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August 2008



FPF2100-FPF2107

IntelliMAX™ Advanced Load Management Products

Features

- 1.8 to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- Controlled Turn-On
- 200mA and 400mA Current Limit Options
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Thermal Shutdown
- <1µA Shutdown Current
- Auto restart
- Fast Current limit Response Time
 - 3µs to Moderate Over Currents
 - 20ns to Hard Shorts
- Fault Blanking
- RoHS Compliant

Applications

- PDAs
- Cell Phones
- GPS Devices
- MP3 Players
- Digital Cameras
- Peripheral Ports
- Hot Swap Supplies



General Description

The FPF2100 through FPF2107 is a family of load switches which provide full protection to systems and loads which may encounter large current conditions. These devices contain a 0.125Ω current-limited P-channel MOSFET which can operate over an input voltage range of 1.8-5.5V. Switch control is by a logic input (ON) capable of interfacing directly with low voltage control signals. Each part contains thermal shutdown protection which shuts off the switch to prevent damage to the part when a continuous over-current condition causes excessive heating.

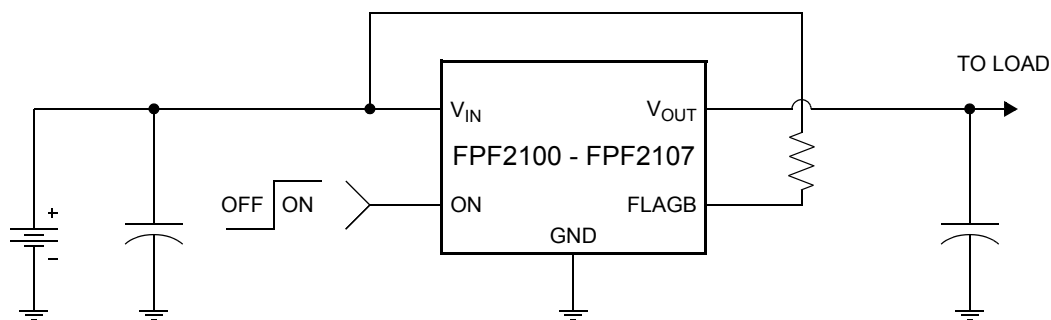
When the switch current reaches the current limit, the part operates in a constant-current mode to prohibit excessive currents from causing damage. For the FPF2100-FPF2102 and FPF2104-FPF2106, if the constant current condition still persists after 10ms, these parts will shut off the switch and pull the fault signal pin (FLAGB) low. The FPF2100, FPF2101, FPF2104 and FPF2105, have an auto-restart feature which will turn the switch on again after 160ms if the ON pin is still active. The FPF2102 and FPF2106 do not have this auto-restart feature so the switch will remain off until the ON pin is cycled. For the FPF2103 and FPF2107, a current limit condition will immediately pull the fault signal pin low and the part will remain in the constant-current mode until the switch current falls below the current limit. For the FPF2100 through FPF2103, the minimum current limit is 200mA while that for the FPF2104 through FPF2107 is 400mA.

These parts are available in a space-saving 5 pin SOT23 package.

