

74HC4316; 74HCT4316

Quad single-pole single-throw analog switch

Rev. 4 — 15 October 2018

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74HC4316; 74HCT4316 is a quad single pole, single throw analog switch (SPST). Each switch features two input/output terminals (nY and nZ) and an active HIGH enable input (nS). When nS is LOW, the analog switch is turned off. When \bar{E} is HIGH all four analog switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of V_{CC} .

2. Features and benefits

- Input levels \bar{E} and nS inputs:
 - For 74HC4316: CMOS level
 - For 74HCT4316: TTL level
- Low ON resistance:
 - 160 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 4.5$ V
 - 120 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 6.0$ V
 - 80 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 9.0$ V
- Logic level translation:
 - To enable 5 V logic to communicate with ± 5 V analog signals
- Typical break-before-make built in
- Specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to $+85$ °C and -40 °C to $+125$ °C

3. Applications

- Signal gating
- Modulation
- Demodulation
- Chopper

4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | Version |
|-------------|-------------------|---------|--|----------|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | |
| 74HC4316D | -40 °C to +125 °C | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm | SOT109-1 |
| 74HCT4316D | | | | |
| 74HC4316DB | -40 °C to +125 °C | SSOP16 | plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm | SOT338-1 |
| 74HCT4316DB | | | | |
| 74HC4316PW | -40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP16 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm | SOT403-1 |
| 74HCT4316PW | | | | |

