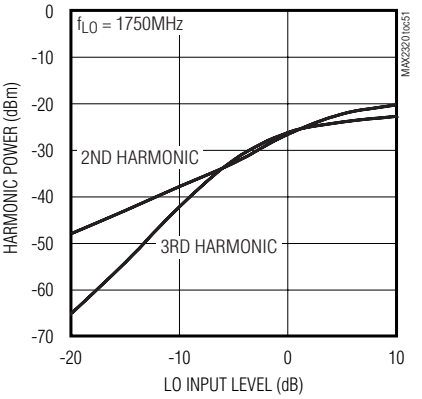
CELLULAR-BAND 2ND AND 3RD HARMONICS vs. LO INPUT POWER



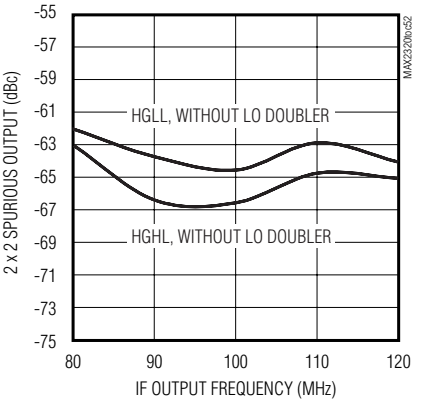
PCS-BAND LO BUFFER OUTPUT LEVEL vs. INPUT LEVEL



PCS-BAND 2ND AND 3RD HARMONICS LO BUFFER OUTPUT vs. INPUT LEVEL



PCS-BAND MIXER 2 x 2 SPURIOUS REJECTION



Pin Description

PIN				NAME	FUNCTION
MAX2320 MAX2321 MAX2326	MAX2322	MAX2324	MAX2327		
1	1	—	1	LNAOUTH	High-Band LNA Output. Connect a pull-up inductor to V_{CC} and an external series capacitor as part of the matching network.
2	—	2	2	LNAOUTL	Low-Band LNA Output. Connect a pull-up inductor to V_{CC} and an external series capacitor as part of the matching network.
3	3	3	—	RLNA	LNA Bias-Setting Resistor Connection. For nominal bias, connect a 20kΩ resistor to ground. The resistor value controls the LNA's linearity in high-gain, high-linearity modes.
4	4	—	4	LNAINH	High-Band RF Input. Requires a blocking capacitor and a matching network. The capacitor may be used as part of the matching network.
—	—	4	—	MODEOUT	Logic Output. Indicates mode of operation. $V_{MODEOUT}$ = high in FM mode.
5	—	5	5	LNAINL	Low-Band RF Input. Requires a blocking capacitor and a matching network. The capacitor may be used as part of the matching network.
—	6	6	7	$\overline{SHDN}$	Shutdown Logic Input. See *Detailed Description* for control modes.
6	—	—	6	$\overline{BAND}$	Band-Select Logic Input. See *Detailed Description* for control modes.
7	7	7	—	LIN	Linearity-Select Logic Input. See *Detailed Description* for control modes.
8	8	8	—	GAIN	Gain-Select Logic Input. See *Detailed Description* for control modes.
—	—	—	8	MODE	Cellular-Band Mode Select Logic Input. See *Detailed Description* for control modes.
9	—	9	9	LOLIN	Low-Frequency LO Input. Used in FM mode on all parts and in cellular digital mode for MAX2320/MAX2324.
10	10	—	10	LOHIN	High-Frequency LO Input. For MAX2321, used in cellular digital mode and in PCS mode with the doubler active. For MAX2320/MAX2327, used in PCS mode without the doubler. For MAX2322, used with or without the doubler. For MAX2326, used in PCS mode and cellular digital mode with the divide-by-two.

Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

Pin Description (continued)

PIN				NAME	FUNCTION
MAX2320 MAX2321 MAX2326	MAX2322	MAX2324	MAX2327		
11	11	—	11	LOHOUT	High-Frequency LO Buffer Output. Open-collector output requires pull-up inductor or pull-up resistor of 100Ω or less. Reactive match to the load delivers maximum power.
12	—	12	12	LOLOUT	Low-Frequency LO Buffer Output. Open-collector output requires pull-up inductor or pull-up resistor of 100Ω or less. Reactive match to the load delivers maximum power.
13	—	13	13	FMOUT	FM Mixer Output. Requires a pull-up inductor to V_{CC} and a series capacitor as part of the matching network.
—	13	—	—	LOX2	LO Doubler Logic Input. Drive LOX2 high to enable the LO doubler.
14	14	14	14	V_{CC}	Power Supply. Bypass with a 1000pF capacitor as close to the pin as possible.
15	15	15	15	BUFFEN	LO Output Buffer Enable. The LO buffers are controlled separately from the rest of the IC. Drive BUFFEN high to power up the LO output buffer associated with the selected LO input port.
16, 17	16, 17	16, 17	—	CDMA-, CDMA+	CDMA Mixer Differential Outputs. Require pull-up inductors and series capacitors as part of the matching network.
—	—	—	16, 17	IFOUT+, IFOUT-	Mixer Differential Outputs. Require pull-up inductors and series capacitors as part of the matching network.
18	18	18	18	RBIAS	Bias-Setting Resistor Connection. For nominal bias, connect 20kΩ resistor to ground. The resistor value controls the digital LNA's linearity in low-gain, digital, or FM mode, and controls the mixers in all modes.
19	—	19	19	MIXINL	Low-Band Mixer Input. Requires a blocking capacitor and a matching network. The capacitor may be used as part of the matching network.
20	20	—	20	MIXINH	High-Band Mixer Input. Requires a blocking capacitor and a matching network. The capacitor may be used as part of the matching network.
—	2, 5, 9, 12, 19	1, 10, 11, 20	3	N.C.	No Connection. Do not make any connection to these pins.
Slug	Slug	Slug	Slug	GND	Ground Reference for RF, DC, and Logic Inputs. Solder the slug evenly to the board ground plane.