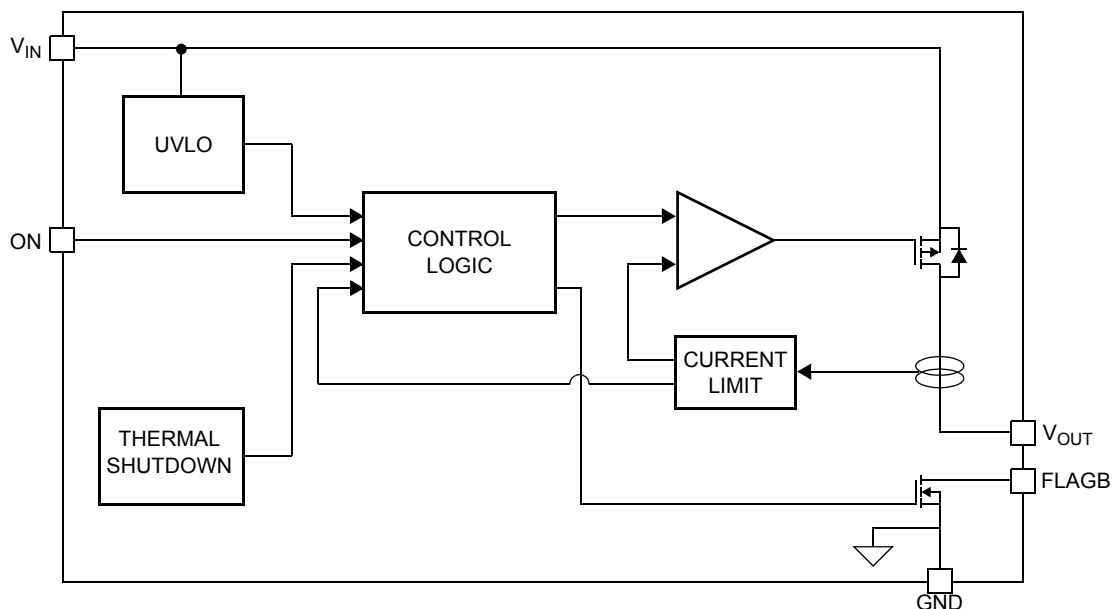
Ordering Information

Part	Current Limit [mA]	Current Limit Blanking Time [ms]	Auto-Restart Time [ms]	ON Pin Activity	Top Mark
FPF2100	200	10	160	Active HI	2100
FPF2101	200	10	160	Active LO	2101
FPF2102	200	10	NA	Active HI	2102
FPF2103	200	0	NA	Active HI	2103
FPF2104	400	10	160	Active HI	2104
FPF2105	400	10	160	Active LO	2105
FPF2106	400	10	NA	Active HI	2106
FPF2107	400	0	NA	Active HI	2107

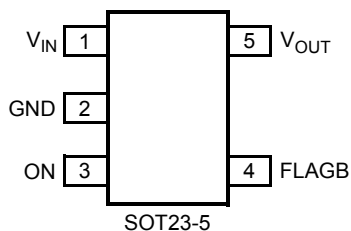
Typical Application Circuit



Functional Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin	Name	Function
1	V_{IN}	Supply Input: Input to the power switch and the supply voltage for the IC
2	GND	Ground
3	ON	ON Control Input
4	$FLAGB$	Fault Output: Active LO, open drain output which indicates an over current supply, under voltage or over temperature state.
5	V_{OUT}	Switch Output: Output of the power switch

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , ON, FLAGB to GND		-0.3	6	V
Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (note 1)			667	mW
Operating Junction Temperature		-40	125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature		-65	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient			150	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Electrostatic Discharge Protection	HBM	4000		V
	MM	400		V

Recommended Operating Range

Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V_{IN}		1.8	5.5	V
Ambient Operating Temperature, T_A		-40	85	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics

$V_{IN} = 1.8$ to 5.5V , $T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
Basic Operation							
Operating Voltage	V _{IN}			1.8		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	I _Q	I _{OUT} = 0mA	V _{IN} = 1.8 to 3.3V		95		μA
		V _{ON} active	V _{IN} = 3.3 to 5.5V		110	200	
Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}					1	μA
Latch-Off Current (note 2)	I _{LATCHOFF}	V _{ON} = V _{IN} , after an overcurrent fault			50		μA
On-Resistance	R _{ON}	V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 50mA, T _A = 25°C			125	160	mΩ
		V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 50mA, T _A = 85°C			150	200	
		V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 50mA, T _A = -40°C to +85°C		65		200	
ON Input Logic High Voltage	V _{IH}	V _{IN} = 1.8V		0.75			V
		V _{IN} = 5.5V		1.30			
ON Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{IL}	V _{IN} = 1.8V				0.5	V
		V _{IN} = 5.5V				1.0	
ON Input Leakage		V _{ON} = V _{IN} or GND				1	μA
Off Switch Leakage	I _{SWOFF}	V _{ON} = 0V, V _{OUT} = 0V @ V _{IN} = 5.5V, T _A = 85°C				1	μA
		V _{ON} = 0V, V _{OUT} = 0V @ V _{IN} = 3.3V, T _A = 25°C			10	100	nA
FLAGB Output Logic Low Voltage		V _{IN} = 5V, I _{SINK} = 10mA			0.1	0.2	V
		V _{IN} = 1.8V, I _{SINK} = 10mA			0.15	0.3	
FLAGB Output High Leakage Current		V _{IN} = 5V, Switch on				1	μA
Protections							
Current Limit	I _{LIM}	V _{IN} = 3.3V, V _{OUT} = 3.0V	FPF2100, FPF2101, FPF2102, FPF2103	200	300	400	mA
			FPF2104, FPF2105, FPF2106, FPF2107	400	600	800	
Thermal Shutdown		Shutdown Threshold			140		°C
		Return from Shutdown			130		
		Hysteresis			10		

Electrical Characteristics Cont.

