

MOSFET

Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor

CoolMOS™ CE

800V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor
IPA80R1K0CE

Data Sheet

Rev. 2.1
Final

1 Description

CoolMOS™ CE is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs. The high voltage capability combines safety with performance and ruggedness to allow stable designs at highest efficiency level. CoolMOS™ 800V CE comes with selected package choice offering the benefit of reduced system costs and higher power density designs.

Features

- High voltage technology
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Low gate charge
- Low effective capacitances
- Pb-free plating, RoHS Compliant, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for consumer grade applications

Applications

LED Lighting for retrofit applications in QR Flyback topology

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

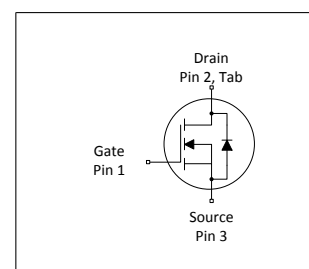


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_J=25^{\circ}C$	800	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	950	$m\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	31	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	18	A
$E_{oss}@400V$	2.4	μJ
Body diode di/dt	400	A/ μs

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPA80R1K0CE	PG-TO 220 FullPAK	8R1K0CE	see Appendix A

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2 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	5.7 3.6	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	18	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	230	mJ	$I_D=1.6\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.20	mJ	$I_D=1.6\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, repetitive	I_{AR}	-	-	1.60	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots640\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	32	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	5.7	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	18	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	4	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	400	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Insulation withstand voltage for TO-220FP	V_{ISO}	-	-	2500	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max} < 150^\circ\text{C}$.

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

3 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics TO-220 FullPAK

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	3.9	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	80	°C/W	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

4 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	800	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=0.25mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2.1	3.0	3.9	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.25mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	10	μA	$V_{DS}=800$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=800$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.83 2.19	0.95 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=3.6A$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=3.6A$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	1.2	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	785	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	33	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	26	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...480V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	69	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...480V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	25	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $R_G=15\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	15	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $R_G=15\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	72	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $R_G=15\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	8	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $R_G=15\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	4	-	nC	$V_{DD}=640V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	15	-	nC	$V_{DD}=640V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	31	-	nC	$V_{DD}=640V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.5	-	V	$V_{DD}=640V$, $I_D=5.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 480V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 480V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	1	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=5.7A$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	520	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=5.7A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	5	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=5.7A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	18	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=5.7A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8

5 Electrical characteristics diagrams



Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics

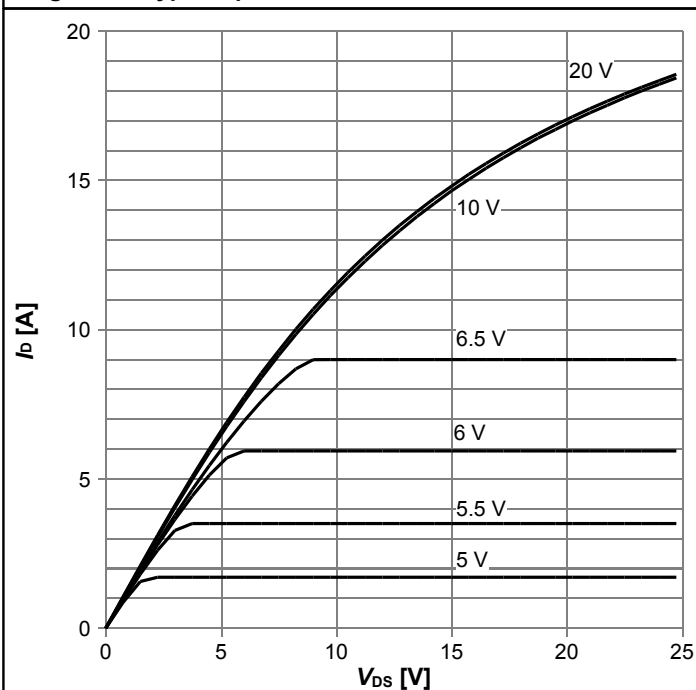

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 10\ \mu\text{s}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics

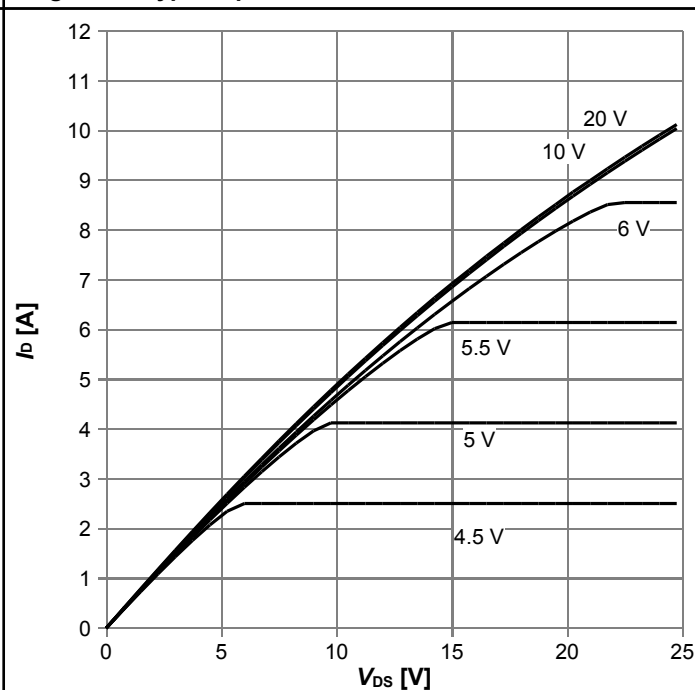

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 10\ \mu\text{s}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