5. Functional diagram

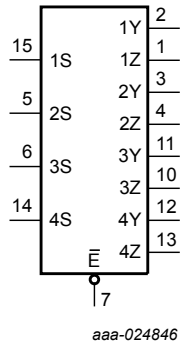


Fig. 1. Logic symbol

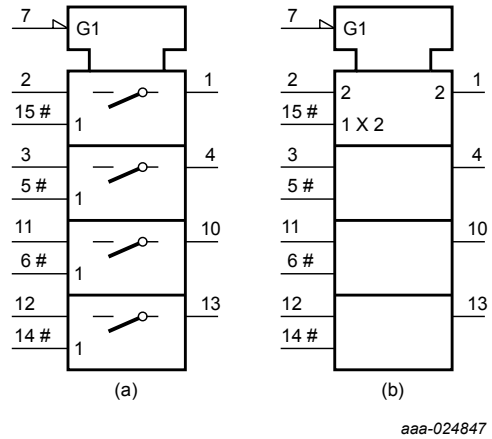


Fig. 2. IEC logic symbol

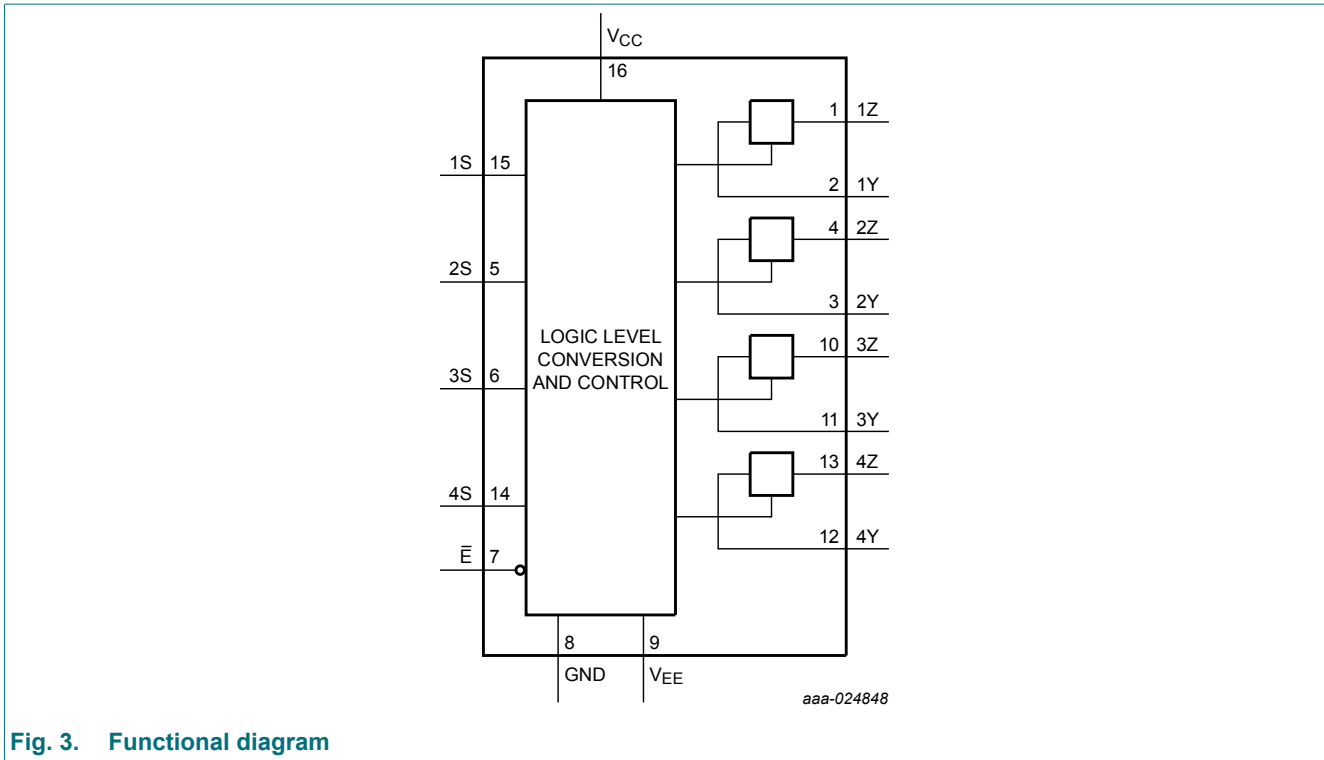


Fig. 3. Functional diagram

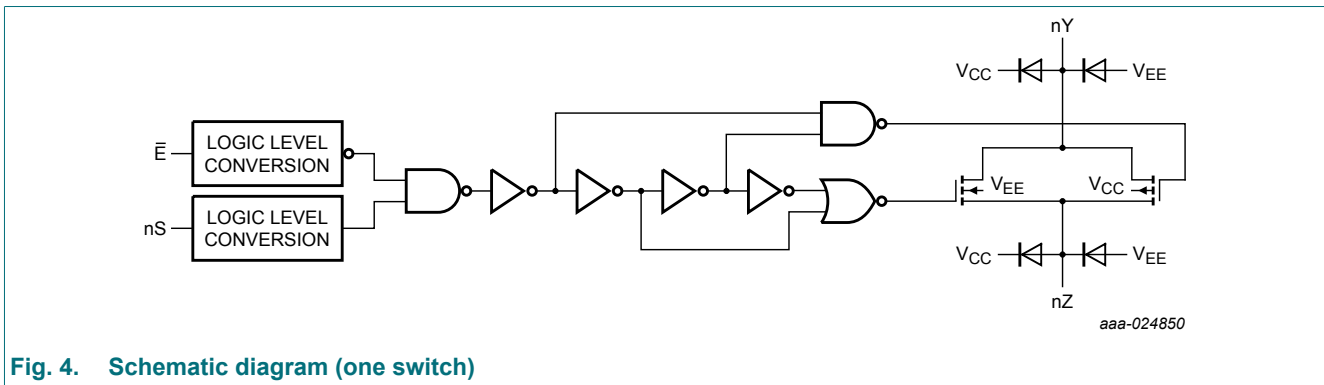


Fig. 4. Schematic diagram (one switch)

6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning



Fig. 5. Pin configuration SOT109-1 (SO16)

Fig. 6. Pin configuration SOT338-1 (SSOP16) and SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

6.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 1Z, 2Z, 3Z, 4Z | 1, 4, 10, 13 | independent input or output |
| 1Y, 2Y, 3Y, 4Y | 2, 3, 11, 12 | independent input or output |
| \bar{E} | 7 | enable input (active LOW) |
| GND | 8 | ground (0 V) |
| V_{EE} | 9 | negative supply voltage |
| 1S, 2S, 3S, 4S | 15, 5, 6, 14 | select input (active HIGH) |
| V_{CC} | 14 | positive supply voltage |

7. Functional description

Table 3. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care.

| Input | | Switch |
|-----------|----|--------|
| \bar{E} | nS | |
| L | L | OFF |
| L | H | ON |
| H | X | OFF |

8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----------|-------------------------|--|------|----------|------|
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | -0.5 | +11.0 | V |
| I_{IK} | input clamping current | $V_I < -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$ | - | ± 20 | mA |
| I_{SK} | switch clamping current | $V_{SW} < -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$ | - | ± 20 | mA |
| I_{SW} | switch current | $V_{SW} = -0.5\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$ [1] | - | ± 25 | mA |
| I_{EE} | supply current | | - | 20 | mA |
| I_{CC} | supply current | | - | 50 | mA |
| I_{GND} | ground current | | -50 | - | mA |
| T_{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| P_{tot} | total power dissipation | $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ to $+125\text{ °C}$ [2] | - | 500 | mW |
| P | power dissipation | per switch | - | 100 | mW |

- [1] To avoid drawing V_{CC} current out of terminal nZ, when switch current flows in terminals nY, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no V_{CC} current will flow out of terminals nY. In this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at nY and nZ may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .
- [2] For SO16 package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K above 70 °C.
For (T)SSOP16 packages: P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K above 60 °C.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 74HC4316 | | | 74HCT4316 | | | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|------|----------|-----------|------|----------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | see Fig. 7 and Fig. 8 | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} - GND$ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| | | $V_{EE} - GND$ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | V |
| V_I | input voltage | | GND | - | V_{CC} | GND | - | V_{CC} | V |
| V_{SW} | switch voltage | | V_{EE} | - | V_{CC} | V_{EE} | - | V_{CC} | V |
| T_{amb} | ambient temperature | | -40 | +25 | +125 | -40 | +25 | +125 | °C |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 625 | - | - | - | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ | - | 1.67 | 139 | - | 1.67 | 139 | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 83 | - | - | - | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 35 | - | - | - | ns/V |