$V_{IN} = 1.8$ to $5.5V$, $T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Protections						
Under Voltage Shutdown	UVLO	V_{IN} Increasing	1.5	1.6	1.7	V
Under Voltage Shutdown Hysteresis				47		mV
Dynamic						
Turn on time	t_{ON}	$R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 0.1\mu F$		25		μs
Turn off time	t_{OFF}	$R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 0.1\mu F$		50		μs
V_{OUT} Rise Time	t_R	$R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 0.1\mu F$		12		μs
V_{OUT} Fall Time	t_F	$R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 0.1\mu F$		136		μs
Over Current Blanking Time	t_{BLANK}	FPF2100, FPF2101, FPF2102, FPF2104, FPF2105, FPF2106	5	10	20	ms
Auto-Restart Time	t_{RSTRT}	FPF2100, FPF2101, FPF2104, FPF2105	80	160	320	ms
Short Circuit Response Time		$V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 3.3V$. Moderate Over-Current Condition.		3		μs
		$V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 3.3V$. Hard Short.		20		ns

Note 1: Package power dissipation on 1 square inch pad, 2 oz. copper board.

Note 2: Applicable only to FPF2102 and FPF2106. Latchoff current does not include current flowing into FLAGB.

Typical Characteristics

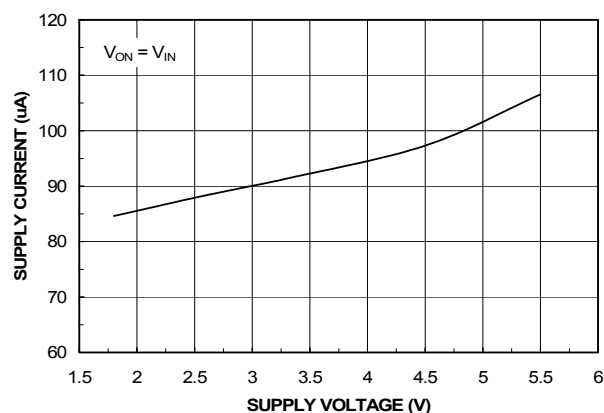


Figure 1. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

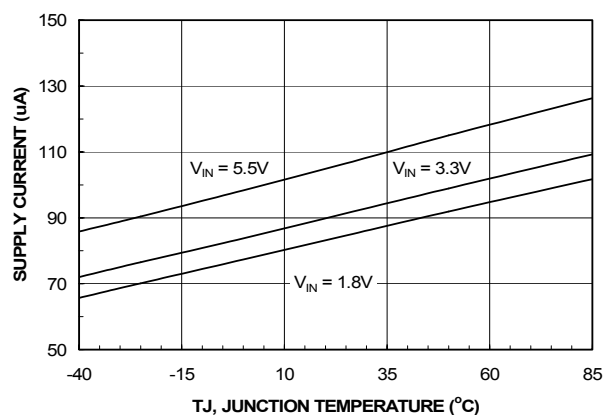


Figure 2. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

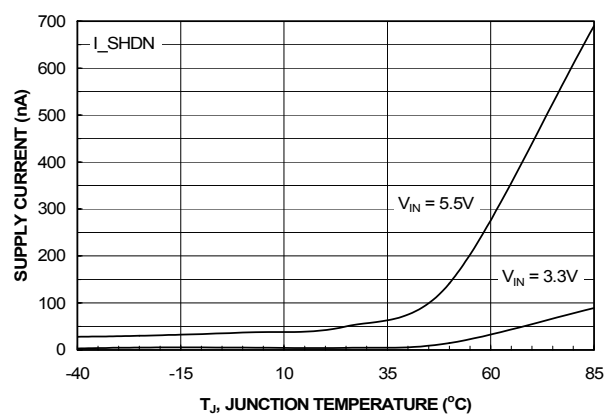


Figure 3. $I_{SHUTDOWN}$ Current vs. Temperature

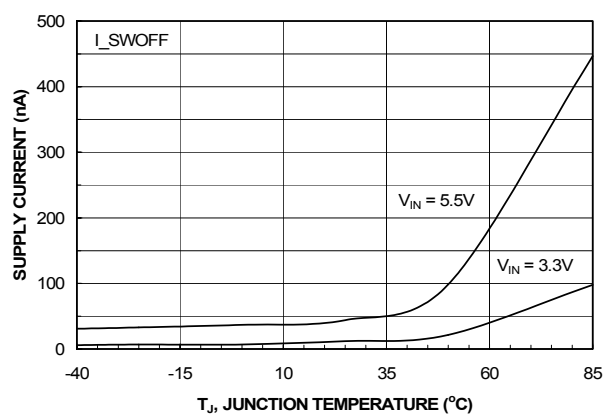


Figure 4. $I_{SWITCH-OFF}$ Current vs. Temperature