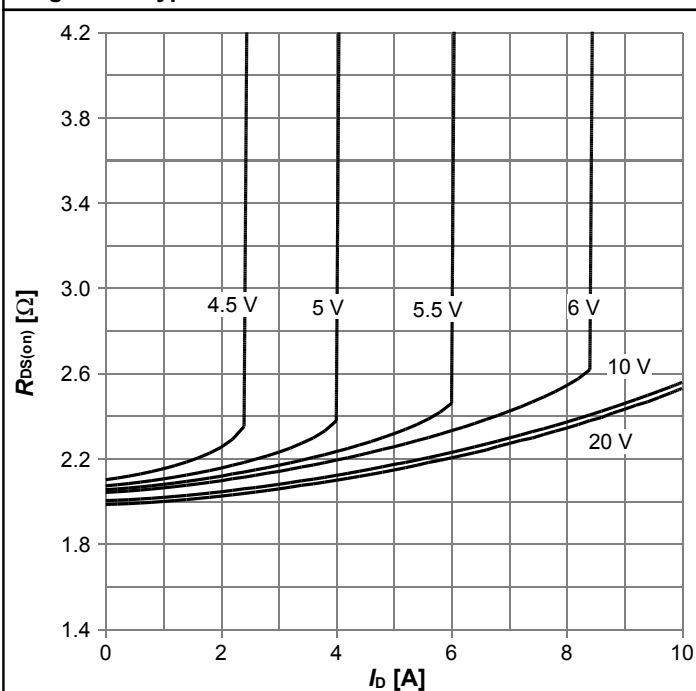

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance

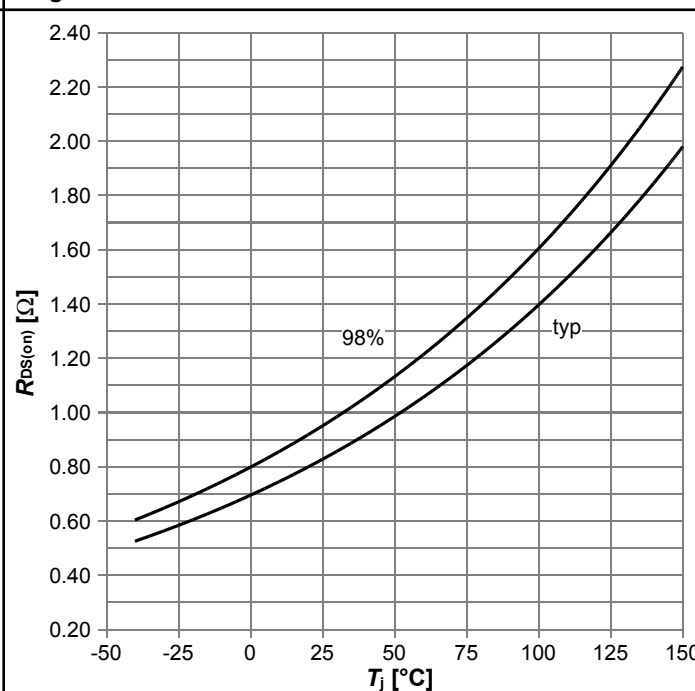

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J); I_D = 3.6\ \text{A}; V_{GS} = 10\ \text{V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics

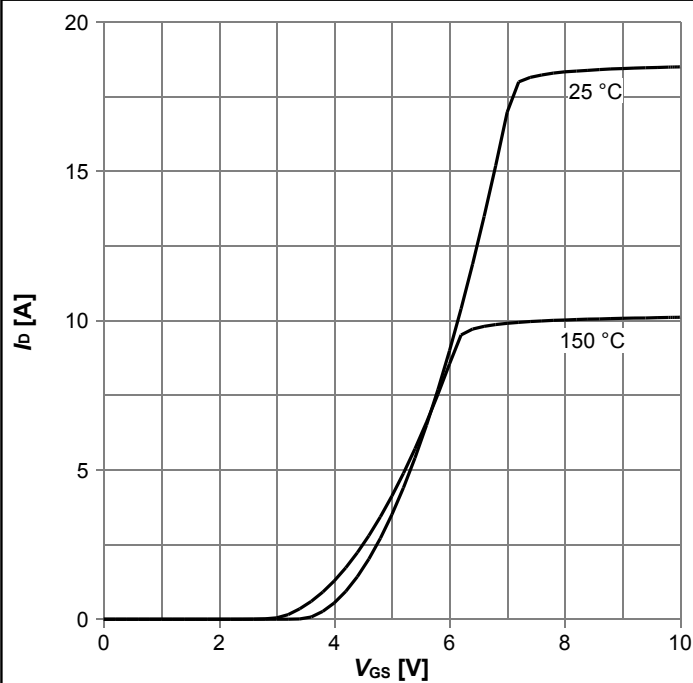