Detailed Description

Low-Noise Amplifier

Within its operating bands, each device in the MAX2320 family (except the MAX2327) has three modes of LNA operation: high gain, high linearity (HGHL); high gain, low linearity (HGLL); and low gain, high linearity (LGHL). The logic inputs control the LNA mode as described in the *AC Electrical Characteristics*. Use HGHL mode when extra-high LNA linearity is required for cross-modulation suppression. Use HGLL mode when the transmitter is off and cross-modulation is not a concern. When the LNA changes modes, the input VSWR change is minimal. Use LGHL mode for receiving large signals and when high sensitivity is not required. The MAX2327 LNA has only an HGLL mode. Adjust the HGHL mode LNA linearity by changing R_{RLNA}, and adjust linearity of the other modes by changing R_{RBIAS}.

Downconverter

The downconverters in these devices are double-balanced mixers. The PCS-band mixer and digital cellular-band mixer share the same IF output ports. The cellular band FM mixer has its own IF output to feed a different filter. Adjust the downconverter linearity and current by changing R_{RBIAS} (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). When the linearity requirement is high, the mode control inputs increase the current in the downconverter. When the linearity requirement is not high, the current is lower.

LO Output Buffers

The BUFFEN logic input turns the open-collector LO output buffers on and off. This feature saves current if the buffers are not required.

Operational Modes

Each device has logic input pins that control the different operational modes listed in Tables 1–5.

MAX2320/MAX2321/MAX2326 Operation

The MAX2320/MAX2321/MAX2326 are dual-band, triple-mode receivers that amplify and downconvert cellular- and PCS-band signals. They consist of cellular and PCS LNAs; cellular digital, cellular FM, and PCS digital mixers; and cellular and PCS LO buffers. The MAX2321 has an LO frequency doubler on-chip, so a single cellular-band VCO can be used for both the cellular- and PCS-band mixers. Selecting the PCS path activates the LO frequency doubler. The MAX2326 has an LO divide-by-two circuit, so a single PCS-band VCO can be used for both the cellular and PCS mixers. Selecting the cellular path activates the LO divide-by-two circuit. Three logic input pins—$\overline{BAND}$, GAIN, and LIN—control eight operational modes of the LNAs and mixers. The modes are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. MAX2320/MAX2321/MAX2326 Operational Modes

DESCRIPTION	$\overline{BAND}$	GAIN	LIN
Shutdown. The entire part is shut down except for the LO buffer, which is controlled by BUFFEN.	L	L	L
Low-Gain, High-Linearity (LGHL) PCS Mode. The PCS LNA and mixer are in LGHL mode.	L	L	H
High-Gain, Low-Linearity (HGLL) PCS Mode. The LNA and mixer are in HGLL mode.	L	H	L
High-Gain, High-Linearity (HGHL) PCS Mode. The LNA and mixer are in HGHL mode.	L	H	H
High-Gain, Low-Linearity (HGLL) Cellular FM Mode. The cellular LNA is in HGLL mode. The FM mixer and associated LO buffer are selected.	H	L	L
Low-Gain, High-Linearity (LGHL) Cellular Digital Mode. The cellular LNA and mixer are in LGHL mode.	H	L	H
High-Gain, Low-Linearity (HGLL) Cellular Digital Mode. The cellular LNA and mixer are in HGLL mode.	H	H	L
High-Gain, High-Linearity (HGHL) Cellular Digital Mode. The cellular LNA and mixer are in HGHL mode.	H	H	H

Note: *L = Logic Low; H = Logic High*

Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

MAX2322 Operation

The MAX2322 is a lower-cost PCS-only version that can be installed as a drop-in replacement for the dual-band versions. It consists of a PCS LNA, PCS mixer, pin-selectable LO frequency doubler, and LO buffer. Logic input $\overline{SHDN}$ = V_{CC} / GND turns on/off the entire IC except the LO buffer. The LOX2 logic input controls the LO frequency doubler. LOX2 = GND disables the doubler when using a PCS band VCO, and LOX2 = V_{CC} activates the doubler when using a cellular-band VCO. GAIN and LIN logic inputs control the MAX2322's three operational modes, as summarized in Table 2.

MAX2324 Operation

The MAX2324 is a lower-cost cellular-only version that can be installed as a drop-in replacement for the dual-band versions. It consists of a cellular LNA, cellular digital mixer, cellular FM mixer, and LO buffer. A $\overline{SHDN}$ logic input turns on/off the entire IC except the LO buffer. GAIN and LIN logic inputs control the MAX2324's three operational modes, as summarized in Table 3.

MAX2327 Operation

The MAX2327 is similar to the MAX2320 except it only features an HGLL mode, and either LO output buffer is selectable during shutdown. It consists of PCS and cellular LNAs; PCS, cellular digital, and cellular FM mixers; and PCS and cellular LO buffers. A $\overline{SHDN}$ logic input turns on/off the entire IC except the LO buffer. $\overline{BAND}$ and MODE logic inputs control the MAX2327's three operational modes, as summarized in Table 4.

Applications Information

Cascaded LNA/Mixer Performance

The LNA and mixer design aims at optimizing cascaded performance in all gain and linearity modes. In high-gain, high-linearity mode, both the LNA and mixer have a low noise figure, high gain, and high linearity. The LNA has high gain to minimize the noise contribution of the mixer, thus increasing the receiver's sensitivity and extra-high linearity for superior cross-modulation suppression. The HGLL mode is used when the transmitter is off and cross-modulation is not a concern. In low-gain, high-linearity mode, the received signal is strong enough that linearity is the primary concern. The LNA gain is reduced for higher system linearity. Tables 5 and 6 summarize the cascaded performance.

S Parameters

The S parameters are listed in Tables 7–11. An electronic copy is also available at www.maxim-ic.com/MAX2320/S_table/.