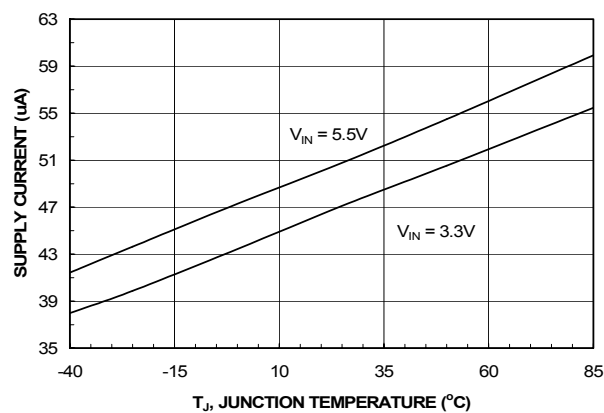


Figure 5. $I_{LATCHOFF}$ vs. Temperature

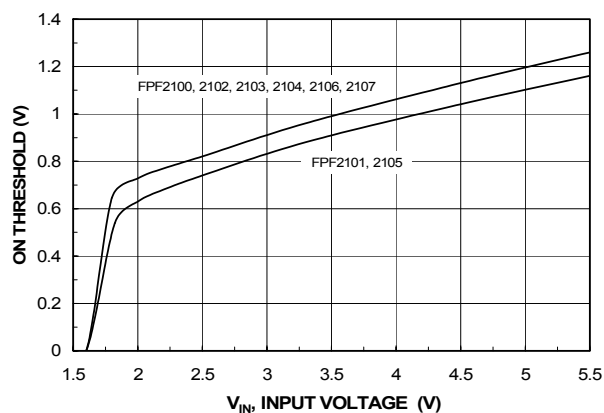


Figure 6. V_{IH} vs. V_{IN}

Typical Characteristics

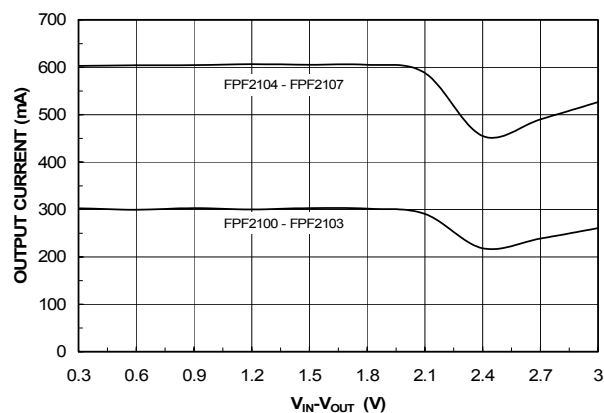


Figure 7. Current Limit vs. Output Voltage

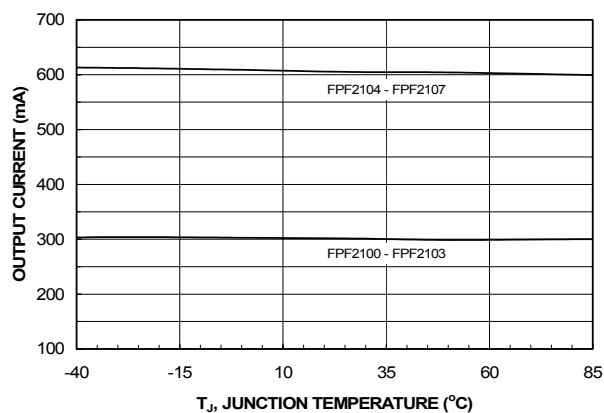


Figure 8. Current Limit vs. Temperature

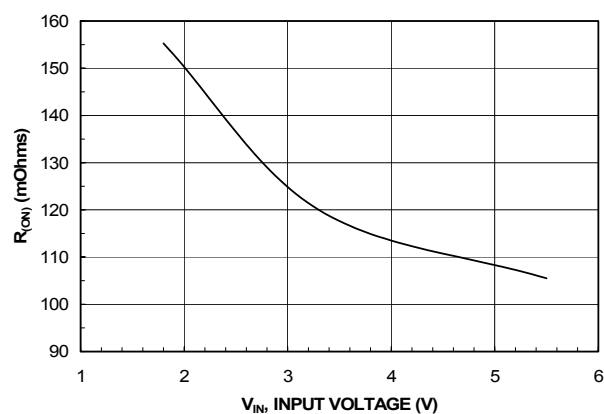


Figure 9. $R_{(ON)}$ vs. V_{IN}

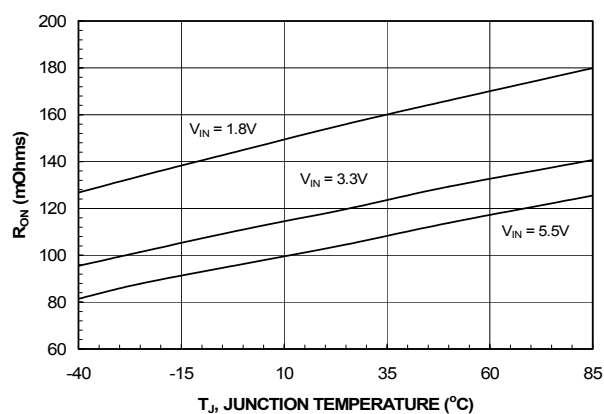


Figure 10. $R_{(ON)}$ vs. Temperature

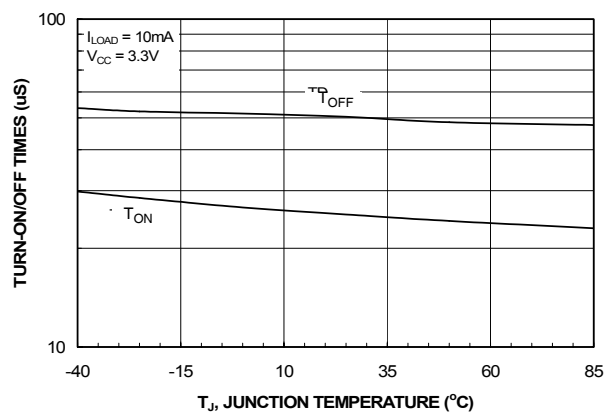


Figure 11. T_{ON}/T_{OFF} vs. Temperature

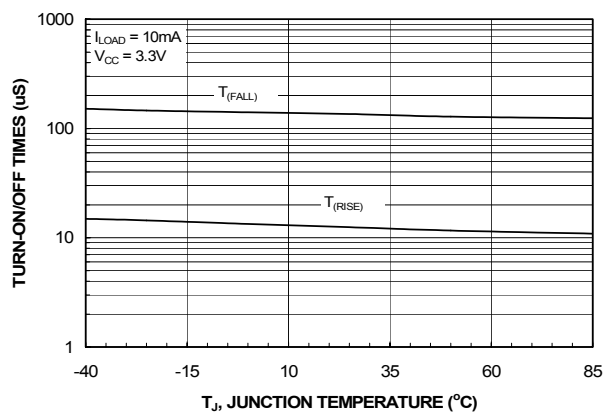


Figure 12. T_{RISE}/T_{FALL} vs. Temperature

Typical Characteristics

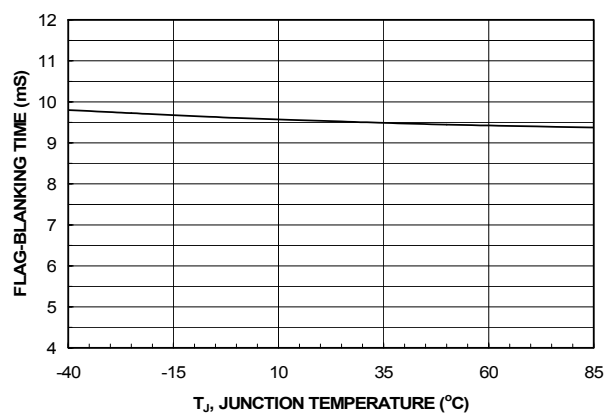


Figure 13. T_{BLANK} vs. Temperature