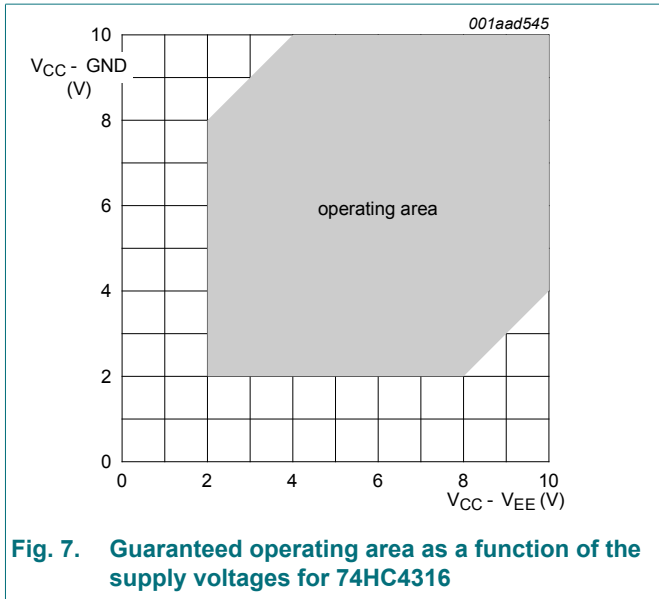


Fig. 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HC4316

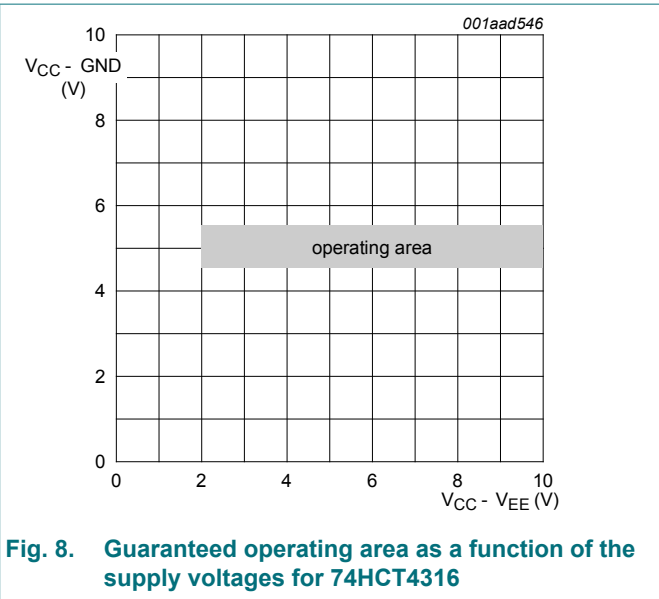


Fig. 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4316

10. Static characteristics

Table 6. R_{ON} resistance per switch for types 74HC4316 and 74HCT4316

$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see Fig. 9.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

V_{os} is the output voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4316: $V_{CC} - GND$ or $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.0\text{ V}, 4.5\text{ V}, 6.0\text{ V}$ and 9.0 V .

For 74HCT4316: $V_{CC} - GND = 4.5\text{ V}$ and 5.5 V ; $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.0\text{ V}, 4.5\text{ V}, 6.0\text{ V}$ and 9.0 V .

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 25 °C | | -40 °C to +85 °C | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|----------------|----------------------|---|-------|-----|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|----------|
| | | | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| $R_{ON(peak)}$ | ON resistance (peak) | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 160 | 320 | - | 400 | - | 480 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 120 | 240 | - | 300 | - | 360 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 85 | 170 | - | 215 | - | 255 | Ω |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 25 °C | | -40 °C to +85 °C | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------|-----|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| | | | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| R _{ON(rail)} | ON resistance (rail) | V _{is} = V _{EE} [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; I _{SW} = 100 µA | 160 | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA | 80 | 160 | - | 200 | - | 240 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA | 70 | 140 | - | 175 | - | 210 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA | 60 | 120 | - | 150 | - | 180 | Ω |
| | | V _{is} = V _{CC} [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; I _{SW} = 100 µA | 170 | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA | 90 | 180 | - | 225 | - | 270 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA | 80 | 160 | - | 200 | - | 240 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA | 65 | 135 | - | 170 | - | 205 | Ω |
| ΔR _{ON} | ON resistance mismatch between channels | V _{is} = V _{CC} to V _{EE} [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 16 | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |

[1] When supply voltages (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) near 2.0 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.



Fig. 9. Test circuit for measuring R_{ON}

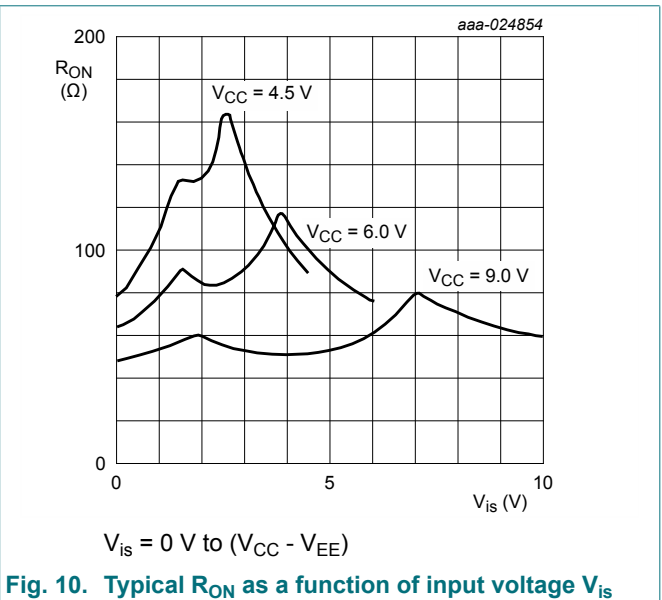


Fig. 10. Typical R_{ON} as a function of input voltage V_{is}

Table 7. Static characteristics 74HC4316

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

V_{is} is the input voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

V_{os} is the output voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|---------------------------|---|------|-----|-----------|---------------|
| $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ | | | | | | |
| V_{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 1.2 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ | 3.15 | 2.4 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ | 4.2 | 3.2 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 9.0\text{ V}$ | 6.3 | 4.3 | - | V |
| V_{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ | - | 0.8 | 0.5 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ | - | 2.1 | 1.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ | - | 2.8 | 1.8 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 9.0\text{ V}$ | - | 4.3 | 2.7 | V |
| I_I | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | ± 0.1 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | ± 0.2 | μA |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}; V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; see Fig. 11 | - | - | ± 0.1 | μA |
| $I_{S(ON)}$ | ON-state leakage current | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}; V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; see Fig. 12 | - | - | ± 0.1 | μA |
| I_{CC} | supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 8.0 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 16.0 | μA |
| C_I | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| C_{SW} | switch capacitance | | - | 5 | - | pF |
| $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C to }+85\text{ °C}$ | | | | | | |
| V_{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ | 1.5 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ | 3.15 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ | 4.2 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 9.0\text{ V}$ | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| V_{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ | - | - | 1.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 1.8 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 9.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 2.7 | V |
| I_I | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | ± 1.0 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | ± 2.0 | μA |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}; V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; see Fig. 11 | - | - | ± 1.0 | μA |
| $I_{S(ON)}$ | ON-state leakage current | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}; V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; see Fig. 12 | - | - | ± 1.0 | μA |
| I_{CC} | supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 80.0 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 10.0\text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 160.0 | μA |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|---------------------------|--|------|-----|------|------|
| T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C | | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | 1.5 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | 3.15 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | 4.2 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | - | 1.35 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 1.8 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | - | - | 2.7 | V |
| I _I | input leakage current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 11 | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 12 | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{is} = V _{EE} or V _{CC} ; V _{os} = V _{CC} or V _{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 160 | µA |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 320 | µA |