 $I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}; t_p = 10 \mu s; \text{parameter: } T_j$

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge

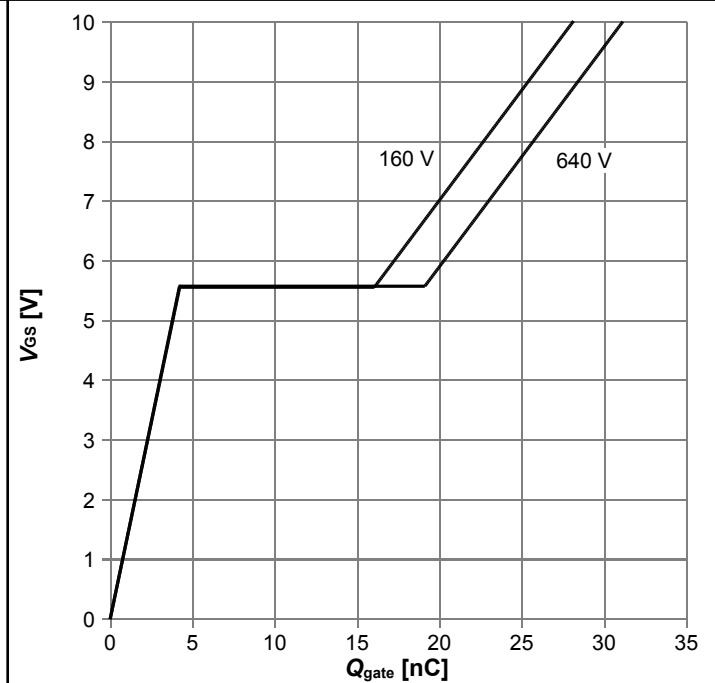

 $V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate}); I_D = 5.7 \text{ A pulsed}; \text{parameter: } V_{DD}$