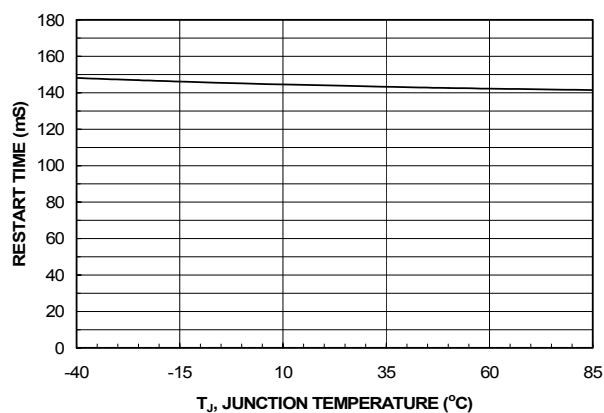


Figure 14. $T_{RESTART}$ vs. Temperature

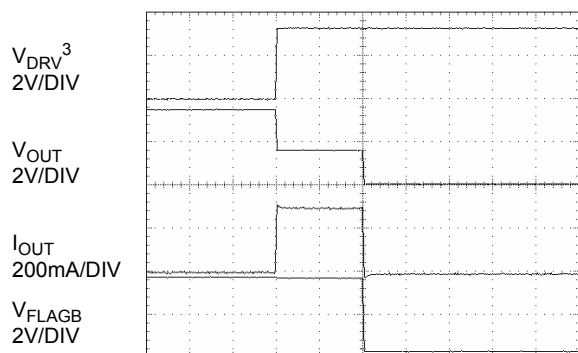


Figure 15. T_{BLANK} Response

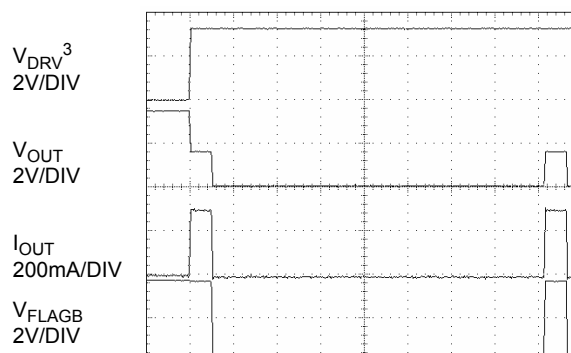


Figure 16. $T_{RESTART}$ Response

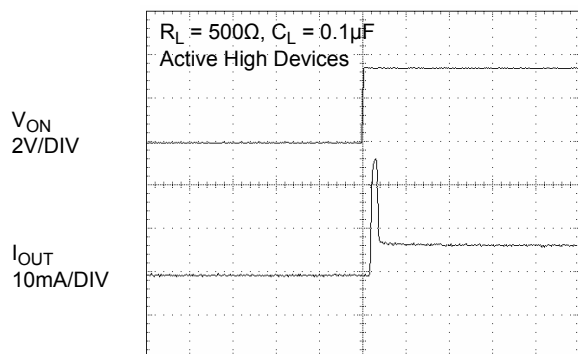


Figure 17. T_{ON} Response

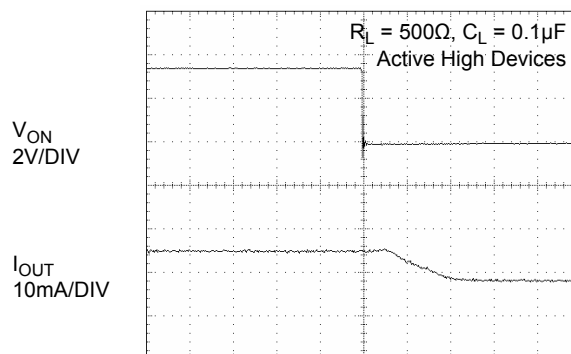


Figure 18. T_{OFF} Response

Typical Characteristics

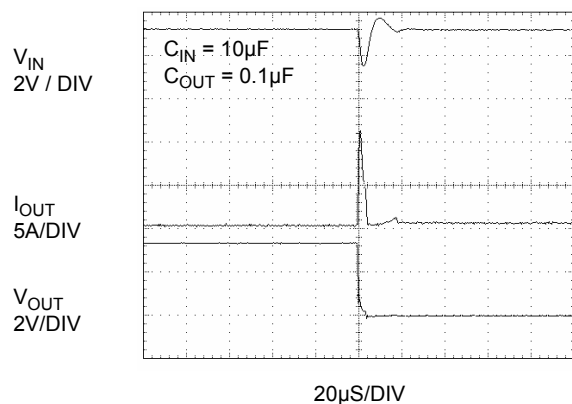


Figure 19. Short Circuit Response Time
(Output Shorted to GND)

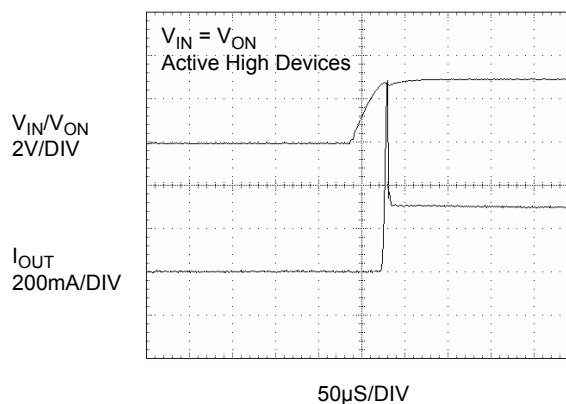


Figure 20. Current Limit Response
(Switch power up to hard short)

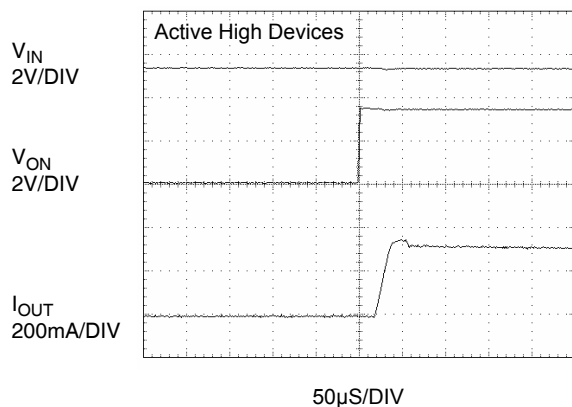


Figure 21. Current Limit Response Time
(Output Shorted to GND by 10Ω, moderate short)

Note 3: V_{DRV} signal forces the device to go into overcurrent condition.