Table 2. MAX2322 Operational Modes

OPERATIONAL MODE	GAIN	LIN
Not used.	L	L
Low-Gain, High-Linearity (LGHL) PCS Mode. The LNA and mixer are in LGHL mode.	L	H
High-Gain, Low-Linearity (HGLL) PCS Mode. The LNA and mixer are in HGLL mode.	H	L
High-Gain, High-Linearity (HGHL) PCS Mode. The LNA and mixer are in HGHL mode.	H	H

Note: *L = Logic Low; H = Logic High*

Table 3. MAX2324 Operational Modes

OPERATIONAL MODE	GAIN	LIN
FM Mode. The LNA is in HGLL mode. The FM mixer and the associated LO buffer are selected.	L	L
Low-Gain, High-Linearity (LGHL) Cellular Mode. The LNA and digital mixer are in LGHL mode.	L	H
High-Gain, Low-Linearity (HGLL) Cellular Mode. The LNA and digital mixer are in HGLL mode.	H	L
High-Gain, High-Linearity (HGHL) Cellular Mode. The LNA and digital mixer are in HGHL mode.	H	H

Note: *L = Logic Low; H = Logic High*

Table 4. MAX2327 Operational Modes

OPERATIONAL MODE	$\overline{BAND}$	MODE
Not used.	L	L
Digital PCS Mode. The LNA and mixer are in HGLL mode.	L	H
FM Mode. The cellular FM mixer is selected.	H	L
Digital Cellular Mode. The cellular digital mixer is selected.	H	H

Note: *L = Logic Low; H = Logic High*

Layout Considerations

Keep RF signal lines as short as possible to minimize losses and radiation. Use high-Q components for the LNA input matching circuit to achieve the lowest possible noise figure. At the digital mixer outputs, keep the differential signal lines together and of equal length to ensure signal balance. For best gain and noise performance, solder the slug evenly to the board ground plane.

Table 5. Typical Cascaded Performance of Cellular-Band Receiver with 3dB Interstage Filter Loss

PARAMETER	HIGH GAIN, HIGH LINEARITY	HIGH GAIN, LOW LINEARITY	LOW GAIN, HIGH LINEARITY	FM
Conversion Power Gain	25.4dB	24.5dB	8.9dB	22.7dB
Noise Figure	2.1dB	2.3dB	11.8dB	3.3dB
Third-Order Input Intercept	-8.9dBm	-10.6dBm	-6.8dBm	-6.8dBm

Table 6. Typical Cascaded Performance of PCS-Band Receiver with 3dB Interstage Filter Loss

PARAMETER	HIGH GAIN, HIGH LINEARITY	HIGH GAIN, LOW LINEARITY	LOW GAIN
Conversion Power Gain	24dB	22.5dB	7.5dB
Noise Figure	2.6dB	3.0dB	12.4dB
Third-Order Input Intercept	-7.6dBm	-9.3dBm	7.1dBm

Table 7. Cellular LNA S Parameters in High-Gain, High-Linearity Mode

FREQUENCY (MHz)	S11 (mag)	S11 (phase)	S21 (mag)	S21 (phase)	S12 (mag)	S12 (phase)	S22 (mag)	S22 (phase)
700	0.579	-74.8	4.63	92.1	0.085	60.9	0.714	-34.7
750	0.548	-78.4	4.39	87.9	0.089	60.6	0.696	-35.9
800	0.534	-81.2	4.13	84.4	0.0908	60	0.689	-36.6
850	0.52	-83.7	3.88	81.9	0.096	60.1	0.683	-37.6
900	0.51	-86.1	3.7	79.4	0.099	58.8	0.677	-38.3
950	0.503	-88.5	3.5	76.6	0.104	58.3	0.674	-39.3
1000	0.496	-90.6	3.3	74.9	0.109	59.1	0.669	-40.8

Table 8. PCS LNA S Parameters in High-Gain, High-Linearity Mode

FREQUENCY (MHz)	S11 (mag)	S11 (phase)	S21 (mag)	S21 (phase)	S12 (mag)	S12 (phase)	S22 (mag)	S22 (phase)
1700	0.46	-112	4.22	86	0.077	77	0.64	-51
1750	0.446	-113	4.07	88	0.082	77	0.64	-52
1800	0.44	-113	4.18	88	0.086	76	0.643	-52
1850	0.439	-113	4.23	84	0.09	77	0.657	-53
1900	0.434	-114	3.9	82	0.093	72	0.68	-55
1950	0.43	-115	3.82	84	0.09	75	0.673	-57
2000	0.423	-116	3.85	83	0.094	76	0.681	-58
2050	0.407	-115	3.82	83	0.098	76	0.69	-59
2100	0.391	-112	3.82	81	0.103	74	0.7	-61
2150	0.405	-106	3.68	79	0.101	71	0.695	-63
2200	0.467	-104	3.56	81	0.093	73	0.677	-64
2250	0.503	-107	3.67	82	0.094	79	0.683	-63
2300	0.525	-110	3.83	81	0.099	82	0.705	-64
2350	0.54	-112	3.88	78	0.1	86	0.727	-66
2400	0.55	-113	3.9	75	0.106	93	0.739	-67
2450	0.571	-113	3.79	73	0.126	99	0.754	-69
2500	0.614	-113	3.78	74	0.158	100	0.769	-71

Table 9. Cellular Mixer S11 in High-Gain, High-Linearity Mode

FREQUENCY (MHz)	S11 (mag)	S11 (phase)
700	0.853	-35.8
750	0.849	-38
800	0.846	-40.2
850	0.844	-42.2
900	0.843	-44.1
950	0.842	-46.3
1000	0.842	-48.5

Table 10. PCS Mixer S11 in High-Gain High-Linearity Mode

FREQUENCY (MHz)	S11 (mag)	S11 (phase)
1700	0.865	-62
1750	0.864	-63
1800	0.865	-64
1850	0.867	-64
1900	0.863	-65
1950	0.862	-65
2000	0.861	-66
2050	0.879	-67
2100	0.86	-68
2150	0.858	-68
2200	0.854	-69
2250	0.85	-71
2300	0.845	-72
2350	0.838	-74
2400	0.83	-76
2450	0.825	-78
2500	0.805	-82