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode

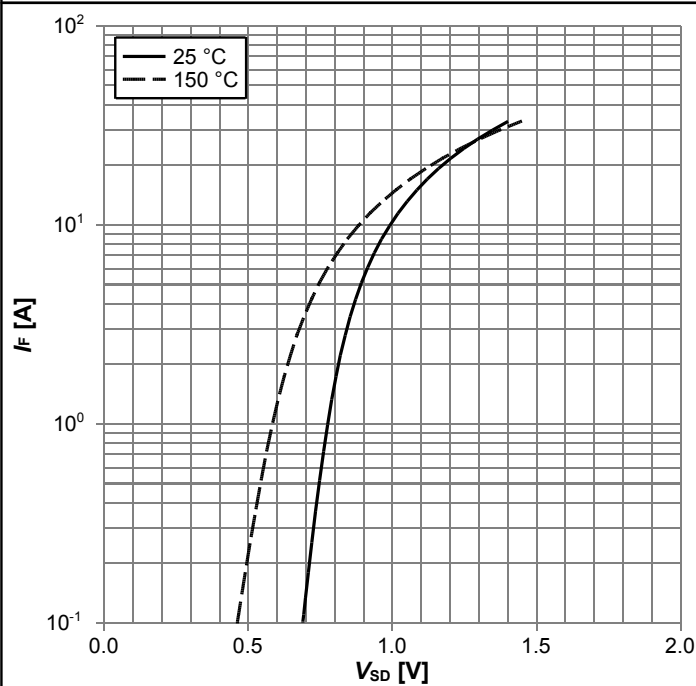

 $I_F = f(V_{SD}); t_p = 10 \mu s; \text{parameter: } T_j$

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy

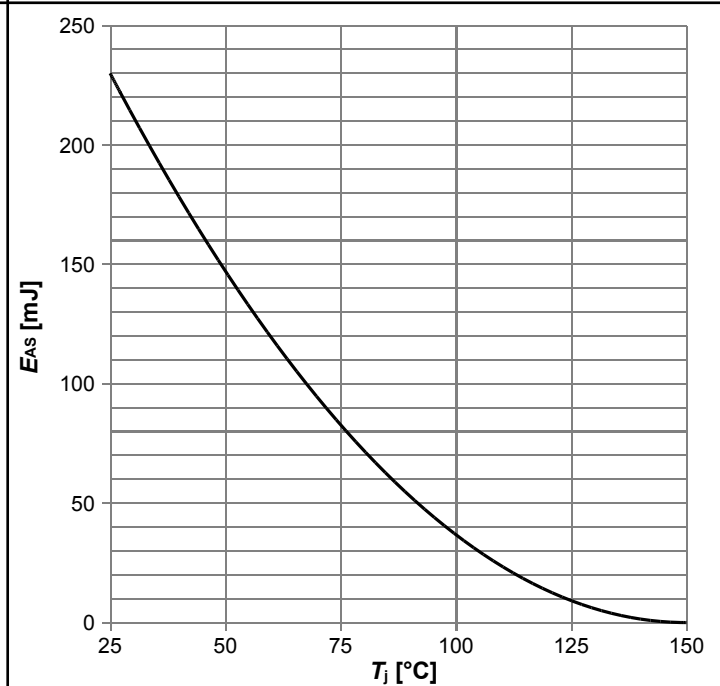
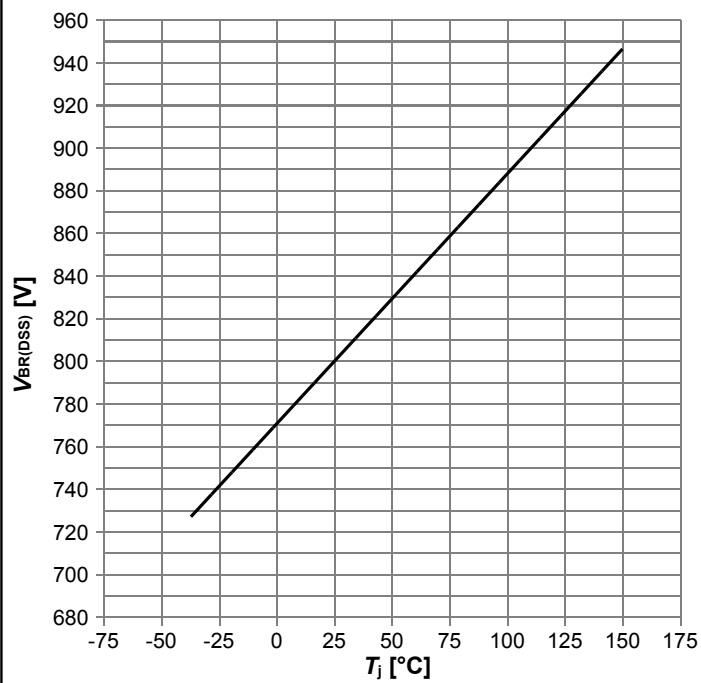
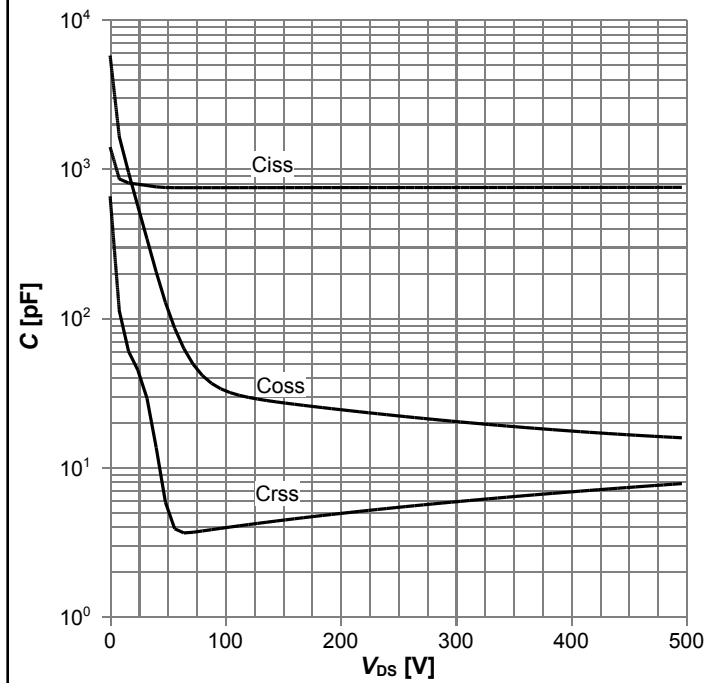