Description of Operation

The FPF2100-FPF2107 are current limited switches that protect systems and loads which can be damaged or disrupted by the application of high currents. The core of each device is a 0.125Ω P-channel MOSFET and a controller capable of functioning over a wide input operating range of 1.8-5.5V. The controller protects against system malfunctions through current limiting, under-voltage lockout and thermal shutdown. The current limit is preset for either 200mA or 400mA.

On/Off Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. Active HI and LO versions are available. Refer to the Ordering Information for details. Activating ON continuously holds the switch in the on state so long as there is no fault. For all versions, an under-voltage on V_{IN} or a junction temperature in excess of 150°C overrides the ON control to turn off the switch. In addition, excessive currents will cause the switch to turn off in FPF2100-FPF2102 and FPF2104-FPF2107. The FPF2100, FPF2101, FPF2104 and FPF2105 have an Auto-Restart feature which will automatically turn the switch on again after 160ms. For the FPF2102 and FPF2106, the ON pin must be toggled to turn-on the switch again. The FPF2103 and FPF2107 do not turn off in response to a over current condition but instead remain operating in a constant current mode so long as ON is active and the thermal shutdown or under-voltage lockout have not activated.

Fault Reporting

Upon the detection of an over-current, an input under-voltage, or an over-temperature condition, the FLAGB signals the fault mode by activating LO. For the FPF2100-FPF2102 and FPF2104-FPF2106, the FLAGB goes LO at the end of the blanking time while FLAGB goes LO immediately for the FPF2103 and FPF2107. FLAGB remains LO through the Auto-Restart Time for the FPF2100, FPF2101 FPF2104 and FPF2105. For the FPF2102 and FPF2106, FLAGB is latched LO and ON must be toggled to release it. With the FPF2103 and FPF2107, FLAGB is LO during the faults and immediately returns HI at the end of the fault condition. FLAGB is an open-drain MOSFET which requires a pull-up resistor between VIN and FLAGB. During shutdown, the pull-down on FLAGB is disabled to reduce current draw from the supply.

Current Limiting

The current limit ensures that the current through the switch doesn't exceed a maximum value while not limiting at less than a minimum value. For the FPF2100-FPF2103 the minimum current is 200mA and the maximum current is 400mA and for the FPF2104-FPF2107 the minimum current is 400mA and the maximum current is 800mA. The FPF2100-FPF2103 have a blanking time of 10ms, nominally, during which the switch will act as a constant current source. At the end of the blanking time, the switch will be turned-off and the FLAGB pin will activate to indicate that current limiting has occurred. The FPF2103 and FPF2107 have no current limit blanking period so immediately upon a current limit condition FLAGB is activated. These parts will remain in a constant current state until the ON pin is deactivated or the thermal shutdown turns-off the switch.

Reverse Voltage

If the voltage at the V_{OUT} pin is larger than the V_{IN} pin, large currents may flow and can cause permanent damage to the device. FPF2100-FPF2107 is designed to control current flow from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} .

Under-Voltage Lockout

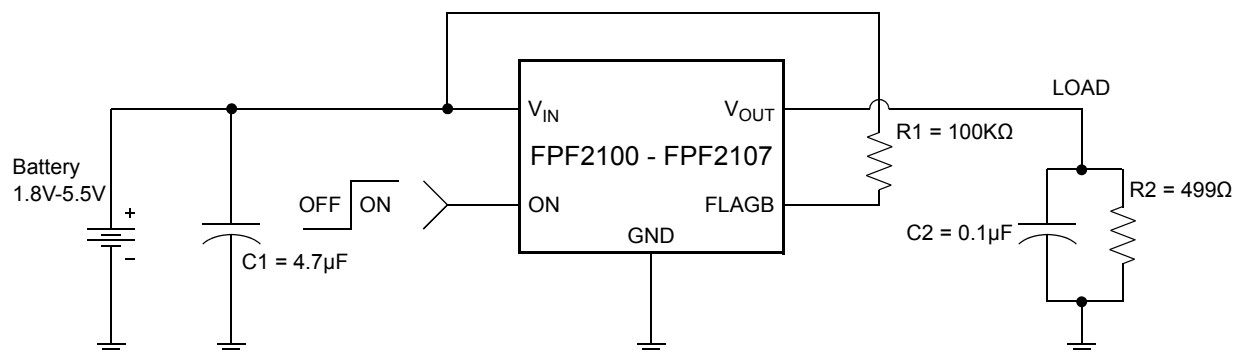
The under-voltage lockout turns-off the switch if the input voltage drops below the under-voltage lockout threshold. With the ON pin active the input voltage rising above the under-voltage lockout threshold will cause a controlled turn on of the switch which limits current over-shoots.