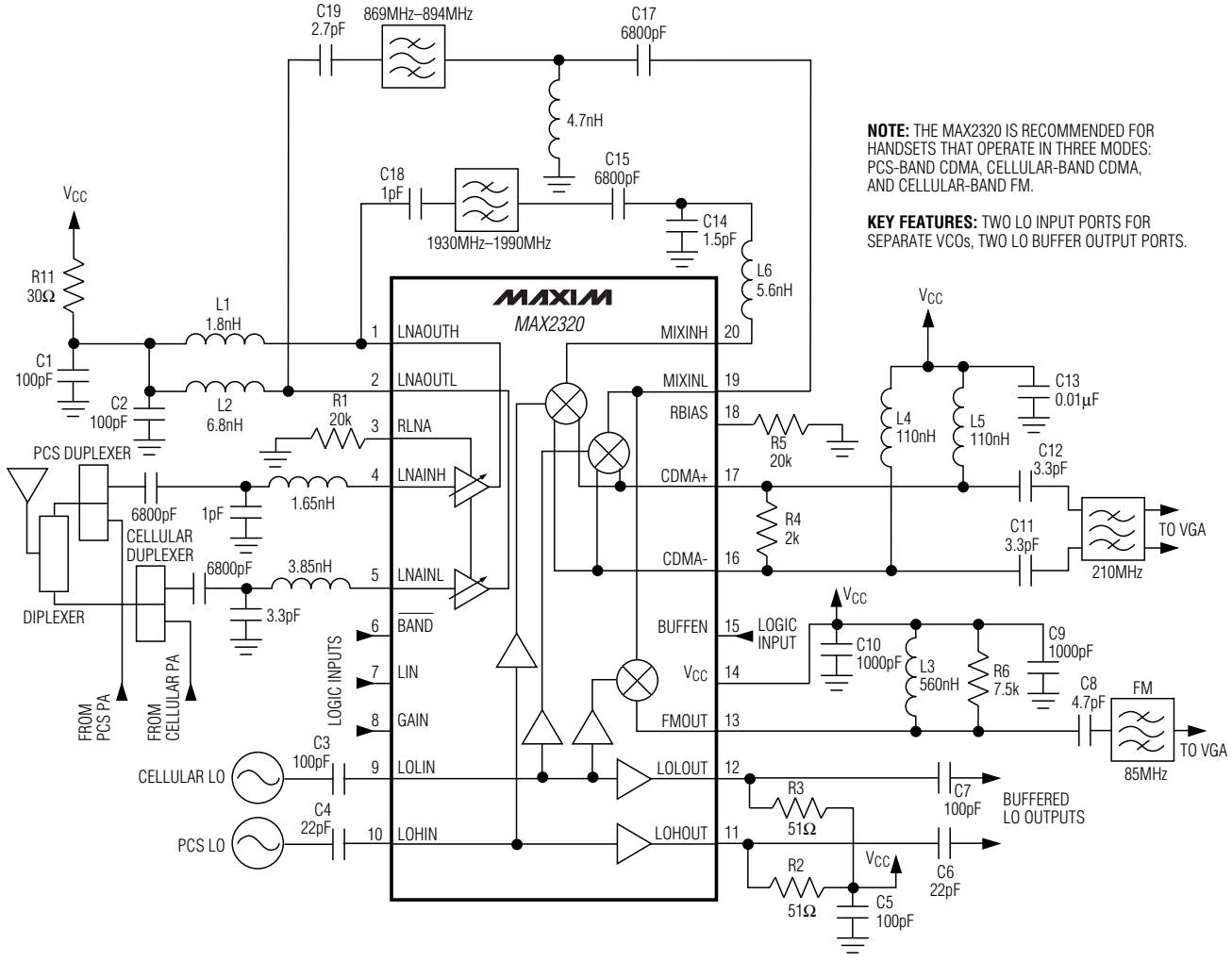
Table 11. Mixer IF Port S22

FREQUENCY (MHz)	DIGITAL MIXER		FREQUENCY (MHz)	FM MIXER	
	S22 (mag)	S22 (phase)		S22 (mag)	S22 (phase)
50	0.999	-1.10	50	0.999	-1.69
100	0.999	-2.26	70	0.998	-2.38
110	0.999	-2.46	85	0.998	-2.92
130	0.998	-2.89	100	0.997	-3.38
150	0.998	-3.35	110	0.997	-3.71
200	0.998	-4.45	150	0.996	-4.97
210	0.998	-4.67	200	0.995	-6.49
250	0.997	-5.48	250	0.995	-7.82
300	0.997	-6.48	300	0.994	-9.06
350	0.996	-7.47	350	0.993	-10.28
400	0.996	-8.36	400	0.992	-11.40

Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

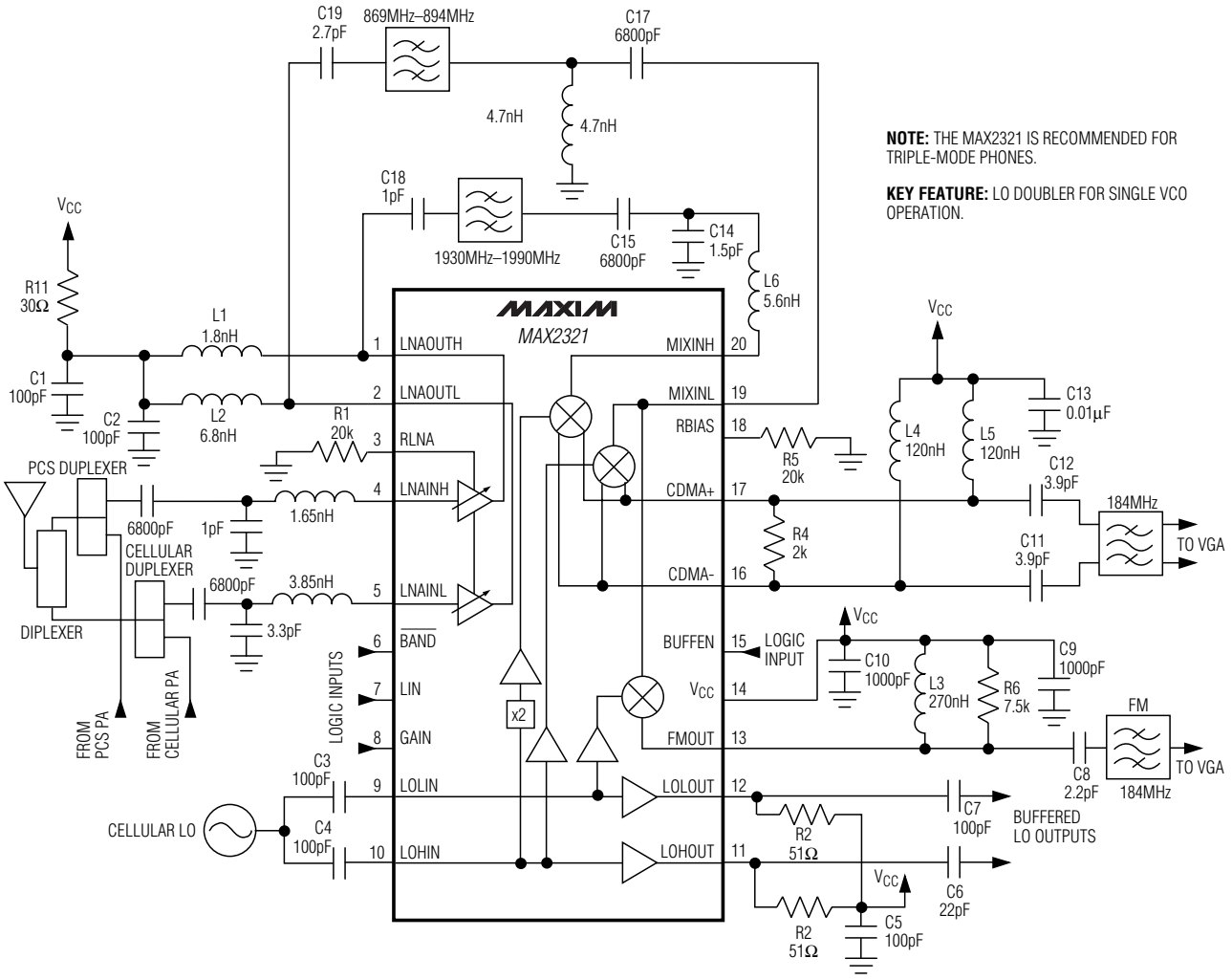
Typical Application Circuits

MAX2320
(DUAL BAND, DUAL VCO INPUTS, AND DUAL IF OUTPUTS)



Typical Application Circuits (continued)

MAX2321
(DUAL BAND, DUAL VCO INPUTS, LO DOUBLER, DUAL IF OUTPUTS, AND LO BUFFER)



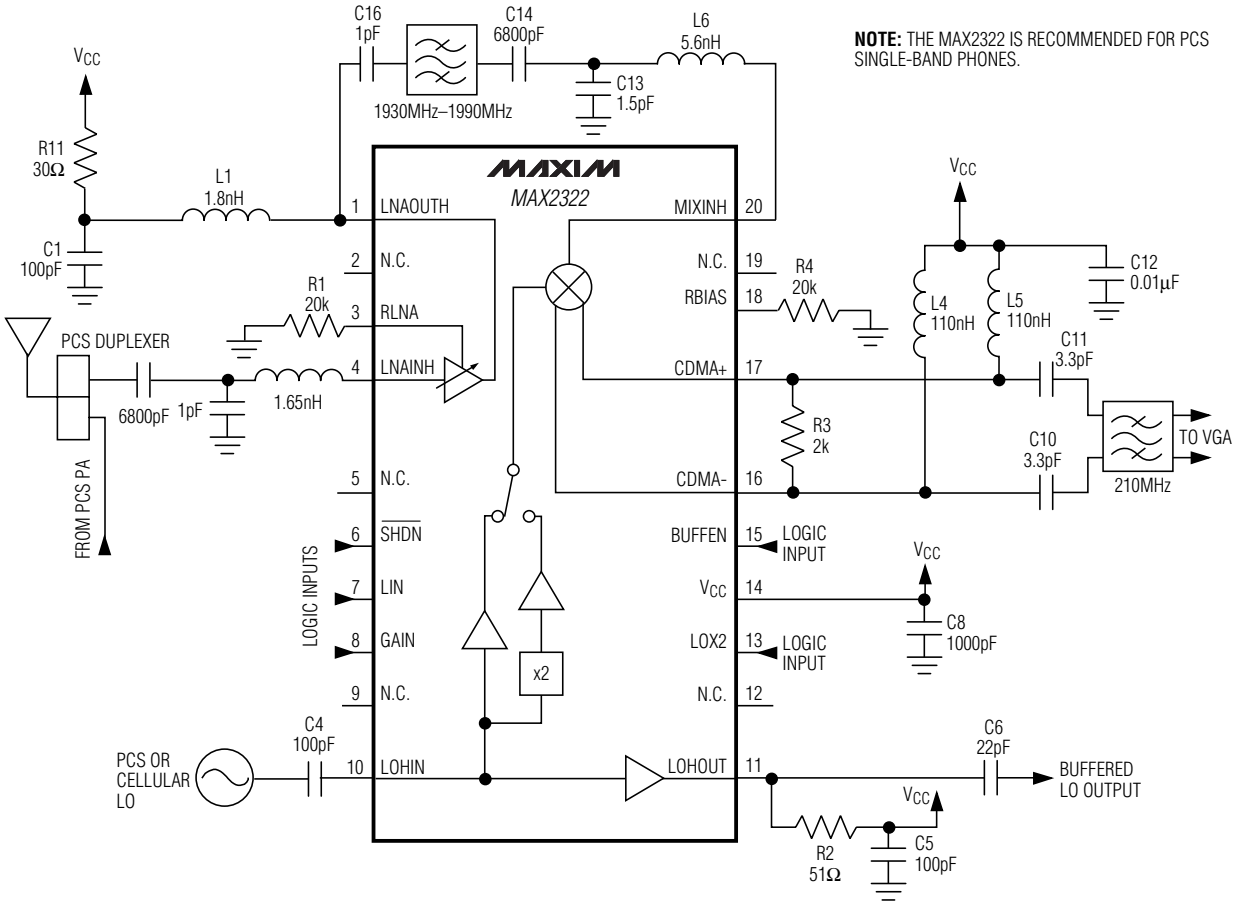
NOTE: THE MAX2321 IS RECOMMENDED FOR TRIPLE-MODE PHONES.

KEY FEATURE: LO DOUBLER FOR SINGLE VCO OPERATION.