Table 8. Static characteristics 74HCT4316

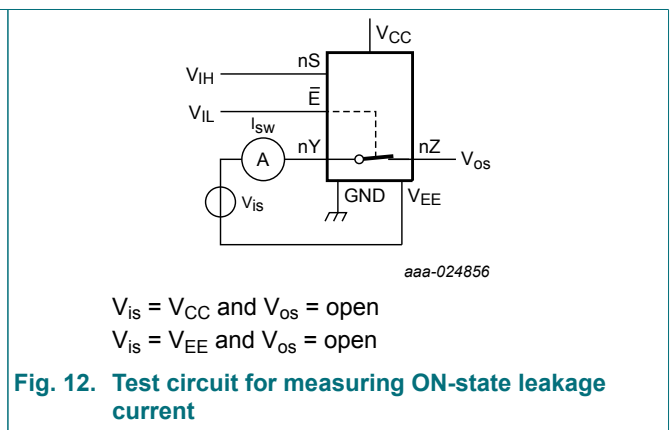
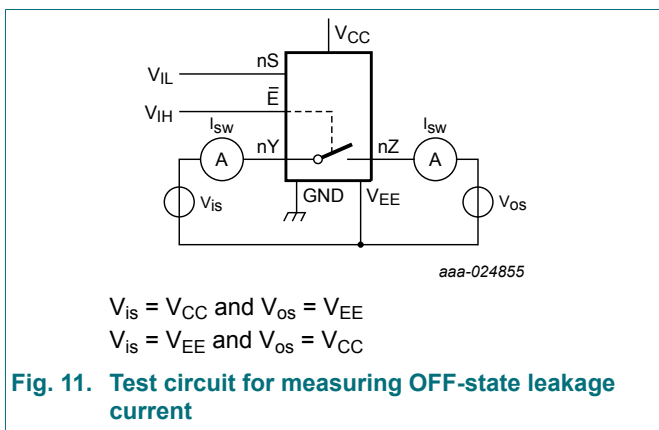
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

V_{is} is the input voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

V_{os} is the output voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----|-----|------|------|
| T_{amb} = 25 °C | | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2.0 | 1.6 | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | - | 1.2 | 0.8 | V |
| I _I | input leakage current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | ±0.1 | µA |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 11 | - | - | ±0.1 | µA |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 12 | - | - | ±0.1 | µA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{is} = V _{EE} or V _{CC} ; V _{os} = V _{CC} or V _{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 8.0 | µA |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = -5.0 V | - | - | 16.0 | µA |
| ΔI _{CC} | additional supply current | nS and \bar{E} ; per input pin; V _I = V _{CC} - 2.1 V; other inputs at V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | 50 | 180 | µA |
| C _I | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| C _{SW} | switch capacitance | | - | 5 | - | pF |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|---------------------------|---|-----|-----|------|------|
| T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C | | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| I _I | input leakage current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 11 | - | - | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 12 | - | - | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{is} = V _{EE} or V _{CC} ; V _{os} = V _{CC} or V _{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 80 | μA |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = -5.0 V | - | - | 160 | μA |
| ΔI _{CC} | additional supply current | nS and \bar{E} ; per input pin; V _I = V _{CC} - 2.1 V; other inputs at V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 225 | μA |
| T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C | | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| I _I | input leakage current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 11 | - | - | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V _{CC} = 10 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{SW} = V _{CC} - V _{EE} ; see Fig. 12 | - | - | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{is} = V _{EE} or V _{CC} ; V _{os} = V _{CC} or V _{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 160 | μA |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = -5.0 V | - | - | 320 | μA |
| ΔI _{CC} | additional supply current | nS and \bar{E} ; per input pin; V _I = V _{CC} - 2.1 V; other inputs at V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 245 | μA |



11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics

$GND = 0\text{ V}$; $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ unless specified otherwise; for test circuit see Fig. 15.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