Thermal Shutdown

The thermal shutdown protects the part from internally or externally generated excessive temperatures. During an over-temperature condition the FLAGB is activated and the switch is turned-off. The switch automatically turns-on again if the temperature of the die drops below the threshold temperature.

Application Information

Typical Application



Input Capacitor

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient in-rush currents when the switch turns-on into a discharged load capacitor or a short-circuit, a capacitor needs to be placed between V_{IN} and GND. A 4.7µF ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , must be placed close to the V_{IN} pin. A higher value of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop experienced as the switch is turned on into a large capacitive load.

Output Capacitor

A 0.1µF capacitor C_{OUT} should be placed between V_{OUT} and GND. This capacitor will prevent parasitic board inductances from forcing V_{OUT} below GND when the switch turns-off. For the FPF2100-FPF2102 and the FPF2104-FPF2106, the total output capacitance needs to be kept below a maximum value, $C_{OUT(max)}$, to prevent the part from registering an over-current condition and turning off the switch. The maximum output capacitance can be determined from the following formula,

$$C_{OUT(max)} = \frac{I_{LIM(max)} \times t_{BLANK(min)}}{V_{IN}} \quad (1)$$

Due to the integral body diode in the PMOS switch, a C_{IN} greater than C_{OUT} is highly recommended. A C_{OUT} greater than C_{IN} can cause V_{OUT} to exceed V_{IN} when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from V_{OUT} to V_{IN} .

Power Dissipation

During normal operation as a switch, the power dissipation is small and has little effect on the operating temperature of the part. The parts with the higher current limits will dissipate the most power and that will only typically be,

$$P = (I_{LIM})^2 \times R_{DS} = (0.2)^2 \times 0.125 = 80mW \quad (2)$$

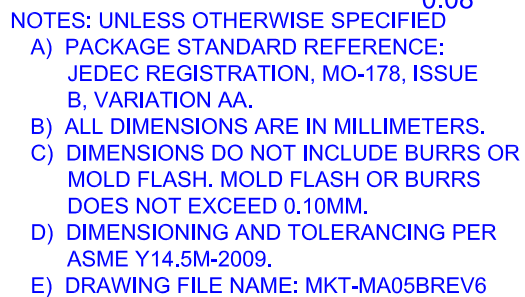
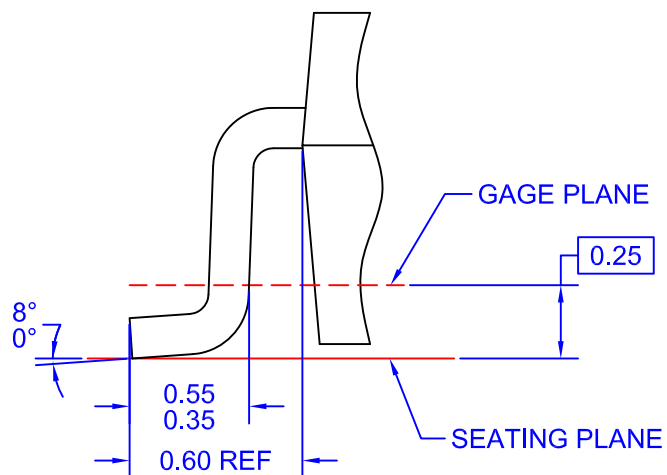
If the part goes into current limit the maximum power dissipation will occur when the output is shorted to ground. For the FPF2100, FPF2101, FPF2104 and FPF2105, the power dissipation will scale by the Auto-Restart Time, t_{RSTR} , and the Over Current Blanking Time, t_{BLANK} , so that the maximum power dissipated is typically,

$$P(max) = \frac{t_{BLANK}}{t_{RESTART} + t_{BLANK}} \times V_{IN(max)} \times I_{LIM(max)} \\ = \frac{10}{10 + 160} \times 5.5 \times 0.8 = 260mW \quad (3)$$

When using the FPF2102 and FPF2106 attention must be given to the manual resetting of the part. Continuously resetting the part at a high duty cycle when a short on the output is present can cause the temperature of the part to increase. The junction temperature will only be allowed to increase to the thermal shutdown threshold. Once this temperature has been reached, toggling ON will not turn on the switch until the junction temperature drops. For the FPF2103 and FPF2107, a short on the output will cause the part to operate in a constant current state dissipating a worst case power as calculated in (3) until the thermal shutdown activates. It will then cycle in and out of thermal shutdown so long as the ON pin is active and the short is present.

Board Layout

For best performance, all traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces for V_{IN} , V_{OUT} and GND will help minimize parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.



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