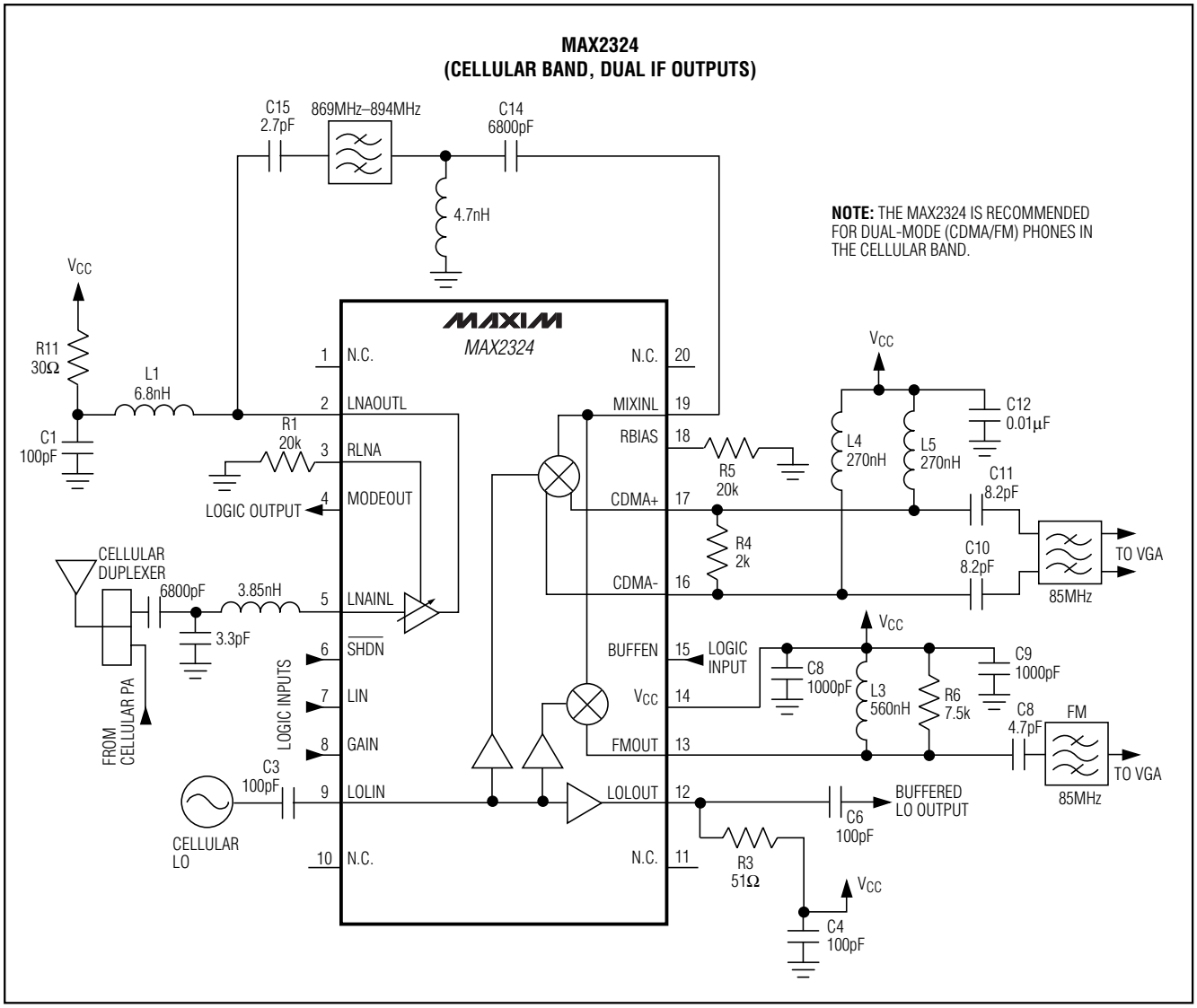
Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

Typical Application Circuits (continued)

MAX2322
(PCS BAND, SINGLE MODE WITH OPTIONAL FREQUENCY DOUBLER)



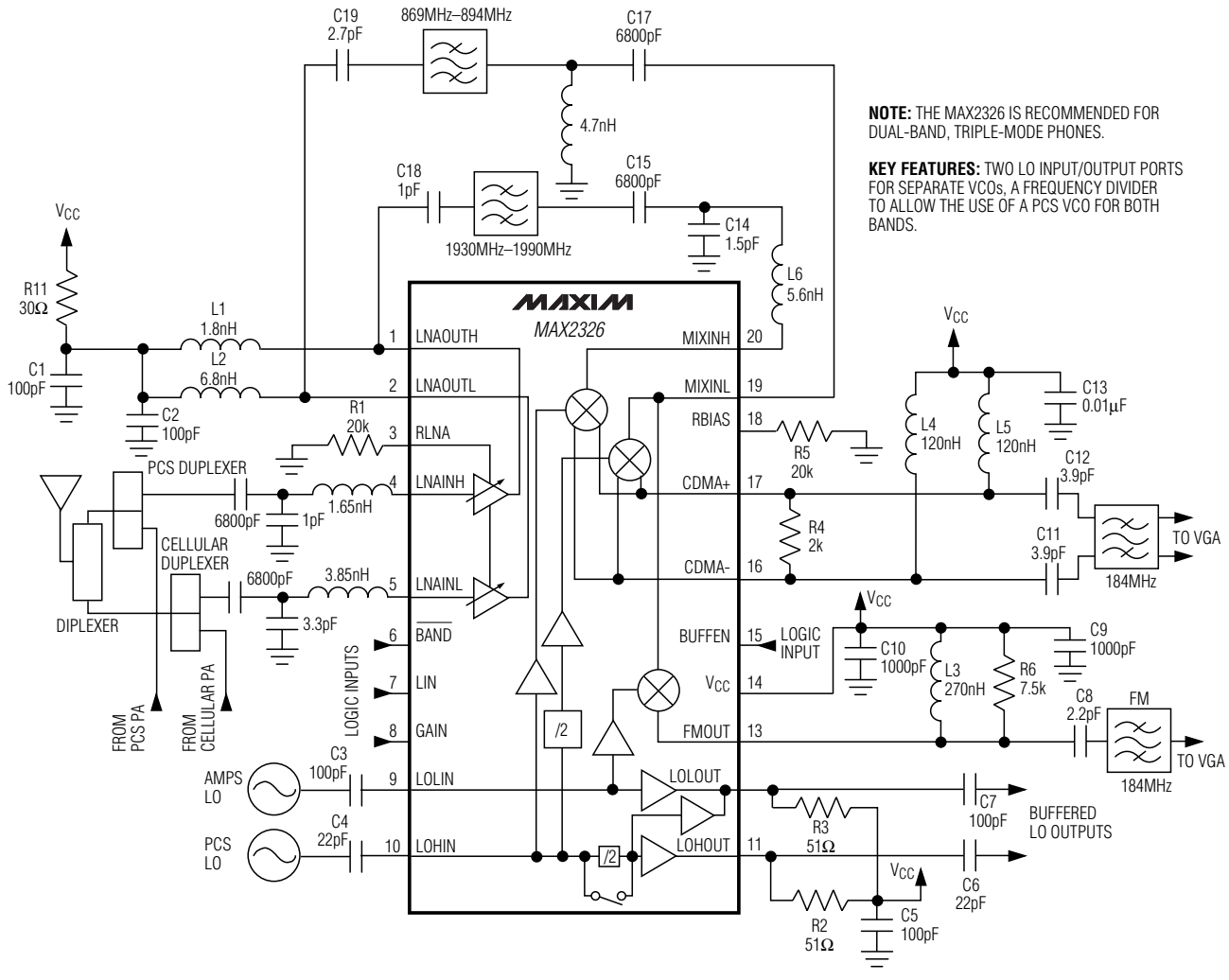
Typical Application Circuits (continued)



Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

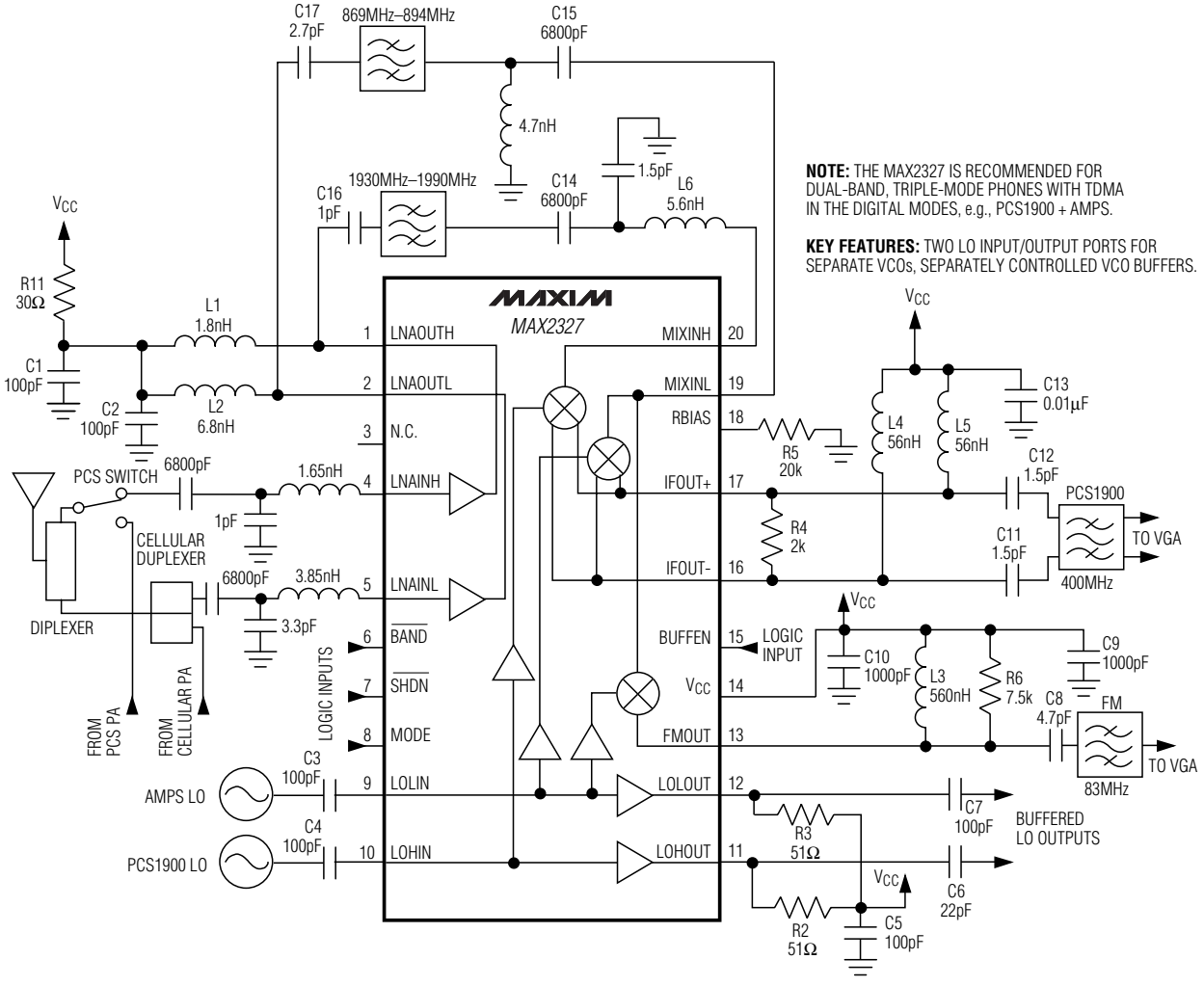
Typical Application Circuits (continued)

MAX2326
(DUAL BAND, DUAL VCO INPUTS, AND DUAL IF OUTPUTS WITH LO DIVIDER)



Typical Application Circuits (continued)

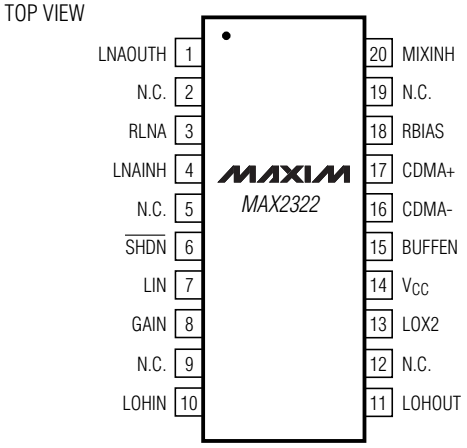
MAX2327
(DUAL BAND, DUAL VCO INPUTS, AND SEPARATELY CONTROLLED VCO BUFFERS)