V_{os} is the output voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 25 °C | | -40 °C to +85 °C | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|--|-------------------------------|--|-------|-----|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| | | | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| 74HC4316 | | | | | | | | | |
| t_{pd} | propagation delay | nY to nZ or nZ to nY; $R_L = \infty\ \Omega$; see Fig. 13 [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 17 | 60 | - | 75 | - | 90 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 6 | 12 | - | 15 | - | 18 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 5 | 10 | - | 13 | - | 15 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | 4 | 8 | - | 10 | - | 12 | ns |
| t_{off} | turn-off time | \bar{E} to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 63 | 220 | - | 275 | - | 330 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 23 | 44 | - | 55 | - | 66 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 18 | 37 | - | 47 | - | 56 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | 21 | 39 | - | 49 | - | 59 | ns |
| | | nS to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 55 | 175 | - | 220 | - | 265 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 20 | 35 | - | 44 | - | 53 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 16 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 16 | 30 | - | 37 | - | 45 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | 18 | 36 | - | 45 | - | 54 | ns |
| t_{on} | turn-on time | \bar{E} to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 [3] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 61 | 205 | - | 255 | - | 310 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 22 | 41 | - | 51 | - | 62 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 18 | 35 | - | 43 | - | 53 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | 19 | 37 | - | 47 | - | 56 | ns |
| | | nS to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 [3] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 52 | 175 | - | 220 | - | 265 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 19 | 35 | - | 44 | - | 53 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 16 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | 15 | 30 | - | 37 | - | 45 | ns | | |
| $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | 17 | 34 | - | 43 | - | 51 | ns | | |
| C_{PD} | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} [4] | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | pF |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 25 °C | | -40 °C to +85 °C | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------|-----|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| | | | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| 74HCT4316 | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | nY to nZ or nZ to nY; R _L = ∞ Ω; see Fig. 13 [1] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 6 | 12 | - | 15 | - | 18 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 4 | 8 | - | 10 | - | 12 | ns |
| t _{PZH} | OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay | \bar{E} to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 22 | 44 | - | 55 | - | 66 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 21 | 42 | - | 53 | - | 63 | ns |
| | | nS to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 20 | 40 | - | 53 | - | 60 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF | 17 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 17 | 34 | - | 43 | - | 51 | ns | | |
| t _{PZL} | OFF-state to LOW propagation delay | \bar{E} to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 28 | 56 | - | 70 | - | 84 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF | 24 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 21 | 42 | - | 53 | - | 63 | ns |
| | | nS to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 25 | 50 | - | 63 | - | 75 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 17 | 34 | - | 43 | - | 51 | ns | | |
| t _{off} | turn-off time | \bar{E} to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 25 | 50 | - | 63 | - | 75 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 23 | 46 | - | 58 | - | 69 | ns |
| | | nS to nY or nZ; see Fig. 14 [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | 22 | 44 | - | 55 | - | 66 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | ns |
| V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V | 20 | 40 | - | 50 | - | 60 | ns | | |
| C _{PD} | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; V _I = GND to (V _{CC} - 1.5 V) [4] | 14 | - | - | - | - | - | pF |

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH}.

[2] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ}.

[3] t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL}.

[4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum((C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

∑((C_L + C_{sw}) × V_{CC}² × f_o) = sum of outputs;

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit

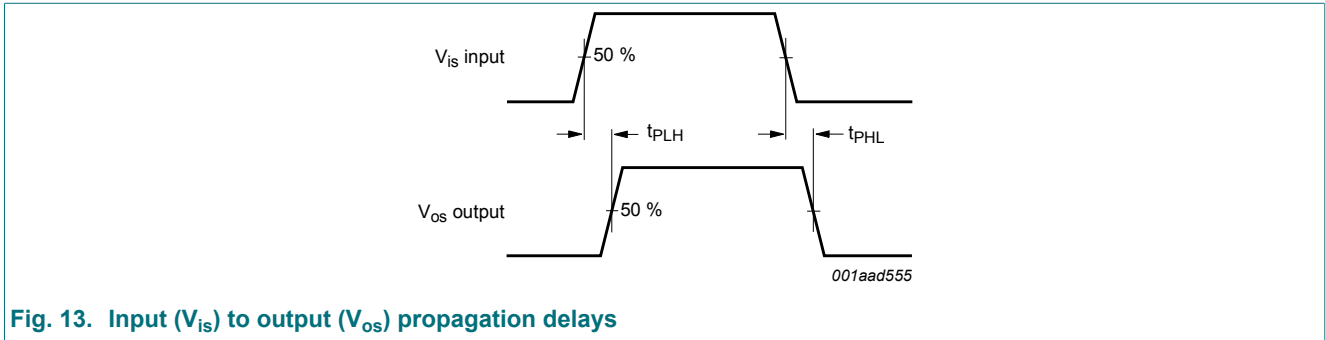
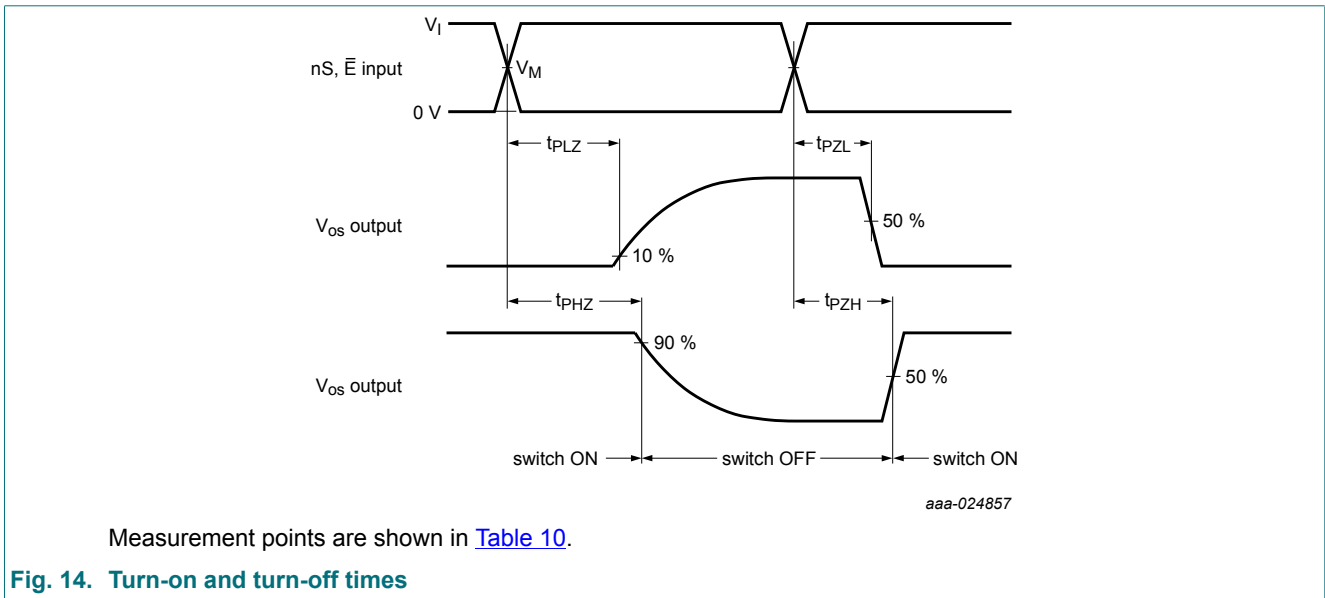


Fig. 13. Input (V_{is}) to output (V_{os}) propagation delays



Measurement points are shown in [Table 10](#).