 $E_{AS} = f(T_j); I_D = 1.6 \text{ A}; V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j); I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$

6 Test Circuits

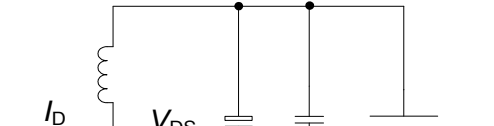
Table 8 Diode characteristics

Test circuit for diode characteristics $R_{g1} = R_{g2}$	Diode recovery waveform $t_{rr} = t_F + t_S$ $Q_{rr} = Q_F + Q_S$
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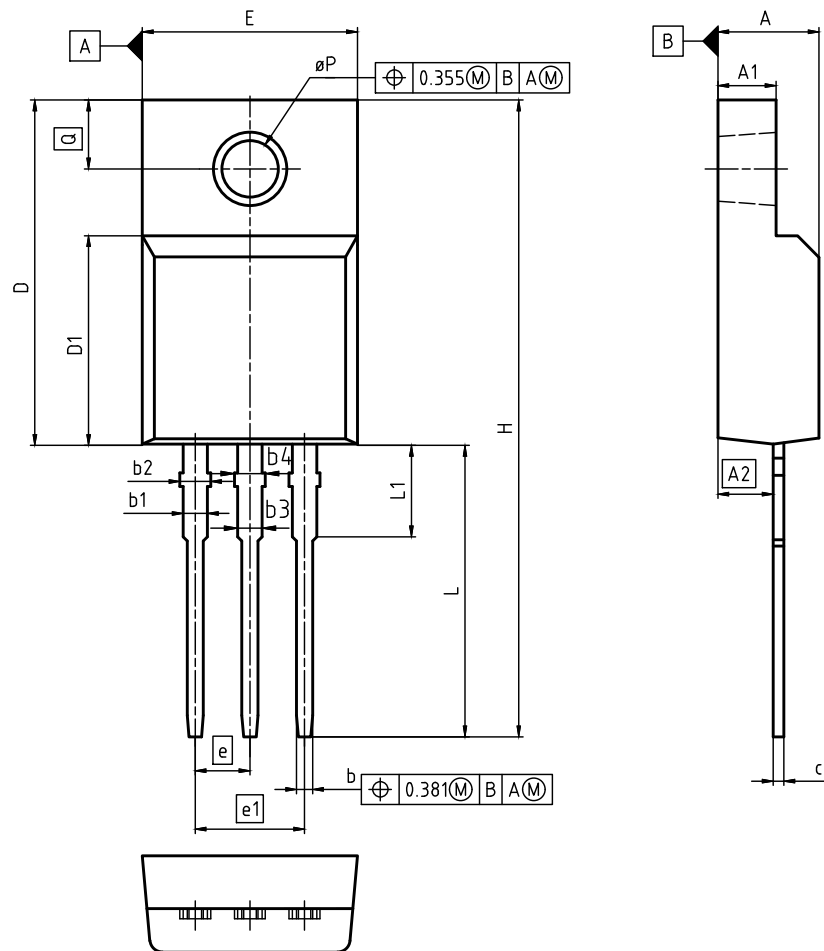
Table 9 Switching times

Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
The circuit diagram illustrates a MOSFET switching an inductive load. A pulse generator is connected to the gate of the MOSFET through a resistor, with the gate voltage labeled V_{GS}. The MOSFET's drain is connected to a DC source and an inductive load (represented by an inductor and a diode in parallel). The drain voltage is labeled V_{DS}. The load is connected to ground.	The timing diagram shows the relationship between the drain-source voltage V_{DS} and the gate-source voltage V_{GS} during switching transitions. The V_{GS} signal is a square wave. The V_{DS} signal shows the voltage across the MOSFET during turn-on and turn-off. Key points on the V_{DS} waveform are marked at 90% and 10% of the supply voltage. The switching times are defined as follows: $t_{d(on)}$: Delay time from 10% V_{GS} to 90% V_{DS}. t_r: Rise time from 90% V_{DS} to 100% V_{DS}. t_{on}: Total turn-on time from 10% V_{GS} to 100% V_{DS}. $t_{d(off)}$: Delay time from 90% V_{DS} to 10% V_{GS}. t_f: Fall time from 10% V_{DS} to 100% V_{GS}. t_{off}: Total turn-off time from 90% V_{DS} to 100% V_{GS}.

Table 10 **Unclamped inductive load**

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

7 Package Outlines



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.50	4.90	0.177	0.193
A1	2.34	2.85	0.092	0.112
A2	2.42	2.86	0.095	0.113
b	0.65	0.90	0.026	0.035
b1	0.95	1.38	0.037	0.054
b2	0.95	1.51	0.037	0.059
b3	0.65	1.38	0.026	0.054
b4	0.65	1.51	0.026	0.059
c	0.40	0.63	0.016	0.025
D	15.67	16.15	0.617	0.636
D1	8.97	9.83	0.353	0.387
E	10.00	10.65	0.394	0.419
e	2.54 (BSC)		0.100 (BSC)	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H	28.70	29.75	1.130	1.171
L	12.78	13.75	0.503	0.541
L1	2.83	3.45	0.111	0.136
øP	2.95	3.38	0.116	0.133
Q	3.15	3.50	0.124	0.138

Dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs

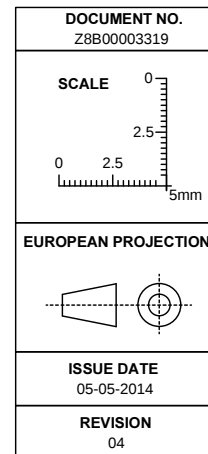


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 220 FullPAK, dimensions in mm/inches

8 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS™ CE Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ CE application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ CE simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPA80R1K0CE

Revision: 2015-06-23, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2014-09-25	Release of final version
2.1	2015-06-23	Continuous current Id update

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