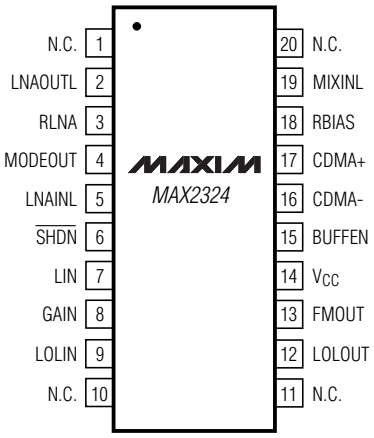
Adjustable, High-Linearity, SiGe Dual-Band LNA/Mixer ICs

Pin Configurations (continued)

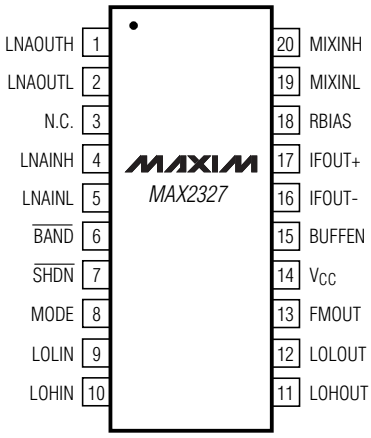
TOP VIEW



TSSOP



TSSOP



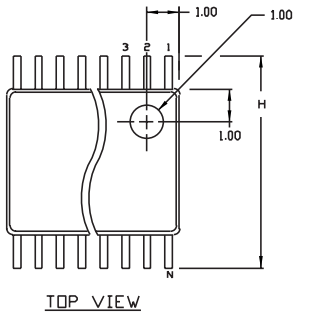
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Chip Information

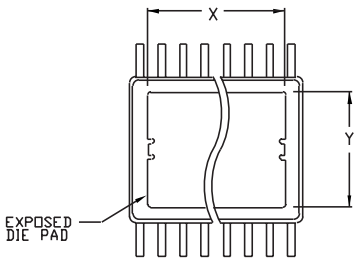
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Package Information

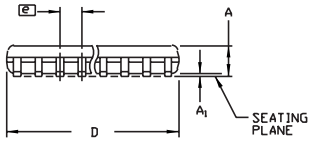
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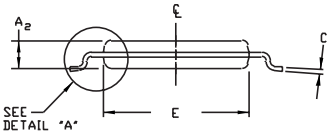
TOP VIEW



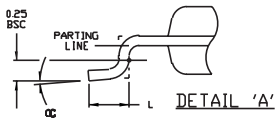
BOTTOM VIEW



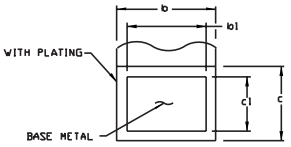
SIDE VIEW



END VIEW



DETAIL 'A'



LEAD TIP DETAIL

SYMBOL	COMMON DIMENSIONS			
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
A	———	1.10		.043
A_1	0.05	0.15	.002	.006
A_2	0.85	0.95	.033	.037
b	0.19	0.30	.007	.012
b1	0.19	0.25	.007	.010
c	0.090	0.20	.0035	.008
c1	0.090	0.135	.0035	.0053
D	SEE VARIATIONS		SEE VARIATIONS	
E	4.30	4.50	.169	.177
e	0.65 BSC		.026 BSC	
H	6.25	6.50	.246	.256
L	0.50	0.70	.020	.028
N	SEE VARIATIONS		SEE VARIATIONS	
Y	2.85	3.15	.112	.124
α	0°	8°	0°	8°

JEDEC			VARIATIONS			
MO-153	N		MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
AB	14	D	4.90	5.10	.193	.201
AC	16	D	4.90	5.10	.193	.201
AC-EP	16	D	4.90	5.10	.193	.201
		X	2.85	3.15	.112	.124
AD	20	D	6.40	6.60	.252	.260
AD-EP	20	D	6.40	6.60	.252	.260
		X	4.00	4.34	.157	.171
AE	24	D	7.70	7.90	.303	.311
AF	28	D	9.60	9.80	.378	.386
AF-EP		D	9.60	9.80	.378	.386
		X	5.35	5.65	.211	.222

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE FLASH.
2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .15 mm PER SIDE.
3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
4. MEETS JEDEC OUTLINE MO-153 VARIATIONS AB, AC, AD, AE, AF.
5. DIMENSIONS X AND Y APPLY TO EXPOSED PAD (EP) VERSIONS ONLY.
6. EXPOSED PAD FLUSH WITH BOTTOM OF PACKAGE WITHIN .002".

MAXIM

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

TITLE:

PACKAGE OUTLINE, TSSOP, 4.40mm BODY, 0.65mm PITCH

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REV	
	21-0066	C	1/1

NOTES

Общество с ограниченной ответственностью «МосЧип» ИНН 7719860671 / КПП 771901001
Адрес: 105318, г.Москва, ул.Щербаковская д.3, офис 1107

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В нашем ассортименте представлены ведущие мировые производители активных и пассивных электронных компонентов.

Нашей специализацией является поставка электронной компонентной базы двойного назначения, продукции таких производителей как XILINX, Intel (ex.ALTERA), Vicor, Microchip, Texas Instruments, Analog Devices, Mini-Circuits, Amphenol, Glenair.

Сотрудничество с глобальными дистрибьюторами электронных компонентов, предоставляет возможность заказывать и получать с международных складов практически любой перечень компонентов в оптимальные для Вас сроки.

На всех этапах разработки и производства наши партнеры могут получить квалифицированную поддержку опытных инженеров.

Система менеджмента качества компании отвечает требованиям в соответствии с ГОСТ Р ИСО 9001, ГОСТ РВ 0015-002 и ЭС РД 009

Офис по работе с юридическими лицами:

105318, г.Москва, ул.Щербаковская д.3, офис 1107, 1118, ДЦ «Щербаковский»

Телефон: +7 495 668-12-70 (многоканальный)

Факс: +7 495 668-12-70 (доб.304)

E-mail: info@moschip.ru

Skype отдела продаж:
moschip.ru
moschip.ru_4
moschip.ru_6
moschip.ru_9