Fig. 14. Turn-on and turn-off times

Table 10. Measurement points

| Type | V_I | V_M |
|-----------|----------|-------------|
| 74HC4316 | V_{CC} | $0.5V_{CC}$ |
| 74HCT4316 | 3.0 V | 1.3 V |

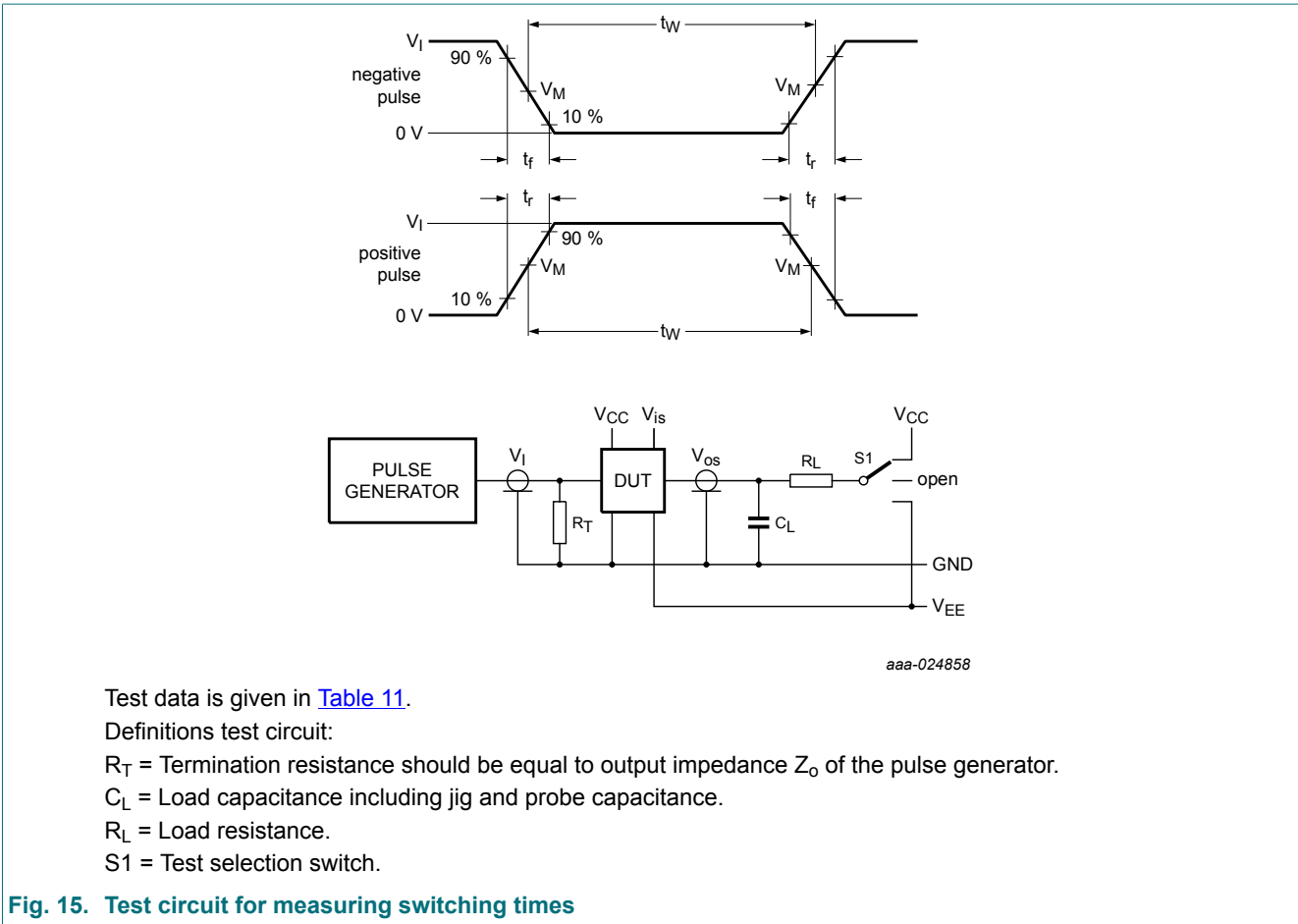


Fig. 15. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 11. Test data

| Test | Input | | | | Output | | S1 position | |
|--------------------|-----------|----|-----------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|----------|
| | \bar{E} | nS | Switch nY (nZ) | t_r, t_f | | Switch nZ (nY) | | |
| | V_I | | V_{is} | at f_{max} | other [1] | C_L | | R_L |
| t_{PHL}, t_{PLH} | [2] | | GND to V_{CC} | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | - | open |
| t_{PHZ}, t_{PZH} | [2] | | V_{CC} | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF, 15 pF | 1 k Ω | V_{EE} |
| t_{PLZ}, t_{PZL} | [2] | | V_{EE} | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF, 15 pF | 1 k Ω | V_{CC} |

[1] $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; when measuring f_{max} , there is no constraint to t_r and t_f with 50 % duty factor.

[2] V_I values:

For 74HC4316: $V_I = V_{CC}$

For 74HCT4316: $V_I = 3$ V

11.2. Additional dynamic characteristics

Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Recommended conditions and typical values; $GND = 0\text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

V_{os} is the output voltage at a nY or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|-----|------|-----|------|
| THD | total harmonic distortion | $f_i = 1\text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$; see Fig. 16 | | | | |
| | | $V_{is} = 4.0\text{ V (p-p)}$; $V_{CC} = 2.25\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -2.25\text{ V}$ | - | 0.80 | - | % |
| | | $V_{is} = 8.0\text{ V (p-p)}$; $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | - | 0.40 | - | % |
| | | $f_i = 10\text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$; see Fig. 16 | | | | |
| | | $V_{is} = 4.0\text{ V (p-p)}$; $V_{CC} = 2.25\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -2.25\text{ V}$ | - | 2.40 | - | % |
| | | $V_{is} = 8.0\text{ V (p-p)}$; $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | - | 1.20 | - | % |
| $f_{(-3dB)}$ | -3 dB frequency response | $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$; $C_L = 10\text{ pF}$; see Fig. 17 [1] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.25\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -2.25\text{ V}$ | - | 150 | - | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | - | 160 | - | MHz |
| α_{iso} | isolation (OFF-state) | $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$; $f_i = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Fig. 18 [2] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.25\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -2.25\text{ V}$ | - | -50 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | - | -50 | - | dB |
| V_{ct} | crosstalk voltage | between digital input and switch (peak to peak value); $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$; $f_i = 1\text{ MHz}$; \bar{E} or nS square wave between V_{CC} and GND; $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ ns}$; see Fig. 19 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ | - | 110 | - | mV |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | - | 220 | - | mV |
| Xtalk | crosstalk | between switches; $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$; $f_i = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Fig. 20 [2] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.25\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -2.25\text{ V}$ | - | -60 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$ | - | -60 | - | dB |

[1] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level at V_{os} for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).

[2] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).

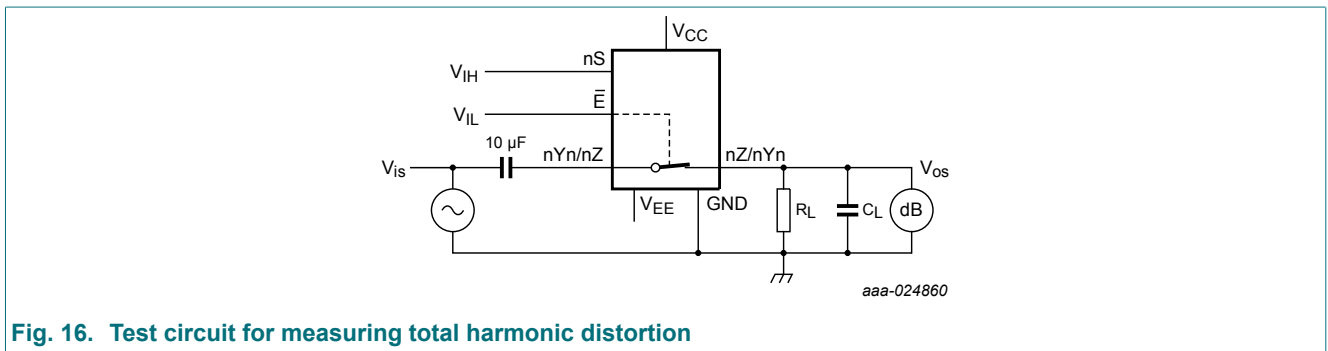


Fig. 16. Test circuit for measuring total harmonic distortion



$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$; $GND = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$; $R_L = 50 \Omega$; $R_S = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$.

a. Test circuit



b. Typical -3 dB frequency response

Fig. 17. -3 dB frequency response



$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$; $GND = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -4.5\text{ V}$; $R_L = 600\ \Omega$; $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$.

a. Test circuit



b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

Fig. 18. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency



Fig. 19. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk voltage (between the digital input and the switch)

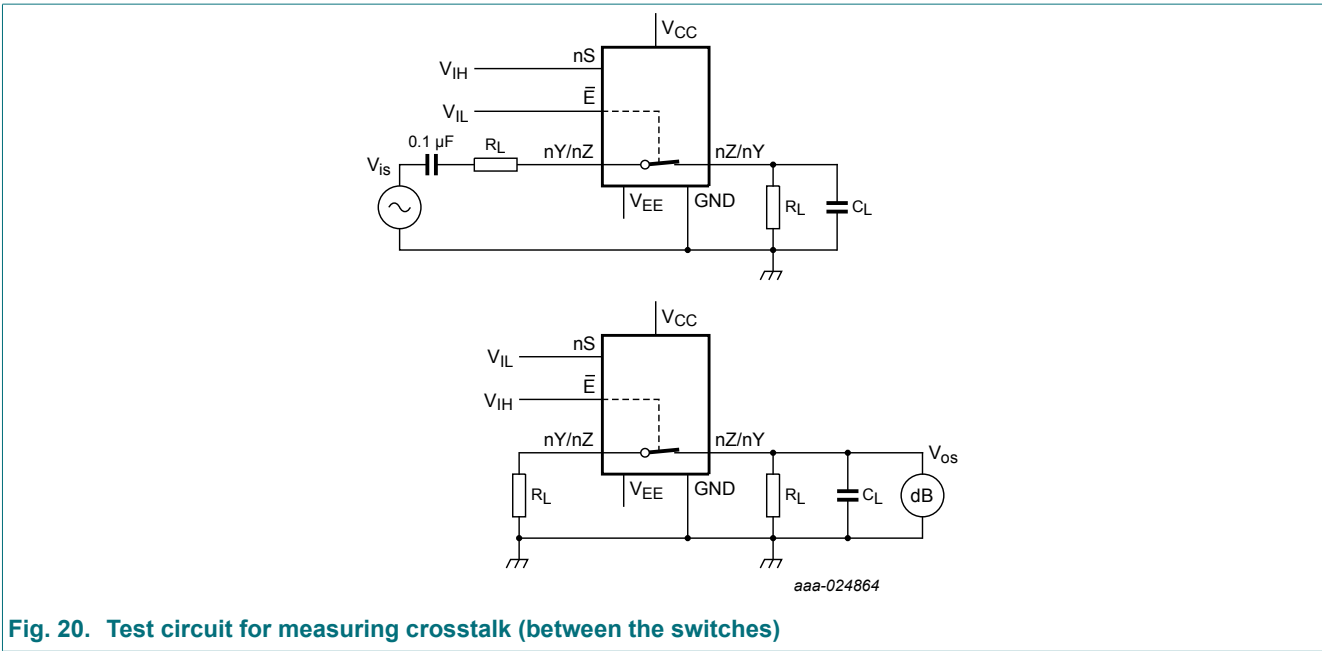


Fig. 20. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk (between the switches)

12. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | A ₁ | A ₂ | A ₃ | b _p | c | D ⁽¹⁾ | E ⁽¹⁾ | e | H _E | L | L _p | Q | v | w | y | Z ⁽¹⁾ | θ |
|--------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|------|------|-------|------------------|----------|
| mm | 1.75 | 0.25 0.10 | 1.45 1.25 | 0.25 | 0.49 0.36 | 0.25 0.19 | 10.0 9.8 | 4.0 3.8 | 1.27 | 6.2 5.8 | 1.05 | 1.0 0.4 | 0.7 0.6 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | 0.7 0.3 | 8° 0° |
| inches | 0.069 | 0.010 0.004 | 0.057 0.049 | 0.01 | 0.019 0.014 | 0.0100 0.0075 | 0.39 0.38 | 0.16 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.244 0.228 | 0.041 | 0.039 0.016 | 0.028 0.020 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.028 0.012 | |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|-----------------|------------|--------|-------|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | | |
| SOT109-1 | 076E07 | MS-012 | | | | 99-12-27 03-02-19 |

Fig. 21. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

SSOP16: plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm

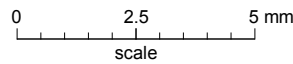
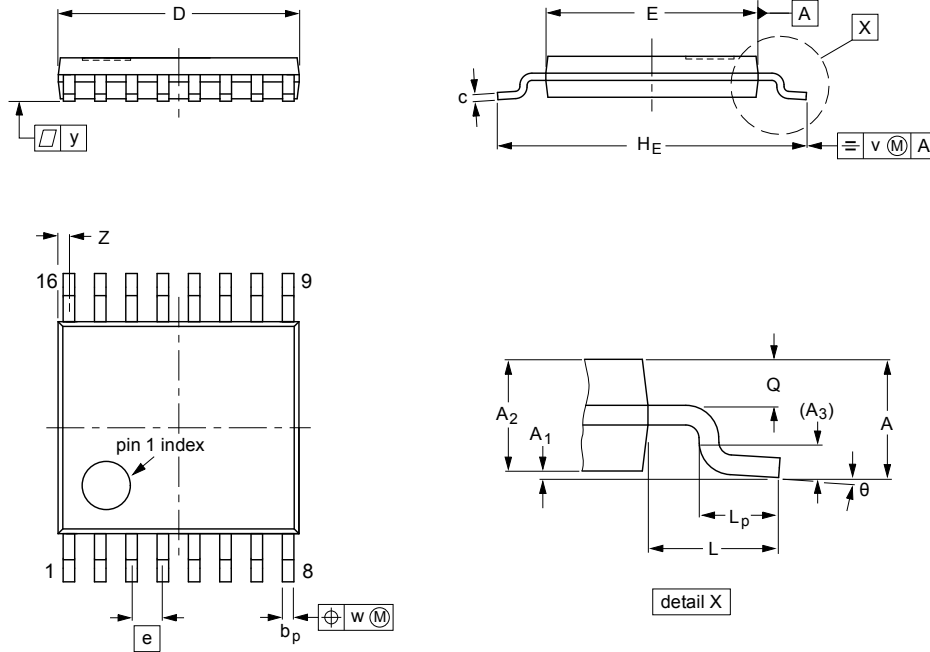
SOT338-1



Fig. 22. Package outline SOT338-1 (SSOP16)

TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | A ₁ | A ₂ | A ₃ | b _p | c | D ⁽¹⁾ | E ⁽²⁾ | e | H _E | L | L _p | Q | v | w | y | z ⁽¹⁾ | θ |
|------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|------|----------------|---|----------------|------------|-----|------|-----|------------------|----------|
| mm | 1.1 | 0.15 0.05 | 0.95 0.80 | 0.25 | 0.30 0.19 | 0.2 0.1 | 5.1 4.9 | 4.5 4.3 | 0.65 | 6.6 6.2 | 1 | 0.75 0.50 | 0.4 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 0.40 0.06 | 8° 0° |

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|-----------------|------------|--------|-------|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | | |
| SOT403-1 | | MO-153 | | | | 99-12-27 03-02-18 |

Fig. 23. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

13. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|---|
| CMOS | Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |

14. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 74HC_HCT4316 v.4 | 20181016 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4316 v.3 |
| Modifications: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. | | | |
| 74HC_HCT4316 v.3 | 20170102 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4316_CNV v.2 |
| Modifications: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new identity guidelines of NXP Semiconductors. Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. Type numbers 74HC4316N and 74HCT4316N removed. | | | |
| 74HC_HCT4316_CNV v.2 | 19930901 | Product specification | - | - |

15. Legal information

Data sheet status

| Document status [1][2] | Product status [3] | Definition |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at <https://www.nexperia.com>.

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